"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair Thursday and Friday; moderate, variable winds, becoming south.
☞For full weather report see Page 15.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,675. * * * NEW YORK, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1911.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. } Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

MAY SOON INDICT OTHER DYNAMITERS

Los Angeles Grand Jury to Start the Federal Inquiry To-day.

WHAT UNION LEADERS KNEW

The Subject of Inquiry Is Particularly to be the Extent of Information They Possessed.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 6.—No subpoenas were issued to-day calling upon Sheriff Hammel to produce the McNamara brothers before the Federal Grand Jury, but Oscar Lawler, appointed by Attorney General Wickersham as a special deputy to investigate the charges that labor union leaders were implicated in the dynamiting outrages, asked the Sheriff to hold the men in the county jail for a reasonable length of time. No specific period was mentioned, but it will be settled within twenty-four hours whether they will be asked to testify.

"There need not necessarily be subpoenas issued to have the McNamara brothers testify before the Federal Grand Jury," was the assertion made to-night by Mr. Lawler. "A subpoena is issued only to force a man to testify," he added. This assertion was taken to mean that when the Federal Grand Jury to-morrow is ready to hear the testimony concerning the alleged conspiracies, the McNamaras merely might be taken to the Federal Building by Sheriff Hammel.

The Los Angeles newspapers to-day, in their accounts of the Federal inquiry into dynamiting cases, said that the Grand Jury would endeavor to learn what information, if any, was in the possession of the following persons:

Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor.

Frank M. Ryan, President of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers.

Olaf A. Tevitmoe, treasurer of the California State Federation of Labor of San Francisco.

Antone Johannsen, organizer for the State Building Trades, San Francisco.

P. J. Smith, business agent for the Structural Iron Workers' Union, Cleveland, Ohio.

Fred Sherman, business agent for the Structural Iron Workers' Union, Indianapolis.

J. E. Munsey, Secretary Treasurer of the Structural Iron Workers' Union, Salt Lake City.

H. S. Hockin, member of the Executive Board of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers.

Edward Smythe, business agent for the Structural Iron Workers' Union of Peoria, Ill., and

P. A. Cooley of New Orleans.

Mr. Lawler had a conference to-day with Malcolm McLaren, agent of the detective agency which arrested the McNamaras and Ortie E. McManigal. The confessions of McManigal were considered. He probably will appear before the Federal Grand Jury whether the McNamaras do or not.

Men fairly close to the McNamaras today said there were small chances that James B., who received a life sentence, rubbed in by a scoring from Judge Walter Bordwell, would talk before the Grand Jury.

"The McNamaras are not going to implicate any one," said one of their counsel. "They are not going to appear before the Grand Jury."

Ortie E. McManigal is to testify. That has been determined and he may go before the Grand Jury to-morrow. The Grand Jury will not be hurried, but some indictments are expected in ten days and more after the investigation has proceeded. It will take up first the inter-State transportation of explosives to be used for committing felonies, then it will take up the transportation of them on the inland waters, and, finally, it will take up the inter-State transportation on trains used in inter-State traffic.

Rumors of further arrests in the bribery developments of the McNamara trial were circulated on Wednesday, the rumors going so far as to name specifically three men who have been connected with the defense against whom, it is rumored, the District Attorney had compiled information. To-day officials of the Government did not hesitate to say that among those persons to receive the attention of the Grand Jury would be high officials in the ironworkers' union.

It is said that the prosecution will try to connect them with the bribery charges in the case of Bert H. Franklin, a detective employed by the McNamara defense.

"Don't people think that somebody else besides certain persons here was interested in seeing that the jury was influenced?" asked Samuel L. Browne, chief of the department of investigation of the county. Browne arrested Franklin and gathered the State's evidence against him. He added that he had certain telegrams and letters in his possession which implicated outside persons.

It was learned to-day that a large number of Secret Service men have been placed at the disposal of Mr. Lawler. It is intimated by persons close to him that the first indictments in the investigation will come here and not at Indianapolis.

When President Taft was here a few months ago Mr. Lawler laid before him all the evidence showing infractions of Federal laws by the dynamiters. At that time it was given out that the President refused to consider the matter from a Federal standpoint, but it was learned to-day that he not only considered it, but ordered a large force of Secret Service men upon the case through the Department of Justice at Washington. These men have been working ever since.

Clerk Monroe of Judge Bordwell's court appeared to-day before the Judge with a stack of telegrams and letters, which had accumulated since last Friday, when the McNamaras confessed.

"Do you wish to see these, Judge?" he asked.

"No," he said. "You may keep them."

Many of the letters demanded the death penalty for James B. McNamara, and some bore signatures of local labor unions. They were destroyed.

The course the Federal Grand Jury will take when it begins to-morrow the work on the alleged conspiracy to dynamite various buildings throughout the country may be confined to the explosions which have occurred on the Pacific Coast. Indianapolis, it was said, could take care of the rest.

James B. McNamara had other troubles added to his lot to-day when he became defendant in a $50,000 damage suit brought by Louise M. Sawyer, widow of Robert L. Sawyer, a telegraph operator employed by The Los Angeles Times and killed in the explosion which wrecked that building on Oct. 1, 1910.

RENEWS ATTACK ON GOMPERS.

Burns Says He Would "Lock Him Up and Throw Away the Key."

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 6.—William J. Burns came to this city this morning prepared to investigate the dynamiting cases here in the past few years. He met Rudolph Blankenburg, the new Mayor; had an hour's interview with Director of Public Safety Porter, and luncheoned at the City Club with the reform administration. He will go to New York to-morrow and return here Friday morning. Asked what he thought of Samuel Gompers, his answer came quickly and positively:

"What I think of that man is unfit to print. Why, boys, had that man Gom-

Continued on Page 4.

3 DIE IN PHILADELPHIA FIRE.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Balfour Killed—Many Others Hurt.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 6.—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Balfour and their nine-year-old daughter Ruth were burned to death in the exclusive section at Sixteenth and Spruce Streets to-night when the Marie apartments at 264 South Sixteenth Street were destroyed.

Eight women were injured during the work of rescue and Fireman George W. Gaw is in the Jefferson Hospital so badly injured that he may die before morning.

All the injured women were taken to houses nearby. Three more seriously injured were taken into the office of Dr. Henry Beates. Their identity could not be learned. One of them received a broken arm and internal injuries by jumping from the second story on Sixteenth Street. Another groped her way through the smoke and fire to the head of the stairs at the second floor, and then cast herself down toward a fireman who was rushing to catch her. She struck the first floor, landing arms first. Both wrists were broken, and she was painfully bruised.

The third woman wriggled out of the grasp of a fireman who was carrying her downstairs, and was taken unconscious to Dr. Beate's office. The five other women were cut, burned, and made unconscious by the heavy smoke, but were rescued with slight physical injury by the firemen.

While a watchman was inspecting the alley gates back of the Spruce Street house he heard a sharp explosion. The police are inclined to believe that the fire was due to a leak in the gas pipe. Soon after the explosion smoke began pouring from the windows in the third floor.

The house at 264 South Sixteenth Street, the residence of Charles B. Wright, caught fire, but the flames were confined to the roof. The Wrights vacated the place when the engines arrived. Between the Wrights' house and the Marie apartments at 262 is the residence of E. Harrison Dulles. The Dulles place was damaged by water mainly.

Three firemen were overcome by smoke, but were revived at the drug store at Sixteenth and Spruce Streets. Three others were cut when the glass dome over the light shaft of the apartment house fell.

GAS TUNNEL FEES FIXED.

$2,500 to City, $1,000 to State, and $1,000 to a Railroad.

The Supreme Court Commissioners in the condemnation proceedings brought by the East River Gas Company for the construction of two tunnels to carry mains from Astoria to Manhattan and the Bronx, reported yesterday that the company should pay $2,500 to the city, $1,000 to the State, and $1,000 to the Harlem & Port Chester Railroad company for easements.

These will be the only payments made by the company for the privilege of laying its tunnels, through which probably the bulk of the gas from the great plant in Astoria supplied by the Consolidated Gas Company to consumers in Manhattan will pass.

The East River Gas Company itself is at present only a company with a name, and office, and a franchise. It got its franchise by a legislative act of 1892, authorizing it to condemn lands for the purpose of building tunnels under the East River, with mains, conduits, and pipes for supplying gas to public and private buildings in Manhattan. The only payment required of it by the old law, aside from the nominal damage to the submerged land it tunneled under, 200 feet below the river, was a payment of "3 per cent. of the gross receipts for gas furnished to public and private buildings in the City of New York." It was exempted from paying such a tax, however, on gas furnished to other gas companies. In this way it has escaped such tax on the bulk of its gas supplied to the Consolidated Gas Company, of which it is a subsidiary, and has paid the city only about $18,000 or $20,000 a year on gas supplied through that part of the total mains in Manhattan estimated as corresponding to the proportion which the old mains of the East River Company bore to the total of mains in Manhattan before the company was consolidated. The actual physical identity of those mains of the East River Gas Company, according to testimony of officers of the Consolidated Gas Company, has become obliterated in the course of years.

The city, State, and the Harlem & Port Chester Railroad Company at first opposed the appointment of condemnation Commissioners on the ground that the East River Gas Company had ceased to manufacture gas and had no consumers or mains in Manhattan, but they recently withdrew their objections.

BURRELLE FUNERAL STOPPED

Not Satisfied That Mrs. Nelle Burrelle Died of Natural Causes.

Coroner Holtzhauser directed Dr. Philip F. O'Hanlon, Coroner's physician, last night to perform an autopsy on the body of Mrs. Nelle Moore Burrelle, who died at 7 o'clock yesterday morning in the Carlton Hotel, in West Fifty-fourth Street. This action was taken by the Coroner following an inquiry lasting all day, and despite the fact that Dr. H. B. Urquhart of 126 West Forty-fifth Street signed a certificate giving the cause of Mrs. Burrelle's death as uraemia and nephritis.

Coroner Holtzhauser instructed Frank Campbell, the undertaker, to whose funeral chapel the body had been taken, that there would be no funeral until further orders.

"I have ordered an autopsy," the Coroner said last night, "and until then there will be no funeral. I received an anonymous telephone message this morning in which my informant intimated that the woman died of other than natural causes. From what I have learned thus far it encouraged me to go further. I think there may be something back of the woman's death, but I am not prepared now to make this statement as a fact. In my investigation I sought three physicians, Dr. Amey, Dr. Urquhart, and Dr. Elwert, as they were interested in the case.

"I found Dr. Elwert, but was unable to find Dr. Amey. My one attempt to find Dr. Urquhart was without success, but I will try again to-morrow."

Mrs. Burrelle was 35 years old. She had been head of the Burrelle Press Clipping Bureau since the death, two years ago, of her husband, Frank A. Burrelle, who started the bureau almost a quarter of a century ago. Mrs. Burrelle was born in the Middle West and was employed in the bureau for several years before she married Mr. Burrelle eight years ago. She is survived by two sisters, Mrs. Merrill T. Atwood of Geneva, Ind., and a Mrs. Bowers, also of Indiana. Last Spring Mrs. Burrelle was reported engaged to Dr. J. W. Amey of 102 West Forty-fifth Street. Both Mrs. Burrelle and Dr. Amey subsequently denied the report.

Latest Shipping News.

Arrived—SS Olympic, Southampton, Nov. 30.

By Marconi Wireless—SS Pannonia, Gibraltar, Nov. 26, was reported by wireless 390 miles east of Sandy Hook at 7 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, to-morrow morning.

COMPARTMENT CARS TO FLORIDA, commencing Dec. 3d, on Seaboard Air Line Ry. Florida-Cuba Special, shortest, quickest route. Inquire 1,184 Broadway.—Adv.

T. J. TOTTEN HELD FOR WOMAN'S DEATH

Coroner Sets Aside the Jury's Verdict Exonerating Him and Raises His Bail to $10,000.

COUNSEL MAKES PROTEST

Tells the Coroner He Is Guilty of Malicious Persecution and False Imprisonment.

Coroner Shongut held Thomas J. Totten for the Grand Jury last night in connection with the death of Alice Tristram Shanks and increased his bail to $10,000, after the inquest had been concluded and the jury had brought in a verdict practically exonerating him.

The jury's finding was that Mrs. Shanks came to her death from poison "which she drank from a glass given from a bottle by Totten unknowingly as to what he was giving and without any criminal intent on his part."

The rendering of this verdict was greeted with applause by the crowd which had packed the courtroom throughout the evening. The Coroner suppressed the demonstration and declared that he was not satisfied with the verdict, which he set aside, holding the defendant. Abraham Levy, counsel for Totten, took exception to this action, saying:

"Now, Mr. Coroner, if you hold this man for the Grand Jury, I tell you as a lawyer and as an officer of your court, with all respect, that you will be guilty of two offenses, malicious persecution and false imprisonment. You have no right, under decisions of the courts, to hold this man a single minute, and I protest against it as an officer of the Supreme Court, and I warn you, Sir, that you make yourself personally responsible for the detention of this man a single minute in the face of the verdict of this jury."

Coroner Shongut smiled and said he would assume all responsibility for his act. He then discharged the other five men who had been arrested as accessories, D'Arcy Totten, Police Lieutenant McCarthy, Edward Gallagher, Joseph Cribbens, and William Lappe.

One of these, William Lappe, furnished a surprise during the inquest by taking the witness stand for the prosecution. Assistant District Attorney Strong said he had been told that Lappe wished to testify, and that if that was the case he would call him as his witness. This seemed to cause some consternation on the part of the defense, represented by Mr. Levy and Joseph I. Berry, former Park Commissioner in the Bronx. As Lappe walked to the witness stand Berry told him he would not accept any responsibility for his testimony. Lappe said he understood that.

"You are one of the men who retained me as counsel," went on Berry, "and I warn you that you act on your own responsibility."

"You are mistaken about that," replied Lappe. "I did not retain you as counsel."

Coroner Shongut told Lappe that anything he said might be used against him at any time, and asked if in view of that fact he still wanted to testify. Lappe said he did.

Lappe then told how he had gone to the golf house in Van Cortlandt Park on the night of Nov. 25, and sat at a table with the other men, and how after drinks had been ordered Mrs. Shanks came and sat down. Totten, he said, had got up for a moment and she took his seat, incidentally taking his drink, too.

"We were talking and cracking jokes until about midnight," he continued, "when I started to go home. I finally did go out of the dining room and was waiting for the others who were going with me, when I heard a commotion inside, and going back saw two men carrying a woman. I asked what was the matter with her and somebody said she had taken carbolic acid. That's all I know about it."

He said he did not see anybody put the bottle of disinfectant on the table or pour out any of it, and did not see the woman drink it. After seeing the bottle on the Coroner's desk he said he had a faint recollection of having seen it before. He admitted that he was under the influence of liquor at the time of the occurrence. He was asked if he remembered anything anybody had said:

"Yes," he said. "I remember that Thomas Totten said: 'My God, I will never touch another drop of liquor again.'"

Mr. Levy waived cross-examination and Lappe was about to leave the stand when the Coroner called him back.

"Where did you go on Sunday afternoon?" he asked. Lappe told of his movements up to the time he went to a bowling alley on Washington Heights. In answer to other questions from the Coroner he said he had received a telephone call at the bowling alley from Thomas Totten asking him to go to the house of Joseph I. Berry, and after he had finished his game he did so.

"I found the two Tottens, Gallagher, Cribbens, and O'Connell, the proprietor of the Golf House, there. Gallagher said: 'Now, boys, we all want to stick together and swear that the bottle was not in the room or on the table.'"

This brought Mr. Levy to his feet with a vigorous objection in which he was joined by Mr. Berry. They both wanted to talk at once, and declared that when several clients were in conference with their counsel the statement of any one could not be used against any other.

Berry read from the record to show that Lappe had testified before the Coroner privately that Berry was his counsel. Lappe declared that this was a mistake, although admitting that he had said it. The up-shot was that the objection was sustained as to any further revelations, but what Lappe had already said was not stricken out.

Before Lappe took the stand, Robert Loos, who was in the party and testified on Monday that he saw Totten bring up the bottle and pour some of the contents into a glass and saw Mrs. Shanks drink part of it, was cross-examined by Mr. Levy for an hour.

Loos said that when Mrs. Shanks took up the glass and drank from it it was without invitation or suggestion from anybody and was a voluntary act on her part.

Dr. D. J. Donohue, ambulance surgeon from Fordham Hospital, told of going to the Golf House. When he was pinned down to the time it developed that the call was received at 1:41, and the ambulance did not start till 2:10, arriving twenty or twenty-five minutes later. Mrs. Shanks died in the ambulance, he said.

Dr. Thomas H. Curtin, Coroner's physician, told of the autopsy, which showed that the woman died of carbolic acid poisoning.

Policeman James Gillespie said that O'Connell told him the woman had taken carbolic acid. Nobody was able to give him any information as to where it came from. O'Connell said he didn't know what had become of the bottle or the glass. Mr. Levy asked that the jury be instructed to discharge the defendant.

"Even if Loos's story is true," he said, "it shows no crime. The most it shows is that the poison was put on the table, and that the woman reached over and took it of her own volition. She was a stranger to all the men, and none of them had any motive for injuring her. Assuming that Totten brought it to the table, he didn't give it to her or suggest that she drink it."

"This woman was taking every drink in sight," said Mr. Strong. "Totten knew she would probably take this one. Whether his act was that of an ordinarily prudent man is what the jury has to decide. Totten's act was certainly that of a fool; the only question is whether it is one for which he should be punished."

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.
Special express train on Fridays for The Hamptons, Amagansett, and Sag Harbor, leaving Pennsylvania Station 3:52; Brooklyn, 3:58 P. M. Returning, Mondays, arrive New York 9:30 A. M.—Adv.

CHRISTMAS NUMBER THE NEW YORK TIMES will be issued next Sunday. It will contain a special section in colors, beautifully printed on high grade paper, another section in artistic tints, and many magazine features of timeliness and interest. To be sure of getting it, place an order with your newsdealer early.

HALF A CITY LOT BRINGS $1,000,000

New High Record in the Sale of a Tiny Broadway and Thirty-fourth Street Corner.

NEARLY $870 A SQUARE FOOT

Bought for $375,000 Less Than Ten Years Ago—Rental Value Fixed at $60,000 a Year.

A new record has just been established for New York City real estate in the sale for $1,000,000 of the small corner plot at Broadway and Thirty-fourth Street, adjoining Macy's department store. It contains less than 1,200 square feet—not quite half of a full-sized city lot, and brought nearly $870 a square foot.

This exceeds the former record of about $800 paid two years ago for the old Gillender Building plot on the northwest corner of Nassau and Wall Streets, on which, including some adjoining property, the forty-one-story Bankers' Trust Building is nearing completion.

Previous to this the sale of the famous parcel at 1 Wall Street, fronting on Broadway, was sold for about $700,000. In area this contains about 1,200 square feet, making a trifle less than $600 a square foot. Not far below the plot sold yesterday is the property formerly occupied by the Union Dime Savings Bank. The bank sold it in 1906 for about $1,000,000, at the rate of $250 a square foot, and when it changed hands about three years later the price was then given as nearly $1,500,000, bringing the square foot average to about $375. It occupies the entire front on the south side of Thirty-second Street, with frontages on both Broadway and Sixth Avenue.

The name of the buyer of this tiny Broadway and Thirty-fourth Street corner was not given. It was sold by R. Smith of the cloak and suit firm of R. Smith & Co., in Twenty-third Street. He said yesterday that while the sale had virtually been closed, the contracts will not be signed for a day or two.

"It has been sold for $1,000,000, and not a copper less," said Mr. Smith, "but I have promised not to say anything about it. When the contracts are signed I may be able to name the buyer."

Mr. Smith, however, gave the additional information that the price is based upon the land valuation alone, as the building now there, a six-story structure, is to be torn down by the new owner. Rumor immediately had it that Macy & Co. was the buyer, but at the office of Nathan Straus it was said that the firm had long ago ceased trying to acquire the plot.

About ten years ago, when the new Macy building was going up, efforts were repeatedly made to buy this little corner, but the price then set upon it was regarded as prohibitive. The architects devised a novel plan to obviate the awkward situation and made a corridor around the rear of the plot, giving thereby more window space than would be possible had the Macy building been built over the corner plot, besides wide entrances from the corridor. The small size of the lot did not, therefore, impair the appearance or utility of the big retail store.

Soon after the Macy building was finished Mr. Smith bought the plot for $375,000, a price that created astonishment in real estate circles. Two or three years later he sold it to Henry Siegel for about $500,000, but soon afterward bought it back at a price which was not disclosed. Mr. Smith humorously said yesterday that he guessed he had not lost any money by his various transactions on the corner.

Although assessed on its land valuation at $365,000, its rental value to-day was given as fully $60,000, which, on an investment of $1,000,000, gives 6 per cent. income, more than is shown by scores of fine office buildings. The building is now under lease to the United Cigar Stores Company at $40,000 a year, this including only the basement and first two floors. The sign privileges alone are worth several thousand dollars. Arrangements are being made to buy off the seven years' lease still controlled by the Cigar Stores Company, and if this is satisfactorily concluded the projected new building, which will lend itself to novel advertising features, will be erected.

The tiny corner is in the centre of one of the busiest localities of the city. The high price paid for it has undoubtedly been influenced by the fact that the Pennsylvania Station is only a block to the west. On the opposite side of Broadway, between Thirty-third and Thirty-fourth Streets, the twenty-five-story McAlpin Hotel is being constructed, and other important hotel and business developments near by, including the Gimbel store one block below, have made Broadway and Thirty-fourth Street one of the noteworthy centres in traffic and business.

BUILDING FALLS; FOUR DEAD.

Firemen Cautious in Extinguishing Flames, Owing to Injured in Ruins.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 6.—Under the glare of searchlights police and firemen to-night searched for the bodies of four persons caught in the wreckage of a three-story concrete building which collapsed to-day at noon, killing four workmen and injuring twenty-one. The building was being erected for the Presto-O-Lite Company, and the contractor believes that owing to the recent cold weather the concrete had not set properly. The dead are: Fred Asher, Henry Barnes, M. F. Headley, and W. R. McConnell.

The building collapsed at noon when most of the workmen had gone home. Many of those caught in the débris were seated about the structure eating their luncheon. Nurses from a hospital near by give first aid.

Firemen used caution in extinguishing the fire which followed for fear of drowning the victims pinioned beneath the masses of concrete and twisted steel. In one instance a priest gave absolution to a man thought to be dying, who a few minutes later was rescued uninjured.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.
Premier carrier of the South; 6 trains daily from New York; attractive schedules; dining and sleeping car service. N. Y. office 264 5th Av., cor. 29th St.—Adv.

CARUSO'S DISCOVERER DIES AT HIS DINNER

Edouardo Missiano, Who Started Him on His Career, Victim of Heart Attack.

DREAM ALARMED FRIENDS

They Feared the Baritone's Vision Was an Evil Portent—Body to Go Back to Italy.

Edouardo Missiano, baritone at the Metropolitan Opera House, but of more importance as the man who discovered Enrico Caruso's voice, fell dying last night of heart disease at the dinner table of his friend, Ciro Liguori, at 84 Sixth Avenue. The tenor was notified of his friend's death, and later, when seen by a TIMES reporter, he explained how Missiano had led him into the operatic world.

"When I was 18 years old, and living in Naples," said Mr. Caruso, "I went to a certain bath every day, where I met Missiano, who was at that time a member of a wealthy family and never had sung in public. He had a good baritone voice, but he sang only for his own amusement. I used to sing about the bath, and one day he remarked that I had an unusual voice, and said that he would take me to his teacher, which he did.

"This teacher was a certain Guglielmo Vergino, and when I first went to him he said that he didn't think he could do much with my voice. Missiano, however, took me away and taught me to sing an air from 'The Pearl Fishers' and the Siciliano from 'Cavalleria Rusticana.' Then Vergino accepted me and taught me to sing.

"Missiano became my great friend. When I returned to Italy a few years ago I found that he had lost his money. He asked me to help him, and I got him a place at the Metropolitan Opera House. He has been here ever since. He was more than a brother to me—one of my closest friends."

Mr. Caruso connects two superstitions with the death of his friend. One was a dream which Missiano related to Mr. Caruso and several other of his friends on Monday, that somebody had given him five pieces of iron wire. He was told to give three of them to Panezza, an Italian tenor, who has been dead three years.

"Two pieces were left," said Mr. Caruso, "and we discussed the matter freely. We all thought that it meant something, but whether it meant that he would die in two years or two days or two weeks we did not know.

"There was another very strange thing that happened. I made a plaster cast of Missiano, which I had mounted on a placque. This stands on my desk, and for three successive days it has fallen over."

Mr. Caruso had been asked to go to the Winter Garden last night, but he said that he felt a premonition of some evil and refused to go. Some time later he received a telephone message announcing Missiano's death. Missiano had attended a rehearsal of "Tosca" at the opera during the afternoon, and his death was entirely unexpected.

He had just seated himself at the table and was in an especially jolly mood, laughing and talking with Mr. and Mrs. Liguori, when he fell forward on the table. Liguori called a doctor and also a priest from St. Joseph's Catholic Church in the neighborhood. The priest administered the last rites, but before the doctor had arrived Missiano was dead.

He leaves a wife and three children in Naples. Mr. Caruso will pay all the funeral expenses, and has given orders to have the body sent back to Italy on Saturday on the Duca d'Abruzzi.

CHOATE ON HILL TRUNK TRAIL

Wireless Appeal from the Ambassador to Find His Missing Papers.

The law firm of Evarts, Choate & Sherman of 60 Wall Street has been asked by Ambassador Hill to take charge of the search for the trunk he lost several weeks ago while preparing to depart for Europe.

The request that the firm take charge of the hunt came before Ambassador Hill sailed on Saturday after canceling arrangements to leave on the George Washington on Nov. 28. Ex-Ambassador Choate, who has taken personal charge of the case, said yesterday that the matter of the trunk's disappearance was as great a mystery as ever, and that seemingly there was no promise of its early solution. Mr. Choate verified the assertion that the trunk contained papers as well as clothing.

At the Holland House it was said last night that not the slightest trace of the trunk had been found.

"I wish I knew where it was, but I am sorry to say that I haven't the remotest idea even of how to go about a search for it," said the manager.

The last trace of the trunk, so far as Ambassador Hill could learn in the search made before his departure, was its arrival at the Holland House in charge of the American Express Company. The company holds a receipt for its delivery, but nobody around the hotel has seen it.

NURSE SUES MERRY ESTATE.

Mabel Allen of Brooklyn Says She Is Entitled to Share of Property.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Dec. 6.—With rival claimants for the estate of a Boston merchant who died nearly a century ago the contest over the will of Jonathan Merry gives promise of becoming very complicated.

The latest development is the appearance of Mabel F. Allen of Brooklyn, N. Y., who presents to the Supreme Court of Massachusetts the problem of deciding if a legally dead woman may come to life.

Miss Allen wants a share in the Merry estate, and the settlement among other claimants has been arrested. Miss Allen says that one morning last April the postman bringing letters to the house in Brooklyn, where she is employed as nurse, said to her:

"I see they argued out the Mabel F. Allen case in Washington yesterday. Is that you?"

Miss Allen says she bought a newspaper, read the story, and immediately identified herself as the missing Mabel.

The other claimants who wanted to share the Allen legacy are George and Ella Nelson and Robert J. Fisher of Chicago, Emma E. Thomas of Manchac, La.; and Blanche M. Umbach and John T. Sherburne of New Orleans.

In her suit Miss Allen of Brooklyn charges the Nelson woman with perjury and fraud, and alleges the others were guilty of connivance with the Chicago woman. She denies assertions about the real Mabel F. Allen to which the Chicago woman took oath.

British Royalties at Delhi.

DELHI, India, Thursday, Dec. 7.—King George and Queen Mary arrived here this morning.

Ask for Antediluvian Whiskey, and begin to enjoy your whiskey. Luyties Bros., New York.—Adv.

MAURETANIA AGROUND.

Snaps Her Anchor Chain in the Mersey During Gale.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 7, (Thursday.)—During a half gale last night the Cunard liner Mauretania snapped her anchor chain and swung across the Mersey. She grounded near the Dingle.

All efforts up to the present have failed to refloat the steamer. It is feared she will not be able to sail Saturday.

SHIP AND WATERSPOUT RACE.

At Least the Cretic's Skipper Says So, and He's a Veracious Mariner.

Capt. Lobe of the White Star liner Cretic, which arrived yesterday from Naples, reported having sighted a giant waterspot to the southwest off the port quarter last Monday morning. He measured it and found that the spout was 500 feet high and traveling at a great rate of speed. Not wanting to take any chances of it striking the ship, he ordered the Cretic, which was making half speed, to go full speed ahead.

For some time, the Captain said, it looked like a close race between the liner and the waterspout, but eventually it passed away astern. The same afternoon the Cretic ran into a gale which was blowing at a velocity of seventy miles an hour.

A baby boy was born in the steerage during the storm, and was named Cretic Scoco in honor of the ship. Another passenger named Ponce de Leon was asked by the Immigration authorities if he was going to Florida, and he replied:

"No. I am going to First Avenue."

MAPLE SYRUP FOR AUTO OIL.

G. O. Abbott, Grocer, Finds Machine Runs Smoothly and Sweetly.

Special to The New York Times.

BRATTLEBORO, Vt., Dec. 6.—Following the Federal Dissolution of the Standard Oil Company, another blow has been struck at the oil octopus. Maple syrup is found to be a substitute for automobile oil. The machine runs smoothly and sweetly, as it were, on maple syrup.

G. O. Abbott, grocer, who has an auto, keeps his spare oil in an old maple syrup can. His son put a can of real syrup in the cellar, near the oil can. Mr. Hudson filled his crank case with syrup by mistake and ran his car twenty miles before anything went wrong. Then after coasting down a grade with the clutch thrown out, the motor cooled and the syrup crystalized on the piston.

Mr. Abbott says if he had kept the engine running he would have finished the run on syrup without trouble.

$477 IN BEGGAR'S POCKET.

Flood of Small Coins Found When Police Search Street Mendicant.

An old man stood outside the Church of the Paulist Fathers, at Sixtieth Street and Columbus Avenue, yesterday afternoon, with his hat in his hand, looking appealingly into the faces of persons passing by. Some, taking pity upon the man, dropped coins into the hat, which the old man carefully deposited in his pocket.

Policeman Schmidt of the West Forty-seventh Street Station recognized the beggar, and knowing him to be a professional, placed him under arrest. He was taken to the West Forty-seventh Street Station, where he was held, charged with vagrancy.

When Policeman Schmidt arraigned his prisoner before the desk Lieutenant it was seen that the man held tightly to a package in his pocket and refused at first to be searched. When the package was placed on the desk it was found to contain $477, mostly in small change and bills of low denomination. He refused to say anything about his having the money and would not tell how he came into possession of it. In his pockets were found a few shoe laces, which the police say the man uses as a subterfuge to fool the generous.

The man said he was Joseph Vono, 50 years old, of 164 West End Avenue.

MORE PRESSURE ON TAFT.

Only His Efforts to Correct Passport Evil Stays Action by Congress.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Members of Congress are bringing much pressure to bear upon the President looking either to the abrogation of the treaty of 1832 with Russia or to Russia's immediate and full recognition of the right of American Jews to travel freely in that country. To-day Chairman Sulzer of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs called at the White House and laid before Mr. Taft an outline of the facts at his command, and yesterday Senator Penrose told the President that action of some sort should be taken soon. Resolutions are pending in both houses abrogating the treaty, and it is only the knowledge that the Administration is now making renewed diplomatic efforts to have the treaty's meaning made absolutely unmistakable that prevents prompt action by Congress.

"You can say," said Mr. Sulzer, after his conference with the President this morning, "that the House committee will show the facts at the proper time."

Representative Victor Berger, the only Socialist in Congress, is loud in his condemnation of both parties for their supineness in the matter. If they meant what they said, he declared, the whole difficulty would have been corrected long ago.

Simon Wolf of Washington, and Aleph Kraus, head of the B'nai Brith, who called upon Mr. Taft to-day, said they were satisfied that the President is doing all he can to settle the question.

TRAMPLED IN SUBWAY RUSH.

Elderly Woman Swept Off Her Feet Descending Stairs at 14th St. Station.

An elderly woman, wearing a heavy fur coat, was picking her way slowly down the stairs of the Fourteenth Street Subway Station on the downtown side in the rush hour last night, when the crowd behind swept her off her feet. She fell a few steps, and the crowd, coming from behind, trampled her for several minutes before the rush could be stopped.

A special policeman came to the woman's rescue and picked her up, and she was taken to Bellevue Hospital by Dr. Wiley. There she said she was Mrs. Catherine Magle. 74 years old, of 35 Bay Twenty-sixth Street, Bensonhurst. She had sustained many bruises and scalp wounds. She was put in the care of Dr. Gregory of the psychopathic ward. She told him she did not remember how she came to New York, but that she was on her way to Sandusky, Ohio, to contest her husband's will. She had several legal documents in her possession and a transcript of her marriage certificate, which showed that she was married in this city on Sept. 18, 1893. She said that this was her second marriage. The transcript had been obtained from the Board of Health yesterday. She said that since her second husband's death she had been living at the house in Bensonhurst with her daughter, a Mrs. Underwood.

Dr. Gregory said he would detain her at the hospital until he heard from Mrs. Underwood. The doctor said that Mrs. Magle was suffering from senility.

A Christmas gift is appreciated all the year. A Krementz Collar Button Set, $1.00.—Adv.

DEMAND BREAK WITH RUSSIA

5,000 Voices Raised in Carnegie Hall Against Further Passport Injustice.

"GO SLOW," URGES DR. WHITE

But the Audience Will Have None of It and Cheers All Who Favor Treaty's Abrogation.

HAILS WILSON AS PRESIDENT

He Responds with an Appeal for Even Justice for All Americans—O'Gorman and Clark Among Speakers.

A great meeting was held in Carnegie Hall last night to protest against the discrimination of the Russian Government in recognizing passports issued to American citizens. The pent-up feelings of a great body of American people who have suffered the effects of this discrimination through forty years of protest found expression in a gathering which has rarely been equalled here for earnestness, well-contained indignation, and enthusiasm.

Carnegie Hall, seating about 4,500 persons, was filled to its last square foot of space long before the meeting began. In the two great tiers of boxes were gathered many prominent men of the city with their families. The audience was representative of New York. All classes and creeds were there.

Dozens of prominent men came across States to join in this protest, which was not made on behalf of Jewish citizens, or on behalf of the Catholic clergy, or on behalf of some of the Protestant clergy, but, it was many times declared, on behalf of American citizens, individually and as a whole, against a condition which has existed since 1832, [illegible] against which this country has vainly protested for forty years.

On the stage were some of the most prominent men of the country, both as speakers and participants in the purpose and spirit of the meeting. Among the speakers were ex-Ambassador Andrew D. White, President of the National Citizens' Committee, under whose auspices the meeting was held, and for three years the representative of this country at the Czar's court; Speaker Champ Clark, United States Senator James A. O'Gorman, Gov. Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey, who was repeatedly hailed from the galleries as the next President; Bishop David H. Greer, President Schuman of Cornell University, William R. Hearst, Congressman William Sulzer, Chairman of the House Committee on Foreign Relations; ex-Congressman Herbert Parsons, Congressman William A. Calder, ex-Congressman William S. Bennet, and Congressman Henry Goldfogle.

Against Giving Russia More Time.

The audience knew what it wanted, and knew the way it wanted it done. Dr. White cautioned an appeal before further action to The Hague Tribunal, thus giving Russia a chance to save her face and her pride. He was heard in silence, respectful, but none the less deep silence.

The crowd rose as one man when Senator O'Gorman cried in a tone of earnestness which carried his words to the furthest corners of the building that the time for temporizing with Russia over the passport matter had long past, and that he stood ready to vote for the resolution new pending in the Senate immediately abrogating the treaty of 1832.

Dr. White declared that action should be the second step, but Senator O'Gorman declared it should be the next step, since the first was taken four decades ago and taken vainly. Mr. Hearst aroused intense enthusiasm by declaring this passport matter to be one not of religion, but of right; not one of politics, but of patriotism.

Again the tide of enthusiastic applause rose and fell when Gov. Wilson declared that the time had come when all American citizens should rise up and defend the rights of a few, that those to whom passport rights enjoyed by other Americans are denied are not the "Jews of America, but are American citizens."

"Our treaty with Russia in no way provides for discrimination against any American citizen, or against any class of American citizens," said Speaker Champ Clark, sternly, "and we should not permit it in practice. That is the plain, fair, candid statement of the situation." Again the thousands cheered.

Everywhere in the room American and the peace flags of all nations were displayed, and up in the third gallery was a band which never tired of playing patriotic airs.

The Demand Put in Words.

The great moment of the meeting was reserved for the last, when a resolution, offered by President James Creelman of the Civil Service Commission, called upon Congress to adopt the resolution abrogating the treaty of 1832, and authorizing the National Citizens' Committee to continue its work until that step had been taken and no group of American citizens was discriminated against by Russia. The last words of the resolution were drowned in a volume of ayes which fairly shook the building. Here is the resolution:

> Since the establishment of the Government of the United States, all of its citizens, whether native born or naturalized, irrespective of race or creed, have been uniformly recognized as entitled under the Constitution, to equal rights, privileges, and immunities, to freedom from all discrimination, and to absolute exemption from the imposition of any religious test.
>
> The deprivation of any part of our citizens of any of these guaranties, the withholding from the lowliest of them of any of the rights accorded to the most distinguished, or the division of our citizenship into classes, is so opposed to the spirit of our institutions as to be unthinkable. And yet, what cannot be accomplished directly by the Government, has, for more than thirty years, been effectuated with respect to our citizens by the Government of Russia; which in the face of the continued protest of our State Department, has deliberately disregarded passports issued under our great seal to American citizens, who happen to be Jews, Roman Catholics, and Protestant missionaries, solely because of their faith.
>
> This has, with singular unanimity, been declared by our statesmen, jurists, and legislators, to constitute a defiant violation of the treaty made between the two Governments in 1832.
>
> For thirty years all efforts of diplomacy to remedy this wrong, to obviate this affront to our National honor, to procure for all our citizens their stipulated rights, have been in vain. The Republican and Democratic Parties alike have, for years, demanded in their platforms a cessation of this abuse, and both have promised prompt action for the vindication of the integrity of American citizenship. Nevertheless, a considerable portion of our citizens continue to suffer from the civil disabilities created by Russia's breach of her treaty obligations.
>
> Our Government has exercised great self

restraint, and the American people have evinced extreme patience, in the hope that Russia might be induced by representation and argument, to respect the terms of her compact. Relief, however, seems to-day as remote as when it was first desired. Believing, therefore, that the time has at length arrived when all other considerations must yield to the sacred rights of American citizenship, and the preservation of our cherished institution, it is

Resolved, That this meeting, called by representatives from every part of the Union, and reflecting every shade of public opinion, urgently request the Congress of the United States, at its present session, to adopt the resolutions now pending in the Senate and House of Representatives, looking to the abrogation of the Treaty of 1832 between the United States and Russia, by giving one year's notice of its termination pursuant to its expressed provision, to the end that our country, at least, shall no longer behold with equanimity, a classification of its citizens, which, if ripened into a precedent, would eventually undermine that political system which has made it the greatest moral power of the earth. Be it further,

'Resolved, That the National Committee be continued until the end for which it was organized has been accomplished.

Dr. White for Going Slow.

Following a brief introduction by Chairman William G. McAdoo of the Executive Committee of the National Citizens' Committee and an invocation by the Rev. Dr. George Dixon, ex-Ambassador White delivered his address, the keynote of which was "go slow," with an appeal to Russia's sense of justice. Dr. White said in part:

"Frederick the Great, King of Prussia, who, in his day, was not only the greatest warrior but one of the wisest statesmen the modern world had seen, once criticized the other great monarch of his time, Emperor Joseph II., who devoted his life to urging reforms throughout his empire, which proved generally failures. Said wise old King Frederick: 'Joseph means well, but he always takes the second step before he takes the first.'

"In my opinion, everything in this case depends on whether we start with the first step or with the second. If the first step is taken first I have faith that it will lead to a great triumph of right, reason, and justice, with vast blessings not only to our own country, but to Russia.

"The first step which we most frequently hear proposed is that of an immediate official abrogation of the Buchanan treaty. This opinion is natural, no one can blame it, it merits respect, it has been urged in the public press and in Congress and by many of our most eloquent and prominent writers and speakers. Bills to accomplish this abrogation of the treaty have already been brought into our National Legislature. No doubt they represent real patriotism. All honor to their advocates! I freely allow that it may be necessary to take this step at some later stage in our effort.

"But is it certain that this is the step to take first? Is there not the possibility that King Frederick's remark on Emperor Joseph's reforms might prove true of ourselves? May we not be in danger of taking as a first step that which ought to be taken as a second? May it not happen that should we abrogate the Buchanan treaty Russia would say, 'Well, let them go, we can live without a treaty as long as they can. We can worry them as much and as long as they can worry us, and at any rate we shall hear no more of the question of Jewish rights or of the rights of Protestants, of Catholic American clergymen, or, indeed, of American rights, now that no one has any pretext for flinging them into our faces.'

"Might they not even congratulate themselves upon the financial side of the question? Might not the pill be sweetened for them by the belief, which I observe is shared by a thoughtful American jurist, that all inheritances from Jewish families in Russia to Jewish heirs in America would lapse into the Imperial Treasury?

"Gentlemen, as a matter of fact, Russia is a proud nation, as proud a nation as our own. I am not saying that she has as much reason to be proud as we. Every man must judge for himself as to that. I will only say that there are some things done in our country of which I am not especially proud—no doubt Russia is aware of some of them. An attempt at peremptory demands upon her will, in my opinion, lead to exactly that state of mind which peremptory demands always arouse in any proud individual. As a rule, such demands at once dismiss right-reason from the case and lead to indignant rejoinders and reprisals, regardless of all justice.

"May it not be better for all concerned that we hold the abrogation of the treaty, for at least a short time, in reserve? May we not find it far better to take this as a second step than as a first step?"

Audience Shows Hostility.

There was a slight demonstration at this point, but it was evidently hostile to Dr. White's suggestion.

"I repeat," he continued, "Russia is, as a matter of fact, one of the proudest countries on earth. She wishes to be well thought of by the whole world, and it is this wish on her part that I would enlist in the service of peace with honor. Russia is always taking great pains to secure the world's respect and good opinion. Shortly before my first stay in Russia she evidently wished to seem to lead in science, and to that end she built one of the most costly observatories in the world, even though, when I visited it, she had none but German astronomers to manage it. Later she wished to be thought great in art, and she had to tolerate the fact—though her press sometimes scolded about it—that the greatest sculptor by far, in the whole empire, was a Jew—Antokolski.

"She has had, indeed, some great writers. One of these I knew—Lyof Tolstoy. It was once my privilege during ten successive mornings and evenings to walk and talk and sit in discussion with Tolstoy at Moscow, and on one of these occasions he said to me: 'I wake every morning surprised that I do not find myself on the road to Siberia.' I answered him: 'There is no danger of that; the Russian Government is too wise for that—it cares too much for the public opinion of the world.'

"Russia's desire for the good opinion of the world entered very largely into the reasons why the Hague Conference was called in the name of the Czar. There is nothing of which all Russians who do any thinking are more proud of than this fact.

"May it not be that this same Russian pride which is and always has been so constant a factor in the development of her civilization will lead her to accept an invitation from us to meet before the Hague Tribunal? She is very proud of having helped to create it, and when the facts in the case are fully brought out before it and exhibited to that great Tribunal of Humanity, before which Thomas Jefferson displayed the wrongs of our Thirteen Colonies, as incorporated in the Declaration of Independence—that Tribunal which Jefferson called 'a candid world'—when Russia has to face the question of whether or not she will meet the United States before that Hague world Tribunal on this question, and then to face the further question as to whether she will do justice instead of injustice, which she has been doing during a period of over forty years—injustice of which the facts are absolute and indisputable—may it not be that Russia will then desire to show the world that she proposes to array herself beside the powers which adhere to their treaties?

"Will her pride allow her to refuse to appear before that Tribunal which she claims to have founded? And, if she consents to appear, will her Russian pride allow her to take her place, deliberately, among barbarians?

"If after trying arbitration it shall be found useless, then let us denounce and abrogate the treaty. There would be large pecuniary loss, but I believe that all Americans worthy of the name would prefer this to the continuance of a treaty which involves American dishonor.

"There would have to be adopted a modus vivendi so that the two great nations could live together without perpetual reprisals on each other, but it would be a woeful exhibition of human folly.

"I plead, then, as our first step, for a recourse to The Hague Tribunal in order that we may avail ourselves of Russian pride in standing before the world in favor of right, reason and justice. Should we fail we can then truthfully say that all that men could do we have done and that we have merited success, even if we have not obtained it; and thus, in the words of Abraham Lincoln when he signed his great appeal to the world for justice, we may commend our cause 'to the considerate judgment of mankind and the gracious favor of Almighty God.'"

Senator O'Gorman's address was one of the distinctive features of the meeting. It was brief, too, with almost every sentence punctured by applause. It struck home at every word.

"If we would maintain the National honor," he declared, "and remain loyal to the tradition of the fathers, we must adhere to those fundamental principles upon which we have reared this mighty fabric of government. We must ever insist that, in the composite citizenship of the republic, there can be no distinction of creed, and that the rights and privileges of American citizens cannot be impaired at home or abroad because of religious belief.

"Our treaties are made for the benefit of all the people of the United States. Under the Federal Constitution they become the supreme law of the land, and take precedence of State constitutions and statutes. Being the supreme law of the land, all the citizens must yield obedience to their provisions; and yet the present treaty as construed by Russia excludes from its protection 2,000,000 of our citizens solely because of their religious belief.

"For forty years our Government has made unavailing protest against Russia's attitude. During all these years, holders of our passports have been degraded and humiliated, and the dignity of the Nation has been offended. The treaty requires equality of treatment of all the citizens and subjects of the two nations, and we cannot without dishonor longer acquiesce in this indefensible policy of discrimination which is violative of the treaty and in defiance of the laws and Constitution of the republic.

"We do not resent this indignity to our aggrieved citizens because they are Jews, but because they are Americans entitled to the protection of our Government against injustice and wrong everywhere. We are not concerned with the internal policies of other countries, but we must insist that the rights of our citizens to immunity from discrimination on religious grounds must be respected by nations with which we maintain treaty relations. The time to end this intolerable condition has arrived. For myself, I am prepared to vote for the abrogation of the treaty, and to that end I shall support the resolution new pending in the Senate of the United States."

"Act Now," Says Mr. Hearst.

Speaker Clark came in just as Senator O'Gorman concluded. The audience rose to greet him and continued applauding as he was led to a seat near President White. Action without further delay, action in support of National honor, was the demand in W. R. Hearst's speech. He did not see great difficulties in the way.

"All that is demanded," he said, "is a firm determination to protect the rights of all of its citizens at all times, at all places, and under all circumstances.

"This determination should be proclaimed in a definite declaration and supported by whatever action is necessary to secure universal international acceptance of the principle involved.

"The principle involved is not a question of Judaism. It is a question of justice.

"It is not a question of religion. It is a question of right.

"It is not a question of politics. It is a question of patriotism.

"The insolent action of Russia does not affect one citizen or one class of citizens. It concerns all citizens and all classes of citizens.

"It is not merely an outrage upon the individual. It is an insult to the American Nation.

"The point at issue, plainly stated, is simply whether the seal and signature of the United States upon a certificate of citizenship render it valid and acceptable at its face value or subject to discount in Russia or in any other country that chooses to depreciate it.

"This is a point vital to the honor and integrity of this Nation. It brings up the question of whether the United States is politically solvent, whether its guarantee is good.

"We invite the people of all parts of the world to our shores. We guarantee them the rights and privileges of citizenship.

"It is the duty, then, of our Government to protect these citizens and all our citizens in the rights and privileges which it has guaranteed."

"Our Next President" Hailed.

Gov. Wilson was evidently a favorite. Cheers started at the mention of his name, and calls of "our next President" came from the eyrie places in the top of the great room. The Governor straightened his tall form perceptibly at the sound, and he smiled broadly while he waved down the cries—gently waved them down, it should be said. Gov. Wilson said:

"The object of this meeting is not agitation; it is the statement of a plain case in such terms as may serve to arrest the attention of the Nation with regard to a matter which is of no mere local importance, which does not merely affect the rights and essential privileges of our Jewish fellow-citizens as freemen and Americans, but which touches the dignity of our Government and the maintenance of those rights of manhood which that Government was set up to vindicate.

"The facts are these: For some eighty years a treaty has existed between this country and Russia in which it is explicity covenanted and agreed that the inhabitants of the two nations shall have the liberty of entering any part of the territory of either that is open to foreign commerce; that they shall be at liberty to sojourn and reside in all parts whatsover of the territory thus opened to commerce in order to attend to their affairs; and that they shall enjoy the same security and protection as inhabitants of the country in which they are sojourning, on condition of course that they submit to the laws and ordinances there prevailing, and particularly to the regulations there in force concerning commerce. For some forty years the obligations of this treaty have been disregarded by Russia in respect to our Jewish fellow-citizens. After forty years of mere correspondence the Russian Government naturally does not expect the matter to be carried beyond protest to action, and so continued to act as it pleases in this matter in the confidence that our Government does not seriously mean to include our Jewish fellow-citizens among those upon whose rights it will insist.

"It is not necessary to conjecture the reasons. The treaty thus disregarded by Russia is a treaty of commerce and navigation. Its main object is trade, the sort of economic intercourse between the two nations that will promote the material interests of both. Important commercial and industrial relations have been established under it. Large American undertakings, we are informed, would be put in serious peril were those relations broken off. We must concede something, even at the expense of a certain number of our fellow-citizens, in order not to risk a loss greater than the object would seem to justify.

"I, for one, do not fear any loss. The economic relations of two great nations are not based upon sentiment; they are based upon interest. It is safe to say that in this instance they are not based upon mutual respect, for Russia cannot respect us when she sees us for forty years together preferring our interests to our rights.

"If the Russian Government has felt through all these years that it could ignore the protest of American Ministers and Secretaries of States, it has been because the American Government spoke for special interests or from some special point of view, and not for the American people. It is the fact that the attention of the American people has now been drawn to this matter that is altering the whole aspect of it.

"Here is a great body of our Jewish fellow-citizens, from whom have sprung men of genius in every walk of our varied life, men who have become part of the very stuff of America, who have conceived its ideals with singular clearness and led its enterprise with spirit and sagacity. They are playing a particularly conspicuous part in building up the very prosperity of which our Government has so great a stake in its dealings with the Russian Government with regard to the rights of men. They are not Jews in America; they are American citizens. In this great matter with which we deal to-night we speak for them as for representatives and champions of principle which underlie the very structure of our Government. They have suddenly become representatives of us all. By our action for them shall be tested our sincerity, our genuineness, the reality of principle among us.

"I am glad this question has been thus brought into the open. There is here a greater stake than any other upon which we could set out heart. Here is the final test of our ability to square our policies with our principles. We may now enjoy the exhilaration of matching our professions with handsome performance. We are not here to express our sympathy with our Jewish fellow-citizens, but to make evident our sense of identity with them. This is not their cause; it is America's. It is the cause of all who love justice and do right."

An Affront to All Americans.

Speaker Clark emphasized the fact that the repudiation of passports presented by Jewish citizens of this country was no affront to a race or a religion, but to the entire American people, and was a question as broad as any other in which the honor of the country was involved.

"The great question which has brought this vast audience here to-night is not one either of religion or of politics," he said. "It is not a dispute about Jews or Gentiles, Catholics or Protestants, Presbyterians, Baptists, Methodists, or Episcopalians, or anything of the sort. In this country there is no discrimination under the Constitution or laws against any man because he belongs to any church or to no church, to any political party, or to no political party. All are held to be equal before the law and under the law. The question for consideration to-night, here and everywhere throughout the country, is whether an American passport, duly issued to any of our citizens by the State Department, shall be honored according to the terms of the treaty solemnly entered into years and years ago by one of the great nations of the earth.

"Our treaty with Russia in no way provides for discrimination against any American citizen or against any class of American citizens, and we should not permit it in practice. That is the plain, fair, candid statement of the situation.

"No nation is under the slightest obligation to enter into any treaty with us whatsoever. But if any nation elects to enter into a treaty with us the obligation must rest upon it to carry out the terms of the treaty just as it rests upon us—no more, no less. Russia has a perfect right, upon due notice to us, to abrogate this treaty, just as we have the right to abrogate it upon due notice to Russia. And as Russia will not honor our passports as to certain classes of our citizens, Jews, Catholic priests, and Protestant missionaries, and as the vast majority of the American people desire to see all of our citizens treated alike when traveling in foreign countries and to be safe under our passports, there seems to be nothing left for us to do except abrogate this treaty."

Bishop Greer was warmly received. He spoke in tones that were distinctly heard all over the big hall. The Bishop said that we should raise our voices and set our faces against every form of oppression.

President Schurman of Cornell said that at the same time that Russia declares she permits our citizens to live in her country and engage in business she excludes two millions of our citizens.

Mr. Schurman won warm approval when he said that we should either amend the matter or end it by abrogating the treaty. He added:

"The logic which is invoked to authorize the repudiation of American passports in the hands of Jews might be used with the same effect against the faith of any religious affiliation, and by the same reasoning foreign powers might hold themselves free to discriminate against certain sections of our country—against the South, or against the State of New York, or against the Pacific Coast. And as a matter of fact, Russia already excludes Catholic priests and Protestant missionaries, as well as Jews. We know not to what excesses this dangerous innovation might run.

"In politics and diplomacy we must always be on our guard against precedence. If we tolerate discrimination against one section of our citizens, we invite discrimination against others. In its consequences, therefore, the Russian procedure of which we complain is as dangerous as in its principle it is vicious. We believe, therefore, that, whatever the cost and sacrifice, it is the duty of the American Government and the American people to set the ban of their disapproval upon the course pursued by the Russian Government and to adopt once for all the policy of securing equal treatment by all foreign Governments of all American citizens.

"It is no satisfaction to us, it is no palliation of the offense to learn that Russia treats English, French, and German Jews as she treats American Jews. The equal humiliation is a poor substitute for the impartial treatment of American citizens. And if, owing to the complexities of the European political system, it is difficult for European Governments to make effective protest, America fortunately is undeterred by such extrinsic considerations."

Ovation for Mr. Schiff.

Representative N. E. Kendall, member of the House Committee on Foreign Relations, asked for the privilege of talking for five minutes. He got it gladly. When he spoke of Russia thrusting Jews from her borders he said he did not care to refer to a concrete instance, and then added:

"But think of Jacob H. Schiff." The big audience broke into loud applause that rose and fell for more than a minute. Mr. Schiff, who was on the platform, bowed slightly, and his neighbors joined heartily in the applause.

When Mr. Kendall said that he believed that within thirty days a resolution would be adopted abrogating the treaty with Russia, there was a deafening outburst. He said also:

"Unless the Government of the United States has alienated all the virility which it possessed at its organization it will compel Russia to discontinue her discriminations against American citizens of Jewish extraction, or it will summarily suspend all treaty relations with the Empire of the Czar.

"The Legislatures of nineteen sovereign States have urged that the National authority be asserted. The pulpit, the press, the platform, all the influential organs of public opinion in our land, have insisted that the dignity of the republic be maintained. The people themselves, with undivided voice, from ocean to ocean, have decreed that American citizenship shall be vindicated in the exercise of all its constitutional prerogatives, here and everywhere. Both the great political parties have spoken on the subject.

"We have petitioned, and our petitions have been answered by evasion. We have remonstrated, and our remonstrances have been defeated by subterfuge. We have protested, and our protests have been avoided by deception. The time for petition is gone. The day for remonstrance is past. The hour for protest is ended. The moment for decisive action has arrived, and we are here to register the ultimatum of an aroused electorate that simple justice shall be enforced.

"Cleveland and Roosevelt and Taft have not succeeded by diplomatic intercourse in exacting from the Czar's Government the consideration to which our people are obviously entitled. We must now resort to the only weapon remaining in our arsenal. As a member of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs I have studied the subject as diligently as I am capable of doing, and I have arrived at the conclusion that if we cannot compel a correction of the sinister injustice which I have described we must terminate at once all amicable relations with the Russian Government."

Then came Representative Sulzer, and the great gathering gave him a royal welcome. He said he could not occupy the time because as a member of the committee he had invited others to speak. He had many speeches, and the next one would be made next week when, as Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, he would move for the adoption of his resolution. He believed it would be adopted, that it would pass the House and Senate, and then go to the President, and so become a law.

"In my opinion," said Mr. Sulzer, "this resolution is as sure of becoming a law as the sun is sure to rise to-morrow morning. Then Russia will ask us for a treaty. We will beg no more; we will wait for Russia to come to us."

Herbert Parsons provoked laughter and applause by making a speech of two words. All he said was:

"Abrogate now."

Representative William G. Sharp of Ohio said that the time for abrogation had arrived, and then ex-Representative William S. Bennet said:

"My proposition is this: If we all can't get into Russia, let us all stay out."

"For over a generation we have been the tools of Russian diplomacy," said ex-Representative Harrison. "We have in vain intrusted the assertion of our National honor to diplomatic channels. The time has come for a more vigorous move. The best weapon ready to our hand is the abrogation of the treaty."

Representative Calder said he had a long speech prepared, but the hour was so late he would make the speech that was in his heart. He said that the resolution pending in the Committee on Foreign Affairs would surely pass and become a law.

Representative Goldfogle declared that America had tolerated entirely too long Russia's defiant and insulting conduct. The time for action was at hand, and the meeting's protest, joined with protests coming from every section of the Republic, would create that powerful, overwhelming sentiment which would move Congress to action and impel the Executive to notify Russia to cease her discriminatory conduct now and forever, or submit to a cessation of the treaty.

At the conclusion of the speeckmaking Chairman McAdoo presented Henry Green, the general manager of the movement, and Mr. Green bowed and the gathering chered him. Then the resolutions were carried with a shout. The great meeting closed with a benediction by the Rev. Dr. Joseph Silverman.

Many men of National prominence who had expected up to yesterday afternoon to be present sent telegrams of regret. Some of them were United States Senator Boies Penrose of Pennsylvania, who expressed deep sympathy with the cause; Gov. Harmon of Ohio, Congressman J. Charles Linthicum, and Congressman James M. Curley, who promised to support the Sulzer resolution when it came up in the House.

Some of those present were President John H. Finley of the City College, Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, Louis Marshall, the Rev. E. B. Sanford, ex-Ambassador Nathan Straus, Miss Lillian D. Wald, Congressman Jefferson M. Levy, President Cyrus C. Miller of the Bronx, L. E. Miller, John Whalen, Henry Green, Allan Robinson, William Jay Schieffelin, Edward Lauterbach, and Cleveland H. Dodge.

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REFUSES WOMAN A DIVORCE.

Court Declines to Believe Private Detective Testimony.

Supreme Court Justice Davis dismissed yesterday the divorce suit of Mrs. Mathilda Herz against Emil Herz. The suit was undefended. Mrs. Herz took the stand in her own behalf, and was followed by Jacob Breen and Jacob Cohen, two private detectives. They testified that Herz had been unfaithful.

"Is that all the proof you have?" asked Justice Davis as the lawyer bustled forward to take the oath to testify that Herz had failed to defend the suit.

"Yes, your Honor," he replied.

"Well," announced the court, "I'm frank to say that I do not believe these private detectives. I won't grant a divorce on the testimony of private detectives. The marriage relation is too important to be broken on the testimony of such unimportant witnesses as these."

PERJURY IN DIVORCE CASE.

Judge Says He Never Saw So Much as in F. J. Kellogg Suit.

DETROIT, Dec. 6.—"I never in all my judicial career knew any case where perjury was committed as boldly and shamelessly as in the trial before me," declared Circuit Judge Donovan to-day, referring to the divorce suit of Mrs. Frank J. Kellogg, whose husband is a wealthy Battle Creek manufacturer. Judge Donovan sent a letter to Prosecutor Shepherd calling the latter's attention to the case.

Three chauffeurs have attacked the reputation of Mrs. Kellogg, and the testimony of all has been contradicted in court. One of them in a second deposition repudiated his first story.

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NEW YORK'S GROWTH FROM IMMIGRATION

Walter Laidlaw Shows Only 19.3 Per Cent. of Our Population Is of Native Parentage.

40.4 PER CENT FOREIGN BORN

We Have Added Only 56,223 Native Whites in Ten Years—It Was the Other Way Till Ten Years Ago.

Walter Laidlaw, the statistician, wrote to THE TIMES last night to point out that on the basis of the telegraphed figures of New York's population in 1910 in respect of nativity and color, coupled with data in the files of the Population Rsearch Bureau of the New York Federation of Churches, the assertion of Dr. Frederick H. Wines, Assistant Director of the Census, that "New York is not, truly speaking, an American but a foreign city," can be verified in at least four ways. Mr. Laidlaw proceeds to set forth these four ways as follows:

1. The native-born white population of New York in 1900 numbered 613 in every 1,000, in 1910 only 576. The colored population of New York numbered 2 per cent. both in 1900 and 1910. Hence the entire decrease in the proportion of native whites was taken up by increase in the foreign-born whites as shown by the following table:

POPULATION BY NATIVITY AND COLOR.

		Percentage. 1910.	Percentage. 1900.
Native whites	2,741,504	57.6	61.3
Foreign whites	1,927,720	40.4	36.7
Colored	97,659	2.0	2.0
Total	4,766,883	100.0	100.0

2. Classifying the population by parentage, it appears that the native born of native parentage numbered 215 in every 1,000 in 1900, and only 193 in 1910, while the whites of foreign parentage had increased from 765 in every 1,000 to 787. Thus:

POPULATION BY PARENTAGE AND COLOR.

By parentage—		Percentage. 1910.	Percentage. 1900.
Whites	921,130	19.3	21.5
Whites	3,748,094	78.7	76.5
Colored	97,659	2.0	2.0
Total	4,766,883	100.0	100.0

But the most striking verification of the statement that New York's growth is mainly due to retained immigration is shown by a comparative tabulation of growth from 1890 to 1900 and growth from 1900 to 1910. It actually appears from that tabulation that the city added only 56,223 more native whites in the ten years, 1900-1910, than in the ten years, 1890-1900, while in the same period it added 359,505 more foreign whites than in the preceding decade. Its increase from colored population was smaller in the decade 1900-1910 than in the decade 1890-1900. From 1890 to 1900 the growth from native whites exceeded the growth from foreign-born by nearly 100 per cent., but from 1900 to 1910 the growth from foreign-born actually exceeded the growth from native-born whites, as this table shows:

GROWTH IN TERMS OF NATIVITY AND COLOR.

	Inc. 1900-10.		Inc. 1890-1900.	
Native whites	632,514	47.6	576,311	62.0
Foreign whites	666,802	50.1	307,297	33.1
Colored	30,355	2.3	46,180	4.9
Total	1,329,681	100.0	929,788	100.0

4. An even more striking proof of the fact that New York is growing from foreign rather than from native sources appears by a tabulation of increases, 1890-1900 and 1900-1910, in terms of parentage. That tabulation shows that New York grew, from whites of native parentage, in the decade 1900-1910, only to the extent of 18,365 people per annum, whereas from 1890-1900 it had grown at the rate of 16,502 per annum. On the other hand, the whites of foreign parentage grew in 1890-1900 71,858 per annum, and in 1900-1910 111,567 per annum. This appears from this table:

GROWTH IN TERMS OF PARENTAGE AND COLOR.

	Increase. 1900-1910.	Increase. 1890-1900.
Whites, native parentage	183,653	165,020
Whites, foreign parentage	1,115,673	718,588
Colored	30,355	46,180
Total	1,329,681	929,788

"The Borough of Manhattan," Mr. Laidlaw continues, "is to-day proportionately more foreign-born than at any time since 1860. In 1860 the total foreign-born population was 47.16 per cent. In 1910 the foreign-born whites alone were 47.8 per cent. In 1900 they were only 42.3 per cent. The native whites on Manhattan Island in 1900 constituted 55.5 per cent. of the borough's population, and in 1910, 49.9 per cent. The colored population in 1900 was 2.2 per cent., and in 1910 2.8 per cent. The native whites of native parentage decreased from 169 in every 1,000 in 1900 to 148 in every 1,000 in 1910, while the whites of foreign parentage increased from 80.9 per cent. to 82.4 per cent. in 1910. Thus the growth of Manhattan Island, 1900-10, was as follows:

From native whites	136,596
From foreign whites	321,323
From colored	23,530
Total	481,449

Redistributed by parentage, the growth was:

Whites of native parentage	82,124
Whites of foreign parentage	425,795
Colored	23,530
Total	481,449

"The Borough of Manhattan, 1900-10, gained 36.2 per cent. of the entire gain of New York in that decade, but added to itself only 21.6 per cent. of the native whites added to the city in that decade, while, on the other hand, it acquired 48.2 per cent. of the increase of the foreign born and 77.5 per cent. of the increase of the colored population.

"Of the whites of native parentage added to the whole city, it added to itself 17.5 per cent. Of the whites of foreign parentage 38.1 per cent. It is legitimate to conclude, therefore, that, while the largest explanation of the growth of Greater New York is arrested immigration, the growth of Manhattan Island is most largely due to the concentration of that arrested immigration on the island where the ferryboat from Ellis Island lands.

"With the probable exception of Queens, it appears that the percentage of the foreign born has risen in all of the other boroughs as well as in Manhattan."

Admiral's Daughter Obtains Divorce.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—After having lived apart from her husband for more than twenty years, during which time she had not seen him, Mrs. Kate Upshur Moorehead, daughter of Rear Admiral John Upshur of this city, obtained a divorce yesterday from Frank T. Moorehead, formerly of Pittsburgh.

W. E. D. STOKES IMPROVING.

Infection Which Has Troubled Him Passing, but He Is Still in Danger.

W. E. D. Stokes, who has been confined to his apartments in the Ansonia with an intestinal ailment since last Thursday, was reported yesterday to have had the most comfortable day since his sickness began. His physicians said last night that they believed that the infection which has troubled him is passing off, and that it did not seem that an operation would be necessary.

Drs. J. P. Thornley, Alexander Smith, and Bolton Bangs held a consultation yesterday morning and afterward issued this bulletin:

> At this morning's consultation it was decided that Mr. Stokes's condition was a serious one, but that there had been some improvement shown up to 10:30 A. M. There are at present no indications that an operation is necessary.

A second bulletin, issued at 8 o'clock last night, said:

> Mr. Stokes has passed a comfortable day. His temperature is lower than at any time during his illness. The infection from which he is suffering and which was thought last night to make an operation advisable, is passing away through natural channels. His condition, however, is still serious.

Albert Gleason, Mr. Stokes's counsel, told a TIMES reporter last night that there would be another consultation at 10:30 o'clock this morning by Drs. Thornley, Bangs, and Smith, but that Mr. Stokes's condition was not considered dangerous, and that his heart action had improved.

District Attorney Whitman, according to Mr. Gleason, has directed Dr. Thornley to be present this morning at the trial in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court of Ethel Conrad and Lillian Graham for attempting to murder Mr. Stokes.

JOHN PURROY MITCHEL ILL.

In St. Luke's Hospital with What May Prove a Mild Case of Typhoid.

President John Purroy Mitchel of the Board of Aldermen was removed from his apartment at 305 West Ninety-seventh Street to St. Luke's Hospital yesterday afternoon, suffering from what may turn out to be an attack of typhoid.

President Mitchel, according to his physician, Dr. Martin J. Dwyer of 3,800 Broadway, has been ill with what has seemed to be a cold and fever for about two weeks. He continued to attend to his duties at City Hall until a week ago yesterday, when Mrs. Mitchel made him stay at home, and got a trained nurse for him.

As Mr. Mitchel's condition didn't improve after a week in bed, Dr. Dwyer suspected typhoid, and began making tests. The physician was unable to get any positive results, however, and decided yesterday that Mr. Mitchel would be more comfortable in a private ward of St. Luke's.

At the hospital last night it was said that Mr. Mitchel was fairly well and was not at all delirious. Mrs. Mitchel, Dr. Dwyer, and William O'Connor, Mr. Mitchel's secretary, assured a TIMES reporter that Mr. Mitchel's ailment was not serious at present.

"It looks like a light attack, from present appearances," Dr. Dwyer said.

Both Controller Prendergast and Borough President McAneny expressed regret last night on hearing that Mr. Mitchel might have typhoid. Mr. Prendergast said he was refraining from telephoning to Mrs. Mitchel because he felt she was probably receiving too many telephone calls. Mr. McAneny said that he understood that Mr. Mitchell's attack, if it really is typhoid, is a very mild case.

Dr. Dwyer, after visiting Mr. Mitchel at the hospital at 9 o'clock last night, said that Mr. Mitchel's temperature was 104½, but that he did not consider the patient's condition in any way grave, and believed that the ailment was merely taking a normal course.

Dr. Dwyer asked THE TIMES to deny a published report to the effect that the Borough President's lungs were in any way affected and that he was threatened with pulmonary trouble.

Savings Bank Keeps 4 Per Cent. Rate.

The first of the Manhattan savings banks to announce its midwinter interest rate was the Maiden Lane Savings Bank, whose Directors, after their monthly meeting yesterday, ordered interest at the annual rate of 4 per cent. to be paid on Jan. 1.

TAFT REGIME COSTLY, FITZGERALD CHARGES

Estimates Really Over, Not Under, a Billion, He Says, Despite Pledge of Economy.

URGES HOUSE TO CUT THEM

Exceed Last Year's by Over $20,000,000 and Exclude Money Needed for Post Office and New Buildings.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Chairman Fitzgerald of the House Committee on Appropriations, to-day severely assailed the "economy" estimates submitted by the various departments for the coming year. Though Mr. Fitzgerald's objections are largely technical, he concludes with the statement that the estimates are "rather shocking" in view of the protestations of the President in favor of economy. Where the estimates claim a reduction of $21,000,000 under last year's, Mr. Fitzgerald asserts a fairer bookkeeping would make this year's estimates exceed last year's by that amount.

Mr. Fitzgerald bases this assertion on the fact that the estimates do not include the annual appropriations for the Post Office Department, which to all practical purposes will be defrayed from the department's receipts, nor $13,000,000 needed for public buildings now in course of construction. The great advance in estimates, as computed by Mr. Fitzgerald, will require about $1,000,000 extra for interest on the public debt.

"These estimates are somewhat shocking in view of the protestations of the Adminisration of its determination to aid the movement to retrench public expenditures, which is imperative if the people are not to be overwhelmed with the burdens of additional taxes," says Mr. Fitzgerald's statement.

"Estimates in excess of a billion dollars, $20,733,921 in excess of those submitted for the current year, are notice to the Democratic House that so far as the Administration is concerned no help will be given to effect the economies admitted to be essential.

"It had been supposed that the President's Economy Commission, which so far has received $175,000, would be of some aid to the Executive in curtailing expenditures; but it appears that not only are the estimates greater than for the current year, but that more than $1,000,000 additional is required for interest on the public debt because of its increase.

"It is apparent that the task of the Democrats in the House is to be accomplished as a result of their own initiative and labors, and I am confident that they will perform it in a way that will be satisfactory to the country, however unpleasant and surprising it may be to the Administration."

DINNER TO DR. DE K. HART.

Dr. Wm. S. Bainbridge Entertains Head of Hospital Sainte Luc, Paris.

Dr. William Seaman Bainbridge, cancer surgeon of the New York Skin and Cancer Hospital, gave a dinner last night at the Columbia University Club to Dr. de Keating Hart, head of the Hospital Sainte Luc, Paris. Dr. Bainbridge, in New York, and Dr. Hart, in Paris, have been working along advanced lines in an effort to ameliorate the more malignant forms of this apparently incurable disease, and Dr. Hart is here to place his work before American experts.

After the dinner more than 100 surgeons from this city, Philadelphia, and Baltimore met at Dr. Bainbridge's office, where Dr. Hart showed them lantern slides of work done in Europe. Among those present were Dr. William Van Valzah, Dr. Gordon K. Dickinson, Dr. G. Betton Massey, Dr. William Hanna Thomson, Dr. Adolphus Knopf, Dr. Silas Palmer Beebe, Dr. Lewis Pilcher, and Dr. L. Duncan Bulkey.

Following the lecture Mrs. Bainbridge entertained the wives of the attending surgeons at a supper at the doctor's residence.

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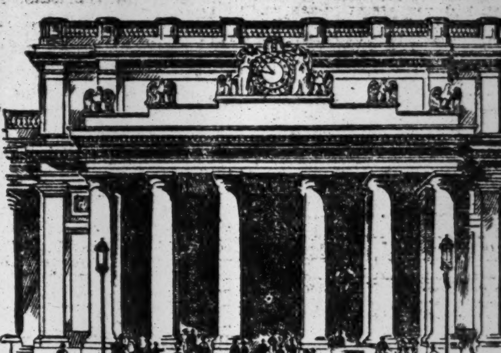

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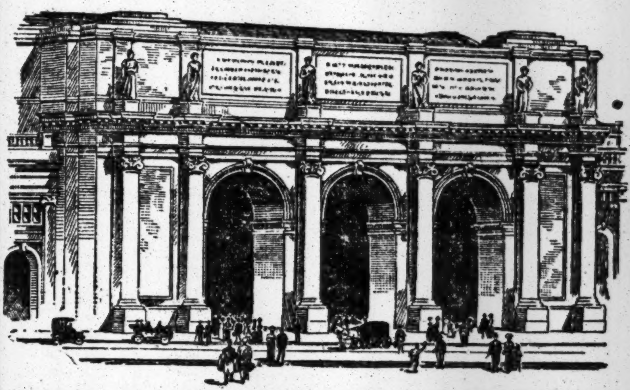

WASHINGTON UNION STATION
NEAR THE CAPITOL

SNOW STRIKE CALLED OFF.

Teamsters Go Back to Their Carts and the Removal Progresses.

The snow teamsters' strike ended yesterday and the men in the different local unions of teamsters who had left their carts on Monday and Tuesday began to go back in the afternoon. The strike was declared off at a meeting in Murphy's Hall, Forty-ninth Street and Eighth Avenue, on Tuesday night. It took some time for the officers of the unions to reach the men, but early yesterday afternoon a large number had returned to work.

Early in the morning the contractors for snow removal were notified that they could have the teamsters back. Celestino De Marco, the snow removal contractor for Manhattan, said in the afternoon that he had 1,400 carts in commission.

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NOTES TO M'NAMARA TELL OF DYNAMITING

Writers Called Them "Jobs" and Inclosed Newspaper Clippings to Get Pay.

CLOSE WATCH ON GOMPERS

Federation Head Is Entirely Too Touchy, Says Prosecutor Miller, Telling of Conference in Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 6.—United States District Attorney Miller stated to-night that by next Saturday he will have all other work out of the way and be ready to give all his time to the Federal investigation of the dynamiting outrages which he insists have been National in their scope.

It developed to-day that the Government in this city has been able to establish some important links in the chain of evidence by the use of the evidence taken to the Federal building. These books, records, and papers had been at the offices of Prosecutor Frank Baker for several months, and had been set aside by him as "worthless," according to statements he has made. It is now said that, while some of the papers apparently are innocent on their face, they form some "missing links," and that they eventually may be effective in aiding the Government.

Among evidence in the possession of the Federal Government are letters and newspaper clippings concerning dynamite and nitroglycerine explosions, which, it is said, bear out the confession of McManigal. The latter said that John J. McNamara had always required him to obtain newspaper clippings telling of the explosions and that these had to be filed with the Secretary-Treasurer of the Iron Workers before McNamara would pay him.

In the material seized when the offices and the room of McNamara were raided, are said to be such clippings and the letters in which they were contained. It is said also that McManigal was by no means the only person who was sending such clippings, but that in letters now in possession of the Government are clippings describing other explosions than those by McManigal and J. B. McNamara, and that the letters refer to these.

Among the letters are others from labor men in which "jobs" are referred to, and also in which requests are made to send a man to certain places to "do a job." The little word "job," it is believed, will cut a big figure in the case hereafter.

The Structural Iron Workers had a defense fund which ran up into the thousands of dollars. This fund was established in 1906, and it has been pointed out by detectives and others that it might have some connection with the dynamiting, as dynamiting had already been begun at that time, although the widespread destruction of property was not yet in full blast. Acting Secretary Hockin says the defense fund of the iron workers has never been touched, and can not be until five years have elapsed, the first of next year.

In the files of "The Bridgeman,' 'the iron workers journal, published by John J. McNamara, are found hundreds of squibs on this order:

> Peoria, Ill.—Halley's comet passed this way the other night and found union men on the job.
>
> Detroit, Mich.—A large noise was heard in this vicinity last night, which woke up some people.

A number of the labor organizations of Indiana have suggested that the money which has been raised for the McNamara defense fund, but which has not been used, be disposed of by purchasing Red Cross Christmas seals. The suggestion first came from the unions at Terre Haute, and the matter has been taken up with the officers of the American Federation of Labor.

The Federal Government has been watching closely the movements of Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor. This became known here to-night when United States Attorney Miller told of a secret conference in Washington between the labor head and Prosecutor Baker. The conference was held about the time the county officials were attempting to prevent the Federal authorities gaining possession of the books and records seized in the raid on the office of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers when J. J. McNamara was arrested.

Baker admits he conferred with Gompers, and says he intends to make a second visit next January. Replying to Mr. Gompers, who said the District Attorney was impertinent, Mr. Miller said:

"Mr. Gompers insists that his position is secure and his attitude consistent, but he is very tender and touchy since his 'credulity' was imposed upon by the statements made by the McNamara brothers. Because I was quoted as saying that in my opinion 'Gompers is an unsafe leader' he very passionately exclaims that he is not afraid of being prosecuted.

"Mr. Gompers and the Prosecuting Attorney of Marion County, can, if they will, inform the people just what took place at their Washington conference about six weeks ago. A full statement made by these gentlemen may make it necessary for the Marion County Prosecutor again to go to Washington to get Gompers's advice as to how the laws of Indiana are not to be enforced.

"Mr. Gompers can be assured that the United States attorney in this jurisdiction will not hesitate to prosecute any man if the facts and the law clearly justify the prosecution."

Letters were sent to-day from the headquarters of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers in this city to the members of the Executive Board in various cities, asking them their opinions as to the advisability of the boards' meeting at this time to consider the effect of the outcome of the McNamara cases and the official attitude of the association.

H. S. Hockin, temporary Secretary, said the expense of the members assembling in this city was the principal consideration. If a meeting is called it probably will be held in the middle of next week, he said.

McNAMARA COMMITTEE MEETS.

All Silent After Long Session—Gompers Defies Enemies.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Samuel Gompers returned to his office at the headquarters of the American Federation of Labor, in the Ouray Building to-day, and soon after was in conference with the members of the McNamara Defense Fund Committee, whose names have become known since the trial of the McNamaras began. Mr. Gompers, who had just arrived from New York, was greeted by a host of newspaper writers and photographers, but he refused to talk to the one or pose for the other. His son tried to shield him from the cameras as he entered the building, and the labor leader seconded these efforts by holding his hat in front of his face.

Mr. Gompers proceeded to his room, looking neither to the right nor to the left. Doors were opened silently before him, and he finally reached his inner sanctum, where in a short time assembled the members of the McNamara committee and Frank M. Ryan of Indianapolis, President of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers. Those present besides Mr. Gompers and Mr. Ryan were Secretatry Frank Morrison of the Federation of Labor; William Spencer, Secretary of the Building Trades Department; A. J. Barnes, Secretary of the Metal Trades Department; John B. Lennon and Thomas Tracy, President and Secretary of the Union Label Trades Department. John Short, Secretary of the Building Trades Department, and James O'Connell, President of the Metal Trades Department, who are members of the committee, were out of the city.

The session of the committee lasted from 10 A. M. until 6 o'clock. Mr. Ryan did not come into the conference until a little after 3 o'clock, when he arrived from Indianapolis. For a time there was a report that he had not come, and his whereabouts was not known, but he was the first to come out from Mr. Gompers's room. He refused to be questioned and left the building quickly. Others of the conference said Ryan had gone to the National Hotel, but he did not put in appearance there, and Mr. Morrison said he had expected to go back to Indianapolis to-night.

Neither Mr. Gompers nor Mr. Morrison manifested any desire to talk to newspaper men. Mr. Gompers in reply to questions said that everything he had said in New York has been twisted and distorted out of all semblance to what he really said, and so he did not wish to be quoted. When he was ready to make a statement he would do so in proper form.

"The labor movement will live," said Mr. Gompers, "in spite of its enemies. We defy those enemies, whoever they are, and for my personal enemies, I defy them, too. Relative to the McNamara committee meeting I have nothing to say in advance."

For a time a good deal of effort at secrecy seemed to be attempted by Morrison and others about the headquarters. Mr. Morrison said that if Ryan was in the city he did not personally know it. President Gompers said that if Mr. Ryan was in Washington he did not know it. But at the same time, employes of the headquarters had said that Ryan was in town and would be at the conference.

When Ryan appeared he eyed every man he passed closely, as if he suspected something to happen out of the ordinary, but spoke to no one and slipped quietly into Gomper's office. He came out in the same manner, looking sharply at every man. Instead of taking the elevator he went down the stairs, as one of the committee with him said he was going to an office on the third floor and would be right back. On the third floor he took the elevator and left the building.

Just before 6 o'clock Mr. Morrison emerged from Mr. Gompers's room with his hands full of books and records, and his first utterance was, "There is not a word to say. Don't ask me questions, for I cannot answer." But as usual he did answer several questions, and it was learned that the conference had resulted in a very thorough exchange of information and views. Mr. Morrison said that he could not tell what the total of the McNamara fund was, but it would be determined and made public. Every donor had received a receipt and a notice that a final report would be made and published in pamphlet form and supplied to all who had contributed. He said that practically all funds had been sent on to Mr. Darrow as fast as received, and the committee would require from him a complete account of every cent he had received and what disposition had been made of it all.

"Of course," said Mr. Morrison, "a counsel will make a report of funds intrusted to him, and likewise he will retain his retainer, which was, as I have previously stated, agreed should be $50,000."

Mr. Morrison said that the committee would resume its sessions to-morrow at 2 o'clock and keep on with its work until it was completed. Whether any statement would be made at its conclusion he could not say, but the impression was conveyed that the committee would make a statement to the public, and has, in fact, been carefully framing a strong and reassuring proclamation in the hope that the hosts of organized labor may rally from the paralyzing shock of the McNamaras' confession and save the organization from the condemnation of those who connect it with the crimes for which the dynamiters have been sentenced.

MAY SOON INDICT OTHER DYNAMITERS

Continued from Page 1.

pers been honest he would have demonstrated it by apologizing, not to me—but to organized labor and the people generally for his abuse and vilification of me. Why, right in this city, after arousing 15,000 persons to a frenzy and leading them in parade through the streets, he declared in the Labor Lyceum that I framed up the dynamiting cases; that I laid the bombs, and that the McNamaras were martyrs, victims, and that an organized attack was being made against organized labor.

"Your Socialistic speakers quoted him on the street corners. Your working people gave up their good money to save the McNamaras from this unjust persecution, and now he has not one word of excuse other than to say that he was grossly deceived. How about the poor people who gave up their money?

"If Gompers is arrested on this contempt charge now pending against him in Washington, it will be to the interest of organized labor—decent labor—to lock him up and throw away the key. Gompers cried that this kidnapping of labor leaders by Burns would have to stop. Did he ever say anything about stopping murdering men like rats in a trap? Gompers said that the McNamaras deceived him. The truth is that Gompers did the deceiving. He says that the McNamaras misrepresented organized labor. Nobody ever misrepresented organized labor more than Gompers does. The rank and file of organized laborers are opposed to violence."

"Do you think that Gompers knew about the plans of the McNamaras before the dynamiting of The Times Building?" he was asked.

"I cannot answer that," he replied.

"You have declared that these cases have been running on for several years before the destruction of The Times plant; do you think it possible that all this was being done by big labor leaders unknown to Gompers?"

"I will not answer that either," he said, "but I am giving facts that may make certain things obvious."

He referred again to the $1,000 a month voted to the McNamaras by the National Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, of which Frank Ryan is the head, and reiterated that Gompers certainly knew that the McNamaras were guilty.

Of the charge of kidnapping preferred against him by District Attorney Baker of Indianapolis, Burns said:

"I think that it will fall under its own weight. Baker himself may be arrested before I am. They are openly charging him with aiding, rather than trying to apprehend, the dynamiters. There is no evidence of kidnapping against me. I think I have been vindicated."

"Ortie McManigal told me," Burns went on, "that in the Fall of 1910 he came to this city to blow up a bridge on one of the railroad lines running through the southeastern part of the city. He had made all preparations, but at the last moment lost his nerve.

"He told me that near the bridge there were a number of small homes occupied by laboring men, and that it was a sure thing that they would go with the bridge. The job was to be pulled off at night when the occupants of those houses were in bed. McManigal said that he couldn't be the murderer of those people and threw up the job. I shall make a thorough investigation of this while here."

Several Pinkerton detectives came to Burns's office in the Real Estate Trust Building to-night from Wilmington. It is said that they have been investigating plots to dynamite the Du Pont Building in Wilmington when that structure was in process of erection.

Mr. Burns said he was investigating the explosion about a year ago in the café of Harry Edwards, a fight promoter, which was being reconstructed, and another that damaged iron being placed in position for the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company's elevated road in Delaware Avenue and in Market Street. This work was being done by the American Bridge Company. No person was killed or injured. Following the explosions dynamite was found in an alley near the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company building, Eleventh and Arch Streets.

Detective Burns says one of the McNamaras was registered at a central hotel the day the explosion in Edwards's place occurred.

Asked if any further arrests would be made in what the prosecution at Los Angeles alleges to have been a big conspiracy, Mr. Burns replied in the affirmative, but he would not mention any names.

"Will the arrests include any past or present member of the Structural Iron Workers' Union?"

"I do not care to say, but I will say this—the National Board of the association appropriated certain sums to John J. McNamara, and in my opinion they knew the money was to be used for dynamiting purposes."

SECRET SERVICE MEN IN CASE.

Department of Justice, However, Silent on Investigation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—The appointment of former Assistant Attorney General Oscar Lawler of Los Angeles to handle the case of the Government against the dynamiters carried with it the suggestion that the Secret Service was also being used for tracking down the criminals, but questions on this line failed to elicit any information at the Department of Justice to-day. It is supposed, however, that any requisition Mr. Lawler might make would be honored to the full extent of the department's resources in this regard.

A report that 500 Secret Service men had been detailed reached Washington to-night, but was not regarded seriously. It was suggested that in the whole Government service there are not that many detectives, though exact information even on this point is not obtainable.

The largest force of detectives is attached to the Treasury Department, but the Department of Justice has some and Commerce and Labor still others. These men are occasionally detailed from one department to another, payment always being made by the department benefited, as under a recent act of Congress one department cannot pay for work in another. The Department of Justice's appropriation for secret service work is small and the number of available detectives is limited.

TURN AGAINST STEFFENS.

Los Angeles Newspapers Mince No Words in Urging Him to Go.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGLES, Cal., Dec. 6.—Here are a few extracts from editorial articles in Los Angeles newspapers on Lincoln Steffens:

THE HERALD.—Whenever "Link" Steffens strikes a town he starts in to advise how to run it. Then he gets the idea that he has reformed the town and writes one of his pieces for the paper telling all about it. Then the town asks "Link" to move on. "Link" is all right, only he has such an attack of chronic egomania that he cannot always get his hat on straight, or his facts.

When the McNamara case was concluded by confessions of guilt, Meyer Lissner said: "All the credit belongs to Mr. Steffens." This was confirmed by Steffens himself in a long signed article last Saturday. This article is the one particularly referred to by Judge Bordwell in his dictated statement after sentencing the McNamaras, in which he challenged the veracity of Steffens, calls him an "Anarchist," and roundly denounces him for his abhorrent reference to the dynamiters as "heroes" and "soldiers in war."

It is now about time for Link to move on to another town.

THE EXAMINER.—The moderate and dignified public statement of Judge Bordwell after he sentenced the McNamaras yesterday was timely and required by the circumstances. The Judge rebukes the efforts of Lincoln Steffens, a visiting newspaper man, to give the impression that he and some others he enlisted were responsible for the McNamara change of plea from "not guilty" to "guilty."

The "Professed Anarchist," as Judge Bordwell calls the intermedling visitor and his few local sponsors, are alone in their queer creed that the McNamaras should be treated as prisoners of war, and not as violators of the law of the land. Several of the gtnelemen who were inveigled into a conference having for its purpose the local support of the doctrine of lawlessness triumphant, were misrepresented in the article to which Judge Bordwell refers.

THE TIMES.—Also, what about Lincoln Steffens, the pretentious Socialist "reformer," who, raw and raucous as he is, claims to have done the whole thing, and who started in to effect the surrender of all our captains of industry, and chain them to the chariot wheels of Steffens, Lissner, and Earl, the hypocrite, pretender, known rebater, and false alarm from the La Follette camp? What about Steffens? Has he read the gospel by Bordwell? And what does he think of scriptures of the Los Angeles version?

URGE GOMPERS TO AID INQUIRY.

Meriden (Conn.) Central Labor Union Wants Instigators Punished.

MERIDER, Conn., Dec. 6.—The Meriden Central Labor Union to-day sent a letter to Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, requesting that he and the Executive Board of that organization render every aid to the authorities in bringing to justice "the instigators and abettors of the dynamiting outrages, whether members of organized labor or not."

The union addressed the letter to Mr. Gompers, because the appeal for contributions to the McNamara defense fund was accompanied by a personal letter from Mr. Gompers asking for liberal responses. Several hundred dollars were raised here for the fund.

PENSIONS FOR THE VICTIMS.

Des Moines Painters and Decorators' Union Starts with $200 Pledged.

DES MOINES, Dec. 6.—The Des Moines branch of the International Union of Painters, Decorators, and Paperhangers has adopted a resolution providing for the establishment of a National pension fund for the widows and orphans left by the Los Angeles Times disaster.

The local union members subscribed $100 for the defense of the McNamara brothers. They now agree to raise twice that amount for the widows and orphans' pension fund.

LOOK UP ORCHARD'S STORY.

Detectives Use His Confession as Basis of Colorado Inquiry.

DENVER, Dec. 6.—Hoping to clear up some of the dynamitings in Colorado in recent years, agents of William J. Burns arrived to-day. It is said they will base their inquiries on the confession of Harry Orchard, now serving a life sentence for killing Gov. Steunenberg.

The investigation is said to be part of the Federal inquiry conducted by Special Assistant Attorney General Oscar Lawlor, now in Los Angeles in connection with the McNamara case.

BETTER LET UP ON LABOR.

Liberal Club Speakers Say There'll Be an Earthquake if We Don't.

Some 200 members of the Liberal Club, of which Lincoln Steffens was one of the organizers, went to the Hotel St. Denis last night to listen to Meyer London, a lawyer employed by labor unions, take up the cudgels of debate with Assistant United States Attorney W. A. Wemple and others as to whether or not the courts stand indicted before the people of gross usurpation of power which has made them, in fact, oppressors of the people.

They heard instead of a debate upon the announced subject a spirited denunciation of the McNamara brothers as criminals and "cheats upon society," and a defense of them as "warriors in a social cause so grave that blind capitalists who wish to start an extensive man hunt now that they've 'got something' on labor, are in reality fiddling while the Rome of existing institutions takes fire."

Mrs. Fremont Older, wife of the editor of The San Francisco Bulletin, which was the chief supporter of Heney and Burns in their San Francisco graft hunt, was present. While she was not on the list of speakers, she was a centre of attraction, and after the formal speaking talked to those about her concerning the McNamara confessions. Mr. Older was summoned to Los Angeles two weeks before the confessions were made and was present during the negotiations.

"I'll tell you about Gen. Otis," said Mrs. Older. "He's an honest man who believes honestly in the sacredness of property above other things. In the San Francisco graft cases and since then my husband has brought to our home many men whose ideas have startled and awakened men to a consciousness that there is a much more imminent danger of serious outbreaks than I think most of us dream of.

"Let them go on if they want to with a general indictment of labor leaders. They can probably get the evidence to indict them. But they'll make the next three months the most critical period we have had in many years. I have talked to men within a week who have wept—which is unusual for strong men—because of what is going on. They are insane with alarm and anxiety, and life to them is the cheapest thing about their cause.

"When men are in that mood you have got to look out. The capitalists who will want to drive home their full victory now, little dream what they are really doing. They will find out that a good deal later. Lincoln Steffens and Mr. Older and those who worked for confessions worked for peace. There would have been no work to secure the confessions if it had been realized that all capital wanted was 'something on labor' with which to press forward for more fighting. Labor is as ready to fight as capital, you can rest assurred of that, and it will fight more desperately."

Gilbert E. Roe, former law partner of Senator La Follette, opened the debate with a statement that he believed the McNamaras to be members of a very large class who have been driven by oppressive judicial decisions to lose all faith in the courts and in law.

"You must remember always about these men," he said, "that they are not radicals in thought. In religion they are Catholics, in politics Democrats, and in association members of a body who frankly believe that the time has come when they have got to take matters into their own hands to get what they zealously believe to be their rights and the fundamental justice due them.

"Court decisions that lockouts by employers are all right but boycotts by employes are all wrong, that the right of the employer to blacklist his employe and thus shut him out from employment for the rest of his natural life is all right but the blacklisting of the employer is all wrong—these have produced this strangulation of the faith that dwelt at one time in our courts. The courts have hurled back progressive legislation upon the people under strained interpretations by a majority vote of one often, that it is unconstitutional. And for that we are paying in the McNamara case."

"The lawyer who looks upon the McNamara boys as ordinary criminals," said Meyer London, "is a fool, and the Judge that sentences them under that conception of their crime has a narrow, small head and a narrow, small soul. He knows nothing of the great earthquake ready to break out under his feet. They are fighters in a cause as serious as any we have ever had to contend with."

"When the McNamaras," said Assistant United States Attorney Wemple, "decided to take matters into their own hands they acted a dishonest and cowardly part. We have all got to school ourselves to obedience to law or come into violent collision with the machinery of the law, and that is what they have done and what all who were associated with them will probably do before the investigation is concluded. They have got to learn what all fit citizens of the Republic know."

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Suits & Overcoats that are $20 to $30 values
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Suits & Overcoats that are $30 to $40 values
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Until recently, Smith Gray & Co., in common with all other producers of high-grade clothes, ran their tailoring plant the natural season of about forty weeks a year, but with the adoption and inauguration of the new policy aiming at hundred per cent. productive efficiency, the Smith Gray & Co. tailoring plant, nearly double in size, has operated, including overtime, nearly sixty weeks to the year, and, in consequence, more than double the old number of garments is now being produced.

Heretofore the coming of January and February found us with ample time in which to make stock reductions. The change of policy in production has necessitated a change of policy in selling, and since, as a consequence of the former, there are twice as many garments in the Smith Gray & Co. stores today as ever before; we have no choice but to make our January and February reductions now. So here's a condition which defies all precedent, which, with the entire Winter before you, gives you an opportunity to choose from complete assortments in fabrics, models and sizes. As a matter of fact, you have everything to gain by making your choice now and nothing to gain by waiting.

SO COME IN NOW.

15.00 and 17.50 for SUITS and OVERCOATS that are 20.00 to 30.00 values

In overcoats you may choose from more than one hundred styles in meltons, kerseys, friezes, velours, worsteds and tweeds—in black, Oxford, Cambridge, quaker grays, Oxford blues, new tan, olive, brown and Scotch Heather mixture shades; there are solid plain effects, self stripes, Herringbone stripes, mixture stripes, plain wale and fancy wale ideas. There are conservative models, 45 to 50 inches long, for business and dress, in semi-box, semi-fitted and fitted backs—fly fronts, button throughs, plain pockets and patch pockets—convertible collar models and extreme fitted models, 48 to 52 inches in length; single and double breasted, button through and fly fronts.

In suits you may choose from high grade velours, worsted cheviots, worsteds and worsted serges—there are all the new grays, browns, olives, also various blues and neat mixtures; included are the correct English soft roll models and all the distinctively styled Smith Gray & Co. models.

22.50 and 27.50 for SUITS and OVERCOATS that are 30.00 to 40.00 values

In overcoats you may choose from more than one hundred and fifty styles, nearly all of which are exclusive—raglans, guard coats, motor, storm and driving coats, silk lined dress and business coats—high-grade English, Irish, Scotch, German and American fabrics, including vicunas, velours, friezes, hand-made effects in tweeds, also vicuna worsted and velour fabrics, and warmth-without-weight stuffs. There is not a color or design of good taste that is not here—there are plain blacks, Oxfords, Cambridge, battleship and blue grays, new brick browns, new Heather mixtures, and new Irish and Scotch effects—the grandest assortment of high-class distinctively styled overcoats New York has ever known at 30.00 to 40.00.

The suits include all the correct and many advanced style fabrics—all the correct English and distinctive style models—there are many new blues, new browns, new Heather mixtures, new silk stripe and silk mixture ideas, new check and check, stripe and stripe designs, new wale and new mixture designs and weaves. For exclusiveness, advanced style and complete assortment, these are unusual suits at regular prices 30.00 to 40.00.

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Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
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Across from City Hall.
5th Av. Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

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MEN'S HAT EVENT.
3.00 Derbies and Soft Hats
1.75

Here in derbies, instead of seconds or samples, which ordinarily compose underprice offerings in hats, are all perfect hats. Every hat, whether you judge from the standpoint of stock, trimming, style or workmanship, or all combined, would be excellent value at 3.00. All have been made to our special order in all the exclusive, popular correct styles, including a number of special blocks for young men, and every hat bears the identical label which is found in Smith Gray & Co. 3.00 hats. These hats have been made for us by one of America's foremost hatmakers, between seasons, having been used as "keep busy" work for the purpose of keeping their master organization intact, and our arrangement with the maker is such that we can secure but fifty dozen a week.

In soft hats you may choose from kettle finished felts, scratch ups, cloth hats and the world-famous Ward's English wool hats, in grays, pearls, browns, Oxford mixed, greens, chestnuts, olives and bronze. The assortment today is complete, but the quantity is limited, so we urge immediate choice.

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Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
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To induce EARLY CHRISTMAS SHOPPING, purchases made at The Big Store until December 9th, inclusive, will be charged on Bills Rendered February 1, 1912.

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Men's Fur-Lined Overcoats

We made a big purchase of fur and fur-lined coats. We bought them AT 1-3 OFF THE WHOLESALE PRICE, and the price concession given us by ONE OF NEW YORK'S BEST-KNOWN FURRIERS WILL REVERT TO YOU in this sale.

Men's Fur-Lined Coats—made with Persian lamb and Hudson seal collars; shell of finest broadcloth; natural muskrat-lined, blended muskrat-lined and marmot-lined; values up to $100; today, at. $65

Men's Very Fine Fur-Lined Coats—lined with natural muskrat; made with Persian lamb collars and cut full and long; these coats are priced at many other good stores up to $75; our special price, today $50

Men's Muskrat-Lined Coats—very fine black broadcloth shell; Persian lamb collars; also fur-lined coats with blended opossum and Australian marmot lining. These coats are sold all over New York at $50 to $65; in this great sale, today, at.................. $38.50

Men's $35 Fur-Lined Coats—black Kersey and broadcloth shells; Persian lamb collar; also blended muskrat collar; lined with black Russian dogskin and Susliki; all sizes; choice, today, at..... $25

Men's Pieced Raccoon Fur Auto Coats—also plush-lined coats; some with pieced Persian lamb collars; others with collars and facing of blended muskrat; $25 and $30 values; today, at....... $20

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PRINCE CHUN DROPS REGENCY OF CHINA

Succeeded by a Manchu and a Chinese—Latter First to Hold Such a Place in 300 Years.

BUT YUAN IS REAL RULER

Rebels Believe He Is Only Awaiting Proper Time to Declare for Republic—Armistice Extended.

PEKING, Dec. 6.—An edict announcing the resignation of the Regent, Prince Chun, father of the child Emperor, was issued to-day by the Empress Dowager. It is also signed by the members of the Cabinet, and points out that the administration has been unpopular, and that a constitutional Government has not yet been established, explaining that owing to this complications arose, the peoples' hearts were broken, and the country was thrown into turmoil. The Regent, it is stated, regrets that his repentance came too late, and feels that if he continued in power his commands would soon be disregarded. The edict continues:

> He wept and prayed to resign the Regency, at the same time expressing his earnest intention to abstain from politics. I, the Empress Dowager, living in the palace, am ignorant of the state of affairs, but I know that rebellion exists and fighting continues, causing disaster everywhere, while the commerce of friendly nations suffers. The Regent is honest, though ambitious. Being misled, he has harmed the people. Therefore his resignation is accepted.

The edict demands loyalty to the Ministers from the people, who "must now realize that the Court does not object to the surrender of the power vested in the Throne."

The retiring Regent is to receive a grant of 50,000 taels (about $30,000) annually from the imperial household allowances. His place as guardian of the throne is to be taken jointly by Shi-Hsu, a Manchu Prince and ex-President of the National Assembly, and Hsu Shi-Chang, Vice President of the Privy Council. Both were formerly Grand Councilors.

The edict exhorts all the Princes to retire peacefully, which may indicate that there was some truth in the reports often current that the youthful Princes desired to attack the foreigners, hoping to create foreign complications which might benefit the Manchus.

The Regent sacrificed himself in a last effort to save the Throne for his son, but, unless all evidences fail, it is too late. Some of the legations sympathize with the Regent. They pity but do not blame him. It is pointed out that he was far from selfish; that he sought the best for the Throne and the country, but was incapable. The palace, where avarice and intrigue prevail, is hopeless as a seat of government.

Yuan All Powerful.

The administration remains for the present in the hands of the Premier, Yuan Shi-Kai, while the Empress Dowager and the Emperor continue to hold audiences and carry out ceremonial functions.

Yuan is now entirely powerful within the limitations of the disrupted Government. The rebels say that they expect him to manipulate the regiments until the Manchus are no longer capable of disturbing the capital, and then the Shanghai assembly of representatives of the loyal and rebel provinces, soon to be held, will decide in favor of a republic. The Premier has promised to abide by the assembly's decision, which, it is admitted, will be for a republic.

It is believed that the Premier desires foreign mediation in order to insure the safety of the Court and the granting of pensions. Yuan Shi-Kai has let Peking know that he has taken the British Minister, Sir John Jordan, into his confidence. He has told the Minister his plans, and says he hopes much from Sir John's mediation.

The rebels describe Yuan as a master statesman, because he is accomplishing the transition from the Manchu dynasty to a republic without a massacre or an attack on the legations.

The legations of the larger powers are increasing their guards to between 300 and 500 men. The court seems to have lost hope when the loan it asked was definitely denied.

Mail advices which have just arrived from Sian-Foo, dated Nov. 14, make brief mention of the attack on foreigners at that place some time previously. The letters say that Philip Manners, the German postal clerk who was reported killed, was alive on Nov. 14, and that W. Henne, District Postmaster at Sian-Foo, was recovering from injuries. No mention is made of other foreigners having been injured, but there are indications that the rebels have been censoring the letters.

As the imperial and revolutionary leaders at Hankow have not yet come to an understanding, the armistice has been extended for three more days.

Rebels Still Demand Republic.

SHANGHAI, Dec. 6.—The southern revolutionaries are apparently more than ever determined upon the effacement of the Manchu administration as the only terms upon which peace can be established. The abdication of the Regent is regarded with suspicion, according to the revolutionary leaders seen to-night, and the dual guardianship is unsatisfactory.

Notwithstanding the peace negotiations at Wu-Chang and Shanghai, those at the head of the republican movement at a meeting to-night decided to float the first issue of republican war bonds, covering a patriotic and sympathetic loan amounting to 10,000,000 taels. The bonds will be issued in denominations of 100, 50, 10, and 5 taels, the issue price being 80 per cent. of the face value, and the average rate of interest 12 per cent. The bonds are repayable in six years by the agents of the new Republican Bank, which has a capital of 5,000,000 taels at the present time, subscribed entirely by Chinese.

The hope was expressed at the meeting that Americans could be induced to subscribe. One speaker said that the United States was the only country to which China looked for sympathetic assistance, because the United States was the only disinterested friend of China's millions of starving and oppressed people.

Arrangements have practically been completed for a meeting of delegates representing the Shanghai Republicans and representatives of Yuan Shi-Kai in order to discuss terms of peace. Wu Ting-Fang, Secretary of Foreign Affairs in the Republican Government, was invited to go to Wu-Chang to join in the peace negotiations there, but has declined. He considers the negotiations at Wu-Chang unofficial, as the centre of the Republican Government has been transferred to Shanghai, pending the declaration of Nanking as the capital of the republic.

The most significant circumstance in connection with the abdication of Prince Chun is that his place is taken, not by one or more Manchus, but by a Manchu and a Chinese. Shi-Hsu is a Manchu, while Hsu Shi-Chang is a Chinese. Yesterday's events in Peking mean that, for the first time since the Manchu conquest nearly 300 years ago, a Chinese shares the Imperial power.

To determine whether a man is a Chinese or a Manchu is easy. The Manchus are distinguished from the Chinese by the fact that they do not use their family or surnames, which belong rather to the clan than to the individual; but, in order to conform to the requirements of Chinese life, the personal name is made to do duty instead. Foreigners distinguish Chinese from Manchu names by a certain disposition of hyphens. Thus, Li Hung-Chang is at once seen to be the name of a Chinese, the surname Li being isolated from the personal name Hung-Chang. Jui-Lin and Na-Tung are by the same system recognized as the names of Manchus.

Prince Chun is the father of the infant Emperor Pu-Yi, who was born in February, 1906, and succeeded his uncle, the late Emperor, Kwang-Su, in November, 1908. After Kwang-Su and the much more influential Empress Dowager Tsi-An died, within a few days of each other, Prince Chun, in the resulting confusion, proved to be the most competent and clearest headed of the Manchu Princes and became the ruler of the empire.

Chun's Stormy Regency.

His regency was a stormy one from the first. He tried to hold a middle ground which pleased neither the Manchu reactionaries nor the native progressives. He has handled the existing crisis with perhaps something less than his old-time vigor, and recent reports have hinted that his mind was weakening.

Wu Ting-Fang, formerly Minister at Washington, who is now one of the revolutionary leaders in Shanghai, a few days ago issued an appeal to Prince Chun urging him to abdicate in favor of the republic. It was reported later from Peking that Chun was willing to accept a pension and retire to Je-Hol if his personal safety were assured.

HOME RULE TO BE PUSHED.

Asquith Says He Will Try to Pass Bill During Present Parliament.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—Premier Asquith announced in the House of Commons this afternoon that the Government would use all the constitutional means at its disposal to pass the Home Rule bill for Ireland in the course of the lifetime of the present Parliament.

The Premier made this statement in reply to a question put by William O'Brien, member for Cork City, who expressed concern at a recent report that Mr. Asquith was trying to get the House of Lords to throw out the Home Rule bill when it reached the upper house.

The Premier by his announcement today meant that he undertakes to force a Home Rule bill through three consecutive sessions if necessary, thus making it become effective in spite of the opposition of the peers.

BLAMED FOR LOUVRE THEFT.

M. Dujardin-Beaumetz Sharply Attacked in Chamber of Deputies.

PARIS, Dec. 6.—Under Secretary of State for Fine Arts Dujardin-Beaumetz was the object of a sharp attack in the Chamber of Deputies to-day in connection with the theft of Lionardo da Vinci's "Mona Lisa."

Deputies Charles Benoist and Denys-Cochin argued that the theft was the result of a state of pure anarchy in the Louvre Museum and of disorganization adn jealousies among the personnel. They declared that M. Dujardin-Beaumetz should have resigned instead of sacrificing Théophile Homolle, Director of the Louvre Gallery, who was suspended after the robbery.

M. Dujardin-Beaumetz appeared to be greatly affected by the attack and defended himself in a lengthy speech, saying that he had always done his duty.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 6.—Two employes were killed and forty injured by a gas explosion in the gold-testing department of the Imperial Mint to-day. The whole plant was destroyed, and the building was badly damaged.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Dec. 6.—The British fruit steamer Amelia, from Philadelphia Nov. 21, for Kingston, was carried ashore at Falmouth by a gale yesterday. The vessel was refloated later, practically undamaged.

CEIBA, Honduras, Dec. 6.—For several days a strong norther has been blowing along the Honduran coast. Considerable damage has been done to fruit, but the banana trees have not suffered much. Heavy rains have continued for a week, and the rivers are overflowing. To-day the wind subsided.

CROWDS DENOUNCE MADERO.

Anger Over the Shooting of Gomez—Outbreaks in Chihuahua.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 6.—There is great excitement at San Geronimo and Oaxaca City in connection with the killing of José Gomez, leader of the Juchitan rebellion, who was lynched yesterday afternoon at Rincon Antonio together with eight of his partisans. A large number of his erstwhile followers are flocking to the two cities. Last night crowds paraded the streets shouting against President Madero.

There is much indignation because of the alleged "suspension of guarantees" in time of peace.

CHIHUAHUA, Dec. 6.—Gen. Orozco, formerly Chief of Staff of Francisco Madero, concerning whose movements there have been many conflicting reports, appeared in the streets here to-day.

He declined to comment on the report that he had gone to the mountains with armed men or to throw any light on his movements.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, Dec. 6.—Two outbreaks in Chihuahua, which was the centre of the Madero revolution against Diaz, are reported.

Near San Andreas, seventy-five miles west of the City of Chihuahua, fifty men are raiding ranches and killing cattle for food, according to messages received by Juarez officials. The other outbreak is at Parral, an American mining camp west of Chihuahua.

San Andreas is the home of Orozco, and it was there that the insurrectos won their first battle against the Federals who were being sent to the front in trains. José Chaviria, aid de camp to Gen. Pancho Villa, is reported to be leading the San Andreas outbreak.

Troops are being sent to both places by Gov. Gonzales.

Valeriano Vaquero, popularly known as "Red Shirt," the hero of the battle of Juarez, was arrested in El Paso to-day by United States Secret Service officials on a charge of aiding the Reyist junta here to smuggle arms across the river. "Red Shirt" was the man who led the Madero army into Juarez on May 8, when the Federals were defeated by the insurrectos. Against Madero's orders he led a bunch of Mexicans along the river and into the town, being followed by practically the entire army.

Fourteen alleged Reyistas held here for violation of the neutrality laws have appealed to Senator La Follette in a telegram declaring that they are held "practically in the hands of Mexican detectives," and asking his aid in procuring their release.

NO ACTION ON PERSIA.

Decision Reached by Democratic Leaders in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Congress will not act on the Shuster incident in Persia, according to the conclusions reached by the Democratic leaders in the House to-day. They have received what they regard as assurances from the State Department that, while Mr. Shuster went to Persia in an individual capacity, he will be protected in any emergency as any other American citizen would be protected.

The Democratic leaders have expressed satisfaction with this assurance.

GENEVA, Dec. 6.—The Persian students in Switzerland have cabled an appeal to President Taft asking him in the name of humanity and liberty to protect Persia against foreign aggression.

EARL GREY DEFENDS BRYCE.

Describes Him as the Unpaid Ambassador of the Canadian People.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—Earl Grey, until recently Governor General of Canada, addressing the Canada Club to-night in a spirited defense of Ambassador Bryce against the recent attacks in connection with reciprocity, described Mr. Bryce as "the unpaid Ambassador of the Canadian people."

Canada, said Earl Grey, would soon demand an Ambassador of her own if the British Ambassador failed to represent her views.

TURKS KILL 14 BULGARIANS

And Wound 157 at Istib—Rioting Due to Bomb Outrage on Monday.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 6.—Serious rioting has taken place at Istib, a town in European Turkey, about ninety miles north of Salonika. It was due to the bomb outrage in a mosque there on Dec. 4, when twelve persons were killed and twenty wounded.

The Turks in revenge attacked the Bulgarians, whom they accused of being the perpetrators of the outrage, killing fourteen and wounding 157 of them.

Portuguese ex-Minister Arrested.

OPORTO, Dec. 6.—Castello Branco, who was Minister to China while the monarchy was still in existence, was arrested here to-day on a charge of conspiracy against the Republic while he was on a visit to Brazil.

MORE FIGHTS WITH MOROS.

No American Fatalities So Far—20 of the Natives Killed.

MANILA, Dec. 6.—Running fights continue between the troops, scouts, and constabulary and the Moros in the vicinity of Jolo, the chief town of the Sulu archipelago.

Twenty hostile Moros have been killed. The casualties on the American side have been few and none of the soldiers has been killed.

The Moros have refused to submit to the disarmament order.

Additional troops have been sent to the front.

REPLIES TO EULALIA.

Premier Tells Her Cabinet Has Not Taken Action Against Her.

MADRID, Dec. 6.—Premier Canalejas has sent a reply to the Infanta Eulalia in which he says that the Cabinet has not adopted any resolution concerning her in connection with the book which was the cause of the dispute between her and her nephew, King Alfonso.

The Cabinet, says the Premier, has confined itself to deploring the attitude the Princess has taken toward the head of the royal family.

ARMY EXPERT VISITED CANAL

Accompanied Governor of Jamaica Ostensibly as His Secretary.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Dec. 6.—When Sir Sydney Oliver, the Governor of Jamaica, visited the Panama Canal Zone recently he was accompanied by Lieut. Col. Wyndham, a military expert, who is ostensibly the Governor's private secretary. Only men of subaltern rank are as a rule appointed secretaries of Colonial Governors.

It is now learned that Lieut. Col. Wyndham will make a report on his inspection of the canal, and the report is likely to have an important bearing on the proposed extension of the fortifications of Jamaica.

German Metal Trade Lockout Ends.

BERLIN, Dec. 6.—The lockout of metal workers which began on Nov. 30 and affected between 50,000 and 60,000 men, ceased to-day. A majority of the strikers were opposed to a compromise between the masters and men which was arranged yesterday, but, as a technical ruling of the trade unions requires a two-thirds majority to reject compromise proposals and to refuse to return to work, and this majority was not obtained, the lockout has come to an end.

Fifth Avenue Kinsey's Linen Store

IT'S the personal note in handkerchiefs that makes them so welcome as gifts. Our Handkerchiefs are acknowledged unexcelled for fineness of material and the beauty and variety of their handwork.

FINE FRENCH HANDKERCHIEFS, with hand-embroidered initials, for Women or Men, **$1.50, $2.00 or $3.00** a box of six.

HANDKERCHIEF COLLECTION that reveals a loveliness and diversity of embroidered designs—unusual even for Kinsey's—**50c, 75c** and **$1.00.**

OTHER STYLES OF HANDKERCHIEFS—almost innumerable—to meet your needs and your preferences.

AND FOR HAPPY HOLIDAY-GIVING even the boxes for our Handkerchiefs are specially attractive. In each is a rare imported sachet bearing our name "Fifth Ave. Linen Store" that will make your gift even more appreciated.

WM. S. KINSEY & CO.,
240 Fifth Ave., Just below 28th Street

James McCreery & Co.

DRESSMAKING DEP'T. *34th Street Store.*

For a limited period advance models of Tailored Suits made to order. 65.00

Remaining stock of Imported Models, at greatly reduced prices.

Thirty-fourth Street

An Anglo-American Alliance

Men's Winter Overcoats At $35, $40 and $45 Made from beautifully patterned and mingled English overcoat fabrics, by unusually clever American tailormen. An alliance of the wonderful weaving of the Old Country and the remarkable skill of our own country.

Ready-to-Wear

Brill Brothers

BROADWAY at 49th St. 279 BROADWAY, near Chambers St.
47 CORTLANDT ST., near Greenwich. 125th STREET, at 3d Ave.
UNION SQUARE, 14th Street, West of Broadway.
Harlem Store Open Every Evening.

GIMBELS

Evening Mail Editorial Expresses the Superiority of the Gimbel Delivery Service

The Gimbel Delivery Service is composed of MOTOR Vehicles EXCLUSIVELY.

To-Day's Snowstorm Ties Up Horse Delivery Systems

By JOHN R. EUSTIS.

It was scarcely three months ago that the heat of Summer was playing havoc with horse deliveries in this city and today the snowstorm has tied things up even more effectively than did the heat during that one memorable week early last July.

It would seem, therefore, that three months in the Fall and in the Spring represents the sum total of weather conditions in this city favorable to horses in trucking and delivery service.

Viewed in this light it is not a question of speed and economy in comparing motor vehicles and horses, but one of dependability. During six months of every year weather conditions may be expected which will render any form of street transportation by horse vehicles uncertain.

The use of motor vehicles seems imperative, if the same delivery standards are to be maintained throughout the year.

In every section of the greater city today striking evidence was presented of the superiority of motor vehicles over horses. While the progress of the former was little affected, except when blocked by stalled horse vehicles, the latter could make but little headway. At that it is doubtful if one-half the usual number of work horses were out at all today.

The risk of loss from injuries due to falls and sickness from exposure is so great that many prefer to keep their horses in the stable while the present weather conditions continue.

The Gimbel Delivery equipment includes

75 Electric Cars
30 Gasoline Cars
30 Gasoline and Electric Trucks

And each garage is a thoroughly equipped repair station.

GIMBELS, so far as we know, is the only big store in the world that delivers its goods EXCLUSIVELY by motor vehicles.

Of course, the New Store had the advantage of equipping in the most modern and efficient way, for ALL YEAR ROUND SERVICE under conditions.

No blizzard can stop Santa Claus when he starts from Gimbels.

We Imported the Diamonds For These Beautiful Rings

And mounted them in our own workshop—thereby effecting a double saving in price; once on the stones, and again on making the Rings.

Every diamond in the collection is of a pure, sparkling white—you can never find a yellowish or brownish stone here, excepting as a curiosity. We prefer a slight flaw in the stone to a poor color, but will tell you frankly of any stone that is not perfect.

Designs are varied, most artistic, and frequently unique. In buying Rings in the Gimbel Jewelry Store you may be absolutely sure of the desirability and quality of your purchase. Prices:

Misses' single-stone Rings, $5 to $25.

Misses' Combination Rings, $12.50 to $40.

Women's Rings, single stone, $25 to $510; two stones, $28 to $160; three stones, $25 to $235; five stones, $23 to $50.

Dinner Rings, newest designs in platinum settings, $80 to $320.

Fancy Combination Rings, $17.50 to $320.

Dinner or Princess Rings, $120 to $350.

Cluster Rings, with sapphire, opal, pearl, turquoise, ruby, and scientific stone centers, from $45 to $225.

Men's Rings, single cluster rings, $14.50 to $265.

Three-stone Cluster Rings, $23 to $225.

Two diamonds and cloner center, also exclusive showing of men's Rings in unique original settings with scientific stones. Chons cut especially for us in Europe. Some with diamonds, all reasonably priced, from $12 to $165. Main Floor

The Enlarged and Beautiful Christmas Picture Store

Hopes for the Pleasure of Your Visit

One year's progress in the Gimbel Picture Stores is typical of the wonderful strides made by the Gimbel business as a whole. Better proof than this Christmas Exhibition is not needed. Outgrowing its old quarters, it has spread abroad for the holiday season, on the Sixth floor, and today presents what we believe to be the finest collection of Framed Pictures and Mirrors that the art lover could find in New York. A trip through the series of fascinating galleries, each devoted to a separate group of Pictures, is rich in suggestions for art gifts to suit every purse, from the fine oil painting to the little framed Picture at twenty-five cents.

This Picture gathering is the result of our expert's visits to the studios of many prominent European artists; to our buying, abroad, many beautiful prints "in the sheet," and having them framed to our order here—a process indulged in by no other retail Picture Store that we know of—in short, the result of the skill and experience of many years. And it is just as notable for its high merit as for the exceptionally low prices that rule throughout.

First, one sees the Oil Painting Gallery, filled with exquisite pictures by foreign and American artists. Among them we may mention "A Confidential Friend" by Zocchi, at $850; "The Brother's Kiss" by Zampighi, at $450; "Carmen" by Franz Wobring, at $650; "The Privilege of the Master" by Count Zoppi, at $500—all charming *genre* pictures. Then there is "Rustic Love" by Cipriani, at $450; "The Bay of Naples," an exquisite landscape, by Unterberger, at $400; and many others of much merit. Two other salons are devoted to Oil Paintings at lesser prices—as low as $3.75 for a pretty landscape.

Then one enters a gallery of *Photogravures*, Mezzo-tints, Water-colors and Artotypes, all colored and effectively framed, at $2 to $50.

The Carbon Photograph Room is of special interest, for these soft reproductions of famous masterpieces, in their artistic Circassian walnut or solid mahogany frames, some embellished in gold, are always in high favor for living-room or library.

We offer our own designs of frames at the following prices, which are unmatched for lowness:

Carbon Photographs	*9x12-in.*	*13x16-in.*	*16x20-in.*
Flemish finish frames,	$1	$1.50	$2
Solid Mahogany,	$2	$3	$4
Circassian Walnut,	$2	$3	$4

Pictures for the "Den;" office or dining-room. There is a fascinating variety, with everything from a bull dog bursting through a gate, to a head by Christy—with scores of subjects, jocose, sentimental or merely pretty. 25c to $12.

One Salon is devoted to a collection of **Specially Priced Pictures** of many sorts—all attractive, $1 to $5, normal prices of which would be $1.50 to $7.50 or more.

The Mirror Room is one of which we are particularly proud. For it contains a remarkably fine assortment of gilt, gold and antique Mirrors of every style.

Here are the graceful French Antique Mirrors, some with quaint prints, others with electric lights at sides; graceful Oval Mirrors, decorated with festoons and bowknots, and the severe Colonial Mirrors—all with the finest quality of French or German mirror plate; many of them in designs controlled by us. Prices are extraordinarily low, as instanced by the Mirrors at $5, $10 and $20, and a special offering of French Antique Mirrors, with French prints and fully burnished, sizes of glass 9 x 32 inches, at $3.75; regularly $5 and $7.50.

In the overflow rooms are other convenient groupings of Framed Pictures and Mirrors at prices up to $12, including a special display of Nature Prints and Colonial doorways and staircases by Wallace Nutting. Sixth Floor

The Gift of Gifts—FURS

May Be Selected in the Latest Styles and Guaranteed Qualities at Economies of 10 to 50 Per Cent. in This

Christmas Sale of

Fur Coats, Scarfs and Muffs

If it is to be a gift for the little girl, or the girl in her 'teens, or for mother or sister—it may be chosen in this sale.

No matter how humble the fur or the price may be—it is genuine. Moreover, we do not handle any fur that we know will not give satisfaction. Besides, we protect our patrons by giving our absolute guarantee. For this reason you need not hesitate to give Gimbel furs for gifts.

We will not quote comparison of price, because every one who knows values will appreciate that we are conservative in our statement that prices are 10 to 50 per cent. less than regular retail market quotations today. As we purchased these furs several months ago in the fur markets of Europe, we are able to offer economies that are worth while.

The majority of the furs were made up into coats, scarfs and muffs in this country. The exception being certain imported models which are now about *a third less than former prices*—also the

Large Collection of Moleskin from London

Moleskin Scarfs; two yards long, $29.50; 2 1-2 yards long, $37.50. Muffs to match, $29.50 and $37.50. Moleskin Cravats, $8.50; Muffs, $16.50.

Moleskin Sets for young women; Scarfs and Muffs, $19.50 a set.

Full-length Fur Coats

Smart styles, built in correct proportions, with graceful lines.

Ponyskin, $45, $57.50, $75.

Hudson Seal (French-dyed Muskrat), $95, $125, $150, $175.

Caracul, $45, $57.50, $75.

Arctic Seal (French-dyed Coney), $65, $75, $85, $95.

Persian Lamb, 36 in. length, $135; 52 in. length, $175.

Scarfs and Muffs

Scarfs	Furs	Muffs
$15, $19.50, $25	Black Fox	$15, $19.50, $25
$19.50 to $37.50	Pointed Fox	$25, $37.50, $45
$25	Mink	$25
$37.50	Black Lynx	$37.50
$10 to $19.50	Black and Blue Wolf	$10 to $19.50
$7.50, $15	Beaver	$14, $20
$15	Persian Lamb	$15
$7.50	Caracul	$10
$15	Skunk	$29.50
$7.50	American Opossum	$19.50

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST

PACKERS ON TRIAL AFTER EIGHT YEARS

Jurors Are Asked Their Views on Government Regulation of Private Business.

DEFENDANTS HAVE ONE HOPE

Supreme Court's Refusal to Grant Stay May Not Mean Unfavorable Decision on Appeal Itself.

CHICAGO, Dec. 6.—After eight years' delay, the cases of ten Chicago meat packers, indicted for alleged violation of the criminal provisions of the Sherman anti-trust law, reached trial to-day. The Government's examination of the first panel of jurymen was brief.

By agreement, each side is entitled to thirty peremptory challenges and by night the Government had exercised ten of these. None of the veniremen had been questioned by the defense.

Questions of Attorney Sheean for the Government indicated that the acceptability of a juror hinged chiefly on his willingness to accept as part of the Government's function the regulation of private business affairs. The exact personal relations each prospective juror might have had with any of the defendants also were gone into carefully.

All the defendants were in court immediately after the case was called. Personal pleas of not guilty were entered and the examination of veniremen was begun.

Richmond Dean, general manager of the Pullman Company, fellow club member with most of the defendants, who was passed in the morning session, was challenged by the Government in the afternoon in spite of his assertion that his friendship with the defendants would not prevent his rendering an impartial verdict. Robert Grant, an official of the National Hinge Company, also was challenged when he said he would have conscientious scruples against enforcing a penalty for violation of the Sherman law.

Each prospective juror was asked whether any friends or relatives lived in the sections of Chicago most affected by the odor of the stock yards, and how frequently the veniremen visited in such areas. The object seemed to be to exclude any who might be prejudiced by the stock yards' smell, which penetrates all sections of Chicago.

When the packers' appeal to the United States Supreme Court, for a ruling on the constitutionality of the criminal provisions of the law, was filed a week ago, together with a plea for a stay of proceedings pending the decision, the stay was refused in a verbal decision. The packers, it is said, are hoping that the court may declare the law contrary to the Constitution and bring the trial to an abrupt end.

The twelve jurymen who had been passed by the Government were ordered locked up to-night, and the rest of the venire ordered in court to-morrow.

The packers on trial are J. Ogden Armour, President Armour & Co.; Louis F. Swift, President Swift & Co.; Edward F. Swift, Vice President Swift & Co.; Charles F. Swift, Director Swift & Co.; Edward Tilden, President National Packing Company, which the Government contends is the illegal corporation—the trust; Arthur Meeker, General Manager Armour & Co.; Edward Morris, President Morris & Co.; Francis A. Fowler, Director Swift & Co.; Thomas J. Connors, Superintendent Armour & Co.; Louis H. Heyman, Manager Morris & Co.

HARVESTER TRUST TO APPEAL

Will Carry Missouri Ouster Suit to United States Supreme Court.

CHICAGO, Dec. 6.—Counsel for the International Harvester Company received late to-day a telegram from Jefferson City, Mo., announcing that the Supreme Court of Missouri had granted a writ of error on which the ouster case might be carried up to the United States Supreme Court. General Counsel Edgar A. Bancroft for the company said the case would go up immediately.

The constitutionality of the Missouri law will be attacked by the company, it was announced. The basis of the attack will be the language of Justice Valliant of the Missouri Supreme Court, who, while fining the company and ousting it from the State, said he was "compelled to impose sentence on a corporation which, while technically in error, had not wronged or harmed the consumer, but, on the contrary, had been of service to the consumer."

The action of the United States Supreme Court on this petition, and the action of the Missouri court in granting a writ of error to the Federal Court, will be called to the attention of the Federal Bureau of Justice which is permitting the International Harvester Company to suggest a plan of reorganization, in lieu of a suit to dissolve the company, filed by the Attorney General, it was said.

DEAR FOOD DUE TO STORAGE.

Wilson Says It Has Raised the Price of Butter and Eggs.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—"The consumer pays a dollar for food; the farmer gets less than 50 cents of it. Who gets the rest?"

That is a question which Secretary Wilson of the Department of Agriculture asked to-day in his annual report. The Secretary does not attempt to answer it. He does explain in some detail the results of an investigation his department has just concluded into the effect of cold storage on the wholesomeness and cost of food. His investigation leads him to recommend publicity for the amount of food in cold storage, just as the department now gives publicity to the condition of crops from month to month.

Instead of food remaining in storage for longer than a year or two years, as a rule, the Secretary declares that his investigation showed that "receipts into cold storage are entirely or very nearly exhausted by the deliveries out of cold storage within ten months."

Long storage is the exception, the Secretary asserts. Warehousemen explained to the department that excessively long storage was due to lawsuits and other circumstances of an uncommercial nature. The cost of storage, including storage charge, interest, and insurance, is considered as a barrier to very long storage.

Cold storage, the Secretary reports, has raised the cost of living by increasing the annual price level for butter and eggs.

The Secretary says that an examination of the record of prices gives a "suspicion" that there has been much speculation in some years by the men who keep commodities in cold storage.

He refers to "an apparent mistake" of the storage men in overestimating the consumption of eggs by the public at exorbitant prices last Winter, with the result that in the Spring the storage men had to sell eggs at remarkably low prices and send abroad the largest amount of eggs ever exported in order to get rid of the supply. The Secretary declares that the warehousemen ought to be required to send to Washington each month the amount of commodities placed in storage, so that the public may be able to judge of the future trend of prices.

Taft's Wireless to Boy Scouts.

It was incorrectly stated in yesterday's TIMES that President Taft had on Tuesday night sent a long wireless message to the Boy Scouts of America in encampment in Flatbush. The President did send such a message, but it was sent to the American Boy Scouts, an entirely separate organization from the first named. Gen. Edwin A. McAlpin, National President of the American Boy Scouts, in his office at 299 Broadway, said yesterday that the Boy Scouts' station was perfectly capable of picking up the message, but it came through the Navy Yard wireless because President Taft desired to make use of the Government's station.

COLDS CAUSE HEADACHE.
LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine, the world wide Cold and Grip remedy removes cause. Call for full name. Look for signature. E. W. GROVE. 25c

MISS STALLO TO GET ESTATE.

Her Father Asks Court to Relieve Him of Guardianship.

Edmund K. Stallo, father of Laura McDonald Stallo, filed yesterday in the Surrogate's Court his accounting as her guardian. He petitions to be relieved of his guardianship on the ground that he is ill and wishes to travel abroad for his health. Miss Stallo attained her majority on Aug. 15 last. Her mother is dead.

The property, Mr. Stallo states, consists of 333 shares of the stock of the Standard Oil Company, which was turned over to him on April 21, 1910, when he was appointed his daughter's guardian. This stock is held by the Equitable Trust Company under an order of the court. Since that time all other receipts on Miss Stallo's account were payments of income on the stock, which amounted to $21,475.19. Mr. Stallo appraised the stock itself at $206,460.

Miss Stallo is called a resident of Cincinnati in her father's petition. She has a house there, which she maintains with a retinue of servants, including a chauffeur. She has a Summer home at Prince Edward Island. Besides being one of the heirs of her grandfather, Alexander McDonald, the petition states she was one of the legatees under the will of her grandmother, Laura McDonald.

It was the practice of her father, the accounting shows, to deposit part of the proceeds of the income of the stock, which was her only property in his care, in various banks subject to her order. She drew against these deposits by check. Grocery bills, the pay of servants at Cincinnati and Prince Edward Island and certain other large bills were paid by Mr. Stallo from the remaining money.

The accounting sets at rest reports that Miss Stallo has been living beyond her income. The total disbursements by her and in her behalf are given as $20,247, or $1,228.19 less than the receipts.

Attached to the petition is a sworn statement by Miss Stallo that she approves of the accounting.

MARKETING AS A PROFESSION

Woman Buyer Will Keep the Housewife's Table Supplied for Her.

The professional woman marketer is something new that may come to the help of the housewife in the future. She will go into the house and see that the supplies for the table are the best of their kind, bought at the lowest market prices. They have tried her uptown in one of the apartment houses, Miss Florence R. Corbett told the members of the housekeepers' class of the women's conference of the Society for Ethical Culture yesterday. "While the professional market woman may not become a part of every apartment house like the janitor," Miss Corbett said, "she is destined to become a general public servant to be engaged whenever desired."

Miss Corbett also told the women how to do their own marketing. Beef must not be too red or it will suggest that acid has been injected into poor material. Mutton must be juicy and fine grained, and lamb a delicate pink, the expert declared. The mutton to be the best should have small bones. "Baby beef" is something comparatively new in the beef line, she said. This is neither veal or grown beef. It is grown under the best of conditions until it is two years old, when it is in prime condition for market. A "skirt" steak is the cheapest thing in beef, it was pointed out. It is a thin piece of little-used muscle lining the ribs, a small thin piece that costs next to nothing and can be used for mock duck and a few other things.

Good poultry should have a smooth, dry, velvety skin, Miss Corbett explained. It is tender under the wings, and with a flexible breast bone, though a wily butcher's trick is to break the bone to give the bird the appearance of being tender. Three pounds is the roasting size, two makes a good broiler, and three to five for stewing, she pronounced.

TRIANGLE WAIST MEN GET COURT GUARDS

Threats by Mob as They Went to Luncheon Had Alarmed Harris and Blanck.

JURY HEARS OF LOCKED DOOR

And That Girl for Whose Death the Men Are on Trial Was Among 20 Bodies Piled Against It.

Immediately following the adjournment yesterday of the trial of Isaac Harris and Max Blanck, owners of the Triangle Waist Company, in whose factory lofts 147 persons lost their lives in a fire on March 25 last, Max D. Steuer, counsel for the two men, asked Judge Crain to order two policemen to guard his clients, saying that their lives were in danger.

"As Mr. Harris and Mr. Blanck were dining this noon," he said, "a mob of men and women attacked them as they were entering the restaurant, and repeated the attack as they were leaving. It was only the timely arrival of a detective connected with the District Attorney's office which saved them from grievous injury. I therefore desire to ask your Honor to order two police officers to guard my clients."

"I don't believe the defendants are in any danger," said Judge Crain, "but, inasmuch as you ask it, I will direct two court attendants to look after the interests of your clients."

There was no repetition of the disorder which marked the trial on Tuesday when court opened yesterday, but a large crowd of men and women gathered about the Criminal Court Building and paraded through the halls. A special squad of policemen kept the crowd in check, and no one not having business in the courtroom was allowed inside.

The work of selecting a jury was completed quickly. The jurors selected yesterday were H. H. Hiers of 1,338 Franklyn Avenue, the Bronx, and Morris Baum of 201 West 100th Street. Assistant District Attorney Bostwick then opened his case for the prosecution. He described the Washington Place building and the fire, and told of the dark stairways leading from the lofts occupied by Harris and Blanck.

"It is the contention of the prosecution," he declared, "that these defendants here are guilty of manslaughter in that they caused the death of Margaret Schwartz, a young girl employed by them on the ninth floor. It was the custom of these two men to keep the door leading from the exit on the Washington Place side of the building locked at all times, except in the dead of Summer, when the door was opened during working hours to create a draft. None of their employes was allowed to leave by this entrance, but all were forced to leave by the Greene Street entrance, where they were met by a watchman, who searched them in order to see that no goods had been stolen.

"When the fire started there was a rush toward these doors, which opened inwardly on account of the faulty structure of the building. Some rushed toward the Washington Place exit, but the door was locked, as usual, and twenty bodies were found there by the firemen, among others that of Margaret Schwartz. It is a misdemeanor to keep the doors in any factory locked during working hours, and therefore these defendants are guilty if I am able to prove these facts to you."

While Mr. Bostwick was speaking, about twenty young girls entered, and they began to talk so excitedly that Judge Crain had two of them ejected.

Mr. Bostwick called Charles B. Miller, the Superintendent of the building. He simply testified that the eighth, ninth, and tenth floors were rented to the Triangle Waist Company, Harris and Blanck, proprietors. James B. Whiskeman, a consulting engineer, identified plans he made of the building, which were put in evidence.

Dr. O. H. Schultz of 47 East Fifty-eighth Street testified that Margaret Schwartz met her death by suffocation from smoke in the building occupied by the Triangle Waist Company. Henry Coe of 925 St. Nicholas Avenue and Daniel C. Donohue of 420 Alhambra Street, Brooklyn, photographers, identified many photographs taken immediately after the fire.

Edward J. Worth, Battalion Chief of the Fire Department, testified that when he arrived at the fire he saw that the whole eighth floor was ablaze, and noticed that smoke was pouring from the ninth floor. He directed that a second alarm be sent in, and went to the middle of the street, where he looked up and saw that the ledge about the ninth floor was crowded with people. He waved them to stand still, and then a man jumped, and the others began to follow. One girl was caught in a life net, and after he lifted her out she walked a few feet and dropped dead. Then the girls began to drop into the net in twos and threes, and it broke.

In the whole course of the fire he saw no one but firemen leave the building by the Washington Place side. Mr. Steuer, on cross-examination, got the witness to admit that other persons besides firemen might have left the building from the Washington Place entrance. Judge Crain then adjourned the case until to-day.

Wickersham Better, but Stays Home.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Attorney General Wickersham, who suffered an attack of indigestion while attending the Cabinet meeting yesterday, was reported improved this morning. He did not go to the Department of Justice to-day, remaining at home to secure the benefits of a day's rest.

WANTS WIFE TO BE GUARDIAN.

Frederick Meis, 19 Years Old, Asks That She Take Uncle's Place.

Heir to an estate valued at $124,830, but compelled to support himself and his young bride on an allowance of $16 a week, he alleges, Frederick Meis, 19 years old, of 454 Pulaski Street, Brooklyn, through Attorney Irving M. Weiss has filed an action with Surrogate Noble of Queens County, petitioning for the removal of his uncle, Henry Meis, of 59 Nichols Avenue, Cypress Hills, as his guardian. He asks that his bride, who is 25 years old, be substituted. The hearing has been set for next Thursday.

The petition asserts "that said guardian has improperly applied the property in his charge and has been guilty of misconduct in the execution of his office; and that he has neglected to discharge his duty in failing to file his annual inventory and accounting."

Young Meis's father, Conrad Meis, was a builder. He died when his son was 14 years old, and Henry Meis was appointed general guardian, filing a bond of $174,000. The affidavit says that young Meis made his home with his uncle and that his uncle allowed him $25 a week for his support, $10 of which he charged for board and $9 a week for clothing, "although your petitioner has been very scantily supplied with clothing and has often times been ashamed of the appearance he made," and that instead of spending $468 a year for clothing the affidavit estimates the amount spent for such purpose at $100. Meis says the income of the estate has been $5,000 a year, but that when he asked his uncle for a reasonable allowance for clothing and to obtain an education "said guardian became very angry whenever your petitioner spoke to him on such subject and said that your petitioner was crazy and that if he was not careful he would put your petitioner away."

Young Meis was married on Oct. 15 last, when he obtained $1,000 from his uncle to establish a home. It was after his marriage that his real financial troubles began, he says, for instead of the allowance of $25 a week he was cut down to $16 a week and found himself unable to support himself and his wife. In an affidavit Mrs. Meis states that she is 25 years of age and will act as guardian without compensation.

Henry Meis is a retired merchant. His attorney, Richard Cohen, says the defense will interpose a general denial.

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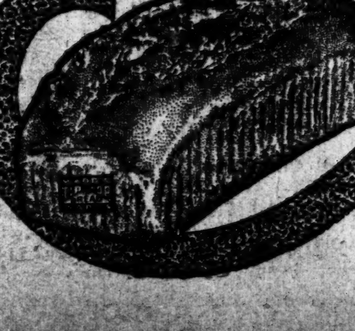

(Courtesy of Judge)

"Say, Doctor, what you suppose ails me, anyway?

"Coffee? Why, I've drank it 20 years, say Doc, quit chaffin', I'm feeling bad.

"Now there goes another of those infernal twists in my right side.

"Coffee congests the liver, you say? So I've got to quit. Well, what do you know about this Postum?

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DR. DOTY DEFENDS HIS ADMINISTRATION

Accused Port Health Officer, Breaking His Long Silence, Replies to Bulger's Charges.

WILL FIGHT REMOVAL

Disease Has Been Kept Out and Valuable Quarantine Improvements Made, He Says—Bulger Bitterly Hostile.

For the first time since the Quarantine investigation was instituted last Summer Dr. Alvah H. Doty, Health Officer of the Port, whose removal from office Commissioner Bulger recommended last Monday, issued a statement yesterday over his own name and in his own defense.

He describes the difficulties with which he has had to contend in office, the improvements he has made at Quarantine, the many physicians he has consulted as to his quarantine measures, and the epidemics he has succeeded in keeping out of New York.

He incidentally accuses Commissioner Bulger of having shown "a spirit of bitter hostility" toward him throughout the investigation.

Here is Dr. Doty's statement:

In view of the widespread publicity that has been given to the report of Mr. Charles N. Bulger, I feel that justice to myself requires me to make a brief statement. When I was appointed to this office in 1895 the business administration was largely in the hands of the three Quarantine Commissioners. This condition continued until the Summer of 1909, when the office of Quarantine Commissioner was abolished and the business as well as the medical responsibilities devolved upon me.

During these two years I have constructed and equipped the new hospital on Hoffman Island for the reception of patients suffering from measles, diphtheria, scarlet fever, and the like communicable diseases, other than plague, smallpox, cholera, and yellow fever. I have also built and furnished at Hoffman Island four new pavilions attached to this hospital. I have substituted trained female nurses for male orderlies and attendants.

I have made very many other changes and improvements, and have, I believe, placed the work of quarantine on a high plane of scientific efficiency. And I have done this although much hampered by the lack of funds, by the shortness of time, and by the pressure and anxiety incident upon the onset of cholera during the past two years.

All of this work as well as the whole medical administration of the office has been carried on with the advice and consultation of my Advisory Board and with the approval of its members. That board has consisted among others of Drs. Joseph D. Bryant, John W. Brannan, Abraham Jacobi, William M. Polk, Francis P. Kinnicut, Herman M. Biggs, John H. Girdner, T. Mitchell Prudden, George L. Peabody, and J. A. McCorkle.

Experts Commended His Work.

These gentlemen, representing the best element in the medical profession, have always honored my administration with their commendation, and all of them who were able to attend the hearings before Mr. Bulger so testified. Also Dr. Simon Flexner of the Rockefeller Institute and Dr. William Hallock Park, the Directors of the Bacteriological Laboratory of the Health Department, Dr. William P. Northrup, the distinguished specialist in children's diseases, and other eminent members of the profession gave me similar indorsement before Mr. Bulger.

As to the prevention of communicable disease I have had to ward off the plague, cholera, yellow fever, and smallpox, as well as every other contagious and infectious disease. For the past eighteen months cholera has been constantly imminent. I have always been and am still under a most constant strain of responsibility. For instance, yesterday morning we had at one time ten great vessels laden with passengers under our scrutiny, and during the remainder of the day about as many more. We are constantly finding cases of smallpox as well as the lesser communicable diseases, and there is also the evtr-present probability of cholera. Under these circumstances to have prevented the introduction of cholera (except in two or three isolated cases) and also to have kept out the smallpox is no small achievement. And I feel justly proud of the work of my office and of my devoted assistants.

Furthermore, this has been accomplished without any undue interference with commerce. Few realize how disastrous and how expensive to the business interests of the port it would be to use harshly or inconsiderately the powers of Health Officer. To hold up a great steamship for a day means a loss of many thousands of dollars, besides the great inconvenience to merchants and passengers. So that it has been my endeavor to keep out the communicable diseases without unnecessary hindrance to commerce. And from the testimony of the medical profession and of the great commercial bodies I believe that I have succeeded.

On this point I may be pardoned for saying that I believe the opinion of such men as Dr. Polk, Dr. Jacobi, Dr. Flexner, Dr. Brannan, and Dr. Park is more valuable than the conclusion of Mr. Bulger.

Not of Greatest Importance.

As to the business side of the office, when it is considered that more than a million immigrants pass yearly through Quarantine and that the Health Officer receives and disburses about $250,000 each year, it seems to me that the details on which Mr. Bulger lays so much stress are not of the greatest importance. I shall not attempt to discuss those matters, as to do so would exceed the limit of this statement. But I do maintain that (while all of the hundred or more employes of the office have not been without fault) the general administration of the business affairs has been honest and competent.

For some reason Mr. Bulger has shown all through this so-called investigation a spirit of bitter hostility to me and to my office. The reason I do not know. But it has led him into a number of most extraordinary statements. It is difficult for me to discuss his actions and his report with the proper moderation, and I shall say no more on the subject.

But I may say in conclusion that I have used my best efforts to discharge my duties; and those efforts have been rewarded by the approval of the physicians who are conversant with the subject from its medical aspect, and the merchants who know it from the side of commerce. For the past six months I have borne the brunt of this malignant attack upon me at a time when all my days and nights were devoted to a strenuous effort to keep cholera out of this country. I have defended myself against these attacks, not from any desire to retain the office, but in order to resent cruel and unjust imputations. In justice to my family and my friends I have felt obliged to do so. I am no suppliant for office. I should be glad to lay down its burdens. But I do not propose to submit to injustice. I believe that the findings and the conclusions of Mr. Bulger are unjust and I shall protest to the extent of my ability against them.

Dr. Doty refused to discuss his statement further than to say that it spoke for itself.

RESCUES SEVEN AT SEA.

Steamer Lord Ormonde Takes Them Off Sinking Schooner.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 6.—Capt. W. H. Haskell and crew of seven of the five-masted schooner Nathaniel T. Palmer, bound from Portland, Me., to Norfolk, Va., were brought to this port to-day by the steamer Lord Ormonde, which had rescued them from their sinking vessel 100 miles east of Bermuda.

Capt. Haskell said that immediately after leaving Portland on Nov. 16, the Palmer ran into a succession of storms which drove her far out of her course, and reduced her to a water-logged derelict.

The Palmer sailed Nov. 16 and was last reported Nov. 19 sixty miles southwest of Nantucket. The steamer which rescued her crew sailed from Huelva, Spain, on Nov. 15.

The Palmer was owned by J. S. Winslow & Co. of Portland, Me. She was built in Bath in 1898. Her dimensions were: Length, 295 feet; breadth, 44 feet; depth, 22 feet. Her tonnage was gross 2,440; net, 2,244.

Capt. Haskell was master of the six-masted schooner Mertie B. Crowley, when that vessel was wrecked on Pasque Island, Vineyard Sound, last year.

Women Form a Life-Saving League.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec. 6.—The National Women's Life Saving League, with headquarters in New York City, has been incorporated here to encourage swimming, to use widespread facilities for the teaching of swimming, and to promote education in life saving methods among women and children, and to stimulate public opinion in favor of swimming and life saving as a branch of elementary education and to foster athletics among women. The Directors are Florence A. West, Adeline Trapp, and May B. Mehrtens of Brooklyn, Sarah L. Marrin and Theresa F. Daily of Manhattan.

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Suits with coats of Norfolk and the new fancy trimmed models. Navy and brown Serge, and Cheviot. Also smart gray and brown Mixtures.
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Girls' Coats, *Specially Priced*
Sizes 8 to 16 years. Coats of Chinchilla, Kersey, Blind Cheviot, and Mixtures.
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SCOTCH WHISKY
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MAYOR STRIKES OUT AT SCHOOL METHODS

Not Turning Out Useful Boys and Girls, He Tells New Board Members.

GIVING THEM FALSE IDEAS

Submerging Them with Too Many Studies and Teaching Them Not to Work with Their Hands.

In swearing in the eleven new members of the Board of Edcation whom he appointed the other day, Mayor Gaynor took occasion yesterday to give his views regarding the present system of education in the city's schools. He hit out straight at the so-called "fads and fancies" method of instruction, and in plain language said that the children are not getting the kind of education they need.

They are being over-educated, even submerged with education, he said, and this is particularly bad for pupils who were growing up with a disinclination to work with their hands. All they cared to do, he said, was to sit on a high stool at books or at a typewriter.

Girls, under our present system of teaching, he said, refuse to do housework, and this he though to be bad for the country. A system of education that produces such a result he termed a failure. Here is what he said:

"There are eleven of you here. That is nearly one-fourth of the board, and I have a notion to say a word to you. It is what I would say to the whole board if I dared to go up there and say a word to so many people. And I do not know that it would be meddling for me to say a word.

"I have a notion, which I have long entertained, that those in charge of the city's common schools here, and I suppose elsewhere to some extent, are trying to do too much. What I mean is, I think we are trying to teach the children too much. The result is that we do not teach them well.

"What I precisely mean is there are too many subjects taught to the children, in my belief. When you overload children they get a disgust for the whole thing, and they do not learn much. I know that was my experience when I was in the common schools myself.

"I began in the district school in the country, and I afterward went to the village school where they had a higher school, and I noticed it was easy to discourage children, although we were taught only the essentials, only a few things.

"In the navy the maxim is that the speed of a squadron at sea is that of the slowest ship. Now the speed with which a class can go along must have some rule like that to apply to it. I do not mean that it should go along at the rate of the dullest scholar. If that were so it would scarcely go along at all. But there must be some average. You cannot teach children by applying a standard that only the brightest can conform to or keep pace with.

"Now, I may be all wrong, but I think a large percentage, if not the largest percentage of children in our schools are just submerged—they just about have their noses above water struggling to breathe. They have more than they can do. We try to teach them too much, and the result is they come out with a superficial knowledge about a lot of things, but no accurate knowledge about anything. And another view of it is that this over-educating of them makes them disinclined to work with their hands. That I am absolutely certain of.

"We are now brining boys and girls out of the common schools who are taught so much and who think they know so much that they won't work any longer with their hands. They simply say that they won't—that they have been educated. They say 'Let other people work with their hands and we will work with our heads.'

"Uuless they can get a job where they can sit on a high stool at books or at a typewriter they simply won't work. And the girls refuse to do housework. That is all there is to it. It is bad for the country.

"There is a shortage of workers all over the country. Those born here and brought up in the schools won't work with their hands. At all events, they don't want to work. Now, I think a system of education that produces that result is a failure. And I think our system in the large cities is very largely producing that result. I feel certain of it from my experience.

"But I give my own opinions up so often in deference to the opinions of others that I, of course, may be wrong about this, and am open to conviction. I never stick to my opinion one minute after someone shows me it is wrong. I even let consistency fly in order to have the right opinion if possible, and I believe Emerson says that 'Consistency is merely the hobgoblin of small minds,' that it does not amount to so much.

"Now, I have said this to you more to have you think it over and see whether I am right or wrong about it. If I am right, why, it is a thing for mature consideration. We well know how people engaged in a particular thing, if they are good, zealous people, are prone all the time to overdo it, to keep adding to it, making it bigger. It is their hobby, so to speak.

"Therefore, all of us engaged in any particular thing ought to confer with others and see whether we are going too far. We are teaching a lot of things here that are not necessary, I think, to make good citizens and citizens who will think sufficiently to be able to vote well and at the same time be willing to work.

"Now, that is what I wanted to say to you. We are teaching languages in the schools. I would like to meet one child that has come out of the schools knowing a language from being taught it in our schools. I mention that as an instance. I could mention other things. They are refinements.

"If there is any one who has ever learned German or French in these schools, even to read and understand it, I would like them to come in here and talk with me. They would be a curiosity—either boy or girl.

"Have I said too much or too little? However that may be, I shall have to let it go and ask you to consider it. I am thoroughly satisfied that I have made good appointments. I have exercised such care with it as I possibly could.

"You are all aware that the last two Charter commissions expressed the opinion in their reports that your board is too large for efficiency. When the new Charter came up last year they followed these two reports and recommended a small board. The Hammond Charter had five members, I think, to be paid, and last Winter the committee having it in charge in the Legislature increased it to seven.

"I never put my opinion forward on that subject. It was something that other people disposed of—the two Charter commissions. All I ever said was that if we had a small board of seven they would have to devote all of their time to it, as Mr. Wilsey and some of you almost do now, and for that reason the public ought to pay them. Otherwise, I thought we had better keep the present large board.

"That was the opinion I always expressed, and I am of that opinion still. But, I suppose, through your committees, you are working out a pretty good result; and I must say there are a goodly number of zealous men and women in the Board of Education who give a great deal of their time to it. I do not really know how they do it."

The newly appointed Commissioners who heard the Mayor are Prof. Morris Loeb of Columbia University, Cornelius J. Sullivan, James E. Sullivan, Mrs. Samuel J. Kramer, Isidore M. Levy, and Dr. Dennis J. McDonald of Manhattan; Thomas M. Delaney and Joseph Barondess of Brooklyn, Frank D. Wilsey of the Bronx, Rupert P. Thomas of Queens and John Martin of Richmond.

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We are doing it every day.
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3/4 Carat

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4 and 3-4	Carats......	$450
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1 and 1-4	"	85
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1 and 5-8	"	75
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FOR MEN

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LONG WRANGLE OVER TAX ON BUILDINGS

Business and Realty Men, Single Taxers, and Others Talk About Proposal to Cut It.

WIDELY DIVERGENT VIEWS

Resolutions Indorsing the Plan Finally Lost and the Meeting Winds Up in Confusion.

Resolutions indorsing the proposal to cut in half the taxation of buildings in this city and put the rest of the burden on the land were voted down yesterday at a meeting called by business men to discuss and presumably to approve the plan. This action followed two hours of stormy debate in which, besides the proponents, real estate men, single taxers, physicians, and others expressed varying views.

The proposal, which is understood to have the support of Mayor Gaynor and President Purdy of the Tax Board, is embodied in the Sullivan-Shortt bill, which failed of passage at the last session of the Legislature, but which its friends intend to push vigorously at the coming session. It has been indorsed by the Commission on Congestion and was brought forward yesterday as a means of preventing overcrowding. It has also been indorsed by Tenement House Commissioner Murphy, but among those who opposed it yesterday was his deputy in Brooklyn, Frank Mann.

The men who called the meeting are Paul J. Bonwit, Frederic L. Cranford, Walter L. Durack, John J. Eagan, J. N. Francolini, Charles Hartman, A. Augustus Healy, Byron W. Holt, John J. Hopper, V. Everit Macy, Edward Polak, Sol G. Rosenbaum, Charles T. Root, Robert Schalkenbach, Lionel Sutro, Luigi G. Solari, and John R. Waters. George White presided.

The meeting started tamely enough. Mr. White presented the subject, saying: "It ought to be an axiom in city finance that the department of ownership which has the value of the services and advantages of City Government for sale or rent, every day in the year, should very substantially, to say the least, furnish the city revenues. From my point of view it is unreasonable for land value owners to expect that they shall be required to contribute to the public funds only a pro rata share with owners of buildings and movable property.

"The fact is that we manufacturers have to pay for government when we pay rent for buildings or lofts, and one payment for this should be enough. Any candid real estate expert will acknowledge that there is nothing the city now does or can do in the future for its inhabitants that can escape being figured into the value of land upon which, in a great measure, rentals are based."

To Encourage Building.

Mr. Hopper argued that the bill would encourage building in the outskirts and relieve congestion in the heart of the city.

"Sometimes," he said, "we realize that a tax is a punishment and stops production, as when a high tax is placed on dogs in a sheep-raising country to prevent the unnecessary increase of dogs, or when a high tax is placed on gin mills to limit their number. Thoughtlessly, however, we place a tax on desirable things like buildings and personal property, not seeming to realize that the effect of the tax on these desirable things will be the same as on the undesirable ones—that is, limit their production.

"Some regard this increase in the land value tax as confiscation; rather would I think that a tax on things produced by labor, like buildings, to which a man can justly claim his title to all of his product, was confiscation, than I would that a tax on the value of the land, which value the community has created, was confiscation."

Joseph L. Buttenwieser, who spoke from the standpoint of a landowner, asked Mr. Hopper how lowering the taxes on buildings would relieve congestion.

"If you reduce taxes on buildings," he said, "it must apply to the heart of Manhattan as well as the outskirts. Owners will have to put up higher buildings so that the land can carry the extra burden and congestion will be increased, not lessened. You would create conditions that would make it pay better to put up a forty-story building than a ten-story one."

Mr. Hopper said all he knew about this was that the mere discussion of the matter had led him to put buildings on lots he owned in the outskirts, and he believed that would be the effect of the proposed law.

Durbin Van Vleck, a tax assessor, told of a block in Brownsville on which front and rear tenements had been built, although there was vacant land for two miles alongside of it. If taxes on the land were higher, he said, the buildings would have been spread out instead of being crowded on one lot.

Dr. S. Adolphus Knopf confined himself to the evils of congestion. He said that overcrowding was responsible for the spread of tuberculosis.

"The only cure," he said, "and the only means of prevention is God's fresh air. So long as you allow the congestion to exist that exists now you will never solve the problem of tuberculosis."

Property Owners' Views.

By this time the real estate men in the room were getting restive and several of them tried to speak at once. One said more buildings wouldn't relieve congestion, as he could show rows and rows of vacant houses. What was needed was better transportation. Another said even transportation wouldn't do it. He had apartments of five rooms and bath in Brooklyn, with 5 cents fare, that he couldn't get $10 a month for.

"You people don't know what you are talking about," shouted another at the proponents of the plan.

E. A. Tredwell of the Real Estate Board declared that the problem of congestion was a racial one and couldn't be solved by changing the tax laws.

"The round-headed races of Europe," he said, "are sociable and want to live herded together. The long-headed races, like the Germans and English, want to build a brick wall around themselves and live by themselves. As for increasing the taxes on land, you would get not more revenue, but less. The city is overassessed now. Valuations average 110 per cent. of what the land would bring at auction. You are at the point where the economic law of diminishing returns comes into play and you can't get more money by increasing land taxes.

"The discussion makes it plain," said Mr. Buttenwieser, "that this is not a congestion measure, but a step in the direction of socialism. That may or may not be a good thing, but let us be honest and stop talking about congestion if we are proposing to embrace socialism."

Every time a speaker finished there were three demanding recognition. They interrupted each other and fell to arguing in groups. Some of those present were getting hungry and went home. Others showed a disposition to talk till midnight. Cornelius N. Sheehan offered the typewritten resolutions, declaring a tax on buildings an unjust burden and handicap on manufacturing, commerce, and all business of the city, and detrimental to the interests of all producers and consumers because it encourages the holding of land out of use and compels manufacturers to pay higher wages here than elsewhere and wound up with this resolution:

> Since buildings are the result of industry and investment, and are constantly depreciating in value, and since land values are created chiefly by the pressure of industry of the city's population and municipal expenditures, and are constantly appreciating, this meeting indorses the proposal to make the rate of taxation on all buildings and personal property in New York City to one-half the rate of taxation on all land, this change to be effected by five equal reductions in five consecutive years, beginning in 1912.

Mr. Buttenwieser made another speech in opposition, which was largely drowned out and finally checked by cries of "Question, question." Somebody had sufficient presence of mind to move the previous question, which was carried, shutting off debate. The resolutions were then put to a vote. Chairman White was in doubt of the result and took a rising vote. This de declared a tie and then a division was resorted to. Amid more confusion those in favor and against the resolutions took places on opposite sides of the room and the Chairman declared them lost. The discussion was about to begin all over again when somebody moved adjournment.

NURSE SUES MRS. H. S. GREW.

Asserts She Can't Get Employment Owing to Statements of Banker's Wife.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Dec. 6.—Mrs. Ethel Hooper Grew, wife of Henry S. Grew, 2d, President of the National Union Bank and a relative of J. Pierpont Morgan, is facing the servant problem in a suit brought against her for alleged slander of her child's former nurse, Miss Nellie M. Doane.

The suit is being heard by Judge Duff in the Municipal Civil Court. The nurse asserts that after she left Mrs. Grew's employ it was impossible for her to obtain employment on account of the alleged slanders of Mrs. Grew, and she asks for $2,000 damages.

Miss Doane's suit is based on what she states she heard Mrs. Grew tell another woman while Miss Doane was listening at a telephone, having arranged a scheme to hear what Mrs. Grew had been saying about her.

After leaving Mrs. Grew's employ, Miss Doane testified, she was practically engaged by three women, each of whom at the last moment changed her mind. She said she heard Mrs. Grew tell these women that Miss Doane had slapped and abused Mrs. Grew's child.

Mrs. Grew admitted telling Mrs. Hobart and others who had called her on the telephone that Miss Doane was not satisfactory during the last year she had employed her. She denied saying to any of these people that Miss Doane had slapped, struck, or abused her child.

"I did say that I had heard from a responsible person in my employ that Miss Doane had abused and struck my child. I told these people that I had learned this after Miss Doane had left."

CONFIDENCE QUEEN TO BE FREE AT 82

Governor Pities Old Ellen Peck, Last Sentenced for Ten Years in 1909.

TOO OLD TO DO HARM NOW

The Governor So Reasons, Though In Late Years She Was Most Active In Swindling Operations.

Eighty-two-year-old Ellen Peck, many times photographed for the Rogues' Gallery and whom Inspector Thomas A. Byrnes called the "queen of confidence women," will be released from Auburn Prison soon. She has served about two years of her ten-year sentence for swindling, and Gov. Dix, in commuting sentence yesterday, said that he thought Ellen Peck was now too old to be any longer a menace to society.

Robert J. Haire, the lawyer, and others in New York have been seeking a commutation of sentence since Mrs. Peck's committal. When a petition for her release reached Gov. Hughes in 1909 he refused to grant it, saying "old age is no excuse for crime."

Mrs. Peck was born in Woodville, N. H., and was formerly Nellie Crosby. As a young school teacher in New York and Connecticut she was once described as "demure in manner and faultless in face and form." She married Richard W. Peck of this city and is the mother of three children.

Inspector Byrnes has said that Mrs. Peck's swindles brought her $1,000,000.

Mrs. Peck was first heard of in 1880 when she was accused of swindling B. T. Babbitt, the soap manufacturer, of about $20,000 in cash. Mr. Babbitt had lost a package of bonds and Mrs. Peck persuaded him that she was a good detective. Mr. Babbitt's good money did not bring back the bad, however. In 1887 she was accused of preying upon the easy nature of Dr. Jason Marks of this city and was believed to have relieved him of $20,000 in money and jewels. An attempt was made at the same time to connect her with a swindle concerning Jay Gould.

In 1894 Mrs. Peck posed as Mrs. Mary Hansen, the wife of Admiral Johann Carll Hansen of the Danish Navy. She lived luxuriously in Brooklyn and borrowed money freely on the unsuspecting Admiral's good name. Shortly after, by a like system, Mrs. Peck swindled Dr. Christopher Lott, a physician of Reid Avenue, Brooklyn, out of $10,000 in various installments. Miss Nellie Shea, a trained nurse with a bank account, was another easy victim.

In 1897 Judge Cowing, in General Sessions, sent her to Auburn Prison for five years, but still people trusted her. John D. Grady, a diamond merchant, lost $21,000 to Mrs. Peck. He had given her diamonds to keep for him. Twenty-five indictments were found against her, but she escaped punishment. Another jeweler, a Cuban, was a victim in the sum of $12,000. Furniture dealers, money lenders, and other extenders of credit fell into the same net shrewdly cast by Mrs. Peck.

She met Julius Columbani, who had served time in prison in 1884. Mrs. Peck inserted an advertisement in the newspapers for a loan on diamonds. Columbani answered her advertisement, but in lieu of cash offered Richmond County bonds in payment. Mrs. Peck accepted the offer and discovered subsequently that the bonds were those which had only previously been stolen. She told her tale to Inspector Byrnes and set a trap for Columbani in a room over a Sixth Avenue saloon. When the detectives made their appearance Columbani drew a gun and refused to be taken alive. Mrs. Peck also drew a revolver and Columbani jumped through an open window and was later captured.

Between 1885 and 1905 Mrs. Peck was unusually active. Age seemed to sharpen her wits. She used names of men of undisputable reputation to despoil other men who knew these men personally.

Her last offense was in 1909, when she was convicted of swindling Normand, Wilson & Schubert, a real estate firm of this city, out of $2,400 in a land transaction, and sentenced to ten years. She obtained money on false titles of land in Kentucky. The family home was at Sparkhill, N. Y., and there she was respected generally for many years during her criminal career, her friends refusing to believe the reports about her.

JEERS FOR MRS. PANKHURST.

Harvard Students Try in Vain to Prevent Her Speaking.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Dec. 6.—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the well-known British exponent of equal suffrage, addressed Harvard and Radcliffe students here this afternoon. The lecture was in a hall outside of the college grounds, as the university corporation had refused to permit the use of their halls by the suffragette.

Only the cool heads of the members of the Harvard Equal Suffrage League, in conjunction with a squad of police, prevented the meeting from coming to an untimely end. Admission was by ticket only, but the hall was filled a half hour before the time appointed for the lecture to start. A big crowd clamored at the door for admission, and many students climbed in the windows, until they were locked.

The crowd outside signaled its displeasure by pounding on the door, disturbing the lecturer, but a telephone call for the police brought help, and the disturbers were dispersed. Disturbers scattered about the hall tried to break up the meeting with jeers, yells, and cheers.

Mrs. Pankhurst remained calm throughout the ordeal, and with her eloquence finally quelled the disturbers. She did not refer to the corporation's action, but before she closed her address she stated that she agreed to come here if a collection would be taken up to aid the cause in England. This reason accounted in great part for the refusal of the Harvard authorities to grant Mrs. Pankhurst the use of a hall, as no fees are charged or collections allowed in the university.

VIADUCT ESCALATOR LIKELY.

The City and the Interborough May Share the Expense.

The moving stairway from 155th Street and Eighth Avenue to the elevated station and the viaduct is likely to be installed shortly at the joint expense of the city and the Interborough Rapid Transit Company. At hearings before Commissioner Eustis of the Public Service Commission it had been intimated that the company did not consider that it should provide all the money to install the escalator, as it was quite certain to be used by a number of persons wishing to go from the street to the viaduct without entering the elevated station or paying a five-cent fare. However, the company would be willing to bear the expense of operating it once it was in place.

J. F. Sullivan, assistant engineer in the office of Borough President McAneny, appeared yesterday before the commission and declared that Mr. McAneny favored the idea of the city's bearing some of the expense of installment, and an adjournment was taken for two weeks to give time for the arrangements. The first cost is likely to be about $25,000.

Commissioner Eustis is looking into the adequacy of the elevator service at the 181st Street station of the Broadway branch of the Subway to handle the greatly increased traffic at that point. The hearing was adjourned for a week to see how certain suggestions would work out in practice.

Drop Charge Against ex-Supt. Burke.

With the dismissal yesterday of an indictment charging Ex-Superintendent of Sewers Cornelius J. Burke of Queens with attempted grand larceny in the second degree, another of the few remaining indictments out of a batch of about one hundred returned in the graft hunt in Queens a year ago, is wiped out. Only seven men were put on trial. There was one conviction, four pleaded guilty, and one man served six months in jail, the others being fined. Three are still left.

CITY SERVANT GETS ADVICE

From Head Servant Gaynor That It Pays to Work Hard and Willingly.

Joseph Donahue of 545 West 144th Street is a stenographer in a city department. He wrote to Mayor Gaynor the other day, complaining that he was forced to do "office boy work." Among other things his chief clerk expected him, he said, to mail letters and send out circulars. He wanted the Mayor's opinion regarding the powers of the chief clerk to make him perform these labors.

He got it yesterday in this letter:

Dec. 6, 1911.

Dear Sir: If I were you I would do everything I was asked to do. That is the way to get on in life. Did you ever hear it said that he who takes care to do no more than he is paid for will never be paid for more than he does? Go right in and do everything from sunrise to sunset, and you will go right up all the time. What do you think of that? Very truly yours,

W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

Mr. Donahue did not mention the city department in which he is employed.

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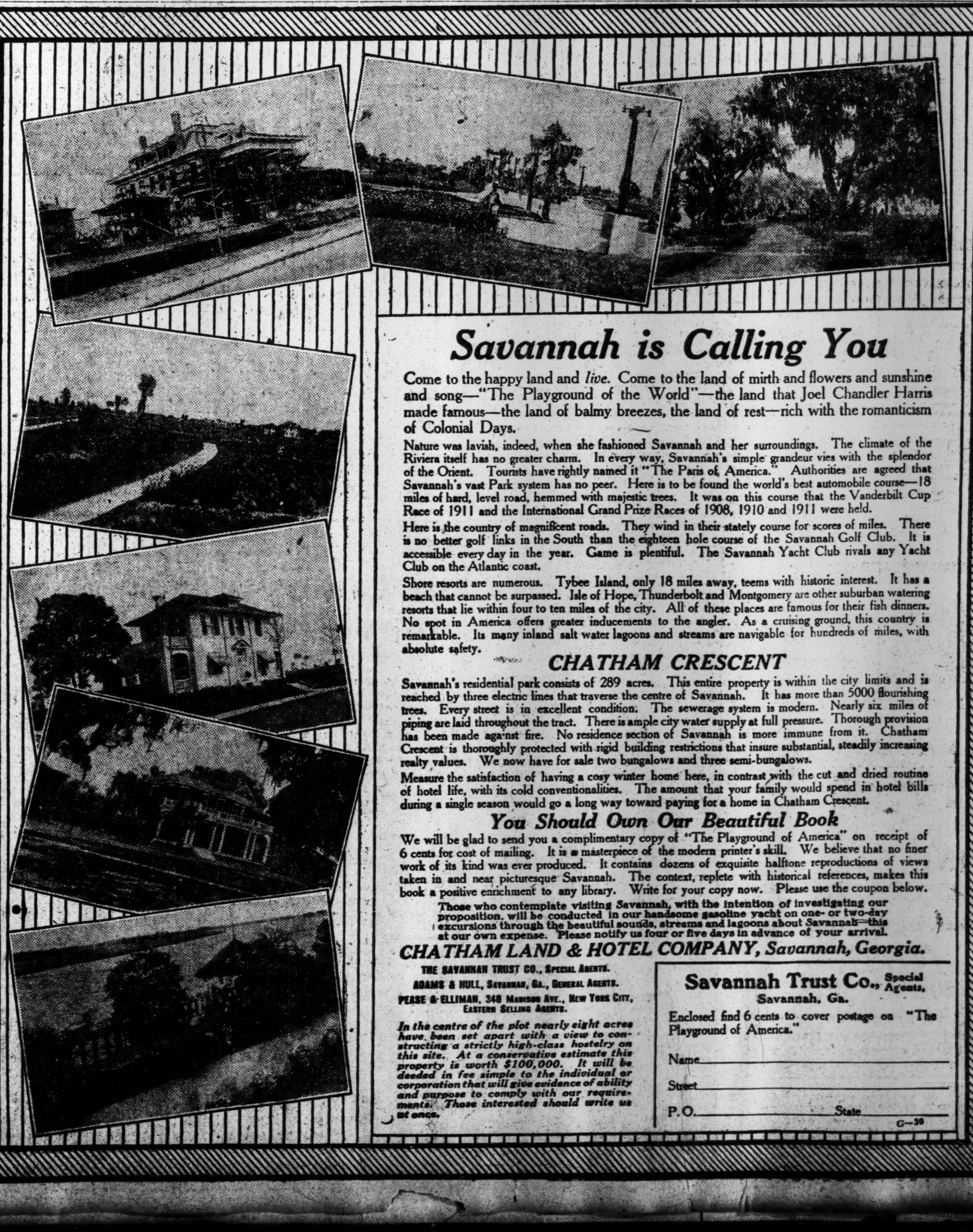

Savannah is Calling You

Come to the happy land and *live.* Come to the land of mirth and flowers and sunshine and song—"The Playground of the World"—the land that Joel Chandler Harris made famous—the land of balmy breezes, the land of rest—rich with the romanticism of Colonial Days.

Nature was lavish, indeed, when she fashioned Savannah and her surroundings. The climate of the Riviera itself has no greater charm. In every way, Savannah's simple grandeur vies with the splendor of the Orient. Tourists have rightly named it "The Paris of America." Authorities are agreed that Savannah's vast Park system has no peer. Here is to be found the world's best automobile course—18 miles of hard, level road, hemmed with majestic trees. It was on this course that the Vanderbilt Cup Race of 1911 and the International Grand Prize Races of 1908, 1910 and 1911 were held.

Here is the country of magnificent roads. They wind in their stately course for scores of miles. There is no better golf links in the South than the eighteen hole course of the Savannah Golf Club. It is accessible every day in the year. Game is plentiful. The Savannah Yacht Club rivals any Yacht Club on the Atlantic coast.

Shore resorts are numerous. Tybee Island, only 18 miles away, teems with historic interest. It has a beach that cannot be surpassed. Isle of Hope, Thunderbolt and Montgomery are other suburban watering resorts that lie within four to ten miles of the city. All of these places are famous for their fish dinners. No spot in America offers greater inducements to the angler. As a cruising ground, this country is remarkable. Its many inland salt water lagoons and streams are navigable for hundreds of miles, with absolute safety.

CHATHAM CRESCENT

Savannah's residential park consists of 289 acres. This entire property is within the city limits and is reached by three electric lines that traverse the centre of Savannah. It has more than 5000 flourishing trees. Every street is in excellent condition. The sewerage system is modern. Nearly six miles of piping are laid throughout the tract. There is ample city water supply at full pressure. Thorough provision has been made against fire. No residence section of Savannah is more immune from it. Chatham Crescent is thoroughly protected with rigid building restrictions that insure substantial, steadily increasing realty values. We now have for sale two bungalows and three semi-bungalows.

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We will be glad to send you a complimentary copy of "The Playground of America" on receipt of 6 cents for cost of mailing. It is a masterpiece of the modern printer's skill. We believe that no finer work of its kind was ever produced. It contains dozens of exquisite halftone reproductions of views taken in and near picturesque Savannah. The context, replete with historical references, makes this book a positive enrichment to any library. Write for your copy now. Please use the coupon below.

Those who contemplate visiting Savannah, with the intention of investigating our proposition, will be conducted in our handsome gasoline yacht on one- or two-day excursions through the beautiful sounds, streams and lagoons about Savannah—this at our own expense. Please notify us four or five days in advance of your arrival.

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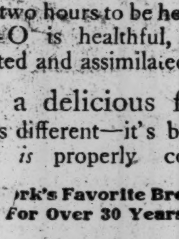

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POSTAL MEETS TWO WESTERN UNION CUTS

Five-Cent Deferred Press Rate and Half Rates on Plain English Cables by All Companies.

MEANS WAR JUST THE SAME

Postal Man Lays Its Rival's Action to "Fear of the Spectre at Washington"—Won't Adopt Other Novelties.

Denying that the Western Union deserved any praise or prestige for priority in reducing the rates on certain classes of cable messages, and intimating that the fear of action by the Department of Justice against it or its owner, the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, was really behind the Western Union cut, announced on Tuesday, the Commercial Cable Company, for itself and the Postal Company, issued a statement yesterday declaring that it would meet the cut at certain points and that at certain points it would not

The statement came from George G. Ward, Vice President and General Manager of the Commercial Company. Mr. Ward announced that his companies would make these cuts already announced by the Western Union:

> A newspaper rate of 5 cents a word on deferred dispatches.
>
> Plain English deferred cablegrams at half rates.

These innovations by the Western Union, Mr. Ward said, his company would not meet:

> A week-end letter, to be received on Saturday and delivered the following Tuesday.
>
> A deferred cable letter to be delivered the second day after filed.

Mr. Ward closed his statement by this announcement, which did not gain much significance until explained later by another official of the company:

"I would add that the Postal Telegraph Company has to-day appointed a Superintendent of Telephone Service."

An official to whom Mr. Ward referred reporters intimated that it meant no more and no less than that perhaps the Postal was going into the general telephone business as a competitor with the American company much more generally than ever before. According to this official, who did not wish to be quoted by name, the Postal Company, which now operates with success an extensive telephone system in the Far West, in connection with its telegraph service, is considering a plan greatly to extend the telephone branch of the service, possibly in the East as well as in the West.

It was said further by others also closely associated with the Postal Company that a plan was being considered to invite many of the small, independent telephone companies, particularly in the West, to establish connection with the Postal wires, giving them a long distance service and the Postal a local service.

It was by no means the purpose of the Postal, it was said, to gobble up, buy up, or control these small companies, but simply to establish a working connection with them to the advantage of all concerned, including the public.

No secret was made of the fact that it was the belief of those close to the Postal that the Western Union's rate reduction was a declaration of war on the Postal and the Commercial Cable Companies.

When asked what the Commercial Company intended to do regarding the Western Union cut, Mr. Ward, in a statement, said:

> A week-end letter is to be received on Saturday and delivered on the following Tuesday under the Western Union plan. This will involve Sunday work. We prefer to give our cable operators a rest on Sunday. We confine our Sunday business to public necessity, like Sunday railroad trains. We shall not adopt it. There is no demand for a service of this kind.
>
> A newspaper rate of five cents a word. This is a heavy cut of 50 per cent. The purpose is obvious. We think the spectre at Washington is responsible for it. We shall make the same cut.
>
> A deferred cable letter. This is to be delivered two days after it is handed in. We shall not adopt it, so long as it remains deferred. Ours is not a deferred company. Ninety-nine per cent. of cablegrams call for immediate delivery. Here, too, there is no public demand for such service.
>
> Plain language cablegrams at half rates. This is not a Western Union move. It was proposed by the Postmaster General of Great Britain over two years ago. He communicated with The Commercial Cable Company in regard to it at that time. We shall adopt it in accordance with our understanding with the Postmaster General of Great Britain, entered into long ago. That was before the Bell Telephone Company acquired the Western Union Telegraph Company. The Western Union now seeks to give the impression that it originated this plain word cablegram at half rates. The fact that it is not to go into effect until Jan. 1, while the other reductions go into effect at once, shows who originated it.

Edward C. Sweeney, General Manager of the French Cable Company, independent of both the Western Union and the Commercial, said his company was also considering a reduction of rates. He thought the rate was low enough now, but thought it more than likely that all the companies would eventually have to meet the cut. He intimated that the announcement by the Western Union at this time, when reductions by other companies were expected for Jan. 1, was a play for position and an appeal to the galleries. He thought the reason given, that of keeping the wires busy in dull periods, rather thin. He said such dull periods, except possibly late on Saturday nights and sometimes on Sunday, were a a myth. Referring to the provision announced by the Western Union that half-rate messages, delayed more than twenty-four hours, thereupon took place with full-rate messages, he said he did not think this was a square deal for the man who had paid the full rate.

For the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company, John Bottomley, the Secretary, said his company was also considering a reduction on plain English messages.

"We now charge 17 cents a word for code messages against the other companies' 25 cents a word," he said, "but I had rather handle plain English messages at 8 cents a word than code words at the present rates, because of the frequent mistakes operators make in unusual letter combinations."

Postmaster General Hitchcock sent the first cable letter at 12:27 o'clock yesterday morning. It was addressed to the British Postmaster General. Here it is:

> Washington, D. C.
>
> Postmaster General, London:
>
> Availing myself of opportunity to send first cable letter transmitted from this side, I convey to you from American postal service our greetings and best wishes.
>
> FRANK H. HITCHCOCK,
> Postmaster General.

The British Postmaster General replied with a congratulatory message.

Among the first cable letters was one from W. J. S. Donnelly, a merchant of Harbor Grace, Canada. Mr. Donnelly has the distinction of having sent the first commercial message when the first cable was completed on July 27, 1866. That message of 20 words cost him $100. His twenty-word message yesterday cost him $1.50.

ONLY LEMONADE FOR TAFT.

Admiral Ross, President's Host, Sent Back Brother's Rare Wines.

CHICAGO, Dec. 6.—President Taft is still unaware that he missed a treat of rare wines, which were sent for his benefit during his recent visit to Chicago. That he was not the recipient of such a treat, it became known last night, was due to the fact that Rear Admiral Albert Ross, retired, until recently commander of the North Shore Naval Training Station, refused such an offer of his brother.

Anticipating a treat for the President, the Admiral's brother sent a choice assortment of wines from the West for the occasion. Without opening the cases the Admiral shipped them back to his brother with the following message:

"President Taft and his party will have nothing stronger than lemonade while they are my guests. Much obliged for the shipment, but we cannot use it here at the naval station."

DUTCH DESCENDANTS DINE.

They Join in Celebrating for the Saint Nicholas Society.

Descendants of the Dutchmen who bought Manhattan Island long ago for $24 dined last night at Delmonico's. There were about 250 of them, but, as De Lancey Nicoll said in his speech, nobody knew how many descendants of the early Dutch are still living in New York, and perhaps 250 was all of them.

Mr. Nicoll said it was a great pity that even the newspapers could not tell how many children of the early Dutch and English there were in New York.

Yesterday was the day of Saint Nicholas, and the descendants of the Dutchmen who call themselves the Saint Nicholas Society gathered for the seventy-sixth time. The ancient weathercock that once showed the burghers which way the wind blew from a point on top of the building that would now be called the City Hall, was borne in procession and placed before the presiding officer, Walter L. Suydam.

Mr. Suydam wore the historic three-cornered hat of the society and a broad band of the orange of Holland on his coat. Orange was everywhere, and wooden shoes came in with one of the courses. Long clap pipes were passed around, and the members smoked while the speakers told them stories they had heard.

There were toasts for the President and for the Governor, and then for the army and navy, "our city" and for Holland.

Mr. Suydam presented Bishop Gailor of Tennessee, who said that St. Nicholas suggested two qualities that everybody should cultivate—faith and courage. He also advised a due regard for the high place of humor.

"Why," said he, "I have often thought that if John Calvin's mother had been an Irish woman, the theology of modern Protestantism would be vastly different. No man can be a Bishop with a sense of humor. It would kill him in a year."

Then Mr. Nicoll responded to the toast, "Our City," followed by Newton D. Baker, Mayor-elect of Cleveland, who spoke on his city and the country. He referred to his fellow-townsman, John D. Rockefeller, and his supposed descent from the Plantagenets, but assured his hearers that it should be stated as William the Conqueror's ascent to Mr. Rockefeller.

Along the orange speakers' table were the Presidents of several historical societies. Also were there Consul General Planten of the Netherlands, Gen. Grant, and Justice Pendleton.

'DON'TS' FOR HOUSEHOLDERS

Issued by Edwards to Facilitate the Tough Job of Street Cleaning.

Street Cleaning Commissioner Edwards will ask the Board of Estimate to-day for $265,000 to be raised by the sale of special revenue bonds to defray the cost of removing the snow which fell in the season's first snow storm. The money is to pay contractors and "emergency men."

The Commissioner sent out yesterday for distribution to householders 100,00 circulars, containing these "Don'ts":

> Don't throw your ashes, garbage, or refuse on top of the snow. The street is no place for such material. Put it in ash and garbage receptacles. It is against the law to dump any material in the street.
>
> Don't allow the snow to remain on your sidewalks. Open up all the gutters, and don't block them after they have been opened. Arrange it so that the water will run into the gutters instead of into the middle of the street
>
> Don't pile the snow around hydrants or in front of catchbasin inlets.
>
> Take a neighborhood interest and co-operate with the Department of Street Cleaning. You are as much responsible as the Street Cleaning Department.

The Commissioner said yesterday that he was making fair progress in the removal of snow. Money, he said, was urgently needed to pay the large number of extra men.

$60,000 for Nurses' Pensions.

The Superintendent of Mount Sinai Hospital announces that subscriptions received this week complete a pension fund of $60,000 for the relief of nurses who, after graduation from the Mount Sinai Hospital Training School, have supported themselves at least in part by nursing the sick for a period of twenty years. The fund is to be administered by a committee of the Mount Sinai Alumnae Association. In exceptional circumstances relief may be given to nurses who become incapacitated before the expiration of twenty years of active work.

MANSION A CHRISTMAS GIFT.

Mrs. Lawrence Buys One in Fifth Ave. for Mr. and Mrs. Russell Hopkins.

A Fifth Avenue mansion will be one of this year's Christmas gifts. The house is at 1,045 Fifth Avenue, between Eighty-fifth and Eighty-sixth Streets. It is to be presented to Mr. and Mrs. Russell Hopkins by Mrs. J. J. Lawrence. Mrs. Hopkins is the granddaughter of Mrs. Lawrence, and her romantic elopement on the steam yacht U-No five years ago was one of the sensations of the society world.

Mrs. Lawrence, the widow of Dr. J. J. Lawrence, a wealthy patent medicine manufacturer of St. Louis, is now occupying an apartment at the Plaza Hotel. She admitted last night that she had picked out the Fifth Avenue residence as a Christmas gift to her granddaughter and her husband, and seemed surprised that it should attract any particular interest.

The residence occupies a twenty-two foot frontage in a block filled with handsome houses, James B. Clews's new residence being on the Eighty-fifth Street corner Mrs. Lawrence bought the house last Spring. It was owned by Mrs. Richard S. Dana and was occupied by her for many years. Mrs. Lawrence has had the facade altered into a more attractive style and decorators have been working for several months fitting up and furnishing the interior

It was in October, 1906, that Mrs. Hopkins, then Miss Vera Siegrist, a girl of about 17, ran away from school in this city and met her husband on the yacht U-No, which he had chartered from Gen. B. M. Whitlock The yacht steamed up the Hudson and when off Peekskill a boat was put off for the Rev. John G. Oakley of that place, and he performed the wedding ceremony on the yacht.

Mr. Hopkins is the son of a wealthy banker, John Randolph Hopkins of Atlanta, Ga. He has attracted attention in various ways since his marriage, chief of which was his establishment of a private menagerie on his estate, Veruselle, at Irvington, adjoining Miss Helen Gould's place. His menagerie is open to the public. He created a ripple of excitement some time ago by announcing that he was going to drive a zebra tandem up Broadway, but the event did not come off. He is also one of the few young men in America, if not the only one, who has taken out a Lloyds' insurance policy against assassination. Insurance policies are something of a hobby with him, including life, accident, fire, burglary, tornado, automobile insurence, and insurance for his wild animals.

Mr. and Mrs. Hopkins are now on a Southern trip, but will return in time to occupy their Fifth Avenue home on Christmas.

John J. Crooke's Property Sold.

By order of William T. Holt, Public Administrator, there was sold at public auction yesterday on Staten Island all the property on the island belonging to the estate of John J. Crooke, said to have been the first manufacturer of tinfoil in this country and at one time reported to be wealthy. The sale took place at Liberty Hall, Crooke's former residence at Crooke's Crossing, near Gifford's, S. I. Crooke died in the Bronx about two years ago at the age of 88 years.

TWO KILLED IN AEROPLANE.

Aviator and Passenger Dead as Result of Accident in England.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—A double aviation fatality occurred at Filey, near Scarborough, this morning.

Hubert Oxley, an aviator, was killed instantly, while his passenger, Robert Weiss, suffered such injuries that he died shortly afterward.

The aeroplane was smashed.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Dec. 6.—The body of Tod Schriver, the American aviator who was killed on Saturday while making an exhibition flight at Ponce, is being transported to New York on the steamer Coamo.

The accident in England yesterday brings the list of victims of the aeroplane to 109. It was the eighth double fatality since the beginning of aviation.

SLAYERS GO TO SING SING.

Appeals to be Filed To-day for Mrs. Hall's Five Murderers.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Dec. 6.—Smoking cigarettes, with smiling faces, the five Croton Lake murderers were taken in automobiles from the White Plains jail to Sing Sing to-day and put in the condemned cells to await the death penalty for the murder of Mrs. Mary Hall.

Lawyers James Dempsey of Peekskill, James Dalton and William F. Blakeley of Yonkers, assigned to defend the five condemned men, will file appeals to-morrow. It will be contended that the men were not all directly implicated in the murder, because several of them were not identified by Miss Anna C. Griffin and Mrs. John S. Rae, who were held up by members of the gang while others entered the Griffin farmhouse and killed Mrs. Hall. The appeals will act as a stay of the execution, which is fixed for Jan. 15.

Sale of Jay Gould's Art Objects.

An auction of rare and beautiful etchings, tapestries, marbles, and interior decorations will be sold this afternoon and Friday and Saturday afternoons by Mr. Silo at the Fifth Avenue Art Galleries, 546 Fifth Avenue. Many of the rare furnishings were once used by Charles S. Phillips to decorate his home at 1,082 Fifth Avenue, and were subsequently sold to Jay Gould. In the auction will be the Herbert Parkinson collection of etchings by Whistler and other masters. Some of the tapestries belong to the Flemish and French and Italian Renaissance periods. There is a beautifully carved and gilded French salon suite, as well as desks, cabinets, and chests of the Italian Renaissance, eighteenth century English cabinets, and old-fashioned mirrors and clocks.

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Sale of Men's Winter Suits

While our customers have been busy buying Overcoats in our great Overcoat Sale that is making clothing history we have been busy preparing for the greatest money-saving Suit Sale ever held in New York at the very height of the season.

Many months of preparation have been necessary. Thousands of yards of finest woolens and worsteds from America and Europe were specially woven for us and specially purchased. The tailoring was done in our best shops, leisurely and thoroughly.

The recent trip abroad of a high officer of this company was in connection with this Special Sale.

The styles, you may be sure, are the correct styles—now being worn in Paris, Berlin, London and New York.

You Can Save $6.50 to $12.50 On Your Suit

The Models

Narrow shoulder, tight-fitting, ultra English cuts; big, generous, full-bodied American styles. Two and three-button models, in a dozen different variations of lapel and body lines. Every garment—vest, trousers, coat—tailored and designed to hang right and fit right. There are sizes to fit men of every build and models to become every figure.

The Fabrics

Rough Scotch and English cheviots "tweeds," soft-finished velours and cassimeres; finest smooth shorn and unshorn worsteds of fine, close weave.

Every new shade of gray, tan, brown, blue and mixture effect represented. Staple blacks and blues included.

Wide wale, herringbone, fancy stripe and new check and neat plaid weaves to choose from.

The Prices

Standard $18 Men's Full Weight Winter Sack Suits	$11.50
Standard $20 Men's Full Weight Winter Sack Suits	$13.50
Standard $22.50 Men's Full Weight Winter Sack Suits	$15.00
Standard $25 Men's Full Weight Winter Sack Suits	$17.50
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$20.00 Overcoats	$13.50
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WEATHER MAN IN THE PARK.

Chief City Meteorological Station May Be Established at the Arsenal.

The United States Weather Bureau, it was learned yesterday, may soon make the Arsenal in Central Park its chief station in this city for the taking of meteorological observations, if the tests now in progress there prove successful. The headquarters of the bureau, however, would still be kept in the Whitehall Building, at 17 Battery Place, the offices there being used for clerical work.

Dr. Daniel S. Draper, a meteorologist of note, and for more than forty years the head of the Central Park Observatory which the city maintained, resigned last July. It cost the city more than $7,000 a year to keep up the observatory. With a view to economy the proposal of turning the observatory over to the United States Weather Bureau was considered. Several conferences were held between Park Commissioner Stover and Forecaster Scarr, with the result that soon after Dr. Draper resigned the Weather Bureau installed a complete set of instruments in the observatory and placed one of its men in charge. The Weather Bureau, however, will not formally take charge of the obseratory until Jan. 1.

Forecaster Scarr said yesterday that he regarded Central Park as the ideal place in Manhattan from which to take observations because of the natural advantages it possesses.

"We are now obliged," he said, "to get our observations artificially. In the park we could get them under natural conditions. The bureau has had to move several times because 'skyscrapers' grew up about us to interfere with the taking of observations. In the park conditions will always remain the same."

DROP CROCKER WILL CHARGES

Boston Prosecutor Drops Jury Bribery Indictments.

BOSTON, Dec. 6.—With the complete exoneration of ex-City Treasurer George U. Crocker from the charge of bribing the jury that broke his father's will and gave him and his two brothers a share in the million-dollar estate that would have gone to their stepmother, there disappeared from the courthouse to-day William J. Hartnett, who the District Attorney says grossly deceived him in giving what proved to be false evidence on which the indictments against Crocker were based.

Litigation over the will of Uriel H. Crocker, an old-time Boston lawyer, extended over ten years, and ever since a jury set aside the will there have been rumors of bribery, and one man served a prison sentence. William J. Hartnett was convicted of accepting a bribe in the case. Three Grand Juries investigated it, and the question was a political issue two years ago. Crocker and John J. Conroy, who were said to have been involved in the case, were indicted in March, 1910, for bribery, but the case was not reached until to-day.

When the jury was about to be impaneled District Attorney Pelletier held a conference with the lawyers for the defense and issued a statement to the [illegible] that he had been grossly deceived, and he [illegible] the defendants from an [illegible] charge.

Hartnett was defaulted, and the police [illegible].

WOMEN OUTVOTED LOS ANGELES MEN

Of Those Registered Fully 90 to 95 Per Cent. Went to the Polls at Tuesday's Election.

1,500 WORK FOR CANDIDATES

Woman of 83 Voted Before Daylight—Overwhelming Vote by Women Against Making City Dry.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 6.—In their work at the polls yesterday the women of Los Angeles justified the sanguine expectation of the officers and members of the Woman's Progressive League. Every woman who had been assigned a part in the campaign reported for duty on the instant, and filled the day with yeoman service. Not a single precinct Captain was prevented from taking charge of her territory, and 1,500 women under the direction of the league participated in the day's work.

To-day many men who had opposed the granting of suffrage to women were loud in praise of their work at the polls.

"I think the men of Los Angeles should be proud of their wives and mothers and sisters," said Clifford Howard, author, discussing the Good Government victory to-day. "The work they did at the polls was remarkable, and I think they deserve credit. They have shown a wonderful ability to take hold of an untried task, and, guided only by their judgment, bring it to splendid completion."

This was repeated in substance by scores of Republican and Democratic leaders.

Perhaps the most unusual features of the day were the early hour at which the women began their activities and the sacrifices made on the part of the aged and infirm to do their duty.

Several instances of self-sacrifice were seen in Precinct 151, which had two polling places, with Mrs. Mabel Kingman as Captain of the booths. Before the polls were opened at Division A four women were in line to vote. One of them, Mrs. Hickox, mother of Mrs. Dwight Satterlee, is 83 years of age. Although two others were ahead of her, she was able to cast her ballot less than two minutes after the polls were opened and had voted before daylight. Another of the early voters was Mrs. Lydia Hobbs, who is 82 years of age.

Later in the day Mrs. Cornelia Dolivor, 76 years of age, left a sick bed to vote in this precinct. Mrs. Winfield Thieme, who is nearly 80, went to the polls on crutches.

The oldest voter in the precinct was Mrs. A. I. Skelly, aged 91 years, blind and partially deaf, but she knew the name of every candidate for whom she wished to vote and called these names from memory to the election officer who stamped her ballot for her. Another octogenarian voter was Mrs. Frances Stephens of 905 South Alvarado Street, whose husband was one of the early Governors of Arizona.

Mme. Caroline M. Severance, 92 next week, who has fought for suffrage all her life, sang the following original hymn after casting her first vote:

Mine eyes behold the dawning of the glad, resplendent day,
When war and strife shall cease their blind, barbarous sway,
For woman comes to join her struggling knightly mates
To make the waiting world a brotherhood of States.
Glory, glory, hallelujah,
The race goes marching on,
Glory, glory, hallelujah,
Till peace and joy are won.

Four generations of one family cast their ballot in one precinct. Mrs. Katherine Shinn of 2,012 West Washington Street, 92 years old, was brought to the polls by Mrs. Mary Kenny, a daughter, and Mrs. Sallie Ferrie. Besides Mrs. Shinn's daughter, representatives of the next two generations who voted were Mrs. Elizabeth Kenny, granddaughter, and George Mayer, greatgrandson, who cast his first vote.

The wonder of the day lay in the percentage of women's votes cast out of the total registration. It was estimated by Miss Converse last night that from 90 to 95 per cent. of all the women registered went to the polls. In Precinct 1, which is at Garvanza, every woman on the registration books voted except one, who is dangerously sick. In No. 167 only one vote was lost. No. 31 lost only six votes among the women. Only nine failed to vote in No. 195, and in No. 62 only three did not appear. It is doubtful if such a record was ever before made in an election anywhere.

Mrs. Sarah Louise Flaught, a widow, 71, died of heart trouble at her residence, 1,823 Wright Street, ten minutes after she had voted at the polling place of Precinct 144A. Long before the primary election in October Mrs. Flaught had expressed an earnest desire to vote. She registered in due time. Before going to the polls this morning, she said, although in the best of health, "Let me vote once before I die." Her son, William H. Flaught, brought her to the voting precinct in a buggy and she voted. The excitement of it overcame her.

Election Board members declared that the women not only outvoted the men in nearly all the precincts, but showed more aptitude in handling their ballots. They cast their votes more quickly, they did not need as much coaching and explaining as the men, and they worked harder than the men for their favorite candidates.

The vote of the women on the city ordinances showed discrimination. There were three of them, the most important being the drastic prohibition measure, designed to make the city "dry as a bone." The women voted overwhelmingly against that, but they declared for a municipal newspaper.

Predictions that a reduction in Joseph Scott's vote would show the effect of the McNamara case even more conclusively than the defeat of Harriman were practically verified. Scott, who was one of the attorneys for the dynamiters, is President of the Municipal School Board. He was a candidate for re-election on the Good Government ticket, and ran more than 4,000 votes behind the rest of his ticket. He was elected, but finished at the bottom of the list of majorities. In the preceding election he led the ticket.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Dec. 6.—Olympia yesterday rejected the commission form of Government by a majority of 68 votes. A complete Republican ticket was elected. Two women were among the defeated Socialist candidates.

Complete returns from 315 out of 317 precincts give George Alexander, Good Government candidate for Mayor, 83,978 votes, and Job Harriman, Socialist, 52,293. The two missing precincts in the suburbs had a registration of 1,500 and are expected to run about even between Alexander and Harriman.

The entire Good Government ticket was elected. No Socialist candidate for any office came within 25,000 votes of winning. Scott, who was allied with the counsel for the defense of the McNamaras, finished last. He is now President of the board.

The prohibition vote was 31,691 for and 87,344 against.

GOOD ADVICE
THE following quotation is from The American under date of November 13, 1911:
"Q. I have $2,000 which I am thinking of putting on mortgage or in mortgage certificates of the Title Guarantee & Trust Company. Do you think this would be a good investment? J. D., Lebanon, N. J."
"A. Yes."
There are many people in the vicinity of Greater New York who could follow this advice in regard to investments to their great advantage.
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SOCIALIST STRENGTH SHOWN.

Their Candidate for City Attorney Wins in Bremerton.

BREMERTON, Wash., Dec. 6.—The Socialists elected two Councilmen in yesterday's election. The Citizens' Independent ticket elected the Mayor, Treasurer, Clerk, and two Councilmen. State Senator J. W. Bryan, who ran independently for City Attorney, polled most of the Socialist strength, and was elected by 100 majority, the largest received by any candidate.

Bremerton voted three to one in favor of consolidating with Charleston, but the latter rejected the merger. Consolidation of the navy yard towns was favored by President Taft when he spoke at Puget Sound Navy Yard in October.

COUPEVILLE, Wash., Dec. 6.—The Socialist candidates, champions of the cow, were defeated in yesterday's election, the Citizens' ticket, which stood for forbidding roadside grazing of cattle, winning two to one.

VOTE FOR CANAL TERMINALS.

H. D. Hadley Believes the Plan Was Adopted by 3,886 Plurality.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Dec. 6.—According to semi-official returns gathered by Howard D. Hadley, Chairman of the Publicity Committee of the Barge Canal Terminal Conference, from the clerks of Boards of Supervisors throughout the State, there is no longer any doubt that the terminal plan providing $19,800,000 for the State canal system has been carried by a small but safe plurality.

Mr. Hadley's returns show a plurality of 3,886. The officers of the Board of Trade and Transportation of New York City have collected returns from the County Clerks in each county in the State, and their plurality is figured at 5,380.

Speaking of the result, Mr. Hadley said to-night:

"All the constitutional amendments are surely beaten, most of them by heavy adverse pluralities. In view of the evident unpopularity of the constitutional amendments, and considering the bitter city and county fights in Greater New York, Albany, Schenectady, Buffalo, Troy and other points, we are greatly pleased to learn that the much-needed terminal facilities for the canals have been approved by the voters. The future prosperity of the State rests very largely on the excellence of our system of transportation by highway, by waterway and by railway. The terminal facilities are recognized as the keys to the situation, at each point."

G. L. RECORD FOR ROOSEVELT

First Cry Will Be for Colonel if Convention Breaks, He Says.

ST. PAUL, Dec. 6.—George L. Record of Newark, N. J., addressing a meeting of Republican progressives here this afternoon, said progressives were not so sure Theodore Roosevelt would not be a candidate for the Presidential nomination.

"Our only hope," said Mr. Record, "is in a break in the convention. If that happens the first cry will be for Roosevelt, but he may throw his support to La Follette."

NEW MANHATTAN BRIDGE LINE

Brooklyn Companies and Third Ave. System Propose a Connecting Route.

A street railway line to operate over the Manhattan Bridge in connection with the Brooklyn Rapid Transit, the Coney Island & Brooklyn Railroad Company, and the Third Avenue Railway system, will be formed, if the Board of Estimate grants a franchise to-day. The new company, it is proposed, will operate cars from the North River along Canal Street and over the bridge to Fulton Street, Brooklyn, via the Flatbush Avenue extension.

It is proposed to charge a five-cent fare and to permit a passenger a single transfer to any intersecting line of the companies behind the new corporation, and also to establish a three-cent rate over the bridge itself with a round trip ticket for 5 cents. It would be another step in building up a street railway system competing with the Metropolitan, which has been the aim of F. W. Whitridge, receiver of the Third Avenue.

Two other companies are trying to obtain a franchise for the Manhattan Bridge. On July 12, 1910, the Manhattan Bridge Three-Cent Fare Company, of which Frederick T. Rowe is President, made application to the Public Service Commission for a certificate of convenience and necessity for a line running from Desbrosses Street Ferry along Canal Street, over the bridge, through Flatbush Avenue extension, to Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn. It got the certificate with the proviso that it must obtain from the street railway already operating in Canal Street permission to use its tracks. The Brooklyn Heights Company and the Nassau Electric Company, and the Coney Island & Brooklyn Railroad Company, the three Brooklyn concerns now making their own application, took the certificate to the courts and the case is still pending.

On June 16 last the Manhattan Bridge Service Company made application to the Public Service Commission for a certificate of convenience and necessity for a line across the Manhattan Bridge and through Flatbush Avenue extension to Fulton Street. Harlan W. Whipple is the President, and the hearings on the company's petition are still in progress.

GAYNOR IN WASHINGTON.

The Mayor Will See About Buying Navy Yard Site for the City.

Mayor Gaynor, accompanied by Dock Commissioner Calvin Tomkins and R. A. C. Smith of the New York Harbor Commission, went to Washington yesterday to attend the National Rivers and Harbors Congress which meets there to-day. The Mayor will address the congress. While in Washington he will discuss with the Secretary of the Navy the proposal of the Navy Department that the Federal Government abandon the New York Navy Yard. The navy authorities have a plan to build a huge navy yard at Newport, R. I., or some other nearby place large enough to accommodate all of Uncle Sam's ships.

Commissioner Tomkins is greatly interested in the plan, for if it is carried out it is likely that the city will purchase from the Federal Government the ground now occupied by the New York Navy Yard. On this ground the Commissioner thinks that the city should build immense piers capable of accommodating the largest ocean liners and at the same time have enough ground left to rent to manufacturers.

The Mayor will also see the Secretary of War in regard to the establishment of pierhead lines in Manhattan so that the largest steamships may dock here. He will advocate the removal of the lighthouse depot on Staten Island from its present location on the ground that it is too small for the Government's needs, and that in its present location it is an obstacle to any comprehensive plan of dock improvement. The Mayor will call upon President Taft.

'SERVE FOR HONOR'—GAYNOR

Thus He Answers Grand Jurors Who Wanted Increased Pay.

Mayor Gaynor sent a letter yesterday to the committee of Brooklyn Grand Jurors who petitioned him to use his good offices to have the pay of Kings County Grand Jurors increased. The Mayor thinks that Grand Jurors should serve without any salary at all. This is his letter:

Dec. 6, 1911.

Dear Sirs: On consideration I do not wish to recommend that the Board of Aldermen give you extra pay. Men fit to serve on Grand Juries ought to be willing to do it for the honor of it. Grand jurors have a high function to perform, and ought to be men who know that they are not to be led by the nose by the District Attorney, the Judge, or any one else. Very truly yours,

W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

Messrs. Henry W. Smith, John R. White, Robert F. Craig, 176 Taylor Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Simeon Ford Renews Dynamite Suit.

Simeon Ford and Samuel T. Shaw, proprietors of the Grand Union Hotel, filed suit yesterday against the executors of John B. McDonald, builder of the Subway, for $40,000 and $90,000 for damages arising from an explosion of dynamite in January, 1902, when the Subway was being built. The suit was brought against McDonald himself in his life time, but had been held up by delays occasioned by appeals over matters of law.

PLUNGES 365 FEET FROM WORLD DOME

Middle-Aged Man Broken to Pieces Against Hood of an Auto Standing at the Curb.

BARELY MISSED CHAUFFEUR

Had Been Seen Climbing Hesitatingly to the Lofty Perch on His Way to Find a Certain Death.

About 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon crowds in City Hall Park and around Brooklyn Bridge terminal saw the body of a man come plunging downward from the dome of the Pulitzer Building. The body just cleared the crowded sidewalk and landed across the hood of a gray touring car, barely missing a chauffeur who sat at the wheel reading a newspaper.

A few minutes before, Oscar Corbett, employed in the filing rooms of The World under the dome, saw a middle-aged man climb the steps leading to the narrow platform under the lantern. It is a place to which visitors often go to get the view, and, although the slow tread of the man and his hesitating manner, with his frequent stopping and looking around, attracted the attention of Corbett, he thought little of the visitor.

A moment later a sweeping sound was heard from the roof, and Corbett remarked to the boy who was working with him: "There goes a big slide of snow," and went on about his work with his papers.

In the street the unusual occurrence brought a surging crowd around the automobile, and the police had to fight their way through. An ambulance call was sent to the Hudson Street Hospital. The Bridge Squad held back the crowd with great difficulty until the arrival of Dr. Russell. The physician found that the man's skull had been shattered and that practically every bone in his body had been broken. The body fell 365 feet.

The automobile suffered from the accident. The radiator was broken from the engine and the hood bent. The right mudguard and the right lamp were demolished. The machine belonged to J. R. Pauline, a professional hypnotist, and the chauffeur, who narrowly escaped being hit, was Garfield Coumbine.

A search of the body brought forth two visiting cards and a piece of paper on which was written in ink: "Albert Denan d'Arligues, 4 Rue Paillet, Paris." One of the cards bore the inscription, "William Davidson, M. D., 139 Clerk Street, corner of Carteret Avenue, Jersey City," and the other the name of Isaac D. White, of The World staff, with his telephone number. Mr. White later went to the Oak Street Station, but could not identify the body. He said the man had not called on him and that the card had been issued about two years ago.

The dead man appeared to be a little more than fifty years old. He was partly bald, and had a gray moustache. His suit was blue, and he wore a heavy pair of black shoes, white socks, a white shirt with a low turn-down collar, and a small black bow tie. Of money he had $1.42.

A glance at the point from which the man plunged seems to prove conclusively that his act was intentional. There is an iron railing 3½ feet high around the platform, and under it the roof of the dome slopes away at a sharp turn. No one would deliberately attempt to find a footing on the dome. Marks on the roof, which appear to be those of two heels, could be seen, and a broken and bent incandescent lamp indicates that it had been struck by a foot or possibly a hand.

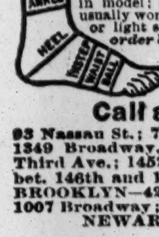
A man, about 65 or 70 years old, calling himself Dr. William Davidson, lived at 139 Clerk Street, Jersey City, up to about a year ago. Then he and his family, consisting of his wife and a son, a man of middle age, moved away, and their present address is not known. The elder man worked for a gas company in Jersey City, though calling himself a physician.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 6.—Nothing is known here of Albert Denan d'Argligues. The house at 4 Rue Paillet is a family pension.

Effect of Dear Malt Upon Alimony.

Depression in the brewery business due to the increased cost of malt and hops was given as the reason for cutting the alimony of Mrs. Charlotte Schwarzer below $65 a month in the Supreme Court yesterday. Rudolph H. Schwarzer, her husband, asked that the alimony be reduced because, owing to the depression in the brewery business from the cause mentioned, M. Grove's Sons' Brewery had cut his salary from $50 to $25 a week. Decision was reserved.



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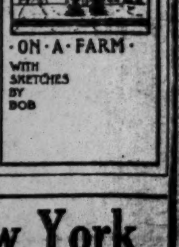

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BREADWAGONDRIVER DRAWS A SUSPENSION

Goes Into Racing Game, Loses His Money, "Rings" His Horse, and Gets Into Trouble.

An echo of the famous Lou Dillon Gold Cup case came up at yesterday's meeting of the Board of Review of the National Trotting Association at the Murray Hill Hotel. George W. Spears, who in 1906 was trainer for E. E. Smathers, owner of Lou Dillon, asked the board to be reinstated to good standing. The application was promptly refused. Spears was the trainer, who, after Lou Dillon and Major Delmar raced for the Gold Cup at Memphis, came out with the declaration that Delmar won the race because Lou Dillon had been doped.

The controversy for the possession of the cup was carried to the New York courts, and the National Trotting Association heard the case and exonerated both Mr. Smathers and Lou Dillon. Spears was expelled and yesterday asked for reinstatement. Previous to this turf scandal, Spears was mixed up in the Temple Bar ringing scandal in Cleveland several years ago and was expelled. At the time of the Lou Dillon scandal he was under temporary reinstatement and was promptly set down again for giving false testimony in the Lou Dillon case.

J. J. Longworth of Philadelphia, owner of Red Pepper, 2:11¼, was suspended for racing his horse as a "ringer" under the name of Warwick Boy on tracks in Pennsylvania. The horse Red Pepper will not be allowed to race again. Longworth has rather an interesting career as a turfman. At one time he drove a baker's wagon in Philadelphia. One day a trolley car hit the wagon and spilled all the bread and cakes over the street and injured Mr. Longworth severely.

He obtained damages from the street railway company for a considerable amount and used the cash to buy himself race horses. One of these was Red Pepper. It didn't take him long to get acquainted with one side of the racing game and was soon racing Red Pepper as Warwick Boy. The horse won one race and cleaned up only $130 on the victory. Mr. Longworth had much faith in the speed of his horse and backed it, but soon his money was gone, so he decided to drive the baker's wagon again. He is now suspended and will be until he returns the $130 Red Pepper won and pays a fine of $50 for racing the horse under another name.

H. N. Turney of Easthampton and W. B. Shelley of Russell, Mass., were both on the carpet for racing the pacer Nellie, 2:16¼, out of her class. Shelly was the driver and Turney now owns the horse. The testimony showed that Turney merely posed as the owner of the horse for George L. McAvoy of Northampton. Mr. McAvoy bought the horse, but he did not want to appear the owner because his wife objected to his having race horses. So Mr. Turney kindly appeared as the owner, when as a matter of fact, he didn't buy the horse until he had been racing it for almost a year. Nellie won $170 racing in the 2:20 class. Turney told the Board of Review yesterday that he did not know that the mare had a mark of 2:16¼. It appears that McAvoy knew this, however, but did not tell Mr. Turney. The board continued the case and will bring action against McAvoy. Mr. Turney has returned his illegal winnings. Mr. Turney felt very much disappointed yesterday because the charge against the mare was not cleared, as he has it entered in several races on the ice in Canada this Winter.

Two well-known horsemen of Eaglesville and Phoenixville, Penn., Harvey and Charles Whitby, brothers, had several cases charged against them and each was suspended several times for their violations of the racing code. Harvey Whitby drew his first suspension for not identifying a gray gelding, Chauncey D. He was also ordered to return the illegal winnings of this horse. Charles Whitby was first suspended for failing to identify Laura W. Charles Whitby and Kryder Hutter, alias Harry Hamilton, of Eaglesville, were expelled for ringing the unidentified horse Laura as Little Bess. Charles Whitby was expelled also for racing Nig Direct, 2:27, in the 2:40 class. The accused horseman must clear himself of all these charges before he can race again. Harvey Whitby drew another suspension, with J. A. Rhodes, for failing to identify a horse called Willing which they raced at Petersburg, Va.

Tom Johnson of Burgettstown, Penn., was suspended for failing to identify Tommy B., 2:15¼. Frank Grapentine of Detroit was suspended, as was also the bay mare Bessie G., until its identity has been established and the mare's illegal winnings are returned for proper distribution.

One of the surprising features of the session yesterday was the expulsion of a woman horse fancier, Mrs. Angus Bonner, of London, Ohio. Mrs. Bonner is the owner of Gus B., 2:10¼, which was raced under the name of Brownie B. in West Virginia. Along with Mrs. Bonner, her trainers and drivers were also expelled, including William Bonzo, Robert Perry, known as "Rocker," and C. E. Jackson.

W. J. Ashton of Springfield, Mass.; Victor M. Frost of the same place, and W. Brown of Willimantic, with the horse Riley Christman, 2:09, were all suspended for racing the horse under the name of The Arrow. James P. Brown of Willimantic was the man who is held responsible for selling the horse to Mr. Ashton, who was an innocent party to the ringing case. The National Trotting Association will begin proceedings against Brown for fraudulently selling the horse under a false name.

All the officers of the Shateaugay Agricultural Society of Shateaugay, N. Y., were suspended at the instigaton of Fred Hyde of Hartford, who won several purses at a meeting last Summer and did not get his money. The unpaid purses amount to $1,200. The officers suspended until the purses are paid are E. A. McCoy, President; G. F. Mahoney, Vice President; G. W. Foster, Treasurer, and Frank W. Beman, Secretary. The Shateaugay Association maintains that it cannot pay because the well-known horseman, James Farley, who guaranteed the purses, did not pay them. Mr. Farley emphatically stated that he did not guarantee the purses for the society. The case is being heard in the civil courts. Hyde won several races at the meet with Scientia.

The decision of the judges was sustained in the case of Frank Callahan of Tiffen, Ohio, who raced last Summer at the Lafayette track at Norfolk. The judges decided that Callahan, who was driving Nutmore, forfeited his right to the race because he refused to start in the sixth heat. Callahan, according to the evidence of the case, tried to take matters into his own hands, and run the track. The judges decided that the sixth heat should be raced on the following day, because Nutmore refused to race the sixth heat against the field of eligible horses. He stated that but one horse had a chance against him and he was willing to race against that horse alone. Finally Mr. Callahan ignored the judges and raced around the track alone and demanded the purse. The judges distributed the money among the other contestants. Callahan then brought action against the track management. The board sustained the judges' decision, but action will be brought against the judges for stopping the race contrary to the rules. The judges's decision was also sustained in the case of Samuel Justice of De Puyter, N. Y. He entered two horses in one race and won two heats with one of the horses. Then he pulled up to give his other horse a chance. The judges ruled the horse out of the race and this verdict was upheld.

The board will continue its session to-day, as many more cases will be heard. In all 113 cases are to be heard at this meeting. Since the organization of the association, in 1870, 5,517 cases have come before it.

AUTO ENGINEERS RETURN.

Sixty-five Members and Manufacturers Home from Trip Abroad.

Sixty-five leading automobile engineers and manufacturers, members of the Society of Automobile Engineers, have just completed a tour of the leading automobile factories in England and France, some of the party going to Italy, Germany, and Belgium for similar purposes. In London scientific conferences were held with the Incorporated Institution of Automobile Engineers, and the automobile show at Olympia was visited. This party, representing practically every leading American automobile manufacturer, was organized and conducted by Coker F. Clarkson, general manager and secretary of the society.

The party sailed from New York on the Mauretania on Nov. 1, and the majority of the party will return on the White Star liner Olympic, which docks here to-day. Among the returning members are William E. Metzger, President of the National Association of Automobile Manufacturers; Howard E. Coffin, Vice President of the Hudson Motor Car Company, and Mr. Clarkson, who had charge of the tour. Those who did not sail from Cherbourg on the Olympic are now visiting factories in Italy, Germany, and Belgium.

Plans for the annual meeting of the Society of Automobile Engineers are now being perfected. Considerable attention will be given to the commercial vehicle, the great new factor in the problem of automobile making. In all about forty carefully prepared papers will be presented at this session, which is to be held at the Garden during Automobile Show week. The membership of the society is now close to 1,100.

Airedale Terrier Club Show.

The Airedale Terrier Club of America will hold a show of dogs Saturday at Murray Hill Lyceum, for which entries have been received from Chicago, Boston, Philadelphia, Canada, and the metropolitan district. Among the noted dogs entered are Ch. King Oorang, Ch. Tinton Royalist, Ch. Prince of York, Ch. Kenmare Sorceress, Ch. Larmere Mistress Magnet, Ch. Soudan Swiveller, and the newly imported Rockley Oorang, which is said to have cost $2,000. In addition two of England's best, Clonmel Cadet and Clonmel Imperialist, which are reported to have cost $3,000 for the pair, will also be shown. Altogether it will probably be the greatest collection of Airedales ever gathered in one show either in this country or in England. In all there are 110 entries.

Siwanoy Country Club Trap Shoot.

Amateurs and professionals will compete on Saturday at the big blue rock trap shooting events to be held at Mount Vernon under the auspices of the Siwanoy Country Club. The chief event for the "pros" is the President's Trophy, a scratch contest at twenty-five "birds," for which the following have entered: Jack Fanning, J. A. R. Elliott, T. H. Keller, Jr., J. R. Schneider, J. T. Skelly, H. C. Kirkwood, Clifford Babson, L. S. German, Neals Apgar, H. H. Stevens, J. W. Hessian, A. W. Higgins, Capt. Thomas Doe, C. W. Dimmich, and J. R. Wettstein. There will also be a scratch event for amateurs, twenty-five "birds," and a handicap for the same class, twenty-five "birds."

Dixie IV. to Get Heins Trophy.

The International Mile Record Trophy for motorboats, donated by Otto H. Heins, will be presented to the owner of Dixie IV. to-night at the annual banquet of the Motorboat Club of America. Dixie IV. won this trophy in the international race held on Huntington Bay last September, when she beat the British challengers for the Harmsworth Trophy, and established a world's record of 45 statute miles an hour.

SPALDING TO LEAD YALE 1912 ELEVEN

Retiring Captain, Arthur Howe, May Be Selected as Eli's Head Field Coach.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 6.—Jesse Spalding of Chicago was chosen Captain of the Yale football eleven for next season at a meeting held this evening by the twenty-two players who took part in the games against Harvard and Princeton this year. All were present.

The election was announced by the football management as unanimous, but it is understood that several votes were cast for Douglass Bomeisler, right end, although Spalding had a large majority and was easily the choice on the first ballot.

Spalding's college career in football has been intermittent. He was half back on the freshman eleven two seasons ago, but omitted playing last year because of parental objections. This Fall he overcome the home protests and was half back from the start of the season. He came to Yale from the Hill School, Pottstown, Penn., where he was half back and track team sprinter. Spalding said after to-night's meeting that he had no plans for next year's campaign, but he will probably make Arthur Howe, Captain of the team this year, his head coach.

FEWER FOOTBALL INJURIES.

Three Noted College Trainers' Opinions on Dangers of New Rules.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 6.—Decreased injuries under the present football rules are claimed by Trainers "Pooch" Donovan of Harvard, John Mack of Yale, and Keene Fitzpatrick of Princeton in statements made in The Yale Daily News to-day. Mr. Donovan says:

"Although Harvard had a number of minor injuries this year, perhaps more than last year, the extent of the injuries was not as great as in former years. Two of our players were out of the game for the season, one with a broken arm and another with a broken ankle, but either of these injuries could happen in any kind of a game. Of course, there will always be injuries in the game under any kind of rules, but I think that the game as played to-day has cut the more serious injuries to a very great extent."

Trainer Fitzpatrick says: "We have had very few injuries at Princeton during the past football season. There is no question in my mind but that there are fewer injuries in the game as it is played to-day than under the old rules."

Trainer Mack says: "As long as there is football there will be small injuries, but the same can be said of any sport. During the past season we have had a large number of men laid up with various injuries, such as muscle bruises or sprained ankles, but none was so seriously hurt as to cause any alarm. In my estimation the new style of game as played by the college teams offers less chance of injury than the old style."

CAMP'S "ALL-AMERICAN."

Yale's Football Authority Performs His Annual Duty of "Picking."

The selection of an all-American football team has got to be a pastime that most anybody takes a crack at nowadays, and the differences of opinion in the various choices have ceased to be a bone of contention.

However, there is one authority on the game—Walter Camp, the originator of the all-American idea, whose annual team is always looked for with considerable interest. He performs this little duty annually for Collier's, and this year his team is made up as follows:

Position.	Player.	College.
End	White	Princeton
Tackle	Hart	Princeton
Guard	Fisher	Harvard
Centre	Ketcham	Yale
Guard	Duff	Princeton
Tackle	Devore	West Point
End	Bomeisler	Yale
Quarter back	Howe	Yale
Half back	Wendell	Harvard
Half back	Thorpe	Carlisle
Full back	Dalton	Annapolis

Princeton Football Managers.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, Dec. 6.—Walter Hickling Bass, 1914, of Brooklyn, was to-day elected assistant manager of the Princeton football team by the upper classes in the university. Richard Douglass Drummond of New York City will manage the 1916 freshmen football team. Bass prepared for Princeton at Poly Prep in Brooklyn, while Drummond came here from the Knoxville School.

Devore Is Army's 1912 Captain.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Dec. 6.—At a meeting of the Army football men here, Cadet Leland Devore, the big left tackle, was chosen to captain next season's team. Devore is a member of the second class, and is the tallest man in the academy, standing 6 feet 3½ inches and weighing 201 pounds. His work at tackle this year has stood out prominently, and in the selections of some of the experts he was given a place on the all Eastern teams. He is also prominent in basket ball, and represents his class in the shot-put and tug-of-war events. Devore is a West Virginia boy. He is active in all sports of the academy and stands high in his studies. All excepting three of the team that faced the Navy will graduate next June, but with the abundance of good second-string men left and prospects of a number entering with the new class, Capt. Devore should find no lack of good men to help him frame up a strong eleven next season.

Rodes to Lead Navy Eleven.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Dec. 6.—Midshipman Peter Powell Rodes of Kentucky was to-night elected Captain of the Naval Academy football team for next year. Rodes is full back on the team, a position which he has filled satisfactorily for two seasons.

W. T. Cochran, a substitute half back on the team, was the winner this afternoon in the annual competition in kicking, passing, and catching the football. He scored 163 points, and won by a handy margin.

Kling After Boston National Stock.

CHICAGO, Dec. 6.—John Kling, formerly catcher for the Chicago National League Club and now with the Boston team in the same league, was in Chicago long enough to-day to say that he was on his way East to try and purchase some stock in the Boston National Club held by the late William Hepburn Russell. Kling came to Chicago from Cinsinnati, where he is said to have gone to discuss baseball matters with Garry Herrmann, in particular the managerial outlook for the Cincinnati Nationals.

Livingstone and Hartsel Released.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 6.—Manager Connie Mack of the Philadelphia American League Baseball Club to-day announced the sale of Catcher Livingstone to the Cleveland Club of the same league, and of "Topsy" Hartsel, outfielder, to the Toledo Club of the American Association. Hartsel may manage the team.

Princeton Basket Ball Victory.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, Dec. 6.—Princeton had a close call in the opening game of the basket ball season to-night, but managed to win over Manhattan College by a 28-to-24 score. The visitors showed superior passing and teamwork in the first half, but the Tigers came back strong in the second period, and some clever work by Uhl, who scored 16 of Princeton's points, gave them a decided advantage. De Witt and Vaughan, Princeton football stars, were in the Tiger line-up. Lack of experience with the new game caused many penalties. Line-up:

Princeton.	Position.	Manhattan.
Uhl	Left forward	Ryan
Heath	Right forward	Snarez
Briggs	Centre	Leonard
Kaphler	Right guard	Loesch
De Witt	Left guard	Flynn

Field goals—Uhl, (3,) Hughes, (2,) Heath, (2,) Vaughan, Reuissille, Ryan, (3,) Snarez, (2,) Flynn. Goals from fouls—Uhl, (10,) Flynn, (12.) Substitutions—Reuissille for Briggs, Hughes for De Witt, Vaughan for Reuissille. Referee—Mr. Cartwright, Philadelphia. Time of halves—Twenty minutes each.

GIANTS' NEW SECRETARY.

Joseph D. O'Brien of Milwaukee Succeeds William M. Gray Next Week.

President John T. Brush of the New York Baseball Club announced yesterday the retirement of William M. Gray as Secretary of the club and the appointment of Joseph D. O'Brien of Milwaukee as his successor. Mr. Gray will retire from the club next week and Mr. O'Brien with Treasurer John T. Whalen will represent the New York Club at the National League meeting here next week.

Mr. Gray has been Secretary of the club two years. He succeeded Fred M. Knowles, when the latter was forced to retire because of ill health. Mr. Gray was formerly in the theatrical business. Mr. Brush also announced yesterday that he would take a rest of several months, leaving the affairs of the club in the hands of the new Secretary. Mr. O'Brien is a well-known baseball man, and for six years was President of the American Association.

Mr. Brush's statement is as follows:

The writer, following the advice of interested friends and relatives, has decided to devote a few months to rest, recreation, and recuperation.

This has rendered it necessary for him to readjust the business affairs of the New York Baseball Club, to the end that all details of office work and legislation may be placed, during his absence, in the hands of practical and experienced individuls. This has led to the engagement of Joseph D. O'Brien of Milwaukee, Wis., to succeed William M. Gray as Secretary of the club. Mr. O'Brien has had superior advantages and training in professional basball, havng served six years as President of the prosperous Class A American Association.

Mr. O'Brien, with Col. John Whalen, Treasurer of the club, will represent the New York Club at the coming National League meeting. Mr. Gray, the present Secretary, has performed the duties assigned him during the past year in a thoroughly satisfactory manner, and he has been found conscientious, painstaking, and competent. It would be almost impossible and unexpected that he should master the intricacies of baseball procedure in the brief space of time in which he has been connected with the National game, and it is because of this fact that it has been necessary to secure one who is fully in touch with the baseball situation in its many ramifications.

Mr. Gray will not sever his connection with the club until after the adjournment of the coming league meeting. In his retirement he carries with him the writer's assurance of friendship and esteem and the knowledge that it is for the reasons above stated, and no other, that he severs his connection with the club.

JOHN T. BRUSH,
President New York Baseball Club.

Glencoe A. C. Sunday Runs.

The Glencoe A. C. will open its cross-country runs, starting next Sunday from the clubhouse, 247 East 126th Street, at 3:30 P. M. All athletes are invited to participate in these runs, which will be at the distance of 3¾ miles. Clubs which will enter men are: Pastime, Morningside, Pennants, Morris, and Sheridan.

Other Sports on Page 14.

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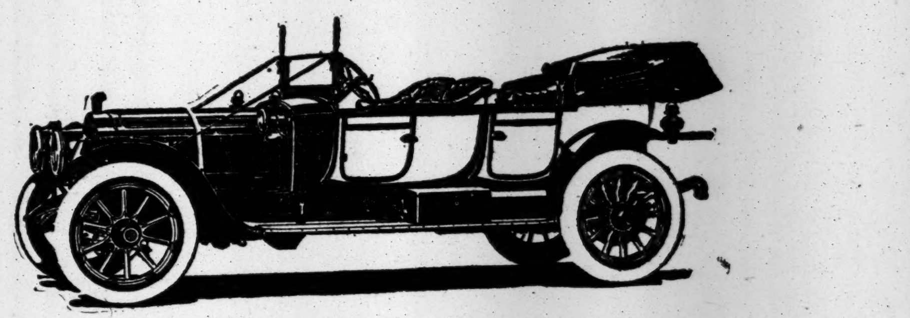

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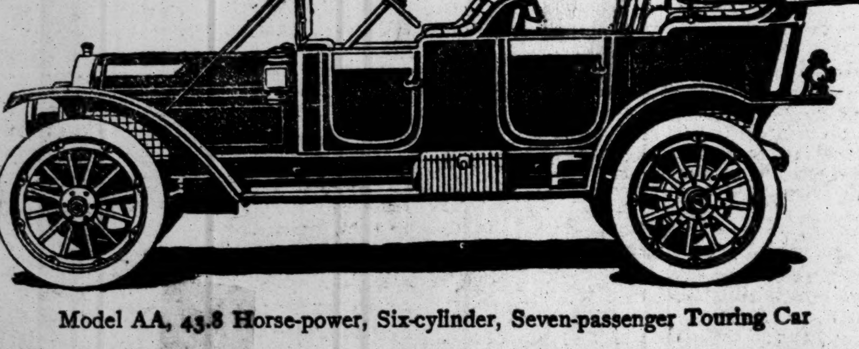

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SELF HELP AND STATE HELP.

The world is indebted to the United States for the great boon of cheaper cabling. And it is to be remarked that it comes as a gift from a combination which, before the application of the light of reason, was under suspicion of being a combination in restraint of trade, and is even now under prosecution in some jurisdictions. The point is worth remarking because, until the way was shown, the world did not know how easy it was and was struggling toward the same result in very different ways. At the present moment the British Empire is considering subsidizing an "all red" cable, for reasons of politics as well as commerce similar to those which animated the United States in building the Panama Canal. For long years Mr. Henniker Heaton has sought to reduce cable tolls by Government ownership of all cables to be operated at lower rates in hope of profit, but regardless of monetary results. Now appears an American "trust" which solves the problem almost offhand, at its own cost and risk, and solely on the chance of a profit, which it is to be hoped it will be allowed to enjoy if realized. The chances would seem to be in its favor, so great is the waste of present methods of doing business. The capacity of the cables under the Atlantic is 300,000,000 words, and only 12,000,000 are sent at the old rates. Some 130,000,000 of people are directly tributary to these cables, and an uncertain number of millions more are connected with the cables through the land lines. Yet not one family in one hundred cables on the average one word a year.

This uncultivated field is now to be worked on the theory of the American trusts that total profits can be enlarged by diminishing the rate of profit. It is the utilizing of by-products which has enabled many large traders to operate at a profit where smaller traders are unable to live. The by-product of the telegraph business is the enormous and neglected field of unsent long-distance social business. It was necessary for something to be done, for in the background there is a competitor, the Marconi wireless, doing a large business, with capacity for growth limited only by the imagination, and by the business sense which revolted at the consideration of an economic capacity only one-twelfth utilized.

There is good feeling toward all these competitors for public favor, since each of them has deserved well of the public. Each of them is sure of patronage commensurate with the attractiveness of the terms on which it is sought. But neither law nor public favor will go so far as to protect any of them from economic results. It is hoped that the "war" will not be to the death, and that it will be conducted with all the amenities. A reduction of price, even an excessive reduction, is no ground for sympathy for the competitor who wishes later to raise rates. Just as railways defeated stage coaches, and just as bridges in this neighborhood bankrupted the ferries, so the idea of reduction of cable tolls is entitled to be tried without impediment by law, so long as the rate is based on economic grounds, and not on malice toward a rival.

Important as cheap communication is, the issue of individualism against collectivism is more important, and is directly involved. Government intervention might have provided the new rates by a subsidy, that is by levying the cost on others than those who pay the bills. But that is a crude, costly way. It would not have stimulated the brain which produced the wireless system, nor would have it produced the combination of resources which makes it possible to conduct the business on its own revenue. State owned, state supported, or state operated enterprises have rarely justified themselves economically. The search for a profit—not always in money—has given the world the greatest boons it has enjoyed, and on the justest terms, that is on the basis of payment by those who receive the benefit. We are now learning that cheapness may be induced, but cannot be commanded, and that prosecution of combination merely because of combination, or because of alleged excessive profits, is one of the costliest and most deadening experiences which can befall a nation. Regulation may be wholesome in many ways, but it is not the surest road to a reduction of prices. Railway rates are the steadiest prices we have, and it is the trust rates which are the weakest in the whole list. The case of the cable tolls epitomizes almost the entire philosophy of the anti-trust mania.

THE CHINESE REGENCY.

For the first time since the Manchu conquest a Chinaman has been admitted to rule in China. But that Prince Chun, the Chinese Regent, should abdicate, even though he is replaced by two other dignitaries, one of whom at least is a Manchu Prince, tends to show that the Premier Yuan Shi-Kai has a firmer hand on what remains of the authority of the Government than has any member of the dynasty. He remains while the Regent, who has been regarded as a man of firmness and capacity, has to go. It is a reasonable inference that Yuan will have a controlling voice in the future conduct of the Government.

But his situation remains desperate. It is highly improbable that so ambitious a man as Prince Chun would have given up his place if he thought that the Imperial Government would weather the storm. It may be that Yuan can make terms with the revolutionaries now that he has shown his power to effect so important a change. But his radical difficulty lies in the fact that there is now no leader and no organization of leaders among the revolutionaries with whom he can deal. Meanwhile the confusion and loss prevailing in all parts of the Empire, from suspension of business, from interruption to agriculture, from the disorders and cruelty of soldiery on both sides, and from brigandage and piracy, are terrible and increasing evils.

NOT A QUESTION FOR THE HAGUE.

The audience assembled in Carnegie Hall last night listened to a clear statement by Mr. Andrew D. White of the issue involved in our dispute with Russia over her treatment of American passports. Mr. White made it very plain that when the Emperor Nicholas I., on the part of Russia, and James Buchanan, the American Minister, negotiated the present treaty in 1832, neither of the negotiators could, or would, have put his name to an instrument violating the laws of his country. This is certainly true of Mr. Buchanan, whatever may be said about the power of the Russian autocrat to make his laws fit the treaty. The Constitution and the laws of Mr. Buchanan's country forbade him to sign a treaty that would admit of a construction which Russia has chosen to put upon the compact of 1832. If the treaty did and does admit of a construction which would permit Russia to say that she will honor certain American passports and refuse to honor others, then Mr. Buchanan had no authority to negotiate such a treaty, and its ratification by the treaty-making power at Washington was in violation of the supreme law of our land. All this is the same as saying that if the Russian contention be admissible, then we have no treaty with her, since the treaty of 1832 was void from the beginning.

It is surprising that Mr. White should consider such a question as this a proper matter to be referred for arbitration to The Hague tribunal. He told his audience last night that there are two ways of settling this dispute. One is to abrogate the treaty, the other is to arbitrate the difference. He believes that a resort to arbitration should be the first step, and that abrogation should be the second. Thus he admits that the question would not be settled by arbitration unless the decision were in our favor. That is a singular view of the theory of arbitration. Yet this is the view Mr. White holds, for he said:

> If after trying arbitration it shall be found useless, then let us denounce and abrogate the treaty. There would be large pecuniary loss, but I believe that all Americans worthy of the name would prefer this to the continuance of a treaty which involves American dishonor.

We have already expressed the conviction that arbitration of this question is for us an impossibility. To go to The Hague with it would be to submit our National dignity and honor, our sovereign rights, and the integrity of our institutions and our laws, to the decision of a court. That we cannot do. For another reason, we could not in good faith enter a court of arbitration to argue the questions involved and ask the tribunal for a decision, being all the time in our own minds determined and fully intending to repudiate the finding and resort to other measures if the court decided against us. Arbitration implies an antecedent agreement to abide by the decision, and the agreement commonly defines the scope of the reference and the rules or principles to be applied. This is the universal practice, it is the view entertained by text writers. Hall, in his treaties on international law, says: "The arbitrating person or body forms a true tribunal, authorized to render a decision obligatory to the parties with reference to the issues presented before it." An arbitral decision may be disregarded when the tribunal has exceeded its powers, when it has openly denied justice, or if the award proves to have been obtained by fraud or corruption, or if it is equivocal in its language. But to assume that we could honorably refer this passport question to The Hague tribunal, being resolved, as we must be resolved, to repudiate the finding on the sole ground that it was adverse to our case, is, it seems to us, an astonishing position to take.

There may be collateral issues which would be fit matter for arbitration. The main question, the single question, whether Russia must keep her treaty agreement to recognize American passports without discrimination, is not arbitrable. Arbitrable questions, however, might arise out of Russia's treatment of Americans who had entered her territory bearing our passports. The accepted principle of international law is that foreigners must submit to all local rules and regulations which are not violative of the international code and practice. No nation has a right to supervise the municipal laws or regulations of another nation, or to insist that its nationals shall be exempted from the operation of such laws after they have voluntarily placed themselves within the jurisdiction. A nation has exclusive jurisdiction within its own territory. It has complete control of all foreigners therein, save of those who, like Ambassadors, enjoy special immunities. The reasonableness of Russia's treatment of Americans sojourning in her dominions or the question whether her regulations were equitably or inequitably applied to Americans, might, therefore, become a subject for arbitration. But these matters are not of the substance of the passport question; they are, as we have said, only collateral. The right of Russia to refuse her consular visé to American passports when she has by treaty declared that our citizens shall be at liberty to sojourn and reside in her territory, is not a question as to which we invite anybody's decision. Russia may, if she choose, exclude all Americans, she may abrogate the treaty, and withhold from all Americans the right of entry. But we cannot permit her to admit some and exclude others on such grounds as she now asserts for that discrimination. The resolutions adopted by the meeting show that ex-Ambassador White failed to convince his audience. Nothing whatever is said about arbitration in the resolutions; they recommend as the first step what Mr. White would adopt as the second, and urge upon Congress action looking to the abrogation of the treaty.

CHILDREN OF THE STAGE.

Cannot Mr. Owen R. Lovejoy, Secretary of the National Child Labor Committee, and Miss Jane Addams of Hull House, Chicago, find less debatable ground for their activities than that upon which they tilted on Tuesday evening, before the League for Political Education, against participation by children in such plays as "Winter's Tale," "A Midsummer Night's Dream," "The Pied Piper," "The Blue Bird," "Peter Pan," and "Uncle Tom's Cabin"?

Mr. Augustus Thomas says that in this city, which contains one-twentieth of the population of the country, there are "only about eighty openings for children" on the stage. These positions are "as valuable for a child as a scholarship for Oxford is for a young man," the reason being that just such places have led to a career for the majority of the most gifted actors and actresses of history. Miss Addams and Mr. Lovejoy will not persuade the public that such training as stage children receive, and the few minutes of applauded and agreeable performance they give of an evening, place them in the category of abused "child laborers." For the eighty studying in comfortable surroundings in this city there may be 800 child laborers who are really oppressed, and whose injuries Mr. Lovejoy and Miss Addams might well devote their time to redress.

GOV. WILSON AND A PENSION.

The feeling expressed by President Ira Remsen of Johns Hopkins as to the former President of Princeton is undoubtedly one with which Dr. Wilson has inspired most men of his own class familiar with his life. "In my mind whatever he did was done like a gentleman and with the highest ideals. He is a man incapable of any other conduct." That is a judgment of which any man may well be proud.

We are inclined to think, however, that Dr. Wilson's conduct will not generally be regarded in quite this spirit. According to his own statement he applied for a pension—to which he thought himself amply entitled under the rules of the Carnegie Foundation as he understood them—because

> A man who goes into politics bound by the principles of honor puts his family and all who may be dependent upon him for support at the mercy of any incalculable turn of the wheel of fortune, and I felt entirely justified in seeking to provide against such risks.

Here in a specific sense is a profession of a motive of a public nature. He asked for a pension in order that he might be free to go into politics "bound by the principles of honor" which would forbid him unworthy profit on the one hand, and on the other would oblige him to safeguard the interests of those dependent on him. This is reasoning that can be understood, but will not generally be appreciated at the value placed on it by Dr. Wilson. Two rather rooted sentiments of the American mind will interfere. One is the feeling that a man who enters on public life solely for the good he thinks he can do should be prepared to make whatever sacrifice may come to him and to his and to maintain in fact and in appearance his entirely unselfish devotion to the high aims he has adopted. The other is the feeling that an applicant for such advantages as the Carnegie Foundation affords should weigh in his own mind his claims as against those of numerous others for whom these advantages are intended, and should not apply for a share that might, if not given to him, go to those in greater need. These two sentiments are but forms of one, the instinctive American admiration for complete independence in men professing high ideals. We fear that Dr. Wilson's explanation will not leave the impression that he has in this matter clearly adhered to the most exacting standard.

One thinks instinctively of the splendid characterization of another man identified with Princeton, expressed by one of his most earnest and ingenious opponents in his own party. "What can you do with such a man?" Mr. Hill is reported to have said of Mr. Cleveland, "he does not want anything."

POISONOUS MATCHES.

One of the first things Congress will be asked to consider is the iniquity of continuing to permit the manufacture of poisonous white phosphorus matches. At the instance of the American Association for Labor Legislation, which called President Taft's attention to the terrible disfiguring disease known as "phossy jaw," caused by fumes of white phosphorus among the match operatives, the President appealed to the Diamond Match Company to "take the public-spirited action of canceling the patent for the use of sesquisulphide, in order that this harmless substitute may be used by all other match manufacturers." The "Match Trust" canceled its patent, but, because it was a "Match Trust," Congress rejected Representative Esch's bill to tax the poisonous matches out of existence.

No more senseless and harmful action than this, by a Republican Congress, could have been taken against the best interests of the public. Will the Democratic Congress, in which Mr. Esch's bill will be reintroduced, refuse, in its turn, to impose an internal revenue tax so high that no manufacturer can use the pernicious and only slightly cheaper process? The average family, which uses thirty matches a day and pays $1 a year for them, would have to expend 5 cents a year more if this law were passed in the interest of mercy. The manufacturers would lose nothing, as all would be subject to a like economic compulsion to use the harmless and slightly more expensive process. The last few months have shown, according to the Washington correspondent of The Boston Transcript, that, even under the most careful and sanitary regulation in the match factories, with improved ventilating systems and separate buildings for washing and eating, "more cases of 'phossy jaw' than ever before" have been reported. Not only does the white phosphorus poison the workers who "dip" the matches, but it poisons numbers of children every year who put matches into their mouths. If ever a prohibitory tax should be called for, this is the case.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

First Duty Seemingly Placed Last.

Careful comparison of the statement made by Mr. Darrow in defense of his course in allowing or compelling both of the McNamaras to make unconditional pleas of guilty with that in which Judge Bordwell reviews the several steps by which the determination to confess was reached, shows a curious discrepancy between the two—a discrepancy which seems to demand a further explanation from Mr. Darrow.

The situation that confronted Mr. Darrow, as he feelingly and no doubt truthfully describes it, was this: He knew and long had known that both of his clients were guilty as charged, and that the prosecution had in its possession evidence that made their conviction inevitable. "To go on under such circumstances," he says, "would have been madness," and again he says: "I can conceive of no way in which we could justify ourselves and not save the lives of our clients. Our first duty as lawyers and men was to the lives in our charge." So the pleas were changed and the lives were saved.

That is good lawyer-logic, whatever laymen may think as to anybody's "duty" to save murderers from the legal penalty of their crime. But Judge Bordwell gives some additional information, of which Mr. Darrow's statement supplies no hint, though it is interesting, important, and essential to accurate judgment of what happened, and this information must of course be accepted as correct. The first proposition of the defense to the prosecution, the Judge declares, was that the younger brother would confess on condition that he should escape the gallows and that the older brother should go free. When this offer was rejected, another was made—James would confess and be hanged, if the court so decided, but again on condition that John should be saved. Only after that offer, too, had been refused was the one presented which accomplished what Mr. Darrow says was his "first duty."

In other words, Mr. Darrow wanted to save both lives if he could, but, finding that to be impossible, and the implacable toils closing more and more tightly about his clients, he was willing to sacrifice one of the lives, if need be, in order to buy, not the life, but the liberty, of John. That, now, is not in accord even with lawyer-logic, as we understand it, and there will be keen impatience to hear how Mr. Darrow harmonizes the two.

Injustice Excites Protests.

Commissioner Bulger's report on Dr. Doty, naturally enough, has filled the members of the medical profession with anger. Their emotion would have been amazement as well were it not that the report is exactly what was to be expected from an "investigation" conducted as was that with which the guardian of our port was harassed while engaged in a desperate struggle to protect it when its danger was greater than ever before.

In their appeals to the Governor not to take the advice to dismiss Dr. Doty, his friends call attention, as did we yesterday, to the fact that the Commissioner makes no mention of the testimony given by the leading physicians and sanitarians of the city in enthusiastic commendation of such part of the quarantine methods as came within the field of their special knowledge. They protest, too, against the Commissioner's acceptance and use as proof of evidence given by witnesses whose opinions as to medical procedure were made worthless by gross ignorance and whose good faith was rendered suspect by personal grievances against the Health Officer.

About the complete refutation of much of this incriminating testimony the Commissioner says nothing whatever in his report. Indeed, from anything that appears in these findings, the Governor, unless otherwise enlightened, might assume that Dr. Doty's conduct of the Quarantine Station was wholly bad, and that from among the millions whom he was paid to serve, not one man had come forward with a word of commendation. These peculiarities of the report explain, even if they do not justify, those who, bolder than we would care to be in the ascription of motives, are openly declaring that the object of the investigation was to find colorable pretexts for giving Dr. Doty's salary and patronage to somebody else.

It certainly does look like that, but appearances are often deceptive, and Judge Bulger is a man of good repute among his neighbors. Had he confined his criticism to the evils he really discovered, and his recommendations to those which his discoveries warranted—had he said that the business methods at Quarantine were about those which a man earnestly engaged in wholly different matters might be expected to adopt or permit, and that they ought to be reformed and put in other hands, leaving the Health Officer free to devote all his time to his proper duties—then nobody could or would have complained. It is no discredit to Dr. Doty that better business men than he can be found.

Justice Is Swift for Once.

Not a few of us have our doubts as to both the propriety and the utility of capital punishment, but while the law makes death the penalty for murder there is no question that such prompt and stern enforcement of the law as has been seen in White Plains this week is worthy of commendation. It is also the sort of enforcement that is best calculated to make capital punishment of whatever value as a deterrent it can be, whether that value be little or great. The killing of these five ignorant and degraded ruffians will be a hideous episode in our social history, and one of which none of us can be proud, but if the thing is to be done at all, this is the way to do it.

And the contrast between these trials in the brevity and the result and the trials of other murderers which we only too well remember, is not, as some are saying, and more are hinting, proof that there is one justice for the poor and another for the rich. Whether it is or is not proof that there is justice for the poor and mercy for the rich and influential—that is a different question and the answer to it is not either easy or obvious.

The crimes of the two classes are as unlike as their social ranks, and it is not unnatural or necessarily wrong that the members of one go to the electric chair in two months after committing their crimes, while those of the other are years in getting there or escape it altogether.

Woman's Hat On In Front.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Woman to woman—is it fair to sit through a delightful concert such as that of Mme. Francis Alda's at Carnegie Hall this afternoon (Dec. 5) and after gladly spending $2 for a comfortable seat be forced to face a towering "creation" of black velvet with two sweeping plumes maddeningly obstructing one's view?

Was the possessor of the aforementioned "creation" justified, after two courteous requests from the writer and a third polite suggestion from an usher, in her obstinate refusal to comply?

Her sharp "Non! Non! Je refus!" in excellent French staccato was accompanied by a venomous glare in the direction of the woman she was literally robbing of half the pleasure of the concert, for listening is not altogether satisfactory when one is compelled to twist from side to side in order to catch an occasional glimpse of the artist and to pay for an otherwise happy two hours with a tired neck and eyes and a miserable headache.

VIRGINIA KLINE.

New York, Dec. 5, 1911.

Mrs. Pankhurst's Harvard Boom.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your editorial article, "Disorder at Harvard," you rightly say: "The curriculum of Harvard does not include woman suffrage." Neither does it include "Child Labor," "Progressive Government," nor "Work in Labrador," yet all these subjects have been given a hearing in college halls at the request of students.

The boys—not Mrs. Pankhurst—wanted to arrange a lecture to give them a first-hand account of the militant work in England, and asked for a college hall. They were refused on the supposed ground that the powers that be didn't approve of Mrs. Pankhurst's methods.

The boys have hired a hall, and, from the demand for tickets, it is fair to assume that the college has given Mrs. Pankhurst and suffrage in general an enormous boom.

ANTI-PANKHURSTITE.

Cambridge, Mass., Dec. 5, 1911.

President Taft's Confession.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Apropos of the editorial entitled "The President and the People" in your issue of the 2d inst., does not the President's admission in connection with his Winona speech warrant the changing of the old adage to: To err is human; to confess is superhuman?

I predict a reversal of Cleveland's case, when we witnessed a Democrat elected mainly by independent Republican voters.

Next year many equally independent Democrats will vote for our truly American President, whose motto might fittingly be: "Principle before power; patriotism before party!"

New York, Dec. 5, 1911. DEFENDAM.

CHRISTMAS COMING.

Christmas is comin'! I hear it a-hummin'
Up thru ther chimbly-place outer ther flue!
Turkeys are smellin' it, old hens are tellin' it,
Every one's feelin' it plumb thru an' thru!

Rub up ther andirons—keep 'em a shinin';
Scour up ther pewter an' copper an' brass.
Fetch out ther kittle with porcelain linin'
An' pick up ther quinces tew turn inter sass.

Loop up ther Christmas green, hang up ther holly;
Nail up ther mistletoe over ther door;
Every one's goin' ter perk up an' be jolly
Jest as we allus hev done heretefore.

'Tain't no use thinkin' of trouble an' sorrer—
Things that's gone by ain't no place in our hearts;
Christmas is comin' a week frum termorrer,
An' right frum this minnit ther frolickin' starts!

LURANA SHELDON.

KEEPS BIG BANKS FROM SHIPWRECK

Central Reserve Plan Protects Them Just as It Would Protect Small Banks.

NO 'MONEY POWER' CONTROL

Chairman J. Laurence Laughlin Corrects a Report and Explains His Committee's Purposes.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the interview with me in your issue of Dec. 1, I am reported as saying for the National Citizens' League, "If we can accomplish our purpose it will mean that the money centre of the country will be taken away from Wall Street." That statement is obviously incorrect. The money centre generally exists where the most trade centres. At the most, I intended to convey the idea that—no matter how great the trade and the financial operations of New York—the co-operative organization of banking and credit urged by the league would lessen the tendency of funds, as now, to flow to Wall Street for speculative uses, and to turn them toward commercial channels.

No doubt a co-operative regulation of our banking and credit system will result in keeping large sums at home which now go to New York. Moreover, the insistence on the use of commercial paper for rediscounts at this co-operative agency—sometimes called a National Reserve Association—will make it impossible for Stock Exchange houses to use their collateral to obtain loans. Hence the separation—no matter how great the growth of New York in wealth and trade—of the credit system of the country from Stock Exchange speculation.

Some persons have expressed a fear that ambitious financial interests could control for their own uses a National Reserve Association.

For the sake of the argument, let us suppose that the "money power" would be able to obtain control of the National Reserve Association by electing a majority of the National board, what could it do with it? Now, what is really meant by "Wall Street"? It is a market for securities. Those interested in speculation, in buying or selling stocks on margin, in floating bonds by means of syndicates, and the like, obviously are the ones meant by the "money power." If these persons succeeded in gaining control, what could they do with it? Evidently those who fear the influence of financial control have not fully understood the plan. The National Reserve Association is permitted to rediscount, not for the public, but only for banks; and the kinds of paper held available are short-time notes or bills arising out of commercial transactions. That is, Stock Exchange collateral is discriminated against. Only in a serious emergency could such collateral be used; even then, it must be composed of satisfactory securities; moreover, these securities could be accepted only with the consent of the Governor, the Executive Committee, and the Secretary of the Treasury; and, finally, the loan must be the direct obligation of the borrowing bank, indorsed by its local association. How, then, is it conceivable that the institution could be used by the "money power" in floating any stock or investment scheme? The inability to borrow on securities—although it may sometimes be a great hardship to legitimate borrowers—is, in my judgment, conclusive reassurance to those who may fear evil financial control.

There is, however, a still stronger reply to be made. Keen students of the situation as it exists to-day see that—as before explained—we now have practical centralization in our credit system. They would be vigorously opposed to accepting any plan which would make this present situation permanent. In a time of stress, when fully "loaned up," a small bank—and even very large banks in our reserve cities—can ask for aid and funds from a central correspondent only as a favor. If this favor is granted, the recipient is under obligation to the central correspondent. That is, we have to-day a form of feudalism in our credit system, by which the weaker are kept in dependence on the larger institutions.

Now, what is the remedy? Obviously, only that kind of reform which will destroy this dependence, and give the aid to the smaller bank (if it has satisfactory paper) as a right, and not as a favor. This end is precisely what the National Reserve Association is intended to accomplish. When the needy borrowing bank, be it large or small, can go to its local association, or to its district branch, and get exactly the same treatment as any other bank, the day of special favors, and of feudal dependence on a superior institution, will have passed. Men do not like to go down on their knees for special favors; and when that is no longer necessary the present form of unregulated centralization will have disappeared.

Finally, the question may arise: If the plan of the National Reserve Association will tend to divert idle funds from the central reserve cities, especially from New York; reduce the amount which can be loaned at call on the Stock Exchange; direct capital more or less away from speculative loans to the discount markets for legitimate commercial paper, and break up the present feudal dependence of smaller banks upon very large ones—why do not the large banks in the central reserve cities oppose the plan with all their energy? It may be suspected that there is some hidden reason why they are not openly opposing banking reform; or that there will be some "joker" in the bill laid before Congress. Probably this thought has been present in many minds.

No doubt, however, on this question has ever arisen in the minds of any managers of large banks who have passed through crises like those of 1893 and 1907. In an emergency, or crisis, the large banking institution finds itself confronted with exactly the same sort of difficulty, the same restrictions on its power to make new loans, the same inability to provide loans to old customers, as those which confront the small institutions; only, it may be said that the difficulties, although of the same kind, are greater, harder to meet, and carry with them larger possibilities of disaster. For instance, a local bank in Missouri, or Kansas, may find itself "loaned up" to its limit, and yet in an emergency additional demands for loans from merchants and farmers are pressing hard. Its duty is to serve the local community; but under the present inelasticity of credit the bank is bound hand and foot. If it fails to use good judgment, or to render aid to legitimate customers, it would cause failures throughout its constituency. Its only help is from its large correspondent bank, probably in St. Louis, Chicago, or New York. So far the facts are clear.

Now, how is it with the large bank having hundreds or thousands of small correspondent banks looking to it for favors or funds in time of stress? As these are scattered over a wide territory, the accumulated demands from correspondent banks, when trouble comes, are something tremendous. The failure to respond to aid would, when trouble comes, break down a local bank and carry with it all its customers. That is, the large bank has exactly the same kind of thing to meet as the small bank, only on a larger scale, with immensely greater responsibilities. If the small bank, therefore, would get relief out of a National Reserve Association, how much more would it be to the interest of the large bank to seek the establishment of such an agency. The common sense of the matter is, of course, that advantages from such a plan would inure to all banks, small or large. In a storm on a rocky coast, when two boats, one small and one large, are using all their seamanship to protect themselves from disaster, a shipwreck of the larger would carry distress to more families throughout the land than that of the smaller ship. The suffering of any one of ten persons on the small boat is, of course, as poignant as that of any one of a thousand on the big boat; but the full extent of the ruin caused by the latter is very much greater. That is, aids to safe navigation—lighthouses, buoys, and charts—are quite as much to the interest of the large as of the small ship. But suppose that the smaller boat were in tow of the large boat; then, when the larger ship went ashore, in fog or darkness, it would carry the small one with it. Similarly, the system which enables banks to aid their customers with loans in storm and stress is needed even more by the largest than by the smallest banks; and the preservation of a large bank protects the smaller correspondent banks.

Injurious financial control, then, should be made impossible; but preventive measures should be based on a real and expert knowledge of the organization of credit as it now is—practical centralization—and as it ought to be—actual co-operation among all banks in the common interest.

J. LAURENCE LAUGHLIN.

Chicago, Ill., Dec. 2, 1911.

DEFENDS THE STAGE CHILD.

Francis Wilson Tells Miss Jane Addams to Fight Fair.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If I understand it aright, Miss Addams wishes to wipe out of the drama all that tender, uplifting appeal which comes from children and their association with the drama. Of course, it can be done, but our contention is that it is not only unwise but unjust to do it, unjust to the public, unjust to the drama, and unjust to the child.

Miss Addams would have the dramatists stand by their guns, and, as she says, their art being based upon artistic stage illusion, she would have them accomplish the impossible by making it incumbent upon them to produce the illusion of infancy with a dwarf or a sixteen-year-old child.

If one did not know Miss Addams better one might in this connection accuse her of a woeful lack of humor or imagination—or both.

Then, too, she with the final word to say in a debate or discussion, has a quiet way of declaring that Augustus Thomas, Francis Wilson, or who not, who so earnestly defend the child on the stage, (always the complimentary preamble before the final smash,) are not competent to speak on this subject because they are "commercially interested."

This seems to me the demagogue's artifice to dispose of an opponent. The President is not qualified to speak or act upon the execution of the laws because he is commercially interested—draws a salary for it. No man is competent to express his convictions about the things he knows most and to which he has devoted his life because, besides being the flag under which he is fighting, they are the means by which he lives.

Adopting Miss Addams's method and assumption, one might point out that she herself and the officials of the National Child Labor Committee are perhaps not unsalaried workers or in receipt of means from their efforts in the child's behalf.

It is a little late to be obliged to deprecate the kind of public argument that, because one defends a cause his principles must be rotten.

Fight fair, Miss Addams, fight fair.

FRANCIS WILSON.

New York, Dec. 6, 1911.

$34.54 TO EACH PERSON.

This Is the Amount of Money in Circulation, Says Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—The per capita circulation of money in the United States is $34.54, according to a statement issued by the Treasury Department. To arrive at this figure the fiscal experts estimate that the population of the country is fast approaching the 100,000,000 mark. Besides their calculation on the census of 1910 they estimate that there were 94,679,000 persons in the United States on Dec. 1. The last census showed that the population on April 15, 1910, was 91,972,266.

The total amount of money in circulation on Dec. 1 was $3,270,582,753; the assets of the United States Government were $345,943,923. This makes the total stock of money in this country $3,616,526,676.

ROCKEFELLER MAY TESTIFY.

Stanley Invites Him and Gates to Attend Steel Hearing.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—John D. Rockefeller and the Rev. Fred D. Gates, manager of Mr. Rockefeller's charities, were to-day invited by Chairman Stanley of the House Steel Trust Investigating Committee to appear before the committee next Monday, if they care to do so, to reply to the charges made by the Merritt brothers of Minnesota concerning the $20,000,000 Mesaba ore properties in Minnesota.

Chairman Stanley's letter to Mr. Rockefeller and Mr. Gates read:

"The committee investigating violation of the Anti-Trust act of 1890 and other acts will resume its hearings on Monday, Dec. 11, at 10:30 A. M. If you care to appear before this committee an opportunity to do so will be afforded. Kindly advise me of your pleasure in the matter."

CAB RATE RILES TILLMAN.

Pays Only 25 Cents for Ride to White House Despite Driver's Protest.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Senator Tillman of South Carolina arrived at the White House this morning inside a rather dilapidated cab. As he stepped out he turned to the driver and handed him a quarter. The cabman looked at the quarter and then at the Senator.

"The rate is 50 cents," he said.

"What," said Senator Tillman, "do you mean to say it is 50 cents from the Post Office to the White House?"

"Yes, Sir," said the cabby, "you can look at the rates inside for yourself."

"Well," said Senator Tillman, "it is too much and I won't pay it," and he walked into the White House office. The cabman turned away laughing, but kept the quarter.

WILL REAPPOINT J. S. HARLAN

Taft to Keep Late Justice's Son on the Commerce Board.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—President Taft announced to-day that he would send to the Senate, probably Thursday, the name of James S. Harlan, Inter-State Commerce Commissioner, to continue in that position.

Mr. Harlan, who is a son of the late Justice Harlan of the Supreme Court, will be renominated for a seven-year term.

HER GEMS VANISHED, WHO PAYS THE LOSS?

Fidelity Company Wanted Mrs. Ryan to Prove Theft and Makes Her Go to Law.

SO BEAUTY FILLS THE COURT

And the Curious Gather Naturally to Admire and Hear Justice Rule That the Jury May Decide.

Four rings, valued at $2,500, disappeared from the possession of Mrs. Frederick B. Ryan last February. This jewelry, as well as all the other rings, dog collars, bracelets, &c., that Mrs. Ryan owns, was insured in a fidelity company, and so demand was made on this company for $2,500.

The company wanted to know if the jewels were stolen. Of course they were. How else could they have gone out of Mrs. Ryan's possession? But they might have been lost, the company argued, and if they had been lost by Mrs. Ryan the company could not indemnify her, because she was only insured against theft. Mr. Ryan, a wealthy real estate operator at Cranford, N. J., wanted the company to meet the liability, which he insisted it had assumed when it accepted the insurance, or face a suit.

The company was sorry it could not pay unless proof was presented that the jewels were actually stolen. It didn't make any difference how they were stolen. If they had been stolen by a domestic, a sneak thief, a midnight prowler, or a daylight burglar, or in any felonious way, the company would pay, but actual proof must be given that they were feloniously, and so forth, taken, lifted, and carried off by human methods. Mr. Ryan was willing that the company should go to any length in providing the proof it wanted, but he saw no reason why he should bother himself or his family about it.

The company saw no reason why it should bother itself about it, and there the matter rested until Mr. Ryan hired lawyers and got legal proceedings in marching order. Yesterday the affair came before Supreme Court Justice Cohalan, a jury was drawn, and then began a long examination of witnesses and much argument as to whether the jury should or should not have the privilege of giving a verdict.

Four very pretty women came into court. They were Mrs. Ryan, Mrs. Cady, Mrs. Ryan's mother; Mrs. Wren of Plainfield, N. J., and Miss Bogardus of this city. They were all handsomely clad, and Mrs. Cady wore diamonds that sparkled when she moved. They went to the witness chair one after another, and there went also a diamond expert, Mr. Ryan, and a colored butler, who was very stern and dignified even in the presence of the court.

From out of this testimony the facts were gleaned that on the day the jewels disappeared Mrs. Ryan attended a reception with a companion, who paid the fare, and so Mrs. Ryan had no occasion to open her mesh bag, wherein, she thought, the jewels reposed. Arriving at the reception and seeing many of the women in precious jewelry, Mrs. Ryan opened her mesh bag to don hers. They were not there. She ran to a telephone and called up the butler and told him to look on her dressing table and tell her whether the jewels were there or not. He carefully examined the table and did not find them.

In the course of the testimony the courtroom filled up with the curious and idle, for it is not every day that a bevy of handsome women can be found within the walls of the grim and dirty Court House. Counsel for the company wanted the case dismissed because no proof had been offered showing that any crime, burglary, robbery, or perjury had been committed, but the Justice said no.

Mrs. Ryan had evidently lost the jewels, counsel suggested. The idea! Mrs. Ryan looked angry at such a suggestion, and none of her friends would listen to such a thing. But, notwithstanding this, the company still went on crying for a dismissal. At the end Justice Cohalan said the case could go to the jury, and this morning counsel will sum up. The verdict may show whether in a dispute like this the insurer or the insured must furnish the evidence to prove that jewels thus insured were lost by crime or accident.

Theatre Party for Debutantes.

Mrs. E. Renshaw Jones gave a theatre party last night, followed by a dinner and informal dancing for her débutante nieces, the Misses Katharine Key of Boston and Miss Louisa Johnson. The guests met at the Colony Club, going thence to the play and after it went back to the club for supper and informal dancing. Mrs. Jones and Mr. and Mrs. Beverly Robinson chaperoned the party, which included the Misses Winifred Chisholm, Vieva Fisher, Frances Wyeth, Caramai Carroll, Dorothy Manice, Elizabeth Thompson, Lucy Dahlgren, and Katharine Miller; also Frederick Wooley, Norton Miller, Burnett Ruggles, Joel E. Fisher, Jr., and Oliver Wagstaff. There were about twenty-four in the party.

Miss Rovira, Bride of G. P. Taylor.

The wedding of Miss Grace Adelaide Rovira, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Benito Rovira of 109 West Fifty-seventh Street, to Gilbert P. Taylor, son of Mr. and Mrs. Stevenson Taylor of this city, took place yesterday afternoon in the Church of the Divine Paternity. The Rev. Oliver Hall officiated.

The bride was attended by Mrs. A. H. Ball, matron of honor, and the Misses Sadie Seaman, May Eldred, and Lenora Evans. Pierce Taylor was his brother's best man.

A reception and supper for the relatives and intimate friends were held afterward at Sherry's.

Miss Sterling to Wed Rodney Procter.

Mr. and Mrs. Duncan Sterling have announced the engagement of their sister, Miss Beatrice M. Sterling, to Rodney Procter, son of Mr. and Mrs. Harley T. Procter. Mr. Procter is a graduate of Yale, class of 1903, and is a member of the University Club. No date has been set for the wedding.

Mrs. Schuyler Warren to Entertain.

Mrs. Schuyler Warren is giving an informal luncheon to-day at her residence, 811 Lexington Avenue, for Mrs. John Lawrence.

Mrs. Warren gave a tea Tuesday for her débutante daughter, Miss Hope Warren. Receiving with them were the Misses Charlotte Van Cortlandt, Alida and Gertrude Livingston, Lucy Dahlgren, Mildred Rives, Elizabeth Turnure, Georgia Williams, Helen Gourd, and Helen Hunt.

Mrs. Warren will give a dance at Sherry's on Dec. 26 for Miss Warren.

Miss Vaughan Weds Everett Rich.

The wedding of Miss Helen Louise Vaughan, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Latimer Clark Vaughan, to Everett Rich took place yesterday afternoon in St. Saviour's Chapel, at the Cathedral of St. John the Divine. The Rev. John P. Peters performed the ceremony.

Miss Frances G. Vaughan was her sister's only attendant, and Herman Harrison was best man.

The couple left later for the South on their honeymoon, and on their return will reside at the Nathan Hale, 181st Street and Washington Avenue.

Sinsheimer Quartet's Concert.

The Sinsheimer Quartet, an organization which has achieved some recognition in years past in a small way, gave a concert last evening in Rumford Hall. The feature of the programme was the performance of Sigismund Stojowski's sonata in G minor for piano and 'cello. It was played by the composer and Frederick Vaska, the 'cellist of the organization, in a rather wooden manner, and not altogether in the ensemble spirit. The other members of the quartet, which was heard in Haydn's G minor quartet, Opus 74, No. 3, and Schumann's A minor quartet, Opus 41, No. 1, are Bernard Sinsheimer, first violin; Albert Greenfield, second violin, and Joseph Kovarik, viola.

Jewish Women's Relief to Give Ball.

A ball will be given under the auspices of the Jewish Women's Relief Association on Saturday evening at the Hotel Majestic.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Owing to illness in the family Mrs. Henry W. Rising has postponed the reception which was to have been given on Dec. 22 for her débutante daughter, Miss Katharine M. Rising.

Phoenix Ingraham will lead the cotillion at the dance to be given for Miss Josephine Nicoll by her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Nicoll, at Sherry's, on Dec. 19.

Mr. and Mrs. Elisha Dyer and Miss Laura Swan have taken apartments at the Ritz-Carlton. Mrs. French Vanderbilt is also there.

Mrs. Benjamin Griffin will give a dinner dance at the Plaza on Jan. 12.

Grosvenor Atterbury will lead the cotillion at the first of the Cinderella dances, to be held to-night at Sherry's.

Mrs. Eugene H. Outerbridge of 38 East Sixty-second Street will give a reception to-day to introduce her daughter, Miss Ethel Outerbridge.

Mrs. Richard A. Pennell will give a theatre party to-night, followed by a supper at the Plaza, for her granddaughter, Miss Gertrude M. Newcombe, the débutante daughter of Charles M. Newcombe.

Mrs. Henry M. Tilford will give a dinner dance at Sherry's on Jan. 9 for her two daughters, Mrs. David Wagstaff and Mrs. Stanley Mortimer, 2d. The large ballroom floor at Sherry's has been engaged, and the guests will be chiefly young married people and the girls who have been out two or three years.

Mrs. Alfred R. Conkling is to entertain on the afternoon of Jan. 4 at Sherry's with a dansante, with music. Maurice, the French dancer, and a Russian dancer will appear. A dinner for the young guests will follow.

Mrs. James Blackstone Taylor will give a dinner at Sherry's on Dec. 28, followed by dancing, for Miss Justice Ingersoll.

Mrs. David W. Wagstaff gave yesterday the first of two days at home at 9 East Fifty-fourth Street. The second at home will be on Wednesday, Dec. 20.

Mrs. Lawrence Durant will be at home this afternoon at 129 East Fortieth Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederic Cortlandt Penfield are sailing next week for Egypt to spend the Winter on their private steamer. They will have a party of friends with them.

Mr. and Mrs. Marcel Steinbrugge are booked to sail Dec. 12 on the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria to spend the Winter abroad.

Mrs. William E. Slayback will give a large dance for Miss Augusta Wight on Jan. 4 at Delmonico's.

Mrs. George Ide Malcolm of 165 West Fifty-eighth Street is giving a luncheon at Sherry's to-day for her débutante daughter, Miss Hope Malcolm.

Mr. and Mrs. George E. Turnure will give a reception at their home, 115 East Thirty-sixth Street, to-day for their débutante daughter, Miss Elizabeth L. Turnure.

Mrs. Cornelius V. Cuyler of 17 East Fifty-fourth Street is giving a dinner to-night.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Stillman, who were married in San Francisco in June, will hold a reception to-day at the residence of James Stillman, 9 East Seventy-second Street.

DANCE FOR MISS ADRIANCE.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Adriance Entertain for Their Daughter at Sherry's.

Mr. and Mrs. William Allen Adriance of 116 Riverside Drive gave at Sherry's last night a dance for their daughter, Miss Dorothy Adriance, one of the season's buds.

It was an early dance, the guests being asked for 9:30, and Mrs. Adriance and her daughter received alone. The dancing was general and a buffet supper was served at midnight.

The guests asked included Mrs. John E. Adriance, Mr. and Mrs. Silas Wodell, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Henry, Mr. and Mrs. Dudley Harde, Mr. and Mrs. Edouard Jova, Mrs. M. S. Oliver of Orange, and the Misses Helen Jenkins, Jeannette and Florence McAlpin, Hope Malcolm, Katharine Miller, Josephine Nicoll, Marguerite Adriance, Eugenie Philbin, Dorothy Porter, Sarah Perott of Yonkers, Vouletti Proctor, Helen Rich, Helen Page, Edith Reed, Margaret Taylor, Elizabeth Rogers, Dorothy Perkins, Ruth Taylor, Helen Stevens, Alice Smith, Gladys Stout, Dorothy Arents, Harriet Bullock, Lydia Butler, Claire Brett, Mary Bovee, Gertrude Behr, Alice Brown, Anna Cronkite, Virginia Spelly, Helen Cauldwell, Elizabeth Crump of Plainfield, Augusta Dixon, Marjorie Dodd, Dorothy Dennis, Elizabeth Donnell, Grace Ely, Annie Fiske, Eleanor Goodnow, Helen Hyde, and Gertrude Harrison of Plainfield.

Also Zella Vezin, Samuel and Chrystie Bell, Charles Baker, Thornton Bell, Karl Behr, Frederick Blackburn of Pittsburgh, William Chambers, Randolph Chandler, Samuel Crump, Wesley Castle, John Day, J. S. Deans, Pomeroy Francis, Howell Forbes, Francis Geer, David F. Goodnow, Truman Handy, J. Jeffreys Johnson, Ford Johnson, Warden McLean, Robert McLean, Barnes Newberry, Basil Neftel, Austen Neftel, Ripley Nelson, Lawrence Oakley, Innes O'Rourke, Edward Perot, Edward Radway, Lloyd Richards, Harry Stearns, Albert Smylie, Henry M. Tifft, Jr., Hallam Tuck, Berry Underhill, Cornelius and Charles Vezin, Frank Watrous, Roy Webb, Richmond Ware, and Stanley Young.

F. T. MARTIN HAS A BIRTHDAY.

Honor Guest at a Tea at the Plaza and a Dinner at the St. Regis.

Frederick Townsend Martin was the guest of honor yesterday at a birthday tea given for him at the Plaza. There were many notable guests present, and Nahan Franko's orchestra played appropriate music. Mr. Sterry of the Plaza sent a birthday cake with one candle.

Last evening Mrs. E. N. Breitung gave a small dinner at the St. Regis for Mr. Martin, and Mr. Haan donated a birthday cake, with two candles, inside of which were favors.

The guests at the tea at the Plaza included Mrs. H. G. Leishman, Col. and Mrs. John Jacob Astor, Mrs. Charles Carroll, Mrs. Edmund Baylies, Mrs. James A. Burden, Mrs. Griswold Gray, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Tuck, Mrs. Adolf Ladenburg, Mrs. Frederick Pearson, Mrs. Theodore Shonts, Miss Shonts, Duchess de Chaulnes, Mrs. E. R. Bacon, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Young, Mrs. W. F. Sheehan, Mrs. Douglas Campbell, Mrs. John Lawrence, Baroness Selliere, Mrs. Philip McCready, Princess di San Faustino, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Phipps.

Mr. and Mrs. Bradley Martin, Jr., Mrs. A. G. Thacher, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Alexander, Mrs. John Drexel, Mrs. Henry S. Redmond, Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs, Mrs. Pembroke Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Greenough, Mrs. Moses T. Campbell, Miss Constance Warren, Miss Grace Thompson, Lady Lilian Grenfell, Howard Martin, Mrs. Bertram Cruger, Mrs. Edward Breitung, Mrs. Frederick Sterry, Mrs. Ormond Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Nixon, Brinton Buckwalter, Mrs. F. Burrall Hoffman, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Dougherty, Mr. and Mrs. Karrick Riggs, and Mrs. Alexander Van Rensselaer.

TWO SEPARATE SUITS TANGLE A DIVORCE

Woman Sues Her Husband and Another Man Sues Her for Marriage Annulment.

HUSBAND HAS NEW ALLIANCE

He Would Like His Wife to be Free So He Could Marry for His Children's Sake.

A tangled matrimonial situation involving four persons—two men and two women—was revealed yesterday by the filing within a few minutes of each other in the Supreme Court of a suit for divorce and an action for annulment. The name of one man appeared in both suits, and gave the clue that the actions concerned the same people.

The first suit was that for divorce filed by Mrs. Anna Hart against her husband, Max Hart, of 50 West Ninety-eighth Street. It set up that the Harts were married in 1892 and that Hart had deserted his wife in 1894. It also charged that since 1900 Hart had been guilty of continuous misconduct.

The second suit was filed by Hans Goettich, Jr. The complaint alleged that Goettich had married a woman described as Anna Goettich in 1904, and that Goettich had since discovered that his wife had a husband, Max Hart, living at the time. The suit asked that the marriage be annulled on this ground.

One of the remarkable things about the suits was that each had been filed by attorneys at the same address, 31 Nassau Street. Developments showed, however, that the fact that both complaints had been prepared by lawyers in the same building was merely a coincidence.

Hart was discovered last night in his West Ninety-eighth Street apartment. He admitted that he had been served with papers in the suit, but said he would not discuss the matter further. He referred all inquiries to his lawyers, Olcott, Gruber, Bonynge & McManus, to whom he said he had turned over the summons and complaint served on him.

He was more surprised when he learned that the name of a Max Hart appeared in the Goettich suit, and said finally:

"Yes, I'm the same man. And I'm sorry to hear of this second action. I thought that securing a divorce from me would enable my wife to continue her married life with Goettich without the fear of a bigamy action always there to disturb her happiness. I have no ill-feeling against her, and never had any desire to press such an action.

"I was married twenty years ago. My wife left me and I did not see her for eighteen years. A few weeks ago she came to me and asked me to do her a favor. Her eyes were red with several days of weeping, as I could see. She told me that during the interim she had married. Some one had told her husband about me, and she said that he would soon confront her with me. I told her not to worry, that whenever her husband asked me about her I would deny everything.

"Well, about a week later he came with her. I told him I had never seen her before. They went away. A week later she came to me again and told me her husband had left her. She said she wanted to be free, so that she could leave the country and marry again. She promised to pay the costs of the divorce suit. She argued that it would be to my advantage not to contest the suit, as she would not ask for counsel fee and alimony, and I could remarry in another State.

"Her proposition seemed fair. It would enable me to do the honorable thing by the woman she has named as co-respondent and to legitimatize my three children."

Hart is connected with the Adams Express Company. Anna Goettich is proprietor of a delicatessen store at 454 Second Avenue, of which Hans Goettich, Jr., is the manager.

OFF FOR EUROPE TO-DAY.

Some of the Passengers Sailing on Three Steamships—The Arrivals.

Transatlantic liners sailing to-day and some of those booked to leave on them are:

LORRAINE (Havre)—Mrs. Vera Ardennes, M. St. George Chaumet, Miss St. George Chaumet, Mrs. Florence B. Gilmore, Miss May Jones, I. G. Vevy, P. A. Mason, E. Storms, Count Leonde Tinseau, William Wright, and Baron and Baroness de Reinach-Werth.

CEDRIC (Liverpool)—James M. Boyd, A. Brown, Dr. and Mrs. C. E. Fitz-Gerald, George C. Foulds, A. E. Siles, Capt. R. B. G. Glover, Joseph Holt, Mrs. J. W. Hobble, Mrs. M. V. Laing, Robert V. Laing, Frank C. Mercer, J. H. Palmer, Mrs. Sara Thompson, Mrs. W. P. Walker, Dr. W. B. Walker, John Whitaker, and Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Wright.

PATRICIA (Hamburg)—Mrs. J. Beaver, L. P. Conto, Miss Helen Drescher, Miss Margaret Jacob, S. P. Larsen, Mrs. G. G. Oro, Prof. H. Yabe, Mrs. J. G. Studer, and Henry G. Steinberg.

Liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

CELTIC (Naples)—Mrs. Toney Allex, Miss Maude Brough, Dr. Adelaide Brown, Sister R. J. Ceredo, G. Edwards, Miss Eva Grayling, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Grimes, Miss Martha Haven, Mrs. H. H. Joy, Miss B. K. Miller, Mrs. H. W. Thomas, David Willard, Dr. Helen F. Wright.

ZEELAND (Antwerp)—Mrs. Annie G. Black, Dr. and Mrs. H. W. Levengood, Marcos Roces, Pierre Romiee Nicolas Wychgel.

MAGDALENA (Southampton, via West Indies)—F. Crabtree, Miss L. Clarke, Lieut. D. F. F. Duncan, U. S. M. C.; Miss M. Glover, M. G. Grande, C. S. Howell, G. A. Hampton, Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Haven, Joseph Lee, A. F. Proctor, A. G. Pastor, Lieut. H. F. Wagman, U. S. M. C., and W. R. C. Windsor.

Miss Slocum Makes Her Debut.

Mrs. Henry Slocum of 832 Lexington Avenue gave a tea yesterday afternoon, followed by a theatre party and supper at Sherry's at her city home, to introduce her daughter, Miss Natalie Slocum.

Mrs. Slocum and her daughter had assisting them in receiving the guests Mrs. W. Herbert Adams, who was Miss Gertrude Slocum; and the Misses Ruth Moller, Doris Porter, Betty Carson, Lucile Frost of Chicago, Isabel Harde of Philadelphia, Kate Willis, and Sybil Davis.

Others in the receiving party or who went to the play and supper were the Misses Helen Huntington, Helen Campbell, Ruth Gibbs, Hazen Symington, and Agnes Claflin.

The young men included Edward Stevens, Wallace Cheney, the Messrs. Richardson, Herman Boker, George Lord, Charles Inman, and Harold Wall.

DIAMOND PENDANTS

WE invite examination of our stock of diamond pendants. Also many choice semi-precious stones, such as tourmaline, aquamarine, peridot, opal, amethyst and golden topaz, set with diamonds. Prices $60 to $1000.

Theodore A. Kohn & Son
JEWELLERS 321 Fifth Avenue
at 32nd Street

OUR PARKS EXCEL ENGLAND'S

T. H. Mawson, Architect, Lectures at Mr. and Mrs. Stuart Duncan's Home.

A lecture was given on English and Italian gardens yesterday afternoon at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Stuart Duncan, 3 East Seventy-fifth Street, by Thomas H. Mawson, a distinguished landscape architect from England. The lecture, which was given in the drawing room, was illustrated by lantern slides, showing garden landscapes of English and Italian estates, also natural landscapes of this country and Canada.

Mr. Mawson, upon his return to Europe, will complete the landscape gardening which he is doing for Queen Alexandra and her sister, the Dowager Empress of Russia, at Hvidore, Copenhagen. He has been lecturing in the universities here and planning work with F. Burrall Hoffman, Jr., the architect.

The lecturer said landscape gardening was improving every year in this country, although England naturally held first rank as the people there had made a study of gardening for the last 500 years. He thought the public parks here much better than in England, also the country estates of classic or scholarly design, but the Tudor or Elizabethan style he said was worse here than in England.

Among the patronesses at the lecture were Mrs. Gustav Amsinck, Mrs. Robert Black, Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, Mrs. Clarence Dinsmore, Mrs. John Jacob Astor, Mrs. Lewis Cass Ledyard, Mrs. Henry Phipps, Mrs. William Pollock, Mrs. Arthur Dodge, Mrs. Joseph Stickney, Mrs. Wallace Shillito, Mrs. Fordyce Barker, Mrs. Moses Taylor Pyne, Mrs. Charles Deering, Mrs. James Brown, Mrs. W. M. V. Hoffman, Mrs. Frederick Pearson, and Mrs Julian Robbins. The lecture was organized by Mrs. Francis Burrall Hoffman.

MME. GADSKI AS ELSA.

"Lohengrin" Repeated and Miss Matzenauer Sings Ortrud Brilliantly.

A repetition of "Lohengrin" at the Metropolitan Opera House last night brought forward Mme. Gadski as Elsa, a part assumed by Mme. Fremstad at the last performance. Mme. Gadski had sung Brunnhilde in "Götterdämmerung" in Philadelphia the evening before, but this extra exertion did not seem to tell upon her. She was in very good voice last evening.

The cast included Miss Matzenauer as Ortrud, and this singer sang with such brilliancy that she was twice interrupted with applause in the second act, which must have caused her the greatest amount of surprise, for applause during the course of a German music drama is not usual in New York, let alone Germany, nor, may it be added, is it advisable. Herman Weil sang the part of Telramund, and Mr. Witherspoon was the King. Mr. Hertz conducted.

LACKAYE TO ACT AT BIJOU.

Will Present "The Stranger" on Dec. 21 and Other Plays.

The Bijou Theatre, after several weeks of darkness, is to have another tenant. Wilton Lackaye announces that he will begin a season there on Dec. 21 in "The Stranger," a three-act comedy drama in which he starred on the road last season.

It is Mr. Lackaye's plan to make his company in this play into a stock company to be located at the Bijou and to present several plays that he has in view. One of these plays is a foreign drama that Mr. Lackaye saw abroad last Summer and for which he obtained the American rights.

Gustave Walther's Recital.

Mr. Gustave Walther, a Belgian violinist, said to be a pupil of Ysaye, presented himself for the first time before the New York public yesterday afternoon in a recital in Carnegie Lyceum. He played Saint-Saëns's concerto in B minor, with pianoforte accompaniment, a group of Mr. Kreistler's arrangements of eighteenth century pieces, the chaconne from Bach's D minor solo sonata, Tartini's sonata called "The Devil's Trill" in Mr. Kreistler's edition, and Ysaye's transcription of a Valse Caprice by Saint-Saëns.

This was a programme to suggest a serious, artistic purpose on Mr. Walther's part, and such a purpose was evident in his performance. But his accomplishment, as far as it was disclosed at this recital, is not on a level with his ambition. His tone is powerful, but it is not without roughness, and his intonation is often at fault as well as his execution of rapid passages. The vigor of his bowing was often to be commended.

"Chansons en Crinoline" at Plaza.

Mrs. R. W. Hawkesworth will inaugurate her second season of "Chansons en Crinoline" at the Hotel Plaza this morning at 11 o'clock, under fashionable patronage. The first entertainment will be in the nature of a Russian soiree, and the Balalaika Orchestra and Russian singers are to appear. Mlle. Lopoukowa, the Russian danseuse, will be seen in characteristic dances.

Mme. Emma Eames and Emilio de Gogorza will be heard in songs of the period of the First Empire at the second morning, Dec. 28, in costume. This will be Mme. Eames's first appearance with her husband in concert in this city. Mme. Alma Gluck and Cecil Fanning are to appear at the third morning, Jan. 4, in antebellum songs.

Mme. Nordica to Give Reception.

Mme. Lillian Nordica will give a large reception on Sunday afternoon at her town house, 8 West Ninth Street, in honor of Mrs. John G. Leishman, wife of the Ambassador to Germany, and her daughter, the Countess de Goutant Biron.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The performance of "Das Suesse Maedl," announced for to-night at the Irving Place Theatre, has been postponed indefinitely.

At the benefit for the New York Anti-Vivisection Society, to be held at Wallack's Theatre to-morrow afternoon, Lewis Waller will appear in Henry Hamilton's oneact play, "Fortune's Fool," a drama with only one character.

"The Playboy of the Western World" will be presented again by the Irish Players at Maxine Elliott's Theatre to-night. "The Rising of the Moon" will be used as a curtain-raiser, instead of "The Jail Gate." Next Monday St. John Ervine's play, "Mixed Marriage," will have its first performance in America.

George M. Cohan has eliminated the midweek matinees of "The Little Millionaire" at Cohan's Theatre until Christmas week. Then and thereafter the matinees will take place on Fridays instead of Wednesdays, the one day in the week, except Monday, on which no first-class theatre has a matinee.

YESTERDAY'S WILLS.

GREGORIO FOLCHI, died Nov. 7; left $5,200 realty and $1,800 personalty, one-third to his wife, Filomena Folchi, and two-thirds to be divided equally among his children, Grace, Mary, and Joseph Folchi.

FREDERICKE KELLER left more than $500 realty and $200 personalty, bequests of $1,700 to her daughter, Mathilda K. Hay, and $1,000 to her son, Wilhelm Keller.

BRIDGET TRACY, died Nov. 26; left more than $1,000 each of realty and personalty, $500 each to Thomas J., Tracy J., and Mary B. Ryan, and interest for Peter J. Tracy; $250 to Catharine A. Mannion, $100 to Katherine Kiernan, and bequests of unestimated value to Julia T. Farley, St. Patrick's Cathedral, the rector of the Church of the Holy Cross, 329 West Forty-second Street; the Mission of the Immaculate Virgin for the Protection of Homeless and Destitute Children, the Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, the Institute for the Blind of the Sisters of St. Joseph of Peace, Jersey City, and to Cardinal John M. Farley.

JANE DELANEY, died Nov. 10; left more than $1,000 each of realty and personalty to her daughter, Catherine Healy.

DANIEL KRAUSS, died April 14; left about $3,000 realty and about $318 personalty to his wife, Sali Krauss.

EDWIN F. MERWIN, died Nov. 26; left less than $1,000 personalty in shares of unestimated value to his wife, Elizabeth Merwin, and his children, William E. Merwin, Gertrude E. Hall, and Florence S. Lawrence.

HENRY W. KUPFER, died Nov. 12; left more than $10,000 personalty to his wife, Carrie L. Kupfer.

HELEN TAYLOR, died Nov. 28; left $1,500 personalty; $1,000 to her brother, Samuel R. Taylor, $200 to Josephine B. Hamlin, $50 to Annie Taylor, and a life interest in eleven shares of American Telegraph and Cable stock to her mother, Harriet K. Taylor.

HANCHEN ROTHSCHILD, died Nov. 27; left more than $10,000 realty and more than $50 personalty, bequests of unestimated value to her husband, Simon Rothschild, Moses and Lillie Sulzberger, Carrie Kraus, Regina Herzog, Bessie Peck, Leah Obermeier, Eva Herzog, Herbert Herzog, and Hattie Fleischman; $50 to Temple Rodoph Sholom, in Lexington Avenue; $300 to Dr. Louis Peck, $400 to Myron Sulzberger, $100 to Julian Rosenthal, and $250 each to Fannie and Bertha Sulzberger.

Police Captain Thomas F. Darcy.

Police Capt. Thomas F. Darcy died yesterday at his home, 73 Remsen Street, Astoria, L. I., after a three months' illness. He was 64 years old and had been in charge of the Fort Hamilton Police Station for the last two years. Capt. Darcy was born in Astoria and was appointed to the Police Department in Long Island City as a patrolman in 1871. He was a close friend of former Mayor Patrick Gleason of Long Island City and was promoted to a Captaincy after a few years. He retained this rank when Long Island City was consolidated with the other boroughs in 1898. He had always commanded police stations either in Brooklyn or Queens County. Capt. Darcy was one of the biggest men in the New York police force. He was more than 6 feet tall, weighed more than 300 pounds, and had the strength of a giant.

Obituary Notes.

JAMES A. MILLHOLLAND, 69 years old, inventor, former coal operator and President of the Georges Creek & Cumberland Railroad until it was purchased by the Western Maryland, died in Cumberland, Md., yesterday. His father, James Millholland, helped build the first locomotive in America, designed by Peter Cooper.

HERMAN S. BUTLER, senior member of the law firm of Butler & Simonson of Tompkinsville, died at his home in Westerleigh, Staten Island, yesterday. He was a native of New York State and was 50 years old. He leaves a widow and two children.

Col. E. A. HAWKINS, 68, who, as a private in the Signal Service of the Union Army, was the first to telegraph to Washington the news of the completion of Sherman's march to the sea, died in Upper Sandusky, Ohio, Tuesday night.

Patrolman TIMOTHY HOAR, aged 44 years, died Tuesday night at his home at 12 Cedar Street, Corona, L. I., from pneumonia, which, it is said, he contracted while hunting down the assailants of his brother, Richard Hoar, who was beaten by several unidentified men on the night of Nov. 11 last. Patrolman Hoar leaves a wife and six children. He was attached to the Newtown Precinct.

Capt. JOHN STOUGHTON WATSON, for twenty-six years Superintendent of the Cunard Line piers in this city, died on Tuesday from a complication of diseases at his home, 317 Park Avenue, East Orange, N. J., at the age of 86. He was born in Northampton, Mass., and was the son of Paymaster Watson of the United States Navy. He enlisted in the navy at the outbreak of the civil war. Capt. Watson subsequently entered the shipping business and became Superintendent of the Cunard piers here in 1882. He retired three years ago. He was the brother of Rear Admiral Eugene Winslow Watson, U. S. N., retired, of Washington.

PETER WILHELM MOELLER, a founder of several German schools in this city, and well known as a teacher of the German language and literature, died on Tuesday at the German Hospital at the age of 79. He was born in Germany and came to this city when he was twenty years old. He started his first German school in West Thirty-fifth Street in 1858. His German schools had an unusual success. He celebrated his fiftieth anniversary as a German teacher in this city last March in his school in West Twenty-ninth Street. He became ill soon after, and the school was closed.

Mrs. EMMELINE COLE SMITH, widow of Walter Smith and a cousin of the late Commodore Vanderbilt, died on Monday at her home, 93 Douglas Street, Brooklyn, at the age of 82. She was born on Staten Island.

ELLEN J. BELLAMY, for twenty-three years a public school teacher in this city, died on Tuesday at her home, 352 Convent Avenue, from pericarditis at the age of 40. She was the daughter of Robert Bellamy, a real estate operator, and was born in this city. She had been Assistant Principal of Public School 79, in First Street near Second Avenue, for the last eight years.

JAMES E. MOON, ex-State Senator of New Jersey and civil war veteran, died at his home in Phillipsburg, N. J., yesterday. He was born in New Hope, Penn., July 16, 1841. At the time of his death he was connected with the Second National Bank of Phillipsburg. Mr. Moon had held high offices in the Masonic order, the Knights of Pythias, Odd Fellows, Knights and Ladies of the Golden Star, and the Royal Arcanum. He leaves two daughters.

JOHN F. ANDERSON, for sixty years an active lawyer in Sullivan County, died at his home in Callicoon, N. Y., yesterday from a stroke of paralysis. He was 85 years old, and a veteran of the civil war. Mr. Anderson served two terms as District Attorney. The funeral will be held on Friday, when the Supreme Court, in session in Monticello, will adjourn for half the day.

WILLIAM S. MARSHALL, 72 years old, who was a friend of Abraham Lincoln, died yesterday at his home in Montclair, N. J. Mr. Marshall was for the last seventeen years general salesman for H. B. Claflin & Co. of New York. He was born in Kentucky, but at the outbreak of the civil war, being a resident of Illinois, he joined the Eighth Illinois Cavalry. Mr. Marshall's father was a lawyer, and Abraham Lincoln frequently consulted with him. Mr. Marshall served for several years as Secretary to the Governor of Illinois.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

RIDGEWAY.—Dec. 3, Danbury, Conn., to Mr. and Mrs. E. Ridgeway, a son.

Married.

LOVERIDGE—O'MALLEY.—On Tuesday evening, Dec. 5, at the residence of her brother, Mr. Charles A. O'Malley, Hedden Terrace, Newark, N. J., Miss Elizabeth Ann O'Malley to Capt. George J. Loveridge of Hull, England.

AARON—SEEGAR.—Dec. 5, Birdie Seegar to George Aaron.

FRANK—HOUK.—Dec. 5, Elsie Houk to Herbert S. Frank.

Brooklyn.

GEHRSITZ — MEYER. — Nov. 30, Catherine Meyer to John Gehrsitz.

NIXON—DEVOY.—Dec. 2, Mary A. Devoy to Frank Nixon.

Died.

ASHFORTH.—At Pleasantville, N. Y., on Tuesday morning, Dec. 5, 1911, after a severe illness, Jeanette M., wife of Edward Ashforth. Funeral services will be held from her late residence, 390 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, on Thursday evening, Dec. 7, 1911, at 8 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

BEARDSLEY.—Entered into rest on Wednesday, Dec. 6, Alice, daughter of the late Lucius T. and Frederica Beardsley, at Morristown, N. J. Funeral from her late residence, 146 South St., at 3:30 P. M. Friday, Dec. 8.

BELKNAP.—On Monday, Dec. 4, 1911, Edwin Star Belknap of New York City, in his 53d year. Funeral services at the residence of his cousin, Mrs. Ira B. Wheeler, 411 Morris Av., Elizabeth, N. J., on Thursday evening, Dec. 7, at 8 o'clock.

BENJAMIN.—Edward Austin Benjamin, Lieutenant United States Army, retired, in Brooklyn, N. Y., of pneumonia, on Dec. 6, 1911, in the 65th year of his age. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BIATT.—Suddenly, on Dec. 6, Lillian E., beloved daughter of Sarah and the late Peter Biatt, of 230 West 105th St. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BRAHE.—At his late residence, 400 Convent Av., New York City, on Dec. 5, 1911, Keith S. Brahe, in his 26th year. Funeral services at his late residence, Thursday morning, Dec. 7, at 10:30.

BROWN.—On Dec. 6, 1911, Robert Ingram Brown, son of the late Robert Ingram and Ann Catherine Brown, in his 81st year, at his late residence, 162 West 76th St. Funeral private; please omit flowers.

BURRELLE.—Mrs. Nelle, widow of Frank A. Burrelle, on Dec. 6, after a few days' illness, at Hotel Carlton, 54th St. and Broadway. Funeral Saturday at 11 A. M. from the FUNERAL CHURCH, (Frank E. Campbell Building,) 241 West 23d St.

CARR.—On Wednesday, Dec. 6, 1911, Catherine Carr, eldest daughter of the late Patrick and Catherine Carr. Funeral from her late residence, 166 Vanderveer Place, Brooklyn Manor, L. I. Notice of funeral later.

CLARK.—Suddenly at Yonkers, N. Y., Almira Clark, daughter of the late Charles and Mary Clark. Funeral private.

CURTIUS.—Thomas M., on Tuesday, Dec. 5, 1911, after a short illness. Funeral services at his late residence, 150 Madison Av., Tompkinsville, Staten Island, on Thursday, Dec. 7, at 4 P. M. Carriages in waiting at St. George's Ferry on the arrival of the 3:20 P. M. boat from New York.

FORD.—Dec. 6, 1911, Marie Louise, beloved wife of Frederick A. Ford, daughter of the late James T. Drumgold, after brief illness. Funeral Saturday, 1 o'clock, at Mount Morris Baptist Church, 5th Av., near 127th.

GALBRAITH.—Anne, nee Leigh, wife of William H., at 16 West 102d St., Dec. 5. Funeral services Thursday, 8 P. M.

HAUPT.—Max, on Dec. 6, father of Louis, Adolph, Jacob, Jennie Rouss, Katie Less, and Ray Ecker. Funeral from his late residence, 24 East 99th St., on Thursday, Dec. 7, at 1 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

HOGAN.—Joseph T., suddenly, at residence, 13,210 Forest Hill, Cleveland. Funeral Thursday morning.

LOUMSBERY.—At the residence of her sister, Mrs. W. H. Allen, 1,201 Dean St., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Dec. 6, 1911, Lucretia H. Loumsbery, daughter of the late Stephen Loumsbery of Bridgeport, Conn. Funeral private. Bridgeport (Conn.) papers please copy.

MOELLER.—On Dec. 4, Peter Wilhelm Moeller, in his 80th year. Funeral services at Campbell Building, 241-243 West 23d St., Thursday evening, Dec. 7, at 8 o'clock.

NOURSE.—Suddenly at Tarrytown, N. Y., on Dec. 6, 1911, Edward F., in his 83d year. Funeral private.

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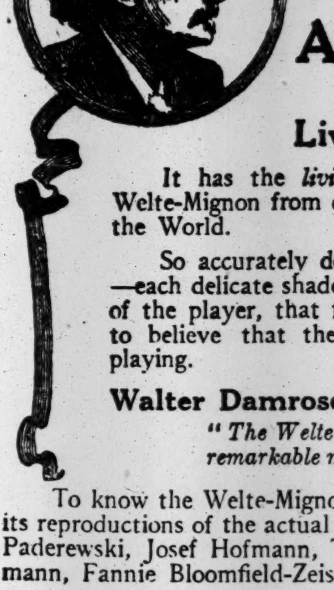

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LONDON: 22 OLD BOND STREET

Died.

OWEN.—On Wednesday, Dec. 6, 1911, John Pierce Owen, in the 78th year of his age. Funeral services will be held from his late residence, 115 West 129th St., on Friday, Dec. 8, at 4:30 P. M. Utica papers please copy.

STAGE.—Dec. 3, 1911, Sarah M., wife of William R. Stage, at her residence, Mechanicstown, N. Y. Interment at Warwick, N. Y.

STRAUS.—Tuesday, Dec. 5, suddenly, Betty Straus, in her 76th year. Funeral services will be held at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Edward Weidenbach, 298 Manhattan Av., Friday morning, Dec. 8, at 10:30 o'clock. Interment at Greenwood Cemetery.

STRAUSS.—Sol. Z., beloved husband of Anna Strauss, on Tuesday, Dec. 5. Funeral service Friday night from his late residence, 1,570 East 17th St., Brooklyn.

UNDERHILL.—On Wednesday, Dec. 6, 1911, at her residence, 272 Manhattan Av., Wilhelmina, daughter of the late Delia Silliman and William Minot Mitchell, and widow of Caleb Underhill. Funeral private.

WOODWARD.—At her residence, 170 State St., Brooklyn, Grace Woodward. Funeral service private, Friday, Dec. 8.

ADLER.—Marcus A., 315 West 112th St., Dec. 5. Funeral to-morow, 10 A. M.

ALLEY.—Florence B., Dec. 5. Funeral 954 Amsterdam Av., to-day, 12:45 P. M.

BARTRO.—Nena, 117 Wadsworth Av., Dec. 4. Funeral to-day, 9:15 A. M.

BURKE.—Ellen, West New Brighton, S. I., Dec. 4. Funeral service to-day.

DEVERMANN.—John H. D., 448 West 55th St., Dec. 5, aged 58. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

DOHERTY.—Jennie, 543 West 26th St., Dec. 5. Funeral to-day.

FLANNELLY.—Bridget, 331 West Houston St., Dec. 5. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

FOLEY.—Mary, 382 East 144th St., Dec. 5. Funeral to-day.

HANLEY.—Patrick, 229 East 88th St., Dec. 5. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

McGLYNN.—Delia, 34 Convent Av., Dec. 4. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

McGUINESS.—Edward, 413 Pleasant Av., Dec. 5. Funeral to-morrow, 8:30 A. M.

MEEHAN.—Bridget, 548 West 49th St., Dec. 4, aged 45. Funeral notice later.

O'LEARY.—Daniel, 106 West 95th St., Dec. 5. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

PAULEY.—Isaiah, 20 Barrow St., Dec. 4. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

RANKE.—Herman, 202 East 76th St., Dec. 5, aged 22. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

REILLY.—Mary, 167 East 87th St., Dec. 5. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

RODGERS.—Isabelle, Roosevelt Hospital, Dec. 5. Funeral notice later.

ROE.—Jennie L., 2,774 Bainbridge Av., Dec. 5. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SCHWARZ.—Carl, 88 East End Av., Dec. 5, aged 65. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

SIMMS.—John, 309 West 121st St., Dec. 4. Funeral to-day, 11:30 A. M.

Brooklyn.

CARMODY. — Catherine, Brooklyn Hospital, Dec. 5, aged 61. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

CARR.—Mary C., 26 Hawthorne St., Dec. 5, aged 65. Funeral service to-day.

CLAFFEY.—Ruth, 256 Prospect Park West, Dec. 5. Funeral private.

CONNOR.—Catherine, 173 Van Brunt St., Dec. 5. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

ENGELHARDT.—Norma, 554 Evergreen Av., Dec. 4, aged 27. Funeral to-day.

FLANDERS.—William H., 1,026 East 10th St., Dec. 6. Funeral notice later.

FRITSCHLER.—Mary A., 366 53d St., Dec. 4. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

FULLERTON.—Mary J., 12 Kenmore Place, Dec. 5. Funeral service to-day.

GOLDEN.—John, 837 St. John's Place, Dec. 6. Funeral Dec. 9, 2 P. M.

GOOSGEN.—Anna G., 169 Skillman Av., Dec. 5, aged 67. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

HARRIS.—Sarah J., 525 West St., Dec. 4.

LEWIS.—Margaret, 173 Martense St., Dec. 5, aged 67. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

McDERMOTT.—Anne, 482 Tompkins Av., Dec. 5, aged 60. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

MALMBORG.—Charles, 80 Hamilton Av., Dec. 5, aged 39. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MANSFIELD.—Ellen, 910 Metropolitan Av., Dec. 4, aged 43. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MEIGS.—Clifton O., 314 Milford St., Dec. 4, aged 30.

MOORE.—Mary E., 464 Herkimer St., Dec. 5. Funeral service to-day.

OLSEN.—Christina, 224 Degraw St., Dec. 4, aged 60. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

PATERSON.—Margaret, 164 Gold St., Dec. 4, aged 34. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SHERMAN.—Marie A., 388 Carlton Av., Dec. 5, aged 67. Funeral service to-day.

SLOEY.—Catherine, 66 Adelphi St., Dec. 5. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

SMITH.—Joseph M., 583 Lexington Av., Dec. 4, aged 26. Funeral service to-day.

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Died.

VAN LEER.—Helen, 315 Marlborough Road, Dec. 5. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

WATKINS.—William, 264 Marion St., Dec. 5, aged 29. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

WELLER.—Hervey, 504 Clinton Av., Dec. 5. Funeral private.

In Memoriam.

MILLER.—Annie Gauch. In loving memory of Mrs. E. A. Miller, who departed this life Dec. 7, 1910.

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NEW YORK A. C. WINS ATHLETIC HONORS

Tom Collins Beats Louis Scott in Three-Mile Race in McCaddin Lyceum Games.

New York Athletic Club track and field men won the point trophy last night at the games of McCaddin Lyceum, held in the armory of the Forty-seventh Regiment, Brooklyn, with a score of 12 points. West Side Y. M. C. A. lads finished second with 7. In the contest for similar honors for Catholic Athletic League members Loughlin Lyceum boys accounted for the prize with a total of 9, Dominican Lyceum being close up one tally back.

In all likelihood chief interest for the 8,000 spectators centred in the three-mile handicap race, which had Louis Scott of South Paterson, the ten-mile champion, at the post of honor, with Tom Collins, the five-mile indoor champion, on forty-five yards, and his nearest opponent before the start.

Scott went right after his field after the gunfire, and had nearly caught Collins at the half mile, to which point he had traveled in 2:13 1-5. The leader at this time was a youngster named Roth of the Mohawks, running off 170 yards and making the best possible use of his handicap. Collins and Scott passed the mile mark in Indian file, the latter's time for the distance being 4:42 1-5.

With Roth still in the van at two miles, by which the back markers slipped with the time 9:54 2-5, it began to look like a tussle between Collins and Scott when the race got to the end, but the men had only reached the first turn after two miles when Scott quit and walked off the track to the surprise of every one, as he seemed to be full of running. Soon after this Collins set sail for the leader, and forced himself into the lead after 2½ miles.

From there on it was easy for the Irish runner, who was trailed by George Obermeyer of the Nationals for several laps. When the last lap was announced Collins went away like a sprinter traveling the last 220 yards in 31 3-5, eventually winning from Obermeyer by fifty yards in the fast time of 14:59 2-5.

The first points for the Mercury Foot and which paved the way for their ultimate point victory were scored by young Edward Madden, son of John E. Madden, the horseman, who used to be quite an athlete himself. The youngster successfully worked his way through a myriad of heats in the 100-yards novice race, but was unfortunate enough through inexperience to be penalized a yard for a false break, which probably cost him the race, in view of the difference between him and the winner, F. Lowney, who beat him a yard in 11 1-5.

Jim Rosenberger and Alvah Meyer, the Irish-American sprinters, worked their way into the third round of the handicap hundred, but were each put out in this stage of the proceedings. Rosenberger was beaten a foot in 0:10 2-5, while Meyer was led to the tape by a like distance in the fine time of 0:10 1-5. Both started from scratch.

Jack Richmond of the New York Athletic Club galloped away with the quarter-mile handicap from the seven-yard mark, his time being 0:51 4-5. J. G. Hemans of Yonkers Y. M. C. A. ran a creditable race in the one-mile handicap, winning easily from the 75-yard mark in 4:31. Eynard Lyceum athletes won the one-mile relay for teams of five, the time being 3:29. The summary:

One-Mile Go-As-You-Please, Handicap.—Won by D. M. Smith, Morris A. A., (4 seconds;) E. Gifford, Knights of St. Anthony, (22 seconds,) second; W. Berner, Morris A. A., (45 seconds,) third. Time—7:35.

100-Yard Dash, Novice.—Final heat won by F. Lowney, unattached; E. Madden, New York A. C., second; E. McCormack, West Side Y. M. C. A., third. Time—0:11 1-5.

100-Yard Dash, Handicap.—Final heat won by C. B. Clark, Xavier A. A., (4 yards;) F. Kaufman, Trinity A. C., (6 yards,) second; G. J. Schnabel, West Side Y. M. C. A., (3½ yards,) third. Time—0:10.

75-Yard Dash, Handicap, Catholic Athletic League.—Won by F. Stephens, McCadden Lyceum, (13 feet;) H. Pinkerton, Loughlin Lyceum, (4 feet,) second; L. J. Elmer, Dominican Lyceum, (9 feet,) third. Time—0:08 1-5.

Three-Mile Run, Handicap.—Won by F. J. Collins, Irish-American A. C., (40 yards;) George J. Obermeyer, National A. C., (70 yards,) second; H. Roth, Montauk A. C., (170 yards,) third. Time—14:59 2-5.

880-Yard Run, Novice.—Final Heat—Won by A. Dolder, West Side Y. M. C. A.; W. Batchorn, Trinity Club, second; C. Schmidt, Holy Cross Lyceum, third. Time—2:14 1-5.

1,000-Yard Run, Catholic Athletic League, Handicap.—Won by J. E. Buckley, Loughlin Lyceum, (16 yards;) J. McCabe, Dominican Lyceum, (19 yards,) second; E. Gilmore, Dominican Lyceum, (scratch,) third. Time—2:24 1-5.

220-Yard Dash, Catholic Athletic League, Handicap.—Final Heat—Won by J. L. Fagan, Ozanam Association, (13 yards;) E. Lomstalat, Paulist A. C., (11 yards,) second; H. Dougherty, Ozanam Association, (11 yards;) third. Time—0:25.

Mile Run, Handicap.—Won by J. G. Hermans, Yonkers Y. M. C. A., (75 yards;) O. W. De Gruchy, New York A. C., (20 yards,) second; Dave Noble, New York A. C., (10 yards,) third. Time—4:31.

440-Yard Run, Handicap.—Final Heat—Won by J. W. Richmond, New York A. C., (7 yards;) O. McKinney, Eastern District Y. M. C. A., (14 yards,) second; L. B. Dorland, unattached, (penalized 3 yards,) third. Time—0:51 4-5.

Mile Relay, Catholic Athletic League.—Team of Five.—Won by Eyward Lyceum team; Dominican Lyceum team, second; Loughlin Lyceum team, third. Time—3:29.

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It's ALL Scotch and ALL ten years old.

MISSISSIPPI CUTTER WINS.

Battleship Virginia Crew Beaten 10 Seconds in Race in Narragansett Bay.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Dec. 6.—Thousands of dollars changed hands among the crews of the battleships of the Third and Fourth Divisions of the United States Atlantic Fleet in Narragansett Bay this afternoon, where the racing crews in twelve-oared cutters from the battleships Mississippi and Virginia tried conclusions over a three-mile straightway course from Prudence Island to a finishing point between the training station and Rose Island, with the Mississippi winning by two boat lenghts.

The weather was ideal with the sea like a mill pond throughout the race. The event was as close as any ever rowed between crews of the navy in Narragansett Bay. At no time was the Mississippi boat, which led throughout, more than two boat lengths ahead of the Virginia.

The crews pulled beautifully and were constantly cheered by officers and enlisted men in steam launches and other boats. As the victors reached the Mississippi they were carried from the gangway on the shoulders of their shipmates. The summary: Mississippi, 24 minutes 13 seconds; Virginia, 24 minutes 23 seconds.

CLASS B BILLIARDS.

C. Conway and Mark Muldaur Victors in National Amatour Games.

Two games were decided in the National amateur championship Class B 18.2 balk line billiard tournament at Maurice Daly's Academy, Forty-ninth Street and Broadway, yesterday. In the first game, played in the afternoon, C. Conway defeated G. B. Clarke by the score of 300 to 264 in the fifty-sixth innings. The winner's high run was 32 points and he averaged 5 35-56. Clarke's high run was 33 with an average of 4 40-56.

Mark Muldaur defeated W. Leonard in the evening game by the score of 300 to 281. This contest was the closest of the two and required sixty-one innings. Both contestants made the high run of twenty-eight points. The averages were: Muldaur, 4 56-61; Leonard, 4 41-61.

NEW YORK WINS LAST GAME.

John Dankelman Defeats Mayer of Philadelphia in Intercity Billiards.

John Dankelman, who represents this city in the National Inter-City Three Cushion Caron Billiard League, defeated Joseph Mayer, the star player of the Philadelphia team last night in the final game of the three-game series at Doyle's Academy by the score of 50 to 37 in eighty-three innings. This is the first victory that Dankelman has scored in the series, although he has contested in all the three games, and, incidentally last night's defeat is the first that Mayer has suffered in the last six games in which he contested, he having won three straight from the Boston team and two from Manhattan.

The Philadelphia player made high runs of four and five points and Dankleman's best run was four points.

$2,000 Billiard Match Arranged.

Alfred De Oro, champion three-cushion billiardist, has answered John Daly's challenge to play a special match of 150 points for $1,000 a side, by depositing his end of the stake. The match will be played on Dec. 11, 12, and 13 at Doyle's. This is the largest stake ever played for in a three-cushion match, and as both men are conceded to be the best exponents of the angle game, a great contest is looked for. Championship rules are to govern the match, which will be played in blocks of 50 each night. The referee will be selected this week.

Murray Elin Wins at 18.2.

In last night's game of the Harlem Class C amateur handicap 18.2 balk line billiard tournament at Paul's Riverside Billiard Academy, 125th Street and Seventh Avenue, Murray Elin defeated Dr. Tuggle by the score of 110 points to 61. The winner was playing at 110 points, while Tuggle had to make 120 points to win the contest, which required thirty innings. Elin's high runs were 15, 12, and 10, and he had an average of 3 20-30. Tuggle scored high runs of 19 and 12, with an average of 2 1-30.

Chicago Makes a Clean Sweep.

CHICAGO, Dec. 6.—Chicago made a clean sweep from St. Louis in the three-cushion series of the National Billiard League, Julius Krulewich defeating Edgar Calmer, 50 to 41, in the final game to-night. The winner had ninety-five innings, with a high run of five. Calmer had one inning less, with a high run of four.

Clinton Defeats Curtis.

In an eight-man team rifle match in the interscholastic rifle tournament, De Witt Clinton High School defeated Curtis High School yesterday by the score of 265 points to 256, at the former's school. Three of Curtis's men made perfect scores, while Wightman did the same for Curtis. The scores:

DE WITT CLINTON.		CURTIS H. S.	
1—Grossman	32	1—Curren	33
2—Rothstein	32	2—Becker	31
3—Elliot	31	3—Marsh	30
4—Walton	32	4—P. Dowell	31
5—Mintz	35	5—Shumway	31
6—Serling	35	6—Zickl	32
7—Clendenning	33	7—Latz	33
8—De Castro	35	8—Wightman	35
Total	265	Total	256

Boys' High Defeats Commercial.

The rifle team of Boys' High School defeated the team from Commercial High in yesterday's interscholastic match, 267 to 252. Epstein and McKenzie of the winning team made perfect scores. The score:

BOYS' HIGH.		COMMERCIAL.	
March	33	Benjamin	32
Nemer	34	Hollingshead	31
Brunner	33	Colgan	32
Epstein	35	Scaman	32
Winn	33	Borst	32
Walfram	33	Messerve	29
Green	31	Hansen	31
McKenzie	35	Glenzing	33
Total	267	Total	252

Hounds Fail to Make a "Kill."

Special to The New York Times.

WESTBURY, L. I., Dec. 6.—The Meadow Brook fox hounds drew a covert in the Guinea woods to-day, and followed by a field of half a dozen riders trailed it over snow-covered fields for several miles. From the Guinea woods they ran Reynard over the Norman Deer White House estate to the Broad Hollow woods. Here they lost the fox for a time. Then they ran it to ground on the Ralph N. Ellis farm. Mrs. James R. Burden, Mrs. Joseph E. Davis, Miss Elise Ladew, R. F. Potter, and George Busch were the riders.

Two Navy Coaches Selected.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Dec. 6.—The baseball nine of the Naval Academy will be coached next Spring by E. L. Breckenridge, who met with much success while coach of the Amherst nine for the past two seasons. The basket ball squad will be coached by Midshipman George F. Jacobs, who captained the five last year.

Pavonia Yacht Club Election.

The annual meeting of the Pavonia Yacht Club of Bayonne yesterday was marked by a lively contest in the election of officers for the ensuing year. These were chosen: S. W. Decker, Commodore; H. S. Smith, Vice Commodore; Herbert G. Eddy, Rear Commodore; Frank Baker, Treasurer; Dr. George W. Mellor and David Woodruff, Secretaries; Dr. S. M. Hatch, Fleet Surgeon; Joseph Kelly, Measurer, and M. F. Keating, W. M. Rysdyk, William J. Strain, and Clarence Steinhart, Trustees.

TY COBB, BOXER, WINS AT LONG ACRE

Philadelphia Featherweight Defeats Young Fitzsimmons in Ten Rounds.

Ty Cobb, the Philadelphia featherweight, proved too clever for Young Fitzsimmons, a west side boxer, in the star bout of last night's show at the Long Acre A. A. Cobb used a left jab, which rocked Fitzsimmons's head back repeatedly, and he also showed a strong right, which he swung now and then with sufficient force to sway the west sider's head from side to side. Fitzsimmons was a little taller than his opponent, and had a longer reach, but these physical advantages ran second to Cobb's cleverness. The Philadelphian beat Fitzsimmons to the punch all the way from the third round to the end of the fight. It was announced before the bout that both had weighed in under 125 pounds at 8 o'clock.

Fitzsimmons has made a good record during the past few months, and his west side admirers packed the clubhouse in the hope of seeing him add the shifty Philadelphian to his list of victims. But the west sider was so dazzled by the feints and jabs of his opponent that he failed to show the expected form. He was exhorted throughout the fight to go in and mix with the Quaker, and in the closing rounds he tried the rushing game, but Cobb was too clever, and he kept Fitzsimmons from doing any effective work. Fitzsimmons backed him against the ropes time and again, but Cobb's defense did not allow any hard wallops to slip through.

Fitzsimmons had the better of the opening round. He shot three left jabs to Cobb's face shortly after the bell sounded, and later in the round he got over a hard right swing, which shook up the Quaker. Cobb was taking his time, and during the round did little more than assume the defensive.

In the second round Cobb began to use his left jab and right swing and he easily gained the honors of the round. Fitzsimmons got over two hard lefts to the head and a right to the stomach, but ran second to Cobb in the honors for the round.

Both were thoroughly warmed up to their work in the third round and the action was fast all the way. In the early part of the chapter Cobb had the better of the fighting, but in the latter part Fitzsimmons came back and evened matters. It was the fastest round of the bout.

From this stage until the final bell sounded Cobb held the upper hand. In the fourth round he made Fitzsimmons look like a novice, doing all the aggressive work and beating his opponent to the punch continually. In the fifth he again carried the fighting to Fitzsimmons and gained a clear lead. In the sixth and seventh Fitzsimmons did better work than before, but was outpointed in each round. In the eighth he set about to rush Cobb and try to wear him down, but it was no use. Cobb was too clever and he managed to outpoint Fitzsimmons in each of the remaining rounds. Both were strong at the finish.

In the semi-final, scheduled to go six rounds, the referee stopped the bout in the second round to save Al Carey from further punishment. Eddie McDonald was the winner.

BOUTS AT HOUSTON A. C.

One Ends in Draw and Kid Zairs Quits in Second Ten-Rounder.

Two ten-round bouts featured the boxing programme of the Houston A. C. last night, but only one went the limit. In the first event Joe Shears of England and Danny Ridge fought each other all over the ring during the entire ten rounds, and, after the Briton had gained a big lead in the first half, the local boy came back in the closing sessions and managed to even up matters.

The final bout, scheduled for ten rounds between Kid Zairs of England and Marty Brown of the east side, ended in the second chapter, when the Englishman was floored with a hard right to the jaw, and was saved by the bell, but refused to continue. The principals of the final event were both lightweights, and started off in a way that gave promise of some interesting work, with the Briton, who exhibited a lot of cleverness, doing most of the leading. Brown, a rugged type of boxer, was content to take the lightning jabs of his opponent in order to get the desired opportunity which presented itself in the second round.

The Shears-Ridge contest was a hummer from start to finish, in which both boys pummeled each other at a fast rate. Shears made a good showing at close range, where he worked short right and left hooks and excelled his opponent in every clinch. Toward the end of the bout Ridge showed a better attack and scored some hard straight left jabs that shook Shears up considerably and entitled him to an even break.

KNOCKOUT EGERS LOSES.

Young Reilly Wins Ten-Round Bout at the Sharkey A. C.

Young Reilly defeated Knockout Egers in their ten-round bout last night at the Sharkey A. C. Reilly, the former amateur, carried the work in every round after the fourth and with a steady volley of right and left hooks had Egers on the defensive and unable to get going properly. In the eighth round after a fast exchange Reilly brought the blood from Egers's nose and it bled for the remainder of the contest.

In the ninth and final round Reilly made a grandstand finish and was all over his opponent landing with both hands hard to the body and face. Egers, a rugged and hard fighter, had all he could attend to and was just able to last until the finish, being in bad shape at the final bell.

In the semi-final scheduled for six rounds the referee stopped the affair in the fifth session to save Young Gitney from any further punishment at the hands of Marty Walsh.

NOTES OF THE BOXERS.

To-night at the Fordon Athletic Club Joe Jeannette and Jewey Smith will be the topliners in a ten-round bout. This will be Jeannette's first appearance in this city since his battle with Sam Langford in Madison Square Garden several months ago.

Nathan Erlich of Philadelphia and Jimmy Flynn, Matt Wells's sparring partner, will be the principals in the star bout of ten rounds at the Maspeth Athletic Club, Garrison and Grand Streets, Maspeth, L. I., this evening. Two six-round bouts, arranged by Manager Jack Roulet between Heine Thiel and Happy Hayes, Joe McCluskey and Joe Mitchen, promise to be of the appetizing variety.

Reports from St. Stephen's Lyceum, where Young Herman, the up-state middleweight, is training for his bout with Sailor Burke at the Gowanus Athletic Club, Saturday night, indicate that Herman will surely spring a surprise on the tar when he steps into the ring. Herman is credited with a decision over Bill Hurley, who recently carried the Sailor through ten rounds at the Royale Athletic Club.

Forty-two rounds of boxing is the bill at the Fairmont Athletic Club on Saturday night. In the main event of ten rounds Terry Young is going against Young Cashman. The semi-final of ten rounds will bring into action Charley Hyland and Johnny Baker. Another ten-round bout will see Jim Coffey and Johnny Kelly in action. Ed Conway will box six rounds with Young Kampe, and Dave Goodman and Young Nelson are booked for six rounds.

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RULING FOR ATHLETES.

National A. A. U. Registration Chairman Explains Law on Trophies.

James E. Sullivan, Chairman of the National Registration Committee of the Amateur Athletic Union, yesterday sent the following letter to W. G. Stuart, Chairman of the Registration Committee of the South Atlantic Association, in regard to the transferring of an athlete from one club to another:

> I beg to advise you that I have taken up with President Gustavus T. Kirby and Bartow S. Weeks, Chairman of the Legislation Committee, the question of transferring of athletes, and their decision is that the local Registration Committees at the present time cannot transfer a man. It is immaterial what excuse or reason he advances.
>
> On Nov. 20 the Amateur Athletic Union in annual convention adopted the following resolution:
>
> "No one shall be eligible to compete in any athletic meeting, games, or entertainment given or sanctioned by this union unless he shall be a duly registered athlete and a member of the organization from which he enters; nor shall any member of any club in the union, or of any club in any district in this union, be allowed to compete as a representative of such club in case he has within one year competed as a member of any other club then in this union, unless such other club shall have disbanded or practically ceased to exist, or unless he has taken a bona fide residence in another district of this union."
>
> That law is clear, and to the point, and was enacted to stop an abuse that existed. Therefore, when an athlete asks you to transfer him to another club, you must refuse to do it, as you have no power to transfer him. The National Registration Committee has no power to transfer him, and the Amateur Athletic Union itself cannot transfer him. No one has the power now to transfer an athlete from one club to another, and the man you mention must run unattached for one year from the date he last represented the club he now wishes to leave.
>
> In this connection I might state that there has been one case presented to the National Registration Committee from an athlete who has presented to the committee his release, dated prior to the annual meeting of the Amateur Athletic Union. This release was not recorded in the books of the Registration Committee prior to the date of the annual meeting, therefore the man cannot be transferred. If a man was not transferred on the books of the Registration Committee prior to Nov. 20 he cannot now be transferred.
>
> If your committee has transferred any one since Nov. 20, I would suggest that you call your committee together at once and cancel such transfers, and any prizes won by an athlete who has been transferred since Nov. 20 will be taken from him by the Amateur Athletic Union, and his entry made on such an act of the Registration Committee should be rejected by those managing athletic games, because it is sure to complicate matters.

Y. M. C. A. BOYS IN GAMES.

George Daneke Wins Two Events at Twenty-third Street Branch.

George Daneke was the star performer in the annual Fall athletic meet of the Twenty-third Street Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association, held last night in the branch gymnasium. Daneke contested in only two events—the 220-yard run and the 440-yard run—and won both of them.

Seven events were decided, and the competition in each was of the keenest. The feature was the running high jump, which was won by W. McIntyre, who jumped 5 feet 3 inches. A. S. Wilson finished second, with a jump of 5 feet 2 inches, and W. Block was only 1 inch behind the second game. Block's jump was 5 feet 1 inch.

The 880-yard run was also a close event. The winner, W. Anderson, by a great burst of speed near the finish line, managed to beat J. Ferraris, who finished second, by about 2 feet. The summaries:

220-Yard Run.—Won by George Daneke; William Block, second; W. Behnke, third. Time—0:27.

880-Yard Run.—Won by W. Anderson; J. Ferraris, second; W. K. Meybohn, third. Time—2:11 1-5.

440-Yard Run.—Won by George Daneke; W. Behnke, second; C. R. Bryant, third. Time—0:59.

One-Mile Run.—Won by H. Stegmeyer; C. A. Beler, second. Time—4:56.

Running High Jump.—Won by W. McIntyre, (height, 5 feet 3 inches;) A. S. Wilson, (5 feet 2 inches,) second; William Block, (5 feet 1 inch,) third.

12-Pound Shot-Put.—Won by Fred Pressler, (distance, 41 feet ¼ inch;) Otto Steppet, (38 feet ½ inch,) second; W. McIntyre, (36 feet 8½ inches,) third.

Obstacle Race.—Won by J. Weising; H. J. Van Wyl, second; A. S. Wilson, third. Time—0:46.

To Train Norwegian Athletes.

Another tribute to athletes who have received their knowledge of track and field sport in the United States became known yesterday when Charles Ericksen of the Norwegian Turn Society of this city was appointed trainer of the athletes of Norway by the King, who, having received accounts of the splendid progress made by Swedish athletes under the instruction of E. H. Hjertberg, formerly of New York, decided that his countrymen should receive similar instruction. Ericksen sails for Norway to-day and will be with the athletes of that country until the time of the Olympic games. He was formerly the National champion 145-pound wrestler, and is said to have a good general knowledge of all-around sports, particularly boxing and wrestling, at which the Norwegians expect to shine in the games next year. A big crowd of his clubmates will see him off this morning when he sails.

New England Athletes Coming.

Col. George B. Billings, Chairman of the Athletic Committee of the Boston Athletic Association, and George V. Brown, Athletic Director of the Boston A. A., are forming a team that will represent New England at the indoor championships at Madison Square Garden on Dec. 26 and 27. Manager Brown has written Secretary James E. Sullivan that he hopes to get the following men to come on for the championships: Reggie Foster, former Harvard sprint champion; D. B. Young, Amherst, intercollegiate quarter-mile champion, who has a record of 48 4-5 for the "440"; George A. Chisholm, former intercollegiate champion, who competed for Yale, (Chisholm is now in business at Attleboro, Mass., and will try to get away from business long enough to make the trip to New York;) S. C. Lawrence, former intercollegiate high jump champion; H. W. Holden, New England intercollegiate champion and record holder; H. A. Gidney, Olympic champion high jump; T. J. Halpin, New England half-mile champion; W. C. Prout, National quarter-mile junior champion; Frank O'Hara, National junior 220-yard champion; E. L. Farrell, broad jumper; C. W. Gram, K. D. Kernstrom, "Tech" sprinters; Harry Lee, George Sullivan, and G. P. Kimball, distance runners.

Xavier A. A. Annual Games.

The Xavier Athletic Association will hold their annual games and reception at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory, Sixty-eighth Street and Broadway, on Saturday evening, Jan. 6. This year's games promise to surpass those of former years. The management has assurances for the appearance of nearly all the champions, and the gathering of such an array of stars will surely cause the erasure of many records, and thus make this meet of the Cherry X. one long to be remembered. The events have all been carefully selected, and are of a sort to test the mettle of either sprinter or distance man, and are as follows: Seventy-yard run, novice; 70-yard handicap, 300-yard handicap, 440-yard novice, three-quarter-mile handicap, three-mile handicap, 150-yard limit, and a special one-mile relay handicap, open to Young Men's Christian Association, Catholic Athletic League, S. S. A. L., Church Athletic League, and Intersettlement Athletic League. Entries close on Jan. 2 with J. J. Coffey, 205 West Fourteenth Street, and Dieges & Clust, 20 John Street.

Seventy-first Infantry Games.

The annual indoor games of the Seventy-first Infantry, N. G. N. Y., will be held in the armory, at Park Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street, on Saturday evening, Dec. 30. Many special features are being planned by the Athletic Committee, of which Capt. John Boyle, Jr., is the Chairman.

Elementary School Soccer League.

Public School 62 of Manhattan lived up to its past reputation as a pace setter in sports by capturing the elementary school soccer championship of the Public School Athletic League for 1911. The league was made up of five Brooklyn teams and three from Manhattan, each team playing one game with each of the other seven. Public School 62 went through the season without a defeat, hanging up seven straight victories. Public School 84 of Brooklyn, another school that always ranks high in athletics, was a close second, losing but one game, that to Public School 62. Public School 139 of Brooklyn went through the interscholastic season without a victory. Following is the standing, two points being allowed for each victory and one point for a tie:

	Won.	Lost.	Tied.	P'ts.
62, Manhattan	7	0	0	14
84, Brooklyn	6	1	0	12
83, Manhattan	5	2	0	10
9, Brooklyn	4	3	0	8
46, Manhattan	2	4	1	5
128, Brooklyn	1	4	1	3
152, Brooklyn	1	5	0	2
139, Brooklyn	0	7	0	0

BIG, FAT WRESTLER DOWNS SIX MEN

Giovanni Raicevich Pins Giants to Mat in Few Minutes in Garden Bouts.

Giovanni Raicevich, the champion heavyweight wrestler of Italy, made his first appearance on the mat in this country at Madison Square Garden last night and in less than twenty minutes of actual grappling wiped up the mat with six giant foreigners. The Italian didn't have to extend himself very much and pinned each one of his bulky opponents to the canvas with simple wrestling methods. The big, fat men who succumbed to the Italian were Harry Petofsky, August Faust, George Sendelle, Oom Paul Schmidt, Hans Lehner, and Fritz Mohl. Each one looked strong enough to carry a piano around with ease, but they possessed a small amount of knowledge of wrestling.

Oom Paul Schmidt was the Hercules of the lot and he gave Raicevich an exciting session for 5¾ minutes before he got him in the clutches of a half-Nelson and neck hold and pushed his two shoulders onto the mat. Schmidt weighed 270 pounds and towered above the Italian, but didn't know how to use his great strength and weight to advantage.

A crowd of about 3,000 persons saw the wrestling, the greater part of the spectators being Italians, who waxed very emotional and jammed into the ring after the last bout and showered the Italian champion with congratulations and glowing tributes of admiration. Raicevich weighs about 230 and is as fat as some Aldermen. He is strong, thick-set, and handled himself with much confidence. His work last night was comparatively easy, for the defense which his opponents put up was crude and easy to solve. Not once did any of the six huge men get the upper hand or even get him on the floor. One by one in quick succession Raicevich toppled the giants onto the mat and with half-Nelsons, bar holds, and savage neck twists disposed of them easily.

A Pole named Harry Petofsky, a mountain of a man, was the first victim. In less than a minute the Italian had him on his back squirming helplessly. Raicevich had both shoulders down and let the Pole up, thinking it was a fall. Referee Dunn ruled outherwise, and in another minute Petofsky was trapped in a half-Nelson. August Faust was the second giant. Raicevich squelched him smilingly in 1:40. Then came the Greek "Demon," George Sentelle. He rolled himself out of a few body holds and got mad and began to pull the Italian's hair. The only savage thing about the Greek was his looks. Raicevich got a hammer lock hold and the Greek went down flat. Then he tried to get at Referee Dunn, but Johnny was shifty with his feet and side-stepped the "Demon."

Oom Paul Schmidt put up the best bout, the huge Boer staying 5:40. He had a body like a California redwood and looked fit enough to push over a bridge. When the Italian upset him he landed in the ring with such a jar that it shook the Garden. He didn't know much about wrestling.

Hans Lehner, a giant German, rushed at the Italian like a wild bull, and after Raicevich had bounded him around the mat a few times and locked him in the grip of a double Nelson, Lehner walked out of the ring like a lamb.

Fritz Mohl was supposed to be the best wrestler of the six, but in the final bout he lasted only 2:55. Raicevich had him on the floor in a jiffy, and in the fastest work of the evening the German wiggled out of several of the Italian's holds. A bar and neck hold quieted him.

Yankee Rogers, who was scheduled to appear, was missing, and the crowd called wildly for him. It was announced that Rogers had a finish match coming this week, and his manager would not let him tackle the big Italian.

The six overgrown wrestlers were such easy picking for Raicevich that some one yelled, "Is Frank Gotch in the house?"

It would have been different if he had been.

AMATEUR BREEDERS LEAD.

Dealers Beaten at Palace Poultry Show—Cat Award Protested.

Competition between amateur and professional fanciers reached an acute stage yesterday at the second day's judging of the annual show of the Empire Poultry Association at the New Grand Central Palace. The rivalry between those who adopt poultry raising as a fad and those who make it a business is not confined to one breed, but is extended to several.

One of the most noteworthy instances of the amateur passing the professional was illustrated at yesterday's judging when George L. McAlpin of East Hampton, N. Y., who exhibits under the name of the Dunn Alpin Poultry Farm. Mr. McAlpin's specialty is chickens with the White Orpingtons and Leghorns as the favored breeds. The classes in which the McAlpin birds were shown were among the biggest in the show. Arrayed against the owner of the Dunn Alpin Farm were: James Crawford, Rancocas Poultry Farm, Gale Poultry Place, William W. Sterling & Son, Freedom Poultry Yards, Moore Brothers and other equally prominent professional breeders.

In spite of the superior class of birds exhibited Mr. McAlpin practically swept the boards with his entries.

Horace Havemeyer and Howard Gould were promient exhibitors in the classes for Wyandottes. Both exhibitors confined their entries to white birds. In the four classes in which the Gould and Havemeyer birds were opposed the honors went to the former, although both were unplaced in the male exhibit of this breed.

Pigeons play an important part in the show. The exhibit is conspicuous by the introduction of a new species, which has required eight years of inbreeding to bring to a state of perfection. The new pigeon is a medium faced Hollender tumbler, with pure black body, white tail, eyes, and bill. A. E. Robst, the breeder of the new bird, is now working to produce a bird with a fawn body. Mr. Robst won sixteen firsts, seventeen seconds, and thirteen thirds out of eighteen classes for helmet pigeons, while Dr. H. L. Jones captured every blue ribbon in the pigmy poulter classes.

Judging in the Cat Show, which is held under the auspices of the Cat Fanciers' Association, was marked by a protest. In the class for white female long-haired cats, Miss Dorothy Champion, the judge, awarded the blue ribbon to Mrs. Pauline Quirks, Lady Booboo, with Miss J. C. Kroeh's Magnolia, III., second, and Miss M. Johnson's White Magic, third. The owners of the winners of second and third prizes protested the award, contending the blue ribbon winner was an inferior cat. Miss Champion disallowed the award, and it developed that Lady Booboo had a broken tail, while Magnolia III. was affected with eczema of the face. The third cat was not considered in the same class.

Klaus and Dillon Draw.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Dec. 6.—Frank Klaus of East Pittsburgh and Jack Dillon of Indianapolis, middleweights, fought six rounds to a draw here to-night. It was a scientific fight throughout, and neither man scored a knockdown or was in distress at any time.

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LARCHMONT YACHTSMEN DINE

Club Has Successful Year—Commodore Richards Re-elected.

The annual meeting and banquet of the Larchmont Yacht Club was held last night at the Hotel Astor, and proved to be one of the most enjoyable affairs held by the club in several seasons. The banquet was held in the east ballroom of the hotel, following an exhibition of the many trophies of the 1911 season.

Commodore Leonard Richards, who was re-elected to the office, in his speech touched upon the successful year which the club has enjoyed. Instead of having a deficit to face, as is usually the case, the club shows a financial gain for the season. There was not a hitch in the business of the meeting. All the reports were favorable, and the new ticket went through without any opposition.

Leonard Richards was re-elected Commodore and George M. Pynchon, the Corinthian skipper of the fleet sloop Istalena, was made Vice Commodore. Francis M. Wilson was re-elected Rear Commodore, and Frank K. Hardy and R. C. Robinson were re-elected to their respective positions of Secretary and Treasurer. The Trustees, Class of 1915, are R. Floyd Clarke and R. J. Schaeier.

Following the election of officers the members took up the consideration of the proposed amendments to the constitution. The amendment relating to the admission of "racing" and "shooting" members was lost. That relating to the admission of women yacht owners as "flag" members with limited privileges was adopted.

Minnesota Wants Eastern Game.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Dec. 6.—The University of Minnesota will play Dartmouth on the football field next year if a game can be arranged, and if not, will try for a contest with Cornell. This was decided to-night at a meeting of the university Board of Control. Dr. H. L. Williams was re-elected coach for three years at a salary of $3,500 a year.

Other Sports on Page 11.

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Marions, $750 to $1,200; Pope-Hartfords, $500 to $1,100; Loziers, $500 to $1,800; Renaults, $750 to $2,000; Mercer, $700; Bergdoll Roadster, $900.
Fiats, $750 to $3,000; Cole Roadsters, $550; Mercedes, $550 to $1,200; Dedietrich Landaulette, $750; Twenty Buicks, $175, $225, $350, $450, $600.
Maxwells, $150, $200, $350; Ten Oldsmobiles (Roadsters, Toy Tonneaus, Taxis) four and six cylinders, $175, $350, $450, $650 and up to $1,100.
Italas, $850 to $1,800; "E. M. F's.," $400 to $800; Overlands, $300 to $500; 1911 American Traveler, $2,200; "Ninety Horse" Simplex, $3,500.
"Fifty" Simplexes, $1,250 to $2,500; Stearns, $450, $700, $900 to $2,500; Isotta, $1,800; White Steamers, $150 to $500; Hudsons, $400 to $700.
Waverley, $100; Delivery Wagons, $350 to $1,200; Taxis, $350 up; Six Cylinder Stearns, $300 to $2,000; 100 more, $75 to $3,000.
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CHALMERS cars, rebuilt, repainted, and guaranteed. C. Dow, 1,627 Broadway, City.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

SPEED,
Power, durability, means good hill-climbing qualities and long life; that is what you get in our used-car department, at one-third the original cost, with a full factory guarantee.
STODDARD MOTOR CO., 225 WEST 57TH

50 H. P. high-grade chassis; good condition; double chain drive; for commercial purposes; $350; body built to order; suitable for laundry or express business. Thomas, Broadway and 64th St.

BAD weather will not permit me to use my almost new Limousine Studebaker. I will sell for best cash offer before Dec. 12; can be seen on salesroom floor, Carpenter Motor Vehicle Co., 1,239 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Ask for Mr. Travis's car.

NEED money for Christmas. Sell for best cash offer my Ford Model S, top, and just overhauled and repainted; tires almost new; make appointment by 'phone. 1000 Bedford. Mr. Hubbard.

Recent model cars; several different makes; price, $450 and upward; far better bargains now than any other time of the year; stock the largest. Thomas, Broadway and 64th St.

For Sale.—3 1911 Lexington demonstrators, torpedo, roadster, and 5-passenger touring, completely overhauled, painted, and guaranteed. C. S. Baesler, 1,993 Broadway, N. Y.

AUTOMOBILES FOR RENT.

PACKARDS AND RENAULTS,
up-to-date limousines and landaulets, $3.50 by the hour, special rates for monthly contracts. 1,770 Madison Av. Tel. 804 Harlem.

For hire, Packards, 1910, landaulets, limousines, $3.50, $4 per hour; theatre calls, $5; lowest weekly, monthly rates. BACKUS, telephone 6204—Lenox.

Packards—Limousine, Landaulette, Regular Customers, $2.50-$4.00 hour. Theatre calls, $5.00. Murray Hill 610.

Packards, powerful, magnificent, 7-passenger, $3-$4.50 hour. Theatre, $2 hour. Murray Hill 91.

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Automobile blacksmithing, woodworking, trimming and painting; estimates submitted; also several high-grade limousine bodies for immediate delivery. Clark & Kendrick, 143 West 51st St., between Broadway and 6th Av.

BEAR ROBES.

Handsome pair bear robes, perfect condition; also elegant fur coat and fur-lined coat; no cash offer refused. 148 East 39th St.

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Ready Reference for Buyers

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ALL MAKES Bought, Sold, and Exchanged. Times Sq. Auto Co., 1,710 Broadway.

BENZ Auto Import Co. of America, 244-6-8 West 54th St., N. Y.

BUICK Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th St. 'Phone 4040 Columbus.

CORBIN 1,888 Broadway, (63d St.) 'Phone 5903 Columbus.

CADILLAC Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage. Columbus Circle. Tel. 7700 Col.

EVERETT SELF-STARTING CARS. Shepherd Motor Car Co., Broadway, near 51st St.

FIAT "THE MASTER CAR." Fiat Automobile Co., 1,776 Broadway. 'Phone 6445 Col.

KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4238 Col.

NATIONAL Poertner Motor Car Co., 1,922 B'way, cor. 64th St. 'Phone 8166-7 Col.

"SIMPLEX" "Made in N. Y. City," 240 West 59th St. Tel. 5168 Col.

COMMERCIAL VEHICLES.

AUTOCAR. Autocar Sales Co., 428-430—435-437 W. 19th St.

AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES.

SPLITDORF-MAGNETO Walton Av. & 138th St. Branch, 1,679 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. Individual road work. Small shop classes. Booklet, 302 West 57th St.

INSCHENKER FINED $5,000.

an Pleads Guilty to Cheating Government by False Invoice.

arles Weinschenker, head of the fur porting house of Charles Weinschenker Co., 45 West Twenty-seventh Street, leaded guilty yesterday before Judge Holt on one count in an indictment charging him with the undervaluation of a shipment of furs, whereby the Government was defrauded of $166. Assistant United States District Attorney Whitney pressed for a jail sentence.

Though there had been a plea of guilty to only one count, he said, there had been undervaluation of every shipment to the firm, and the fraud had continued for years. The $30,000 settlement which the defendant had made with the Government, he explained, released stock worth nearly $250,000 which had been seized as soon as the frauds were discovered. False consular invoices, he said, had been used to deceive the Government, and he expressed the opinion that no distinction could be drawn between them and the use of a secret spring or false weight.

Walter Stern, appearing for the defendant, contended that he had been guilty merely of a technical violation of the revenue laws. His client, he said, had voluntarily surrendered himself and had made a settlement to the full satisfaction of the Collector of the Port, the Treasury Department, and District Attorney. Judge Holt imposed a fine of $5,000 and paroled Weinschenker in the custody of his counsel to pay the fine to-day.

WAS HIS OWN "ANGEL."

Mine President Loaned Cash for Company Dividend—Admits Mail Fraud.

William G. Motley, an engineer of standing, who has received from the Canadian Humane Society its medal for saving lives in a mining disaster and is a member of a number of well-known clubs, pleaded guilty yesterday in the Circuit Court before Judge Holt to having used the mails to defraud. He is President of the Gold Star Mining Company, and it was represented that this is not a fake undertaking, but a legitimate mine, which has turned out unsuccessfully.

Assistant United States District Attorney Levy said that only about $17,000 was involved in the matter, and of this $11,000 had been used in operating the mine. It had actually yielded $700 worth of gold, and then a dividend of 1½ per cent. was declared. This was done to attract investors, whereas of the $1,300 required to pay it Motley had himself loaned to the company $633.

Judge Holt suspended sentence.

BIG MARBLE FIRMS FAIL.

Strike Troubles Bring Receivership for R. C. Fisher and Manhattan Companies.

The Robert C. Fisher Company of Locust Avenue, between 139th and 140th Streets, the Bronx, one of the best known concerns in the marble business, and the Manhattan Marble Company, at the same address, were put into bankruptcy yesterday as a result of the strike of the marble setters, which has been going on for more than four months.

William M. Ivins was appointed receiver of both companies by Judge Holt and was authorized to continue the business. The liabilities of the Robert C. Fisher Company exceed $100,000, with nominal assets $450,000 and actual assets $250,000. The liabilities of the Manhattan Marble Company exceed $30,000, with nominal assets $63,000 and actual assets $28,000.

The petitioning creditors in the case of the Robert C. Fisher Company are Benjamin Moore & Co., $750; Donnelly & Ricci, $709, and Klee-Thomson Company, $110. It is alleged that the company is insolvent, and that on Dec. 5 it admitted in writing inability to pay its debts and unqualified willingness to be adjudged bankrupt, signed by Robert C. Fisher, President. The business was started thirty years ago by the firm of Fisher & Bird, who were succeeded in 1888 by R. C. Fisher & Co., and was incorporated on Aug. 7, 1904, with capital stock $300,000. Edward B. Tompkins, former President, died in May, 1907. Mr. Fisher is President of both concerns.

In the application for the receiver it was stated that it is necessary to keep the business going for a reorganization with new capital, which, it is believed, can be procured. Shaffer, Howell & Hinds are the attorneys for the petitioning creditors. They said that the trouble was principally due to the marble strike, which paralyzed the business of the companies.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

ANDRO HOPKO, formerly a liquor dealer at Yonkers, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $16,360, of which $12,800 are secured by bond and mortgage, and no assets. Among the creditors are the Yonkers Savings Bank, $8,000, and J. Manilla, $4,000.

JULIUS WOLFE of 417 Wendover Avenue has filed a petition, with liabilities of $4,884 to seventy-five creditors, and no assets. The debts were contracted in 1902 as a partner in the firm of Rosenberg & Wolfe, dry goods dealers in Eighth Avenue.

CORNELIUS J. GALLAGHER.—Schedules of Cornelius J. Gallagher, dealer in sand and gravel at 308 East Thirty-fifth Street, show liabilities of $60,956 and assets of $12,458. The largest creditors are John Gallagher, $25,513, and Gallagher Brothers, $19,958.

WALIWELSKY & WEINSTEIN.—A petition has been filed against Joseph Waliwelsky and Daniel Weinstein, who compose the firm of Waliwelsky & Weinstein, manufacturers of cloaks at 142 Division Street, by two creditors, Abraham Cohen, $395, and Benjamin Hyman, $200. The liabilities are $2,000 and assets $900.

MOE BROZEN.—Schedules of Moe Brozen, fur manufacturer of 56 East Eighth Street, show liabilities of $27,112 and assets of $7,439. Of the liabilities $9,500 is on accommodation paper for M. Wiener, wholesale dealer in silks at 339 Grand Street, against whom a petition was filed on Oct. 17.

BENJAMIN M. KREMER.—Schedules of Benjamin M. Kremer, silk dealer at 110 Greene Street and also at Paterson, N. J., show liabilities of $19,135 and assets of $19,669. Among the creditors are the State Bank, $5,500; Champion Silk Company, $2,425, and Klingenstein Brothers & Co., $1,279.

Judge Cohalan of the Supreme Court has appointed Newton McGovern receiver of the Union Carting Company, a partnership, of 60 King Street, in a suit brought by Agnes Paula against Rocco P. Timpone for a dissolution of the partnership which was formed on Nov. 21, 1910, and an accounting.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Adams, Garrison B.—Brauer, $2,448.
Altman, Bernard—S. W. Bandler, $169.
Byrne, Cornelius E.—R. B. Brower, $1,340.
Briganti, Michael—J. Luckstone, $189.
Cheston, Walter S.—T. H. Calhoun, $593.
Conrade, John W.—J. E. Bates & Co., $101.
Cohen, Abraham—A. Sotsky, $763.
Catts, Robert M.—C. Dietz, $295.
Champoli, H. E.—P. Regan, $8,080.
Cowley, Edw. A.—W. R. H. Martin, $604.
Connolly, Louis C.—M. C. Shayne, $165.
Carr, C. Franklin—National Casket Co., $287.
Cameron, Alexander, Jr.—Nottingham Apartments, $287.
Cohen, Benjamin—A. Greenspan, $242.
Dreyer, George—L. Leimdorfer et al., $112.
De Carlo, James—Hannis Distilling Co., $284.
Dearing, James C.—I. Weaver, $117.
De Vaux, Harry A.—B. Lavendale, $176.
De Vito, Michael—John Burke Importing Co., $163.
Degnan, Richard D. (not summoned) and Thomas E.—Niagara Silk Mills, $282.
Gallo, Frank—R. D'Amico et al., $999.
Graber, Benjamin—H. Schotroff, $319.
Same—Same, $601.
Garsson, Joseph and Eva—M. Rose, $246.
Hallowell, Louis S., and Herbert S. Cole—W. H. Wheeler, $382.
Heffter, Antonio J.—G. Cohn et al., $331.
Hynes, Edward F.—National Casket Co., $269.
Hepner, William, and Arthur Kershaw—Dongan Investing Co., $552.
Irving, Louise E.—L. S. Ross et al., costs, $140.
Johnson, Chester S.—P. Kreig, $101.
Laporta, Antonio O.—B. Frank & Sons, $284.
Lamberger, Oscar O. I.—M. Cohn, $321.
Melancon, Jules—F. Newman et al., $180.
Miller, Michael—S. Feldmark, $262.
Munyer, Salim—J. Yamin, $1,628.
McAdo, Walter C., and Edgar L. Marshall (not summoned)—Machlin Bros., $216.
Mildorf, Sigmund—W. R. Ellison et al., $142.
McKinney, Dennis J.—C. De Fee, $141.
Meyer, Isidor—J. Schweitzer, $491.
Meisels, Joseph—Cairo Thread Works, $373.
Miller, George W.—L. Kliphan, costs, $138.
Miller, Rosa—Same, costs, $138.
Montgomery, William, and Florence Moore—B. A. Myers, $350.
Mullins, Dennis D.—Title Guarantee and Trust Co., $201.
Muscat, George H.—A. Mardich, $315.
Moscovitz, Samuel—State Bank, $512.
Plehm, Ida—M. Kanter, $106.
Peretzman, Louis—Cairo Thread Works, $157.
Raccuia, Joseph, and Sebastiano Ranno—O. W. Friederich, $386.
Riera, Francis, Michael, and Mary—Western Electric Co., $112.
Raskin, Jacob—Newark Spring Mattress Co., $143.
Reddy, Patrick—Beckman Co., $123.
Ryan, E. J.—F. Humphrey, $2,795.
Robertson, James H.—Julius Kessler & Co., $143.
Roberts, Irving—Church E. Gates & Co., $580.
Rode, August, (not summoned,) and Edward Black—Water Works Equipment, $366.
Rosen, Max, Henry Elson, (not summoned,) and Abraham Brandman—H. B. Elson, $551.
Strauss, Leopold—E. McLoughlin et al., $124.
Strianese, William—N. Y. Edison Co., $212.
Schlesinger, Abraham—H. Rabinowitz, $186.
Shaw, Frederick—Ellison Construction Co., $1,030.
Scuderi, Ignazio—Expanded Metal Engineering Co., $172.
Schott, Julius—C. Wolf, $130.
Spinelli, Martin—Imperial Curtain Co., $117.
Sinkovitz, Isidor and Lena—H. Mayer, $190.
Santry, James J.—Colwell Lead Co., $147.
Simpson, Wesley B.—Royal Eastern Electrical Supply Co., $115.
Schlisman, Chester J.—Brooklyn Heights R. R. Co., $109.
Strauss, Arsher and Annie—S. Kheel et al., $279.
Sweetser, William, and John J. Finn—Tribune Association, $132.
Same—Same, $250.
Ulman, John—M. Baruchi, $10,187.
Terry, Edwin F.—H. P. Hatch, $14,555.
Tafel, George F.—A. N. Itterly, $872.
Tuchfield, Sophia—Title Insurance Co. of N. Y., (costs,) $111.
Urbanski, Wladystaw—H. Tieber, $190.
Wagner, Carl F.—Stebeck Bros., $162.
Woods, Patrick—David Stephenson Brewing Co., (costs,) $108.
Walker, George T.—United States Title Guarantee and Indemnity Co., $191.
Wiley, Elbert M.—J. S. Davis, $6,409.
Walker, Lillian R., and Ida J.—H. M. Spence, $754.
Zuzolo, Sabino—F. Neumer, $147.
Zitler, George—J. Linel et al., $126.
Classon Construction Co., Cosgrove Bros., Timothy H. Roberts, Charles W. Kent, (not summoned,) and Anthony Saladino—G. P. Sherwood & Co., $326.
Second Manhattan Office Building Co.—S. S. Terry, $10,562.
Thomas F. White Co.—F. Mueller, $550.
Hampton Iron and Steel Co.—Barlow Foundry Co., $758.
Clark Contracting and Construction Co.—I. S. Bushey, $273.
Cheney Realty Corporation—N. Y. Edison Co., $125.
Bohemian Slavonian Realty Association, Prague—M. Vacek, $1,134.
Silon Construction Co., Joseph Bloch, Inc., Bernard London, and Joseph Silverson—Germania Bank, $382.
Codae Realty Co. and Emanuel Doctor—John Liddle Cut Stone Co., $248.
Justus Frankel Co.—H. M. Spence, $215.
Knickerbocker Pen Co.—Forty-Sixth Street and Broadway Realty Co., $318.
Cobern Construction Co., Morris Margolies, (not summoned,) and Louis Berenson (not summoned)—F. Butensky et al., $218.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date when judgment was filed:

Apgar, John T.—S. E. Staggs, Oct. 27, 1911, $118.
Cosmopolitan Fire Insurance Company of New York—C. E. Bushnell et al., Nov. 24, 1911, $713.
Conovich, Theodore—M. Schnitzer, Nov. 17, 1911, $191.
Hurtig & Seamon—C. P. Morrison et al., Oct. 28, 1911, $112.
Hurtig & Seamon—C. P. Morrison et al., Feb. 9, 1911, $6,315.
Hunter, William S. M.—G. A. Veeder, Aug. 20, 1911, $277.
Maurer, George—Ferdinand Munch Brewery July 18, 1911, $455.
New York Transportation Company—A. Maroney, Dec. 19, 1910, $2,189.
Tortora, Louis—C. Polincastro, March 28, 1911, $287.
Parke, John—City of New York, Dec. 5, 1910, (vacated,) $264.
Siegelstein, Pierce A.—D. T. Wilson, April 17, 1902, (vacated,) $420.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Conditions continue fair east of the Rock Mountains with general high pressures, except in Texas and the northern tier of States from Lake Superior westward, and there were rains in Eastern Texas and Louisiana. West of the mountains the weather was unsettled with rains and snows.

It is still warmer from the Mississippi Valley eastward, although temperatures remain slightly below seasonal in the South Atlantic States. Over the western half of the country it is slightly cooler as a rule.

Fair weather will continue Thursday and Friday over the eastern half of the country.

Temperature change will not be decided.

Winds along the New England and Middle Atlantic Coast will be moderate variable, becoming south; South Atlantic Coast, light to moderate and mostly northeast.

Steamships departing Thursday for European ports will have moderate variable winds, becoming south with fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York, New Jersey, and New England—Fair Thursday and Friday; moderate variable winds, becoming south.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Thursday and Friday; light to moderate south winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1910.	1911.		1910.	1911.
3 A. M.	23	32	4 P. M.	29	46
6 A. M.	22	32	6 P. M.	29	46
9 A. M.	26	34	9 P. M.	26	45
12 M.	27	43	12 P. M.	24	44

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 40; for the corresponding date last year it was 26; average on teh corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 36.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 32; at 8 P. M. it was 46. Maximum temperature, 48 degrees at 2 P. M.; minimum, 31 degrees at 2:10 A. M. Humidity, 59 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 39 per cent. at 8 P. M.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—First Lieut. H. C. Pratt, cavalry, unassigned, relieved from duty in Washington, to San Francisco and report to Major Gen. A. Murray, U. S. A., for duty as aide de camp.

The retirement of Col. R. H. Patterson, Coast Artillery, is announced.

Capt. C. T. Leeds, Corps of Engineers, to Fort Bayard, New Mexico, for observation and treatment.

Capt. R. F. McMillan, Coast Artillery, transferred from Third to Forty-seventh Company.

Col. O. B. Mitcham, ordnance, make one visit to Fort Totten, New York, and one visit to Fort Du Pont, Delaware, pertaining proof firing mortar carriages.

Transfers: Capt. E. D. Scott, from Fifth to Sixth Field Artillery; Capt. B. F. Browne, from Sixth to Fifth Field Artillery.

Changes in assignments in the Coast Artillery: First Lieut. W. W. Rose, from Thirteenth to Seventieth Company and will join that company upon its arrival at Fort Mills, Philippine Islands; First Lieut. F. S. Clark, relieved from Thirteenth Company and attached to One Hundred and Thirty-eighth Company and will join that company upon departure of the Thirteenth Company from Fort Mills, Philippine Islands; Second Lieut. D. S. Lenzner, transferred from Thirteenth Company to Eighty-sixth Company and will join that company upon the departure of the Thirteenth Company from Fort Mills, Philippine Islands.

Major D. B. Devore, General Staff, relieved as Assistant Chief of Staff, Eastern Division, to Chicago for duty as Chief of Staff, Central Division.

The name of First Lieut. R. J. Binford, Twentieth Infantry, placed on list of detached officers, and the name of First Lieut. S. M. Parker, infantry, removed therefrom. Lieut. Parker assigned to Twentieth Infantry and will join that regiment at Fort Douglas, Utah.

The Navy.

Commander N. E. Irwin, to Navy Yard, Charleston, S. C., as Inspector and aid to commandant.

Lieut. Commander W. D. Brotherton, to Navy Yard, Boston, as aid to commandant.

Lieut. J. P. Jackson, to command the Preston.

Ensign C. H. Boucher, to duty San Francisco.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived: Wheeling at Guantanamo, Brutus at Charleston, South Carolina and Michigan at Navy Yard, New York; Solace at Washington, Salem at Tangier Sound, Peoria at Key West, Saratoga at Shanghai.

Sailed: Vesuvius, from Newport for Boston; Supply, from Shanghai for Nagasaki; Hector, from Newport for Hampton Roads; Patuxent and Potomac, from Key West for Pensacola.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Farwell, J. V., Company, Chicago, Ill.; E. McDonald, notions, stationery, jewelry, silverware, lamps, holiday goods, and toys; I. Auer, representing; 72 Leonard Street.
Pittsburgh Dry Goods Company, Pittsburgh, Penn.; F. H. Lloyd, domestics; 43 Leonard Street.
Crowley Brothers, Detroit, Mich.; N. Schloff, domestics and linings; 43 Leonard Street.
Ely & Walker Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; G. Elder, shirts and overalls; 236 Church Street.
Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Miss Dunlap, cloaks and suits; Miss Kaufman, cloaks and suits; 115 Worth Street.
Rothschild & Co., Chicago, Ill.; F. A. Forster, domestics, wash goods, and linens; 215 Fourth Avenue.
Taylor, W., Son, & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; W. W. Guthrie, domestics, white goods, and linens; 51 Leonard Street.
Rice-Stix Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; P. Treumann, domestics; 377 Broadway.
Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; T. C. Blayney, notions, jewelry, trimmings, and buttons; E. W. Brookes, shirts, sweaters, and underwear; 104 Worth Street.
Fox, G., & Co., Hartford, Conn.; Miss Mincke, hosiery and underwear; 320 Church Street.
Sheehan, Dean & Co., Elmira, N. Y.; E. Dean, general merchandise; 320 Church Street.
Porteous & Mitchell Company, Norwich, Conn.; H. D. Mitchell, men's clothing and furnishing goods; 55 White Street.
Bunce, J. H., Company, Middletown, Conn.; H. E. Atwell, upholstery goods; 75 Spring Street.
Shartenberg & Robinson, New Haven, Conn.; A. Dunbar, hosiery and underwear; 75 Spring Street.
Malley, Ed, Company, New Haven, Conn.; E. A. Sadd, upholstery goods; 320 Church Street.
Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; E. Goldman, cloaks, waists, and shawls; Thirty-second Street and Broadway.
Shartenberg & Robinson Company, Pawtucket, R. I.; E. F. Radkin, domestics, wash goods, and linens; 75 Spring Street; Prince George Hotel.
Howland Dry Goods Company, Bridgeport, Conn.; E. J. Godfrey, dress goods; 75 Spring Street.
Filene's, W., Sons Company, Boston, Mass.; F. Spear, misses' coats and skirts and children's coats; Miss Griffin, misses' waists and children's underwear; Miss Schlager, costumes; Miss Cronin, infants' coats and millinery; 4 West Twenty-second Street.
Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; J. H. Sisman, cloaks, suits, and furs; 334 Fourth Avenue.
Hager & Brother, Lancaster, Penn.; H. E. Musselman, furnishing goods; 75 Spring Street.
Syracuse Dry Goods Company, Syracuse, N. Y.; E. B. Andrews, hosiery, underwear, and skirts; 51 Leonard Street.
Goldenberg, M., Washington, D. C.; H. Grunebaum, domestics, dress goods, and silks; Hotel Cadillac.
White, R. H., Company, Boston, Mass.; M. A. McBride, cloaks and suits; 41 Union Square.
Kann, S., Sons & Co., Washington, D. C.; J. D. Furlong, silks; 215 Fourth Avenue.
Gutman, Joel, & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Miss M. Boss, ladies' neckwear and handkerchiefs; 79 Grand Street.
Brown-Durrell Company, Boston, Mass.; A. F. Powers, ladies' neckwear, infants' wear, and knit goods; J. W. Hammond, handkerchiefs; 19 West Nineteenth Street.
Smith, J. W., Washington, Ohio; F. C. North, cloaks, suits, waists, and dresses; 225 Fifth Avenue.
Gutman, Joel, & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Miss C. Allenbaugh, linens; 79 Grand Street.
Thomas, A. S., Meriden, Conn.; J. J. Killeen, notions and furnishing goods; 31 Union Square.
Kann, S., Sons, & Co., Washington, D. C.; H. H. Miller, upholstery goods; 215 Fourth Avenue; Hotel Flanders.
Bernstein, M. M., & Co., Baltimore, Md.; M. M. Bernstein, piece goods; Hotel York.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Pottsville, Penn.; Miss R. McGovern, ladies' wear; 2 Walker Street; Herald Square Hotel.
Taylor, William, Son, & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; Mrs. C. J. Seese, waists and millinery; 51 Leonard Street.
Farwell, J. V., Company, Chicago, Ill.; F. O. Streich, silks; 72 Leonard Street.
Filene's, William, Sons, Company, Boston, Mass.; Mr. Rivers, veilings and ruchings; 4 West Twenty-second Street.
Chandler & Co., Boston, Mass.; H. W. Schaske, ladies' neckwear and laces; Hotel Imperial.
Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; E. Boehm, leather goods; Broadway and Tenth Street.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Reading, Penn.; H. J. Fehl, domestics; M. Kelly, prints; M. L. Seidel, furnishing goods and ladies' hosiery; 2 Walker Street.
Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Mrs. T. Cox, ladies' wear; 104 Worth Street.
Duffy, Powers Company, Rochester, N. Y.; J. S. Bansford, domestics; 45 East Seventeenth Street; Hotel Victoria.
Armstrong, Cator & Co., Baltimore, Md.; E. N. White, silks and ribbons; 621 Broadway; Hoffman House.
Hengerer, William, Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; T. C. Bunch, notions and jewelry; 214 Church Street.
Wanamaker, John, Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss R. M. Call, millinery and ladies' hats; Broadway and Tenth Street.
Silverman, M., & Son, Philadelphia, Penn.; W. Silverman, domestics; 18 West Twenty-seventh Street; Hotel Latham.
Williams, Gurnsey, B., Company, Syracuse, N. Y.; G. Linderman, underwear; Hotel Broztell.
Starr, L., Company, Boston, Mass.; J. T. McWheeney, cloaks and suits; 11 West Seventeenth Street; Hotel Broztell.
Bon Marche Dry Goods Company, Lowell, Mass.; W. Squire, cloaks, suits, muslin underwear, and infants' wear; Hotel Broztell.
Corbin, F. A., New Haven, Conn., woolens; Hotel Collingwood.
Grotzenn, Lobe & Co., Baltimore, Md.; B. Makover, piecegoods; Hotel Navarre.

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TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

FALL RIVER LINE
(Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service)
The voyage to Boston by Fall River Line steamer.
You'll enjoy every minute of the trip.
Fall River Line steamers leave New York, Pier 19, North River, foot of Warren Street, at 5:00 P. M. Get you to Boston as early as 7 o'clock next morning—later if you like.
Fare to Boston...... $3
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HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES
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CITIZENS LINE To Albany & Troy — New Str. Trojan and Rensselaer, Pier 32, N. R., 6 P. M. daily (Saturday excepted.) Stops at Albany in both directions. Excellent cuisine and service.
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ROUND TRIP $2.50

JOY LINE $2.40 BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, East River.
New Management. Improved Service.
City Ticket Office. 290 Broadway, N. Y.

CENTRAL-HUDSON LINE
From Pier 24, N. R., ft. Franklin St. For Kingston, Mon., Wed., & Fri., 4 P. M. For Poughkeepsie, week days; Newburgh daily. Telephone 405 Franklin.

"The Public Be Pleased."
COLONIAL LINE. Boston via Boat and Rail, $2.50; Providence direct $1.60
Weekdays and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., foot of West Houston St. Berths free. 'Phones Spring 9491 and 9492.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

CLARK'S CRUISE of the 'ARABIC'
16,000 tons, fine, large, unusually steady
TO THE ORIENT
February 8 to April 19, 1912,
Seventy-one days, costing only $400.00 and up, including shore excursions. SPECIAL FEATURES: Madeira, Cadiz, Seville, Algiers, Malta, Athens, Constantinople. 19 days in Egypt and the Holy Land, Rome, the Riviera, etc.
F. C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.

All Expenses, "Invisible Courier System"
CALIFORNIA TOURS
Grand Canyon, Colorado Rockies, $227.00, including Pullman-Hotel accommodation.
TOURS AND TICKETS EVERYWHERE.
Frank Tourist Co., 396 Broadway, N. Y.

BERMUDA ROUND TRIP $10, & $15 UP
By the S. S. "TAGUS."
THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO.
22 State St., N. Y.; Thos. Cook & Son, 245 and 2389 Broadway, 264 and 553 Fifth Av., N. Y.,
OR ANY STEAMSHIP TICKET AGENT.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

Spend the Holidays Abroad
Recall old friends and make new ones; visit the old places; plan a family re-union for this Christmas. Book for the last Christmas Sailings of the
North German Lloyd
The "Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm" Dec. 9 and the "Kronprinz Wilhelm" Dec. 14 will land you in good time to reach any point in England or Continental Europe. For Mediterranean ports take the S. S. "Berlin" Dec. 9.
Cruise to Black Sea and Caucasus. From Genoa April 28 to May 29, 1912—$200 up.
Cruise to Polar Regions. From Bremen July 18 to Aug. 15, 1912—$125 up.
Oelrichs & Co., 5 Broadway, New York

Along The Coast On Southern Seas
Always a Delightful Trip on
Southern Pacific Steamships
Between
New York and New Orleans
$40 One Way $70 Round Trip
Including Berth and Meals
Send for Interesting Books
366 or 1158 or 1 Broadway, New York

ANCHOR LINE
Christmas Sailings
New York to Glasgow & Londonderry
Twin Screw S. S. COLUMBIA, Saturday, Dec. 9, 10 A. M.
New Twin Screw S. S. Cameronia, Saturday, Dec. 16, 3 P. M.
DUE IN GLASGOW DEC. 24.
Average passage, 7½ days.
Splendid Accommodations. Excellent Service.
Cabin Passage, $75 and upwards.
Second Cabin, $50; 3d Class, $32.50.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Columbia..Dec. 9, 10 AM | California..Dec. 23, 10 AM
Cameronia..Dec. 16, 3 PM | Caledonia..Jan. 6, 10 AM
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

BERMUDA
A PARADISE ON EARTH
Every outdoor recreation. Excellent sea bathing, fishing, boating, tennis, golf, cycling, &c.
Avoid Seasickness by Travelling on
THE MAGNIFICENT, FAST, TWIN-SCREW
Transatlantic Liner "OCEANA"
14,000 Tons, 535 Feet Long.
Largest, Fastest, Most Luxurious and only Exclusively First-Class Passenger Steamer to Bermuda. No Cattle or Freight carried on the "Oceana."
FIRST-CLASS ROUND TRIP, including stateroom berth & meals. Best Cuisine on the Atlantic. Electric Fans in every room; Steam heated when necessary. $15 UP
Orchestra, Promenade Dances, Gymnasium, Wireless, Submarine Safety Signals, Staterooms with Brass Beds, Suites with Private Baths. Finest Promenade Deck in the World. Only Steamer Landing Passengers at Hamilton or St. George's.
TOURS Including Shore Excursions, Hotels, &c., at Lowest Rates.
Beautiful booklet. Itinerary, Tickets, &c., of Bermuda-Atlantic Line, 290 B'way, N. Y.

BERMUDA
Next Special Tour sails by Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.'s S. S. TAGUS, Dec. 9. A delightful 9-day trip, including ticket, stateroom berths, hotel, drives, transfers, etc.
INCLUSIVE FARE $27.50 AND UP.
Weekly Tours. Next departure Quebec S. S. Co.'s Twin-Screw S. S. BERMUDIAN, Dec. 13.
Tickets and Tours Everywhere.
THOS. COOK & SON
245 Broadway, 264 and 553 Fifth Av., 2,389 Broadway, New York.

BUENOS AYRES
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
SHOW PLACE OF SOUTH AMERICA
BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, AND ROSARIO.
By the Large, New and Fast Passenger Steamers of the
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
Sailing from New York 5th and 20th of each Month.
For rates, etc., apply local ticket Agents, or
BUSK & DANIELS, General Agents,
301 Produce Exchange, New York.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France.)
Sailing Every Thursday, 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot West 15th St.
*La Lorraine......Dec. 7 | *La Savoie......Dec. 28
*La Touraine......Dec. 14 | *La Lorraine......Jan. 4
*La Provence......Dec. 21 | *La Touraine......Jan. 11
*Twin Screw Steamers.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING 3:00 P. M.
One-class Cabin (II) and Third-class Passengers Only.
*Chicago .... Dec. 9
GENERAL AGENCY, 19 State Street, N. Y.

The following advertisement in the Business Opportunity column of The New York Times, November 19th, drew forty-four responses:

European capitalist, interested in strictly high-grade American investment opportunities, particularly patent rights, seeks American representative, whose qualifications must be unquestionable respectability, high social standing, and influential connections. Immediate replies desired. F. W. W., 90 Times.

An advertisement to be effective must be lucid. State all the facts of the matter in hand. Use the medium that reaches the largest number of people likely to be interested.

The New York Times reaches more men and women with money to invest than any other New York newspaper.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN
—EXTRAORDINARY OPPORTUNITY—
20,000 Mile Cruise to
SOUTH AMERICA AND PANAMA CANAL
Leaving New York January 20, 1912
Calling at Port of Spain, Pernambuco, Santos, Buenos Ayres, (Across the Andes), Punta Arenas (through the Straits of Magellan), Valparaiso, Rio de Janeiro, Bahia, Para, Bridgetown, and a visit to the Panama Canal.
Duration of Cruise 80 Days Cost $350 and up
OPTIONAL SIDE TRIPS EVERYWHERE.

CRUISES DE LUXE
To the West Indies
Five Delightful Cruises to the WEST INDIES, PANAMA CANAL, VENEZUELA, AND BERMUDA, LEAVING NEW YORK by the Palatial Twin Screw Steamers
"Moltke" (12,500 tons). 28 days Jan. 23, Feb. 24, 1912... $150 and up
"Hamburg" (11,000 tons). 21 days Feb. 10, Mch. 7, 1912..... $125 and up
"Moltke" (12,500 tons). 16 days Mch. 26, 1912..... $85 and up
Every Luxury of Travel.
Every Refinement of Service Insured.
Also Cruises to the Orient, South America, Around the World, Italy and Egypt, etc.

CHRISTMAS SAILINGS
To HAMBURG via PLYMOUTH and CHERBOURG.
S.S. KAISERIN AUG. VIC. (25,000 TONS)
SAILS DEC. 12, 11 A. M.
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
§PATRICIA..............Dec. 7, 11 A. M.
†KAISERIN AUG. VIC..Dec. 12, 11 A. M.
PRES. LINCOLN.......Dec. 21, 9 A. M.
*PRES. GRANT.........Dec. 28, 11 A. M.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden. §Hamburg direct. Second cabin only. *Will call at Plymouth and Cherbourg.
☞ SPECIAL THROUGH TICKETS TO SCANDINAVIAN POINTS. ☜
DIRECT Service PHILADELPHIA-HAMBURG.
Tourist Department for Trips Everywhere.

Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa
The Ideal Way to the Playground of the World by
S. S. CINCINNATI DEC. 8, JAN. 25, MARCH 7. | S. S. HAMBURG JANUARY 4.
Special Trip to Italy and EGYPT S. S. Kaiserin Aug. Vic. February 14
Calling at FUNCHAL (12 h'rs), GIBRALTAR (4 h'rs), ALGIERS (8 h'rs), VILLEFRANCHE (14 h'rs), GENOA (20 h'rs), NAPLES (8 h'rs), PORT SAID (5 days), Returning to New York via NAPLES and GIBRALTAR.
Passengers carried to any of these ports. Ample time for sightseeing.
Write for Booklets of All Cruises.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 Broadway, N. Y.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS
THE LARGEST AND FINEST STEAMER IN THE WORLD
NEW S. S. OLYMPIC SAILS FROM NEW YORK DEC. 9
Cedric, Dec. 7, 12:00 Noon | Minnetonka, Dec. 9, 10:30 A. M.
Cretic, Dec. 9, 1:00 P. M. | Zeeland, Dec. 13, 10:00 A. M.

American Pier 62, N. R., 9:30 A. M.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON.
†Olympic(new)Dec.9,n'n | †Oceanic.......Dec. 16
New York.(Fri.)Dec. 15 | Philadelphia ...Dec. 23
†White Star Line Steamer.

Atlantic Transport
NEW YORK—LONDON Direct. Pier 58, N. R.
Minnetonka.Dec. 9, 10:30 AM | Minnewaska.Dec. 23
Minnehaha.Dec. 16, 8 AM | Minneapolis.Jan. 6

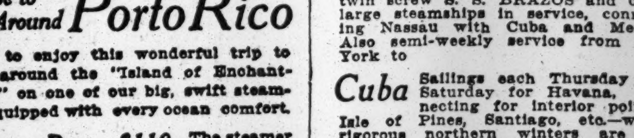
Red Star Pier 61, N. R., 10 A. M.
LONDON, PARIS VIA DOVER—ANTWERP
Zeeland ....Dec. 13 | Kroonland......Dec. 27
Lapland (new)..Dec. 20 | Finland ....Jan. 3

White Star Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON.
Olympic(new).Dec.9,n'n | *Philadelphia...Dec. 23
Oceanic..Dec. 16, noon | Olympic, (new).Dec. 30
*American Line Steamer.
NEW YORK—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL.
Cedric....Dec. 7, noon | Laurentic......Dec. 20
Baltic....Dec. 14, noon | Celtic..........Dec. 28
NEW YORK & BOSTON RIVIERA, ITALY, EGYPT
Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Villefranche, Genoa, Naples, Alexandria.
*Cretic..Dec. 9, 1 P.M | Adriatic......Jan. 10
Canopic.Dec. 12, 3 P.M. | Cedric .....Jan. 24
*From Pier 61 North River.

CRUISES WEST INDIES $150 Upward | PANAMA CANAL | 31 DAYS SOUTH AMERICA Jan. 20 Feb. 24
White Star Line's New S. S. "Laurentic"
Largest and Finest in the Trade.

WHITE STAR LINE
To The RIVIERA—ITALY—EGYPT
Via Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers and Villefranche
The Largest British Mediterranean Steamers
"ADRIATIC" ☆ "CEDRIC"
Jan. 10—Jan. 24—Feb. 21—Mar. 6
Detailed Itineraries on Request
PASSENGER DEPARTMENT, 9 Broadway, New York

CUNARD LINES
Fastest, Finest, Largest Quadruple-Screw Turbine Steamships in the World
MAURETANIA DEC. 16, 4 P. M. JAN. 10, 9 A. M. | LUSITANIA DEC. 27, 9 A. M. FEB. 7, 9 A. M.
Special Christmas Sailing of the
S. S. MAURETANIA, DEC. 16, at 4 P. M.
CARMANIA DEC. 13, 10 A. M. JAN. 17, 10 A. M. | CAMPANIA JAN. 3, 10 A. M. FEB. 14, 10 A. M.
LIVERPOOL, LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
VIA QUEENSTOWN AND FISHGUARD.
Mauretania and Lusitania do not stop at Queenstown, east-bound
CANADIAN SERVICE—PORTLAND, LONDON
Regular sailings of Steamers Carrying One Class Cabin (II) and Third Class Passengers only.
CRUISES to EGYPT
CALLING AT MADEIRA, GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, VILLEFRANCHE or GENOA, NAPLES, TRIESTE, FIUME, ALEXANDRIA
Write for itinerary. Sailing hour noon.
PANNONIA Dec. 16 | FRANCONIA Jan. 20 | CARONIA Feb. 20
CARONIA Jan. 6 | LACONIA Feb. 3 | CARMANIA Mar. 2
A la carte service without extra charge. Stopovers permitted.
PIERS FOOT W. 14TH ST., NORTH RIVER. OFFICES, 24 STATE ST., OPPOSITE BATTERY.



Cruise to and Around Porto Rico
Plan to enjoy this wonderful trip to and around the "Island of Enchantment" on one of our big, swift steamers equipped with every ocean comfort.
Sixteen Days, $110 The steamer is your hotel during the entire tour and the rate, $110, covers every expense from New York to and around the Island, touching at the principal ports and returning to New York. Send for illustrated booklets and further details.
NEW YORK & PORTO RICO S. S CO.
General Office, 11 Broadway, N. Y.

First cabin tours, $25 and up. New twin screw S. S. BRAZOS and other large steamships in service, connecting Nassau with Cuba and Mexico. Also semi-weekly service from New York to
Cuba Sailings each Thursday and Saturday for Havana, connecting for interior points—Isle of Pines, Santiago, etc.—where rigorous northern winters are exchanged for wonderful Cuban climate.
Mexico Sailings each Thursday for Vera Cruz, via Havana and Progreso, each Friday for Tampico, making connections for Mexico City and all points in the interior. Write for literature and particulars about rates and accommodations.
NEW YORK & CUBA MAIL S. S CO.
General Office, Pier 14, E. R., N. Y.
CITY TICKET OFFICE, 290 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

OLD DOMINION LINE
DAILY SERVICE.
For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Pinner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, D. C., and the entire South and West.
Freight and Passenger Steamers sail from Pier 25, N. R., foot of North Moore St., every week day at 3 P. M. W. L. WOODROW, Traffic Manager.

*NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
†LA VELOCE. ¶ITALIA Societa di Navigazione a Vapore.
ITALIAN LINES 21-24 State St., N. Y.
To Naples & Genoa Direct.
*D.D.Abruzzi.Dec.9,11 AM
†Ancona..Dec. 11, 11 AM
¶Taormina.........Jan. 4
†Oceania.........Jan. 17
New large Twin Screw Steamers, all outside rooms.
HARTFIELD, SOLARI & CO., General Agents.

FABRE LINE TO THE RIVIERA
AZORES LISBON NAPLES NICE MARSEILLES
Weekly Sailings (approx.) Special Winter Voyages.
JAS. W. ELWELL & CO., G. A., 17 State St., N. Y.

FLORIDA & THE SOUTH
Luxurious Passenger Steamers Triweekly.
MERCHANTS & MINERS LINE
R. H. Low, 1,123 B'way, N. Y. Tel. 1808 Mad. Sq.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..7:10 | Sun sets..4:33 | Moon rises..6:01

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	8:16	8:51	1:55	2:48
Governors Island	8:30	9:00	2:15	3:10
Hell Gate	10:20	10:50	3:55	4:50

Arrived—Wednesday, Dec. 6.

SS Luisiana, Naples, Nov. 20.
SS Kronprinz Wilhelm, Bremen, Nov. 28.
SS Emilia, Trieste, Oct. 28.
SS Magdalena, Kingston, Dec. 1.
SS Montevideo, Havana, Dec. 1.
SS Chelston, Cartagena, Nov. 25.
SS Harry Luckenback, New Orleans, Nov. 28.
SS Katahdin, Brunswick, Dec. 2.
SS Pawnee, Philadelphia, Dec. 5.
SS Apache, Charleston, Dec. 4.

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TO-DAY.		
Lorraine, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Cedric, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Monterey, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Zacapa, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Seminole, Turks Island	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
El Sud, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
Crown of Grenada, Trinidad	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah		3:00 P.M.
Advance, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
United States, Christiansand	——	2:00 P.M.
Sildra, Bahia	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Katahdin, Brunswick	——	1:00 P.M.
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
Roma, Naples	——	3:00 P.M.
Caracas, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Altai, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Apache, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Cincinnati, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.
Santiago, Tampico	——	12:00 M.
Chalmette, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
Prins Friedrich Wilhelm, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Olympic, Southampton	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Drumcliffe, Argentine	3:00 A.M.	6:00 A.M.
Tagus, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Coamo, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Chinese Prince, Argentine	9:00 A.M.	11:00 P.M.
Sibiria, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Luisiana, Naples	——	
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Magdalena, Jamaica	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Nassovia, Rio Janeiro	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Chicago, Havre	——	3:00 P.M.
Birma, Libau	——	
Ikala, Argentine	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
El Sol, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
Minnetonka, London	——	10:30 A.M.
El Siglio, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
Berlin, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.
Columbia, Glasgow	——	10:00 A.M.
Bordeaux, Havre	——	3:00 P.M.
Nueces, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
Martha Washington, Naples	——	2:00 P.M.
Huron, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Duca degli Abruzzi, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.
Harry Luckenbach, San Juan	——	12:00 M.
Denver, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Cretic, Naples	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.		
Birma	Libau	Nov. 21
Corfe Castle	Shields	Nov. 20
Sibiria	Jamaica	Dec. 1
Olinda	Nipe	Dec. 1
Olympic	Southampton	Nov. 30
Pannonia	Gibraltar	Nov. 26
Panama	Cristobal	Dec. 1
Lampasas	Galveston	Dec. 2
El Cid	New Orleans	Dec. 2
Almirante	Colon	Nov. 30
Tagus	Bermuda	Dec. 5
El Occidente	Galveston	Dec. 1
El Mar	New Orleans	Dec. 2
DUE TO-MORROW.		
Themistocles	Algiers	Nov. 26
Maracaibo	Curacao	Nov. 30
Mexico	Vera Cruz	Nov. 30
City of Savannah	Savannah	Dec. 5
El Valle	Galveston	Dec. 2
DUE SATURDAY.		
Minnewaska	London	Nov. 30
Touraine	Havre	Dec. 2
Baltic	Liverpool	Nov. 30
New York	Southampton	Dec. 2
Carmania	Liverpool	Dec. 2
Marengo	Hull	Nov. 24
Maracas	Grenada	Dec. 2

By Marconi Wireless.

SS Ancona, incoming from Naples, was reported 358 miles east of Sandy Hook at noon yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, late to-day.

SS Luisiana, incoming from Naples, was reported 193 miles east of Sandy Hook at 4 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, early to-day.

SS Baltic, incoming from Liverpool, was reported 1,091 miles east of Sandy Hook at 8:30 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, early Saturday.

SS Olympic, incoming from Southampton, was reported 842 miles east of Sandy Hook at 9:30 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, early to-day.

SS Savoie, outgoing for Havre, was reported 174 miles west of Brow Head at 6:35 A. M. yesterday; due at Havre, if not delayed, early today.

SS Almirante, incoming from Colon, was reported off Cape Hatteras at noon yesterday.

By United Wireless.

SS Huron, Jacksonville, was 262 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 6th.

SS City of Savannah, Savannah, was 370 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 6th.

SS Mexico, Vera Cruz, was 645 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 6th.

SS J. M. Guffy, Port Arthur, was 45 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 6 P. M., 6th.

SS Tagus, Bermuda, was 246 m. S. E. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 6th.

SS Panama, Cristobal, was 376 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 6th.

SS Maracaibo, Mayaguez, was 710 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 5th.

SS Lampasas, Galveston, was 610 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 6th.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Caronia, at Fiume, Dec. 6.
SS Storford, at Malta, Dec. 1.
SS Westminster, at Buenos Aires, Dec. 1.
SS Uhenfels, at Padang, Dec. 4.
SS Narragansett, at London, Dec. 6.
SS Star of Australia, at Melbourne, Dec. 6.
SS Venezia, at Marseilles, Dec. 4.
SS Vaderland, at Antwerp, Dec. 5.
SS Kursk, at Newcastle, Dec. 5.
SS Duca d'Aosta, at Naples, Dec. 6.
SS Spondilus, at Madras, Dec. 6.
SS Newton Hall, at Kobe, Dec. 5.

Sailed.

SS Scottish Prince, from Bahia, Dec. 1.
SS Antonio Lopez, from Cadiz, Nov. 30.
SS Hylos, from Colombo, Dec. 2.
SS Braunfels, from Colombo, Dec. 2.
SS Jeseric, from Algiers, Dec. 4.
SS Principe di Piemonte, from Naples, Dec. 6.
SS Afghan Prince, from Karatsu, Dec. 4.
SS Fridland, from Shields, Dec. 4.
SS Deutschland, from Rotterdam, Dec. 6.
SS Carpathia, from Palermo, Dec. 5.
SS Oceanic, from Southampton, Dec. 6.
SS Atrato, from Southampton, Dec. 6.
SS Carolina, from San Juan, Dec. 6.

Passed.

SS St. Patrick, for New York from Yokohama, passed Tarifa.
SS New York, (Dutch tank,) New York for Rotterdam, passed the Lizard.
SS Ryndam, New York for Rotterdam, signaled Brow Head.
SS Thespis, New York for Manchester, passed Kinsale.
SS Chicago City, New York for Bristol, passed Fastnet.
SS Oriflame, New York for Havre, passed the Lizard.
SS Charlois, New York for ——, passed Scilly.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.
Tahiti, New Zealand, and Australia (via San Francisco)—Aorangi	Dec. 8 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Empress of India	Dec. 8 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Shingo Maru	Dec. 8 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Sierra	Dec. 11 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Minnesota	Dec. 11 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Wilhelmina	Dec. 15 6:30 P.M.
Fiji Islands, Samoan Islands, and New Zealand (via Vancouver)—Makura	Dec. 22 6:30 P.M.
Tahiti and Marquesas (via San Francisco)—Mariposa	Dec. 23 6:30 P.M.
New Zealand and Australia, (via San Francisco)—Belle of Scotland	Dec. 25 6:30 P.M.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Shanghai, Nov. 11, and Yokohama, Nov. 18—which arrived at Seattle per steamer Minnesota, were dispatched east at 11:20 P. M. Due in New York to-day.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

Read the Help Wanted advertisements in to-day's issue of The New York Times for opportunities to secure permanent employment.

Harris, Forbes & Co
Successors to
N. W. Harris & Co
New York
Pine Street, Cor. William
NEW YORK

Government Municipal Railroad and Public Utility | **Bonds for Investment**

We offer selected list of
Municipal BONDS
to pay
4% to 4¾%

Particulars Upon Application
A.B.Leach & Co.
149 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Redmond & Co.
33 Pine St., New York

Letters of Credit
Travelers' Cheques
Bills of Exchange

High Grade
Investment Securities

SAFE INVESTMENTS
MUNICIPAL BONDS
SUITABLE FOR
Trust Funds
Insurance Companies
Postal Savings Banks AND
Conservative Investors
O'CONNOR & KAHLER
49 Wall Street New York | The Rookery Chicago

Bertron, Griscom and Jenks
40 Wall St. New York | Land Title Bldg. Philadelphia
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
We make a specialty of organizing, operating, financing and selling the securities of public service corporations
Members New York Stock Exchange

Municipal Railroad Corporation 4% TO 6% **BONDS**
Selected for Conservative Investors.
LISTS MAILED UPON APPLICATION.
Lawrence Barnum & Co.,
BANKERS,
27 & 29 PINE STREET, NEW YORK.
Philadelphia Washington Pittsburg

F. W. Woolworth Co.
COMMON & PREFERRED
(When Issued)
Thompson, Towle & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
Unlisted Securities Department
25 Broad St., N. Y. 'Phone 5160 Broad.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks for Most Part Decline, but Some Sharp Advances Are Shown.

TALK OF REORGANIZATIONS

Day's Movements Lead Market to Expect Other Readjustments Similar to That in Wabash.

The explanations proffered in Stock Exchange circles yesterday for the movements which the day's trading developed were more numerous than the volume of transactions, or the importance of the day's net changes seemed to call for. It is true, however, that a fairly large number of wide price movements pointed to specific factors bearing on individual properties and in a more general way upon the stock market position as a whole. It was, perhaps, natural after Tuesday's announcement regarding the proposed readjustment of the finances of the Wabash Railroad that weight should have been given yesterday to similar reports regarding other companies the action of whose securities sufficiently resembled the recent movements in the Wabash stocks and bonds to carry the inference, whether well founded or not, of a similar explanation. Among the movements which attracted attention from this point of view were the declines in the preferred stocks and bonds of the Allis-Chalmers Company. Not all, however, of the day's larger price changes were on the side of declines. A conspicuous example of strength was supplied by American Tobacco preferred, which, closing at the high price of the day, made a net gain of 3⅝ points. Increased confidence in the success of the plan of reorganization was the apparent cause of this upward movement, and President Taft's reference to the decree in the Tobacco case in his message to Congress sad a good deal to do with the assurance with which the success of the plan was expected.

The introduction in Congress yesterday of a bill for the physical valuation of railroads and the outline which the day's dispatches carried of the probable tariff programme of the House were reminders of the scope which the discussion in Congress will take in respect to matters bearing on the business and financial situation, but the element of novelty was entirely lacking in these proposals, and for that reason they attracted but minor attention in stock market circles. The weekly reviews of the iron trade show a continuance of the heavy buying movement of the past fortnight, but reveal but little advance so far in prices, although in some direction improvement is recorded. November, The Iron Age points out, was the record month of the year in orders for both iron and finished materials, and it adds that present indications are that last month also marked the turn in the situation. Signs are not lacking, however, that it is still a buyers' market. The production of pig iron averaged 1,150 tons a day less in November than in October, due to a falling off in the output of steel works furnaces, which was only partly offset by increased production by merchant furnaces. The Iron Trade Review points out that the United States Steel Corporation entered more new business on its books in November than in any previous month of this year, the recent bookings having run better than the average of 40,000 tons a day.

Some of the banks still held their renewal rate for call loans at 5 per cent., and before the day was over the quotation again reached 5¼. A further loss by the banks to the Sub-Treasury coupled with the maintenance of an average call rate of close to 5 per cent. were regarded as indicating a somewhat slower return of money to this market after the Dec. 1 demands were met than was at first expected, and this fact increased the interest which is being taken in the probable showing of this week's bank statement. The most general expectation is that the situation which resulted in an actual deficit in the reserves of the Clearing House banks will be at least in part corrected by this week's money movements, although the exact drift of these is not yet clearly defined.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

New Central Coal Company for annual meeting.

West. Penn. Traction Company for dividend on common.

DIVIDEND PAYABLE.

Brooklyn Union Elevated Railroad on common.

ANNUAL MEETING.

American Cotton Oil Company.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 4@5 per cent., with the last loan at 4 per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 4½ per cent.

Time money rates, 4 per cent. for thirty to ninety days, and 3¾@4 per cent. for four to six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 3¾@4¼ per cent. for four to six months' maturities.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 3⅝ per cent., up 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 3⅜ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 4⅝ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $310,643,209; balances, $18,316,548; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $503,726.

The local banks have lost $6,546,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Foreign exchange rates on the points named were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8650; demand, $4.8605.

Paris—Cable, 5.18⅛ less 3-64; check, 5.18⅛ less 1-32.

Berlin—Cable, 95¼; check, 95 plus 1-64.

Switzerland—Cable, 5.20 plus 1-16; check, 5.20 less 1-32.

Holland—Cable, 40.30; check, 40.27.

Belgium—Cable, 5.20⅝; check, 5.20⅝ less 1-16.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', sixty days, $4.8255; ninety days, $4.8130.

London—Commercial, sixty days, $4.82⅝; ninety days, $4.81½.

Paris—Bankers', sixty days, 5.21¼; ninety days, 5.22⅜.

Paris—Commercial, sixty days, 5.21⅞ less 1-16; ninety days, 5.23¼ less 1-16.

Berlin—Bankers', sixty days, 94 9-16; ninety days, 94¼.

Berlin—Commercial, sixty days, 94½; ninety days, 93¾.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, par; St. Paul, 25c premium; San Francisco, 10c premium; Montreal, par.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver, 1-16d lower in London, at 25⅝d per ounce, and in New York ⅛c lower at 55c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 46½c.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	—Maturity.—		Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper..5	Apr.	1,'13	100	100⅜	4.69
Balt. & Ohio..4½	June	1,'13	100	100¼	5.32
Beth. Steel Co.6	Nov.	1,'14	99⅞	100¼	5.91
Ches. & Ohio..4½	June	1,'14	99⅛	99⅝	4.76
C., H. & D., pur. money..4	July	1,'13	99	99⅜	4.46
Chi. & Alton..5	Mar.	15,'13	98⅝	99⅛	5.65
Chi. El. Rys..5	July	1,'14	97⅝	97⅞	5.91
Erie 6	Apr.	8,'14	101	101¼	5.42
Erie 5	Oct.	1,'14	99⅝	99⅞	5.14
Gen. Motors...6	Oct.	1,'15	98	98⅝	6.50
Gen. Rubber...4½	July	1,'15	96⅞	97¼	5.35
Hudson Co....6	Feb.	1,'13	98	98⅝	7.12
Int. & Gt. N..5	Aug.	1,'14	96⅝	97½	6.13
Int. Rap. T....4½	.....	1912	100⅛	100⅜	....
Lack Steel Co.5	Mar.	1,'15	91	92	8.00
Minn. & St. L.5	Feb.	1,'13	94½	95½	8.00
Mo., K. & T..5	May	1,'13	98⅞	99¼	5.67
Mo. Pacific....5	June	1,'14	96⅛	96⅝	6.48
N. Rys. of M..4½	June	1,'13	98¼	98⅝	5.44
N. Y. Cent....4½	Mar	1,'14	100⅛	100½	4.26
N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R.....4½	.....	1912	100¼	100⅜	....
Oakland Rys..6	Sep.	1,'15	100	100½	5.84
Pac. T. & T...5	Jan.	5,'13	100¼	100½	4.51
St. L. & S. F..5	Mar.	1,'13	98⅝	99	5.87
St. L. & S. F..5	June	1,'13	98⅝	99	5.70
Southern Ry...5	Feb.	1,'13	100⅛	100⅜	5.64
Tidewater Co..6	June	1,'13	101½	101⅝	5.03
U. S. Rubber..6	Dec.	1,'18	103⅝	104⅛	5.29
U. S. Smelt., Ref. & Min..5	Aug.	1,'14	98⅝	99¼	5.80
Westinghouse..6	Aug.	1,'13	101⅛	101⅝	4.96

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Wednesday.

Total sales Dec. 6, 1911 318,472
From Jan. 1, 1911 118,735,680
Same period last year 157,862,086

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
2½	2¾	700	Allis-Chalmers	2¾	2¾	2½	2½	− ⅜
8¾	9½	900	Allis-Chalmers pf	10½	10½	9	9	−1⅛
61⅛	61¼	9,800	Amalgamated Copper	62	62¼	60⅞	61⅛	− ⅞
53¼	54	100	Am. Beet Sugar	53	53	53	53	− ½
11⅜	11½	3,600	Am. Can	11	11½	11	11½	+ ½
92⅛	92⅞	7,500	Am. Can pf	90⅜	92½	90	92½	+2¼
53½	54¾	400	Am. Car & Foundry	54	54	53¾	53¾	−1
116¼	117	200	Am. Car & Fdy. pf	116½	116½	116½	116½	+ ¼
44	44½	200	Am. Cotton Oil	44¼	44¼	44¼	44¼	− ¼
210	215	6	Am. Express	215	215	215	215	...
19¼	20¼	100	Am. Ice Securities	19¼	19¼	19¼	19¼	+ ⅛
35	35½	200	Am. Locomotive	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

Yesterday, on the Metal Exchange, trading was quiet. Copper was weak, at a slight recession for all deliveries to February. Tin was steady. Spelter was firm, at an advance of 10 points in the bid and 25 points in the asking price.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.
Stand. Copper— Spot	12.60	12.85	12.70	12.90
December	12.67½	12.80	12.70	12.90
January	12.70	12.85	12.70	12.90
February	12.70	12.90	12.72½	12.90
Lead	4.40	4.50	12.72½	13.00
Spelter	6.60	6.90	4.40	4.50
Tin	45.50	45.75	6.50	6.65
			45.25	45.00

The following table of prices obtained on the Metal Exchange in London yesterday for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin. These closing figures compare with Tuesday's last prices:

	Wednesday. £	s.	d.	Tuesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	58	10	0	58	11	3
Copper, futures	59	5	0	59	6	3
Pig tin, spot	205	0	0	205	0	0
Pig tin, futures	193	15	0	193	15	0

The market ended firm. Spanish pig lead was unchanged at £15 16s 3d and spelter at £26 17s 6d. Cleveland warrants were down 1½, to 47s 7½d.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and the elapsed periods of the month of the fiscal year as follows:

	Dec. 5.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Rec'ts, customs	$1,197,464	$3,739,833	$130,018,533
Corp. tax	96	8,031	1,801,917
Internal rev	1,137,825	4,049,111	129,707,469
Miscellaneous	58,201	660,059	22,796,457
Total receipts	2,387,586	8,457,035	284,324,376
Expenditures	2,221,984	9,614,986	306,123,484
Surplus	165,602	*1,157,950	*21,799,107

*Deficit.

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was: Working balance in Treasury offices, $75,421,198. In banks and Philippine Treasury, $35,466,244. The total balance in general fund was $130,881,005.

Best information on stocks and bonds in The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. News from all great monetary centres. Reliable quotations of every bond and stock dealt in on the Exchanges and the Curb. Every Monday. One Dollar a year by mail.—Adv.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Wednesday.

Total sales Dec. 6, 1911.. $4,085,500
From Jan. 1, 1911 820,844,100
Same period last year 597,084,500

U S 4s, reg
20,000..........113⅝
2s, coupon
13,000..........100⅛
3s, coupon
1,000..........101⅝
Jap Gov 4½s, sterling loan

1st & ref 4s
5,000.......... 80½
Nash, Ch & St L 1st con 5s
1,000..........109½
N Y Air Brake 1st convertible 6s

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Price Movements Are Irregular and Trading in Reduced Volume in the Curb Market.

WEAKNESS IN SOME COPPERS

Declines General Wherever Activity Appears in This Department—Bonds Less Active, Many Closing Lower.

Curb trading was in reduced volume yesterday and price movements somewhat irregular, though there was consistent weakness in the coppers wherever activity appeared. Inspiration, which led in this department in point of activity, reported sales of 3,100 shares on which the price fell from 9⅞ to 9⅛, closing at 9¼. Greene-Cananea sold 1,200 shares from 7¾ to 7½. Ray Central, which sold 2,500 shares between 1¾ and 1 9-16, closed at 1 11-16, 1-16 above the opening. Braden and Butte Coalition were off ⅛ and ¼ respectively. In the bond list there was also less activity. Liggett & Myers and P. Lorillard issues were each off fractionally, though P. Lorillard common stock sold at 205 for 100 shares, a new high price. New Metropolitan 5s, of which $75,000 worth were sold, closed at 50⅝, ½ point below the opening. M. K. & T. 5 per cent. notes rose from 98⅛ to 99⅛ and closed at 99.

⁂

Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
16..Liggett & M..	200	200	200	200
500..*Mays Oil ..	22	22	22	22
100..Nat. Bk. of C.	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝
100..P. Lorillard ..	205	205	205	205
1,050..M. R. Co., w. i.	98	98⅝	98	98⅛
405..Studebaker Co.	57⅞	58	57⅞	58
80..Un. Cigar St..	251	†255	250	250
140..USL&H, new..	17½	17½	17¼	17½

RAILROADS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
500..Chi. Sub. ctfs.	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝

MINING STOCKS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
200..*Beaver Con...	41	41	41	41
300..Braden Copper..	5⅝	5⅝	5½	5½
100..B. C. Copper..	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
400..Butte Coalition.	17½	17½	17¼	17¼
800..*C. O. D. Con.	15	15	15	15
100..Davis-Daly Cop	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
2,000..Dia. F. Daisy..	14	14	14	14
2,500..Florence	50	57	50	57
300..Giroux Min..	4 1-16	4⅛	4 1-16	4⅛
1,000..*Greenwater ...	5	5	5	5
1,200..Greene-Can ...	7¾	7¾	7½	7½
3,100..Inspir. Cop....	9⅞	9⅞	9⅛	9¼
200..Kerr Lake.....	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
200..La Rose Con...	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
300..Mason Valley ..	10	10	10	10
200..McKin.-D	1 13-16	1 13-16	1 13-16	1 13-16
310..Nevada Hills..	2 7-16	2 7-16	2⅜	2⅜
1,000..N.-U. M. & S..	3-16	3-16	3-16	3-16
700..Nip. Mines Co.	7½	7½	7⅜	7⅜
1,100..Ohio Copper...	1⅛	1⅛	1 1-16	1 1-16
600..*Porc. Town...	54	54	53	54
500..Preston E. D..	17	17	17	17
2,500..Ray Central ...	1⅝	1¾	1 9-16	1 11-16
700..Tonopah Ext ..	1 3-16	1 3-16	1⅛	1⅛
350..Tonopah M ..	7 1-16	7 1-16	7	7
100..United Copper..	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
2,000..*Wett. S. M....	85	85	83	83

BONDS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$40,000..L. & Myers 5s.	88¼	88¼	88	88
60,000..L. & M. 7s...	116¼	116¼	116	116
150,000..Met. new 4s..	80½	80⅝	80½	80½
75,000..Met. new 5s..	51¼	†51¼	50⅝	50⅝
20,000..M., K. & T 5% notes	98⅛	99⅛	98⅛	99
2,000..M. Tram. 5s...	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
31,000..New York S. new 4s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝
2,000..N. Y., W. & Boston 4½s..	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛
60,000..P. Lorillard 5s, w. i	88⅝	88⅝	88½	88½
93,000..P. Lorillard 7s, w. i	116½	116½	116¼	116¼
4,000..So. Bell Tel. & Tel. 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

⁂

	Dec. 6. Bid.	Dec. 6. Asked.	Dec. 5. Bid.	Dec. 5. Asked.
Am. Tobacco	505	510	504	507
Am. Writing Paper	1½	2	1½	2
Am. Light & Trac.	292	295	292	295
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	105	107	105	107
B., G. & W. I.	7	8	7	8
B., G. & W. I. pf.	15	16½	15½	16½
Borden's Cond. Milk	120	122	120	122
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	107½	..	107½	..
Braden Copper	5½	5⅝	5½	5⅝
British Col. Copper	4¼	4½	4⅝	4¾
Butte Coalition	16½	17½	16⅝	17½
Chicago Subway ctfs.	½	½	¼	½
Con. Rubber Tire	8⅝	4¼	8¾	4
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	22	30	22	30
Davis-Daly Copper	⅞	1	⅞	1
Greene-Cananea	7½	7⅞	7¾	8
Guggenheim Explor.	170	190	175	190
Mason Valley	9⅞	10¼	9⅝	10
Mason Valley 6s	105	110	105	110
Nipissing	7⅝	7½	7⅜	7½
[illegible] Rubber ctfs.	17½	21	17½	20
Kerr Lake	2⅝	2⅞	2⅝	2 13-16
La Rose Con.	3 13-16	3⅞	3 13-16	3⅞
P. Lorillard pf., w. i.	106	118	106	118
P. Lorillard 5s, w. i.	88⅝	88⅝	88½	89
First Nat. Copper	2	2¼	2	2¼
Julius Kayser 1st pf.	101	102	..	..
M. Rumely Co.	98	98½	98½	99
Giroux Mining	4 1-16	4¼	4 1-16	4 3-16
Ohio Copper	1⅛	1 3-16	1⅛	1 3-16
Ray Central	1⅝	1¾	1⅝	1 11-16
Stand. Oil (with all rts.)	635	680	620	630
Stand. Oil (ex subs.)	335	365	330	360
Stand. Oil (sub. only)	300	330	300	400
Studebaker Co.	57	58	57½	58½
Studebaker Co. pf.	101¼	102¼	101½	102½
Tonopah Mining	6 15-16	7	7	7⅛
United Cigar Mfrs.	47½	49½	48	49
United Cigar Stores	250	258	250	258
U. S. L. & H., new	17	18	17	18
U. S. L. & H., new, pf.	83	86	83	86
Western Pacific 5s	89½	90¼	89½	90¼
Yukon Gold Mines	3⅜	3 7-16	3⅜	3 7-16

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

It was in Northern Pacific that the market on the Consolidated Stock Exchange first evinced signs of decided weakness. That stock's special softness, in the face of its recent excellent report as to earnings, room traders thought reflected efforts to liquidate on what appeared to be a very thin market. The news that a bill had been introduced in Congress for the physical valuation of the railroads helped the weakness late in the day. Much attention continued to be devoted to the Wabash shares, common and preferred. There appeared to be a decrease in the pressure to liquidate commission house holdings because of the pending reorganization.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
[illegible]	Allis-Chalmers..	2½	2½	2½	2½
[illegible]	Allis-Chal. pf...	10	10	9⅝	9⅝
[illegible]	Amal. Copper..	62	62¼	60⅞	61⅛
[illegible]	Am. B. Sugar..	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝
[illegible]	Am. Can.......	11½	11½	11	11½
[illegible]	Am. Can pf....	91½	91½	91½	91½
[illegible]	Am. Cot. Oil....	44½	44½	44½	44½
[illegible]	Am. Smelting..	72⅛	72⅝	70	70¼
[illegible]	Anac. Copper...	37½	37½	37	37
[illegible]	A. T. & S. F..	105⅝	106	105	105
[illegible]	Balt. & Ohio...	102	102	101⅛	101⅛
[illegible]	Brook. R. T....	77½	77½	77	77
[illegible]	Can. Pacific....	239½	239½	239	239
[illegible]	Cent. Leather..	21	21	20¼	20⅝
[illegible]	Cent. Leath. pf	93½	93½	93½	93½
[illegible]	Ches. & Ohio...	74⅜	74⅜	73⅝	73⅝
[illegible]	Chi. Gt. West..	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞
[illegible]	C., M. & St. P.	110⅛	110⅛	109½	109⅞
[illegible]	Cons. Gas......	139	139	139	139
[illegible]	Corn Products..	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
[illegible]	D. & R. G....	21½	21½	21½	21½
[illegible]	D. & R. G. pf..	46½	46⅞	46½	46⅞
[illegible]	Erie	31⅝	31⅝	30⅞	31
[illegible]	Erie 1st pf.....	52	52	52	52
[illegible]	Gt. North. pf...	127	127¼	126	126
[illegible]	Inter-Met.	15	15	14⅝	14⅝
[illegible]	Lehigh Valley..	177⅝	179	177⅛	177⅝
[illegible]	Louis. & Nash..	157	157	156¼	156¼
[illegible]	M., K. & T....	30⅝	30⅝	29¼	29¼
[illegible]	Mo. Pacific.....	38⅝	39⅝	38¼	38¼
[illegible]	Nat. Lead......	51⅝	51⅝	49⅞	50¼
[illegible]	N. Y. Central..	106	106⅛	105⅞	105⅞
[illegible]	N. Y., O. & W.	39⅛	39½	39¼	39¼
[illegible]	Nor. Pacific....	118⅝	118⅝	116	116⅛
[illegible]	Pacific Mail....	31¼	31¼	31	31
[illegible]	Pennsylvania...	122¼	122¼	122	122
[illegible]	People's Gas....	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼
[illegible]	R'y St. Spring..	31	31	30½	30½
[illegible]	Reading	149⅞	150½	148⅝	149½
[illegible]	Rock Island....	25⅝	25⅝	25½	25½
[illegible]	So. Pacific.....	111⅞	111⅞	110⅝	110⅞
[illegible]	So. Railway ...	29⅞	29⅞	29½	29½
[illegible]	Third Av.......	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
[illegible]	Union Pacific..	174½	174½	172	172½
[illegible]	U. S. Rubber...	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝
[illegible]	U. S. Steel	63⅝	63⅝	62¼	62⅝
[illegible]	U. S. Steel pf..	108⅝	108⅝	108⅜	108⅜
[illegible]	Utah Copper....	50⅛	50⅛	49⅞	49⅞
[illegible]	Va.-Car. Chem..	53⅛	53⅛	53⅛	53⅛
[illegible]	Wabash	7⅞	8⅛	7⅞	7⅞
[illegible]	Wabash pf.....	19	19⅛	18	18⅝
[illegible]	West. Union....	78	78	77⅞	77⅞

MINING STOCKS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
Belmont	8.12½	8.12½	8.12½	8.12½
Comb. Frac....	.15½	.15½	.15½	.15½
Goldfield Con..	4.37½	4.37½	4.37½	4.37½
Great Bend....	.05½	.06	.05½	.06
Jim Butler....	.28	.29	.28	.29
[illegible]	.25	.25	.25	.25
[illegible]	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Nevada Hills..	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40
[illegible]	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70
Overman	.80	.80	.80	.80

$500 Invested To yield 5½%
Another Common Sense Selection of Issues of Proven Merit

	Present cost.	Income annually
Colo. & So. Refdg. 4½s...	$93	$4.50
Int. Steam Pump 1st 5s....	93	5.00
So. Bell T. & T. 1st 5s....	98	5.00
Am. Typfdrs. Deb. 6s.....	101	6.00
Brunswick Balke, Col. 7% pf.	101	7.00
	$486	$27.50

This selection combines a liberal return with safety and marketability. Equally desirable investments for larger amounts.
Obtainable in $100, $500 and $1,000 denominations if desired.
Detailed information regarding Example "B" on request.
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That all things come to him who waits is perhaps true, but experience teaches that more things come to him who goes and gets them.
You can begin to save, lay the cornerstone of a permanent fortune by writing and *getting* our booklet entitled, "Small Bonds for Investors." It shows how you can do on a smaller scale exactly what large investors do on a larger scale. It shows how you can invest $100 instead of $1,000, $500 instead of $5,000 in safe, interest paying bonds. Write for it.
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Computing-Tabulating-Recording Stock
F. W. Woolworth Com. & Pfd. Stock
Geo. W. Helme Co. Com. & Pfd. Stock
Liggett & Meyers Com. & Pfd. Stock
National Surety Co. Stock
Phelps, Dodge & Co. Stock
United Cigar Stores Stock
Virginia Iron Coal & Coke (Ctfs.)
Weyman & Bruton Com. & Pfd. Stock
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WE WILL BUY OR SELL:
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Upon application we will mail a descriptive circular of a First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Bond, guaranteed as to principal and interest.
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BOSTON LONDON CHICAGO

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Dullness in London—Prices Heavy in Paris and Easier in Berlin.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—Money and discount rates were firm to-day.

The German Chancellor's speech before the Reichstag and President Taft's message failed to revive interest on the Stock Exchange, and the markets generally sagged from lack of support, with home rails and copper shares the weakest features.

American securities were quiet and steady and a fraction higher during the forenoon. Wall Street selling caused a reaction in the afternoon, and the market closed easy.

Money, 2¾@3 per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3¾ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for three months' bills is 3 11-16@3¾ per cent.

Gold premium at Madrid, 7.90; at Lisbon, 10.00.

PARIS, Dec. 6.—Prices were heavy on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 95 francs 75 centimes for the account.

Exchange on London, 25 francs 22 centimes for checks.

Private discount rate, 3½ per cent.

BERLIN, Dec. 6.—Prices were easier on the Boerse to-day.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 46 pfennigs for checks.

Money, 4½ per cent.

Private discount rate, 4¾ per cent.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	77	..	..	..
Consols, account	77¼	..	..	..
Anaconda	7⅝	37⅛	37⅛	— ⅝
Atchison	109¼	106¼	106¼	..
Canadian Pacific	246⅛	239⅜	239¼	+ ⅛
St. Paul	114	110⅞	110¾	+ ⅛
Erie	32¼	31⅜	31½	— ⅛
Erie 1st pf.	53⅛	52⅛	51⅞	+ ¼
Illinois Central	147½	143⅛	143	+ ½
Louis. & Nash.	161¾	157⅜	157¼	+ ⅛
N. Y. Central	109¼	106¼	106	+ ¼
Pennsylvania	62¾	122⅛	122	+ ⅛
Reading	77	149⅝	149¾	..
Southern Pacific	114¾	111⅝	111⅝	+ ¼
Union Pacific	178¾	173⅞	174	— ⅛
U. S. Steel	64¾	63	63	..
U. S. Steel pf.	112½	109½	109¼	+ ¼

Exchange 4.86½.

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
German Government 3½s	91⅝	92⅜
German Government 3s	82½	83⅜
Prussian consols 4s	101⅝	102⅝
Bavarian Government 4s	100⅝	101½
Saxony Government 3s	82	82⅞
Hamburg Government 3s	81⅛	81⅞
City of Berlin 4s	100⅜	101½
City of Cologne 4s	99½	100⅝
City of Munich 4s	99⅝	100½
City of Frankfurt 3½s	93	93⅞
City of Vienna 4s	93⅝	94½
Mexican Government 5s	99¼	100⅛
Russian consols 4s	94⅜	95¼

10 Points Advance
Another Melon

in Louisville & Nashville shares since November 10th, the date on which our editorial appeared, calling special attention to the salient factors which have made this property the Premier Railroad System of the South. "New Haven" shares

Moved Up 11 Points

since we pointed out in the October Digest that the failure to show its dividends fully earned was largely due to the method of accounting employed. This invaluable service you secure through a subscription to Moody's Manual (1911) and the Monthly Digest of Corporation News at a cost of but $12.00. Send your order today to the MOODY MANUAL COMPANY, 35 Broadway, New York City.

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London Branch, 33 Lombard Street, E. C.
Capital and Surplus. $23,000,000
Deposits........ 161,000,000

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Demand for Time Money.

There has been considerable borrowing of sixty-day money during the rise in call rates over the last week or ten days by houses which for some time had been counting on the call market for supplying their needs. The long continued ease of call money had encouraged these borrowers to take their chances in the call market, and they have failed to renew maturing time loans. The jump in call money forced them into the time market, with the result that sixty-day accommodation has hardened to 4 per cent., which was the prevailing rate for longer periods. This short time accommodation has looked attractive to the belated time money borrowers because of the belief that money will be easier after the first of the year. The long period during which the ease in call money existed is emphasized by the remark of one banker of long experience in the Street, whose rate remained at 2½ per cent. for call money for ten months before the recent advance set in. In his many years in the Street, he said, he never remembered a single rate to have remained in force for so long.

* * *

Weakness in Federal Smelting.

Yesterday's trading in the preferred stock of the Federal Smelting and Refining Company added 7⅞ points to the loss of 1¾ of the previous day, the shares going as low as 37, the lowest price of the year, and equal to the low level of 1910, made in October. At the closing price, 37⅛, the stock is off 10⅝ points since Saturday. It is a 7 per cent. cumulative issue, of which there is $12,000,000 outstanding, and along with the common stock was subject to wide fluctuations when it was on the Curb, a characteristic which has been little modified since the admission of the issues to the Exchange. The last considerable downward movement was just about the time the third quarter's dividend was due, but there has been a substantial recovery since. The fourth quarter's dividend of 1¾ per cent. is payable Dec. 15 to stock of record Nov. 25. Common dividends, which went as high as 17 per cent. in 1906, were discontinued the next year, though 1½ per cent. was paid in 1909. In 1906 the common stock, which sold yesterday at 14⅞, a low price for the year, reached 199. The preferred stock in the same year of high dividends on the common sold up to 112⅛. In the year ended Aug. 31 the company showed a surplus balance of $402,988 after preferred dividends in contrast with deficits in the two previous years.

* * *

Protecting Certified Checks.

The Corn Exchange Bank has evolved a method for its protection from the overcertification of checks for its customers. Overcertification, in times of great activity on the Stock Exchange, is very common. The Corn Exchange will ask customers who make use of this privilege to execute an agreement certifying that the customer as trustee for the Corn Exchange Bank will hold any check which the bank has certified in excess of the customer's balance, and that the latter agrees to deliver securities, merchandise, or cash obtained by the use of the check to the Corn Exchange Bank before the close of business on the day of certification. The agreement is a continuing one, and in case of failure the non-performance of the trust is to constitute an indebtedness of the customer to the bank.

* * *

Secret Markets on the Curb.

Holders of American Tobacco and Standard Oil shares complain because sales of these issues do not always appear in the Curb Association's official sheets of transactions. The association stopped the quotation of stocks which are not listed, but no measures seem to have been taken to provide patrons of the market with official information of the prices at which stocks have been bought and sold. Standard Oil sales have not appeared in the lists of transactions for many weeks, though sales of the Jersey stock, plus subsidiaries, are continually being made. Yesterday traders refused information about sales of American Tobacco stock, although sales were made around 505 to 510. Standard Oil sold within a few days at 630.

* * *

Copper Consumers' Position.

The copper producing interests has not lost a jot of its faith in higher prices for its output, and the recent statistical improvement in the position of the metal, in line with producers' predictions, is pointed to as a justification for this confidence. It is confidently stated that the figures to be tabulated on Friday will show another large falling off in stocks. One large interest puts the extent of this decline as the greatest since last July, when it amounted to nearly 20,000,000 pounds. Meanwhile consumers abroad have been buying the metal with more confidence than the domestic users, and are in a better position to sit back and wait, should a sudden rise occur, to test its permanency. Consumers have been confident of a big increase in production next year. The attitude of the producers is that next year will take care of itself, and the elasticity of demand in this country gives them faith in the future.

CHICAGO BANKS PROSPERING.

People's Trust Made 30 Per Cent.—Corn Exchange on 16 Per Cent. Basis.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 6.—An initial dividend on the stock of the People's Trust and Savings Bank was declared yesterday of 2 per cent. for the quarter. The institution started in business only a year ago, and it is understood that the earnings have since been at the rate of 30 per cent. on the capital stock.

The Continental and Commercial National Bank has declared the usual quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent. The stock of the National Bank of the Republic has been active and strong of late, advancing several points, but rumors of a merger with some other institution are emphatically denied by officials of the bank. Directors of the Corn Exchange National Bank to-day declared the usual quarterly dividend of 4 per cent.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
4½s, May, 1957, old	107¼	107⅜	107⅝	107¾
4½s, Nov., 1957, new	107¼	107⅜	107⅝	107¾
4½s, May, 1917, old	102¼	102⅝	102¼	102⅝
4½s, Nov., 1917, new	102¼	102⅝	102¼	102⅝
4¼s, Mar., 1930-60, old	102	102⅝	102¼	102⅝
4¼s, Sept., 1960, new	102⅜	103	102⅜	103
4s, May, 1959, l'chg	99⅞	100	99⅞	100
4s, Nov., 1958, l'chg	99⅞	100	99⅞	100
4s, May, 1957, l'chg	99⅞	100	99⅞	100
4s, Nov., 1955-56, reg	98⅞	99⅛	98⅞	99⅛
4s, May, 1919, l'chg	99⅜	100	99⅞	100
3½s, Nov., 1954, l'chg	87	87⅞	87	87⅞
3½s, May, 1954, coup	87	87⅞	87	87⅞
3½s, May, 1954, reg	86¾	87⅞	86¾	87⅞
3½s, Nov., 1941, reg	88	89	88	89

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Henry C. Harnickell has been elected a Director of the Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville Railroad Company to fill a vacancy.

John G. Shedd, President of Marshall Field & Co. of Chicago, was elected yesterday to the Directorate of the National Bank of Commerce. His election to the board fills the vacancy occasioned by the death of ex-Senator John F. Dryden.

The Directors of the Tennessee Copper Company met to-day, but transacted only routine business. No action was taken on the dividend.

Henry Moore Wykes, formerly connected with Lawrence Barnum & Co., has associated himself with the Smith-Tevis-Hanford Company.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Trading Generally Indifferent and Price Movements Narrow in Other Cities.

RAILWAYS FIRM IN CHICAGO

Hope of Success in Consolidation City's Transportation a Factor—Boston Coppers Active in Spots.

Trading in most of the out-of-town markets yesterday was in moderate volume and price movements narrow.

Trading was quiet in Baltimore and without feature.

The movement of the Boston list reflected a minimum of interest in most issues, though a few of the coppers were fairly active for individual reasons. Profits were taken in Hancock and Live Oak, part of the selling in the former resulting from fear of an assessment. Old Dominion declared an extra dividend of 50 cents per share, causing a better demand for that stock, and North Butte and Calumet and Arizona were firmly maintained on moderate dealings. In most of the industrials the tone was firm, but business was light. The feature of the afternoon session was the sharp rise in Hedley Gold. Prices moved downward late in the session under free selling.

Activity displayed by Chicago Railways, series 2 certificates, was the principal feature of trading on the Chicago Exchange. The price was lifted to 35 and at the close was a shade under that, an advance over last night of a fraction. The course of the security followed announcement of progress in the work of the committee which is to fix the values upon the elevated railroad properties as a basis for working out a general consolidation of the city's transportation interests.

Price changes in other stocks, with few exceptions, were small. American Can preferred led with a gain of almost 2 points, and there were fractional net advances in Pneumatic Tool, Can common, and some others. Commonwealth Edison and People's Gas were among the shares which eased fractionally.

Heavy selling of United States Steel was a feature of the closing dealings in Philadelphia, but the decline in this and other New York issues did not have much general influence except on Cambria Steel and purely local issues held reasonably firm. When Reading and Lehigh Valley moved up, however, there was little response elsewhere. General Asphalt was again sold in some quantities, the quotation sagging about half a point in the process. No novel explanations were forthcoming to account for the decline other than the disappointment over the Trinidid outlook.

Yesterday's transactions on the various out-of-town exchanges as reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES were as follows:

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
30	Augusta & Aiken Elec.	23¼	23¼	23¼
290	Aug. & Aiken El. pf.	77	77	77
10	Bank of Baltimore	171	171	171
600	Houston Oil ctfs	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
100	Houston Oil pf. ctfs.	70	70	70
10	Maryland & Penn	30½	30½	30½
800	Seaboard Co. 2d pf.	64	64	64
400	Seaboard Co. 1st pf.	99½	99½	99½
5	U. S. Fidelity	168	168	168

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$7,000	A. C. L. conv. deb. 4s	101¼	101¼	101¼
26,000	Con. Power 4½s	88⅝	88¼	88¼
15,000	G. B. S. Brew. inc	3	3	3
9,000	G. B. S. Brew. 4s	37	36½	37
1,000	Lexington Ry. 5s	96	96	96
8,000	Norfolk St. Ry. 5s	108	107¾	108
4,000	Seaboard adj. 5s	81¾	81¾	81¾
10,000	United Ry. notes	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜
2,000	United Rys. 4s	85⅞	85⅞	85⅞
8,000	United Rys. inc	62¼	62	62
1,000	United Rys. fdg. 5s	87	87	87

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
75	Boston Elevated	130	129¾	129⅞
3	Boston & Albany	221	221	221
5	Boston & Lowell	214	214	214
50	Boston & Maine	100¼	100	100
100	Mass. Electric	22	22	22
120	Mass. Electric pf.	94	93	93
112	N. Y., N. H. & H.	141	140½	140½
7	Old Colony	187½	187½	187½
10	Rutland pf.	35½	35½	35½
100	Union Pacific	174¼	173⅛	173⅛
2	Union Pacific pf.	93½	93½	93½
5	West End pf.	103½	103	103½

TELEPHONES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,148	American	139¼	138⅞	139
4	American rects	59	59	59
1,807	Cumberland	157¼	156⅝	157
93	New England	155	152½	154

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2	Am. Agr.-Chem	56	56	56
213	Am. Agr.-Chem. pf.	103¾	103½	103¾
3	Amoskeag pf	100	100	100
60	Am. Pneu. Serv.	4¼	4¼	4¼
100	Am. Pneu. Ser. 2d pf.	15½	15½	15½
13	Am. Sugar Refg.	116¾	116½	116½
27	Am. Sugar Refg. pf.	117¼	117	117
35	Am. Woolen pf	88	87½	87½
85	A., G. & W. I. S. S. pf.	17	17	17
50	East Boston Land	10	10	10
10	Eastern S. S.	112	112	112
117	Edison	290	289	290
2	General Electric	153	153	153
140	Georgia Ry. & Elec.	159	159	159
110	Mass. Gas	90¼	90⅛	90¼
62	Mass. Gas pf	95½	95	95½
7	Minn. Gen. Elec.	128½	128	128½
61	Pullman	159	159	159
3	Seattle Elec. pf.	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
64	Swift	101½	101⅛	101½
131	United Fruit	185	183	183
708	United Fruit rights	18½	18¼	18⅜
167	United Shoe Mach.	47	46	46
50	United Shoe Mach. pf.	28¼	28	28
40	Western Union	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
335	Adventure	4⅞	4½	4½
240	Algomah	4	3¾	3¾
15	Allouez	34½	34½	34½
856	Amalgamated	62¼	61	61
201	American Zinc	25¼	24½	25
65	Arizona Com'l	33c.	30c.	33c.
100	Bonanza	35c.	35c.	35c.
140	Boston & Corbin	7	6¾	6¾
30	Butte Coalition	17	16⅞	17
1,098	Calumet & Arizona	57⅝	56	56
10	Calumet & Hecla	397	396	397
45	Chino	23½	23¼	23½
460	Copper Range	52	51¼	51¼
415	East Butte	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
345	Franklin	9	9	9
240	Giroux	4 3-16	4⅛	4⅛
75	Granby Cons	30	29¾	29¾
400	Greene-Cananea	7⅞	7 9-16	7⅝
780	Hancock	27½	25½	25½
850	Hedley	17	15	17
....	Helvetia	1¼	1¼	1¼
65	Indiana	11½	11⅛	11¼
1,944	Inspiration	9¾	9¼	9¼
301	Isle Royale	19⅞	19½	19½
1,225	Island Creek	41⅛	40¼	40¼
25	Island Creek pf	87	87	87
65	Kerr Lake	2¾	2⅝	2⅝
815	Lake	33½	32¾	33
270	La Salle	6	5¾	5¾
1,039	Live Oak	35½	34½	34½
60	Mason Valley	10	10	10
260	Mayflower	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
20	Mohawk	45	45	45
20	Nevada Cons	18¼	18¼	18¼
25	Nipissing	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜
3,520	North Butte	25½	24½	24¾
70	North Lake	6⅛	6	6
150	Ojibway	4	4	4
850	Old Colony	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
930	Old Dominion	47⅞	45½	45¾
25	Osceola	98½	98½	98½
15	Quincy	65	65	65
825	Ray Cons	15⅛	15	15
80	Shannon	9¼	9	9
160	Shattuck & Arizona	17⅜	17¼	17⅜
145	St. Mary's Land	51¼	50	51¼
10	Superior	25½	25½	25½
45	Tamarack	26	26	26
3	Trinity	4¼	4¼	4¼
250	Tuolumne	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
55	U. S. Smelting	35	34¾	34¾
141	U. S. Smelting pf	47½	47¼	47½
100	Utah Apex	2¼	2¼	2¼
110	Utah Cons	16¼	15½	15½
170	Utah Copper	50¼	49¾	49¾
55	Winona	5½	5½	5½
10	Wolverine	90	90	90

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$6,000	Am. Agr.-Chem. 5s	102¼	102¼	102¼
26,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	90⅜	90¼	90¼
1,000	A., G. & W. I. S. S. 5s	69	69	69
2,000	C., B. & Q. jt. 4s	96½	96½	96½
5,000	Cent. Ver. 1st 4s	90	90	90
2,000	C. & W. Mich. 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,000	Ill. Steel 5s, 1913	100½	100½	100½
4,000	Mass. Gas 4½s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
2,000	N. E. Cotton Yarn 5s	99¼	99¼	99¼
2,000	U. P. conv. 4s, 1927	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜
4,000	West. Tel. & Tel. 5s	100	100	100

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
400	American Can	11⅝	11	11⅝
450	American Can pf.	92½	90	92½
15	Am. Radiator pf.	133	133	133
50	Am. Telephone	139¼	138⅞	138⅞
125	Booth Fisheries pf.	85	85	85
528	Chicago Pneu. Tool	46½	45¼	46½
1,000	Chi. Rys., Series 2	35	34½	34¾
50	Chi. Rys., Series 3	11¾	11¾	11¾
60	Chi. Rys., Series 4	6½	6½	6½
821	Chicago Telephone	138⅞	138⅞	138⅞
65	Com. Edison	133⅞	133⅛	133⅛
45	Hart. S. & M. pf.	102	102	102
25	Int. Harvester	105	105	105
50	People's Gas	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝
292	Sears-Roebuck	141¾	141½	141½
25	Sears-Roebuck pf.	121½	121½	121½
30	Swift & Co.	101⅝	101½	101⅝
250	U. S. Steel	63¼	62⅝	62⅝

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Armour 4½s	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝
5,000	Chicago Rys. 4s, A	96½	96½	96½
2,000	Chicago Rys. 4s, B	90½	90½	90½
5,000	Chicago Rys. 1st 5s	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
8,000	Chicago Pneu. Tool 5s.	91	91	91
2,000	Com. Edison 5s	103	103	103
1,000	Chicago City Ry .5s	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞
1,000	Chicago City Ry. 5s	102¾	102¾	102¾
1,000	Ogden Gas 5s	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞
1,000	People's Gas ref. 5s	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞

PHILADELPHIA.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Amer. Cement	7	7	7
325	Amer. Milling	1¼	1 3-16	1¼
1	Amer. Railways	46	46	46
3	Cambria Iron	44½	44½	44½
562	Cambria Steel	44	43½	43½
770	Elec. Storage Battery	54	54	54
1,333	General Asphalt	29¾	29¼	29¼
208	General Asphalt pf.	71½	71½	71½
51	H. & B. T. pf.	14	14	14
12	Ins. Co. of N. Amer.	21¼	21¼	21¼
50	Keystone Tel. tr. ctfs.	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
50	Lake Superior Corp'n.	26	26	26
52	Lehigh Navigation	90	89½	89½
857	Lehigh Valley	89¼	88 11-16	88 13-16
100	Lehigh Valley tr. pf.	23¾	23¾	23¾
100	Missouri Pacific	38¾	38¾	38¾
25	Penn. Steel pf.	102¾	102¾	102¾
130	Penn. Railroad	61⅛	61	61 1-16
16	Penn. Salt Mfg	111	111	111
96	Phila. Co. pf.	43¾	43¾	43¾
1,000	Phila. Electric	16	16	16
400	Phila. Traction	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞
560	Reading	75	74 9-16	74 9-16
100	Railway Co. gen.	11	11	11
601	Tonopah Belmont	8 3-16	8 1-16	8¼
300	Tonopah Mining	6 15-16	6 15-16	6 15-16
259	U. G. I.	86	85⅝	85⅝
7,815	U. S. Steel	63¼	62¼	62⅝
50	U. S. Steel pf.	109	109	109
845	Union Traction	52½	52	52¼
100	Union Traction pts. pf.	41	41	41
200	W. & V. Rys.	46	45⅝	46
6	Westmoreland Coal	75	75	75

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
80	Crucible Steel	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝
50	Crucible Steel pf.	81⅜	81⅜	81⅜
1,240	Fireproofing	6	5½	6
60	Fireproofing pf.	26¼	26¼	26¼
30	Independent Brewing	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
405	Mfrs. L. & H.	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞
70	Ohio Fuel Oil	9	9	9
56	Ohio Fuel Supply	44¼	44¼	44¼
15	Oklahoma Gas	67	67	67
905	Pitts. Brewing	9⅝	8½	8½
30	Pitts. Brewing pf.	39½	39	39
25	Pittsburgh Coal	17½	17½	17½
45	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	83	82⅞	82⅞
45	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	83	82⅞	82⅞
150	Pure Oil	9	8⅞	9
1,200	San Toy	40c	38c	39c
650	Tonopah Extension	1.19	1.18	1.18
100	U. S. Steel	62⅞	62⅞	62⅞
50	Westing. Electric	82½	82½	32½
10	Westing. Electric pf.	59	59	59

BANK.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5	Safe Deposit & Trust	294	294	294

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$4,000	Independent Brew. 6s	90½	90½	90½
2,000	Pittsburgh Coal 5s	88	88	88

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.02	Julia	.25
Alpha Con	.05	Justice	.05
Andes	.12	Kentucky Con	.06
Belcher	.40	Mexican	4.15
Best & Belcher	.17	Occidental Con	.50
Bullion	.05	Ophir	1.72½
Caledonia	.95	Overman	.85
Challenge Con	.18	Potosi	.13
Chollar	.10	Savage	.38
Confidence	.55	Sag Belcher	.24
Con. Cal. & Va.	.64	Sierra Nevada	.42
Con. Imperial	.03	Union Con	1.42½
Crown Point	.75	Utah Con	.08
Gould & Curry	.09	Yellow Jacket	.60
Hale & Norcross	.20		

TONOPAH.		Florence	.55
Belmont	8.10	Goldfield Con. M.	4.37½
Jim Butler	.27	Goldfield Merger	.18
McNamara	.26	Great Bend	.04
Midway	.22	Jumbo Extension	.21
Montana	.76	Lone Star	.04
North Star	.25	Red Hills	.01
Tonopah Exten	1.15	Sandstorm Kend.	.03
West End	.68	St. Ives	.30
GOLDFIELD		Silver Pick	.06
Adams	.01	Nevada Hills	2.30
Atlanta	.14	BULLFROG.	
Blue Bell	.01	Bullfrog Mining	.01
Combination Fract.	.15	Homestake King	.01
C. O. D.	.14	Montgomery Mtn.	.01
Booth	.06	Trams Cons	.02

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	6½	8	Jackpot	6	7
Elkton	66	67½	McKinney	45	52
El Paso	62⅝	63½	Old Gold	3½	4½
Findlay	5	8	Portland	90	94
Gold Dollar	16¾	17	Vindicator	65	67½
Isabella	11¾	12½	Jen. Samp.	5½	7¼

MONEY FOR LEAGUE ASSURED

Clearing House Concerns Itself No Further About Monetary Reform Campaign.

The Clearing House Committee regards the question of contributions by the banks for aiding the work of the National Citizens' League as having been settled at a meeting a month ago, and it was said yesterday that unless some new conditions arise to make such action advisable there was no intention of calling another meeting of the committe to discuss the matter. The subject was not taken up at this week's meeting.

Of the $300,000 which the league thought should be raised in New York City, $150,000 will be provided by the banks, and most of this sum has been subscribed. So far as had been learned yesterday, none of the contributors has asked that his promise be canceled, although many of the banks have not yet paid the money, owing to some question as to their right to make contributions under the law of this State. It was decided to apportion the $150,000 which it is desired to raise among the banks on the basis of 32 cents per $1,000 of capital and surplus. An institution with a capital and surplus of $1,000,000 was accordingly asked for $320 to aid in the work of spreading knowledge of the need for currency reform.

One well-known banker has been strongly opposed to the collection of this fund and has made his objections known to other bankers in no uncertain terms. It was said positively by a member of the Clearing House Committee that the $150,000 promised the league would be cheerfully contributed by the banks, and that no pressure would be used on any institutions preferring to remain aloof.

LINSEED COMPANY ORGANIZED

Mr. Cooper Made President and Temporary Board Is Replaced.

The American Linseed Company, of which John D. Rockefeller owns the controlling interest, effected a permanent organization yesterday to succeed the temporary expedient of a board of management created last Summer when President McGean resigned. Henry E. Cooper was elected to fill the vacant office of President and Treasurer and Starr J. Murphy was elected Vice President.

An executive Committee was formed to take the place of the temporary committee of management, to consist of Henry E. Cooper, Chairman, Frederick T. Gates, Vice Chairman; R. H. Adams, E. J. Brainard, and F. R. Slauson. Mr. Adams was elected General Manager.

The Board of Directors was increased to seventeen members. George F. Parker and L. M. Bowers resigned as members of the board, and these Directors were elected: F. L. Brainard, F. S. Elder, F. R. Slauson, E. H. Smith, and E. C. Travis. The new Directors belong to the company's working force.

VIENNA ROAD PLANNED HERE.

Americans Ready to Invest $20,000,000 in Line to Budapest.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Dec. 6.—Capitalists of Cleveland, Chicago, and Detroit it was announced last night are negotiating with the Austro-Hungarian Government for the construction of an electric railway line from Vienna to Budapest, to cost $20,000,000.

Alonzo M. Snyder, an attorney of this city, is representing the American interests concerned. He declined to say just whom he was representing, as the time was not ripe for announcement of the details of the enterprise.

Legget Heads Long Island Trust Co.

By a unanimous vote of the Trustees of the institution, David G. Legget was elected President of the Long Island Loan & Trust Company of Brooklyn yesterday, to succeed Edward Merritt. His election brought to an amicable settlement a controversy over the Presidential succession. Mr. Legget was second Vice President and Chairman of the Executive Committee of the company. He is succeeded as Second Vice President by John H. Emanuel, Jr. Mr. Legget is a Director of the Brooklyn Union Gas Company, the Brooklyn Savings Bank, the New Central Coal Company and other corporations.

TOO MUCH WABASH CAPITAL.

Some Reorganizers Think the Stock Issues Should Be Scaled Down.

One of the new interests which has come into the Wabash management said yesterday that it has been by no means decided to keep the road out of a receivership, but that until the reorganization committee has had an opportunity to look more closely into the company's finances and physical needs it would be impossible for them to know what steps would be taken.

Several members of the new committee are to make a thorough inspection of the property to determine its capital needs. It now appears unlikely that the January coupons will be paid by the railroad company when they fall due, but if there is any reasonable prospect of effecting a reorganization without bringing on a foreclosure sale an arrangement for funding the coupons may be made.

In the opinion of some of the men who are to undertake the rehabilitation of the Wabash, at least, it is useless to try to make the road a profitable investment while it is carrying its present burden of capitalization. If it is not possible to scale down the amount of preferred and common stocks and affect a reduction in the fixed charges without placing the property in the hands of a receiver the matter will be carried into court to enable the reorganization committee to decrease the capitalization and free the company from some of its encumbrances.

It would be impossible to collect an assessment on all of the stock otherwise, as the payment of any charge levied would be optional with the stockholders. The Wabash has not defaulted on any of its interest payments and to that extent is still solvent, but it is understood that the reorganization committee has claims which would make it difficult for the road to avoid the appointment of a receiver if they were pressed for collection.

HIGHER PRICES FOR BONDS.

Substantial Advances in Industrials and Public Service Issues.

The improvement during November in the bond market, which left the average price of twenty-five representative railroad bonds at the end of the month at 91.371, as compared with 90.945 at the end of the same month in 1910, is commented on by Spencer Trask & Co. in their December circular, which, however, points out that "analysis of the prices of the smaller issues of public service corporation and industrial bonds indicate an advance of a more substantial nature, as it has come to be recognized that the individual investor has now confined his attention very largely to securities of the last-named type, and for this reason the absorption of new issues has been very large.

"Institution buying of active issues has been a very decided factor in the above advance, and, with a probable continuance of easy money for the next five or six months, further appreciation in prices may reasonably be expected," the circular says.

"A substantial and more or less widespread improvement in business and other underlying conditions has already been shown, and, while the movement cannot be expected to assume full swing immediately, the momentum already acquired will carry it along for some time to come."

DISSOLVING SEABOARD CO.

Stockholders Called to a Special Meeting on Jan. 3.

Stockholders of the Seaboard Company have been called to a special meeting on Jan. 3 to act on the proposed dissolution of the company, which has been made possible through the sale of $6,700,000 Air Line adjustment mortgage 5 per cent. bonds to a banking syndicate. The Seaboard Company was chartered and organized in New Jersey in 1905 for the specific purpose of reorganizing the then insolvent Seaboard Air Line road.

Its original purpose has been carried to a successful conclusion. The Seaboard Company's holdings of Air Line common stock will be distributed among its common stockholders on the basis, it is estimated, of 3-10 shares of railway common to each share of holding company stock. A similar distribution of the railway company's second preferred stock will be made to owners of the holding company's preferred shares. The proceeds of the railway company's first preferred stock and other assets will, it is expected, be sufficient to pay par in cash for each share of Seaboard Company first preferred stock.

The American Tobacco Company

PREFERRED STOCK.

TO THE HOLDERS OF CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT OF PREFERRED STOCK OF THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY ISSUED UNDER THE DEPOSIT AGREEMENT DATED JULY 28, 1911, AND TO THE HOLDERS OF SAID PREFERRED STOCK:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned Committee have approved and adopted the plan for the readjustment of The American Tobacco Company, its affairs and properties, contained in the decree entered and filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York on the 16th day of November, 1911, in the cause entitled United States of America vs. The American Tobacco Company et al., and that a copy of said decree containing said plan has been filed with the CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, the depositary under the deposit agreement dated July 28, 1911.

Copies of the decree may be obtained from the depositary or from the Secretary of the Committee.

Any stock deposited under the deposit agreement and not withdrawn on or before the **28TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1911,** will be exchanged for the preferred stocks offered under the plan when the same are available for such exchange, and such preferred stocks, when and as received by the Committee, will be delivered upon presentation and surrender of the certificates of deposit without cost or expense to the holders thereof.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, the depositary named in said agreement, will on and after **DECEMBER 1ST, 1911,** continue to receive deposits of preferred stock for the purpose of exchanging the same without costor expense to the depositor for the stocks offered under the plan. Certificates issued against any deposits made on and after **DECEMBER 1ST, 1911,** will be stamped so as to show that the depositor availing of this privilege assents to the plan and authorizes the depositary to exchange the deposited stock for the preferred stocks deliverable under the offer contained in the said plan.

Such stamped Certificates of Deposit have been listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

Dated, November 28th, 1911.

JAMES N. WALLACE, Chairman,
FREDERICK STRAUSS,
CHARLES D. NORTON,
HARRY BRONNER,
ERNEST ISELIN,
Committee.

FRANKLIN L. BABCOCK, Secretary,
54 Wall Street, New York City.
ADRIAN H. LARKIN, Counsel.

5% ON YOUR SAVINGS
Earnings allowed from date received to date withdrawn,
EVERY DAY COUNTS
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CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $9,500,000
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LENDS ON APPROVED STOCKS and Corporation Bonds as collateral.
ACTS AS TRUSTEE, Guardian, Executor, Administrator, Assignee, or Receiver, Transfer Agent or Registrar of Stocks of Corporations. Takes Charge of Personal Securities.
OFFICERS:
EDWIN W. COGGESHALL, President.
LOUIS V. BRIGHT, THORWALD STALLKNECHT, LEWIS H. LOSEE, Vice-Presidents.
HERBERT E. JACKSON, General Manager.
WILLIAM F. BAECK, Asst. General Manager.
DAVID B. OGDEN, Counsel.
ARCHIBALD FORBES, Treasurer.
WALTER N. VAIL, Secretary.
U. CONDIT VARICK, ROBERT I. SMYTH, Asst. Treasurers.
FREDERICK D. REED, GEORGE F. PARMELEE, Asst. Secretaries
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:
EDWIN W. COGGESHALL, Chairman.
GEORGE F. BUTTERWORTH, WILLIAM P. DIXON, JULIAN D. FAIRCHILD
HENRY GOLDMAN, PHILIP LEHMAN, JOHN T. LOCKMAN
HENRY MORGENTHAU, JAMES N. WALLACE, ALBERT H. WIGGIN

(Canadian Pacific System)
Wisconsin Central Railroad Co.
Marshfield & Southeastern Division
First Mortgage Purchase Money 4s
Int. Jan. & July Due May 1st, 1951
First and closed mortgage at the rate of less than $13,000 per mile on mileage connecting the main line of the Wisconsin Central with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul; Chicago & Northwestern & Green Bay & Western.
Price upon application, to yield about 4.40%.
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40 Wall St. New York

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The Trust Department of this Company receives stocks, bonds and other securities of individuals and corporations, holding them for safe keeping, collecting dividends and coupons, making transfers, attending to deposits under reorganization plans and agreements and to all other matters which may arise in connection with such securities.
THE
STANDARD TRUST COMPANY
OF NEW YORK
25 BROAD ST. NEW YORK CITY

The American Tobacco Company

TO THE HOLDERS OF CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT OF FORTY-YEAR SIX PER CENT. GOLD BONDS OF THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY ISSUED UNDER THE DEPOSIT AGREEMENT DATED JULY 28, 1911, AND TO THE HOLDERS OF SAID FORTY-YEAR SIX PER CENT. GOLD BONDS OF SAID THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that a plan for the reorganization or readjustment of The American Tobacco Company and of its allied and subsidiary companies, has been approved by the Judges of The United States Circuit Court for the Southern District of New York, and that said plan has been approved by the Committee appointed under the Deposit Agreement of holders of Forty-Year Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds of said The American Tobacco Company, dated July 28, 1911. A copy of said plan as thus adopted and approved is on file with the Depositary, GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, 28 Nassau Street, New York City, and is open to the inspection of all holders of Certificates of Deposit. Holders of such Certificates of Deposit who shall desire to withdraw their bonds may do so pursuant to the terms of said Deposit Agreement without expense, upon surrender of their Certificates of Deposit on or before **DECEMBER 28TH, 1911.**

For the purpose of facilitating the carrying into effect said plan as thus approved and adopted GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, the Depositary under said Deposit Agreement dated July 28, 1911, will receive on and after **DECEMBER 1ST, 1911,** without expense to the bondholders, the deposit subject to the said plan as so approved of any of said Forty-Year Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds of said The American Tobacco Company not heretofore deposited. Certificates issued against any deposits so made will be stamped so as to show that the depositor availing of this privilege assents to the plan and authorizes the Depositary to exchange the bonds so deposited for the bonds and cash deliverable under the offer contained in the said plan.

Such stamped Certificates of Deposit have been listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

Bonds now on deposit, and not withdrawn in accordance herewith, together with bonds hereafter deposited, will be exchanged by the Depositary for cash and new securities as provided for in the plan, without expense to depositors, and such cash and new securities, when received, will be delivered upon surrender of certificates of deposit then outstanding.

Dated New York, November 28th, 1911.

ALEXANDER J. HEMPHILL, Chairman,
T. DE WITT CUYLER,
HOWLAND DAVIS,
J. HORACE HARDING,
ALBERT H. WIGGIN,
Committee.

LEWIS B. FRANKLIN, Secretary,
28 Nassau Street, New York, N. Y.
MORGAN J. O'BRIEN, Counsel.

TONOPAH EXTENSION MINING COMPANY

Jersey City, N. J., December 6th, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the terms of the mortgage made by Tonopah Extension Mining Company to The Corporation Trust Company as Trustee, dated July 1, 1909, Eighty Thousand Dollars ($80,000) par value of the bonds secured by said mortgage, consisting of all of the now outstanding bonds thereby secured, have been and hereby are called for redemption on January 1, 1912.

The bonds so called for redemption should be presented for payment at the office of The Corporation Trust Company, Trustee, No. 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, New Jersey, on or after January 1, 1912, with all coupons attached maturing on or after said date. Interest will cease on said bonds from January 1, 1912.

THE CORPORATION TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
B. STAFFORD MANTZ, Treasurer.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that The Auto-Armor Co., a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this twenty-eighth day of November, 1911, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this 28th day of November, one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

[Seal.] JOSE E. PIDGEON,
Second Deputy Secretary of State.

The American Tobacco Company

FOUR PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

TO THE HOLDERS OF CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT OF GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK AS DEPOSITARY UNDER THE BONDHOLDERS' AGREEMENT DATED JULY 28TH, 1911, FOR FOUR PER CENT. GOLD BONDS OF THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY AND FOR FIFTY-YEAR FOUR PER CENT. GOLD BONDS OF THE CONSOLIDATED TOBACCO COMPANY; AND TO HOLDERS OF SUCH BONDS:

Pursuant to the powers contained in the said Agreement, dated July 28th, 1911, between holders of such Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds of The American Tobacco Company and such Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds of the Consolidated Tobacco Company and the undersigned Committee, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned Committee has adopted and approved the plan for the readjustment of The American Tobacco Company, its affairs and properties, which is set forth in, and approved by, the decree of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York made and entered November 16, 1911, in the cause wherein the United States of America is complainant and The American Tobacco Company and others are defendants, and has filed a copy of said decree containing said plan with GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, No. 28 Nassau Street, New York City, the Depositary under said Bondholders' Agreement.

Copies of said decree may be obtained from the Depositary or from the Secretary of the Committee.

As provided in said Bondholders' Agreement, to which reference is hereby made, any holder of a Certificate of Deposit of said Depositary for any bonds of the above description may at any time or or before **DECEMBER 28, 1911,** upon surrender of his Certificate of Deposit, endorsed in blank, to the Depositary, and without expense or charge, withdraw from said Bondholders' Agreement and receive the bonds represented by his Certificate of Deposit, and shall thereupon cease to have any rights under said Agreement. Holders of Certificates of Deposit who do not so withdraw on or before the said **28TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1911,** shall be deemed for all purposes to have waived the right of withdrawal, and to have assented to said plan, and shall be bound and concluded thereby.

The Depositary will on and after **DECEMBER 1ST, 1911,** continue to receive deposits under said Bondholders' Agreement of Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds of The American Tobacco Company and Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds of the Consolidated Tobacco Company for the purpose of exchanging the same for the bonds and cash offered under said plan. Certificates issued against such deposits will be stamped so as to show that the depositor assents to said plan and authorizes the Depositary to exchange the deposited bonds for the bonds and cash deliverable under the offer contained in said plan.

Such stamped Certificates of Deposit have been listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

Bonds now on deposit and not withdrawn on or before **DECEMBER 28, 1911,** in accordance herewith, and bonds hereafter deposited will be exchanged by the Depositary for the new bonds and cash offered under said plan, and the Depositary will deliver to holders of its Certificates of Deposit such new bonds and cash when available for delivery, upon surrender of such Certificates of Deposit, endorsed in blank, without expense to the holders thereof.

Dated, November 28, 1911.

CHARLES H. SABIN, Chairman,
PHILIP LEHMAN,
J. R. McALLISTER,
SAMUEL McROBERTS,
SAMUEL SLOAN,
Committee.

F. J. H. SUTTON, Secretary,
28 Nassau Street
New York City.
EVARTS, CHOATE & SHERMAN,
JOSEPH H. CHOATE,
Counsel.

Advertisements of Lost articles may be telephoned to The New York Times any hour day or night. Telephone Bryant 1000.

OIL SUBSIDIARIES TO STAY SUNDERED

No Intention to Group Any of the Thirty-three Ordered Segregated by Supreme Court.

SOME MAY BE LIQUIDATED

Whatever Is Done Will Await Tryout of Operations Under the Changed Conditions.

There will be no attempt to consolidate any of the thirty-three former subsidiaries of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey which have just been divided among the shareholders of the parent company by order of the United States Supreme Court.

When the intention of the New Jersey Company to begin a literal compliance with the court's decree by a pro rata distribution of these shares among stockholders was first announced, there was much conjecture in the Street as to the eventual shape into which the separated companies would be moulded, and the theory was generally accepted that there would be a consolidation of the segregated companies into groups which would be within the law, and at the same time make the operation of the properties less unwieldy. It was guessed that this coalition would be made either along lines of production or territory. Although this theory was discoursed at the time by those in close touch with the plans of the Standard Oil Company, it was revived in the Street yesterday and met with prompt denial. It was flatly stated that no combination of any of the subsidiaries was considered or intended.

One development which the future may bring, it was learned yesterday, may be the liquidation of some of the companies. Business will be allowed to run on for some time, however, and the companies will have a chance to prove their value on the new basis of operations.

Under the old régime earnings of the various subsidiaries varied as widely as 1,051 per cent. earned in 1906 on the capital stock of the Standard Oil Company of Indiana to deficits of 5 per cent. and 4.7 per cent. on the stocks of the Empire Refining Company and the Union Tank Line, respectively, in that year.

With all of the earnings for all practical purposes flowing into the Standard Oil treasury, the results from individual operation made little difference in the general result, and many of the companies in which the New Jersey Company was the sole stockholder existed practically for the convenience of the holding company.

Under the new conditions it is expected that no real excuse for the continuance of some of these companies will exist, and after a sufficient time has elapsed to prove their position it is believed that the stockholders will be asked to approve their dissolution.

IRON TRADE IMPROVES.

Orders Increase for Both Pig and Finished Material and Prospects Brighten.

November has been the record month this year in the volume of orders coming in both for pig iron and finished material and the trade authorities take a hopeful view of the situation. The Iron Age saying that the belief that the decline in prices has been arrested has gained ground. It continues:

> Support is given this view by continued heavy buying and by the fact that manufacturers whose raw material is largely rolled steel are themselves favorable to such an advance as will check the demoralization in their own products.
>
> The remarkable burst of activity in the pig iron market ten days ago has been followed by liberal buying, particularly in foundry grades, and in the past week all markets have been active.
>
> Pig iron production fell off slightly in November, the total being 1,999,433 gross tons, or 66,648 tons a day, against 2,102,147 tons, or 67,811 tons a day in October. Steel works furnaces showed a falling off of 1,900 tons a day, while merchant furnaces gained about 750 tons, making the net decrease from October 1,150 tons a day. On Dec. 1, 211 furnaces were in blast, against 212 on Nov. 1, 213 on Oct. 1, and 196 on Aug. 1.
>
> More car orders have been announced, including 5,000 in the Chicago district, where 5,000 more are pending. Rail orders include one of 10,000 tons for the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis to the Tennessee Company, and 11,000 tons for the Lehigh Valley, of which 8,000 goes to Bethlehem, 2,000 tons to Steelton, and 1,000 tons to Pittsburgh. Railroads are figuring on a large amount of bridge work.
>
> The advance in bar prices by the Republic Company has been followed by three other large producers. In plates and structural shapes also producers are taking a firmer stand at 1.15c Pittsburgh.

The Iron Trade Review says:

> The past week has added considerable tonnage of pig iron to the heavy purchases made the preceding week. Prices, however, do not respond, as the demand is not yet great enough to justify higher quotations. The production of coke and anthracite pig iron for November was 1,995,265 tons, a decrease of 96,796 tons compared with October.
>
> That some of the steelmakers through the recent greater activity in the market have reached high records in incoming tonnage is shown by the fact that the new business entered by the United States Steel Corporation in November was the largest of any month of the present year.

DECREASE IN COPPER SUPPLY

Producers Predict Heavy Decrease in Stocks in November.

Copper producers predict a substantial decrease in the copper supply to be shown to-morrow when the Copper Producers' Association figures for November are compiled. The figures of production are put together at the meeting, and any estimate of this feature of the statistics made in advance can only be based on guesses which some of the producers are in a position to make with some accuracy.

Exports and deliveries are, however, more easily arrived at, and these are known to have been heavy.

One of the largest copper producing interests yesterday ventured to put the probable decrease in stocks at the end of November, as compared with the October figures, at 20,000,000 pounds, which would be the largest reduction in stocks since last July, when the drop was just under that figure.

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Creamery, specials, lb, 39c; extras, 38c; firsts, 35@36½c; seconds, 32@34c; thirds, 28@30c. Held, specials, 35@35½c; extras, 33@34c; firsts, 31@32c; seconds, 29@30c; thirds, 26@28c. State dairy, tubs, finest, 35c; good to prime, 30@34c; common to fair, 24@29c. Process, specials, 26½@27c; extras, 25@25½c; firsts, 23½@24½c; seconds, 22½@23c. Factory, current make, firsts, 23@23½c; seconds, 22@22½c; thirds, 20@21c. Packing stock, June make, 22@22½c; current make, No. 2, 21½c; No. 3, 19@20½c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, September and earlier, specials, 1 lb., 16c; average fancy, 15½@15¾c; current make, specials, 15¼@15½c; average fancy, 15c; undergrades, 13@14¾c. Daisies, September and earlier, best, 16c; current make, best, 15¼@15½c; State, skims, September and earlier, specials, 13½c; choice, 12@13c; current make, specials, 12¾c; choice, 12c; all makes, good to prime, 10@11c; common, 6@9c; hard skims, 3@5c.

Eggs.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 43@46c; extra, firsts, 40@41c; firsts, 36@39c; seconds, 32@35c; thirds and poorer, 25@30c; held fresh, poor to fair, 21@25c; fresh gathered, dirties, No. 1, 24c; No. 2, 20@23c; prime, 20@21c; poor to fair, 18@19c; refrigerated, special marks, fancy, local storage charges paid, 24½@25c; local storage, charges paid, 23@24c; seconds, 21½@22½c; thirds and poorer, 18@21c; dirties, 15@20c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery, whites, fancy, large, new laid, 55@60c; selected whites, fair to good, 48c; badly mixed, 35@40c; hennery browns, 44@50c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 35@[illegible]; Western, gathered whites, 35@45c.

COMMODITY MARKETS.

WHEAT.—Wheat was weak, closing with a partial recovery. The weakness was again centred at the West, with liquidation a factor in all markets. Cash wheat was dull and heavy and the situation at Chicago was still disturbed over the offer of the leading holder to sell wheat at a concession. This wheat was offered at 1¼c under the December price. The offering was so unusual that cash trading was completely upset. The Northwestern markets were heavy, due to further large receipts and an increase in three days of 1,150,000 bushels in the Minneapolis stock. The Northwestern flour output decreased 45,000 barrels for the week and mills generally reported sales only 50 to 75 per cent. of the reduced output. Export business was again limited to Manitoba wheat, of which about fourteen loads were reported. American wheats are still out of export line. At New York the prices are 3 to 4c out, and Baltimore is reporting no business, although cash wheat there is about 4c under New York. The opportunity for export business from Chicago is still further hampered by the freight charges to the seaboard. Chicago December is 2c over Baltimore. Bradstreet's visible showed an increase of 968,000 bushels in the United States, a decrease of 94,000 bushels in Canada, and a world's visible decrease of 3,926,000 bushels. Liverpool was fairly steady, but Continental markets were lower, with Plate wheat at Antwerp showing considerable decline. Argentine markets were lower, although some cables said that there was urgent need of good weather for advancement of harvests, while other advices were of good weather and large port receipts of new wheat. An analysis of the Spring wheat situation by elevator interests claimed an underestimate by the Government of 28,000,000 bushels in the crop of the three States. The Kansas wheat condition was given at 87, or 12 points better than last December. The State report made the crop this season 10,000,000 bushels under last year, or 51,000,000 bushels. Cash wheat was nominal, with No. 2 red, free on board, 96¼c; No. 1 Northern, $1.11; No. 2 hard, $1.04, and No. 1 Manitoba, $1.10¾.

CORN was active and lower early with wheat, but steadied at the close. Weather conditions were favorable, with new crop offerings liberal. Interior cash markets were weak and reported ½ to 2c lower. Interior receipts were 200,000 bushels more than last year. The visible supply showed an increase for the week of 557,000 bushels. Export corn was at a standstill, partly due to the ocean freight situation. No. 2 corn was quoted at 68¾c, free on board, January to March loading, and steamer corn, 68 to 68½c, elevator, export.

OATS.—Oats were weak, early influenced by the general decline in other grain and slow cash situation. Offerings at the decline were less pressing, and prices steadied toward the close. Receipts were moderate West. The decrease in the visible supply was only 51,000 bushels, compared with 549,000 bushels decrease the previous week. Spot oats are quiet, with standards and No. 3 white, 54c, and No. 2 white, 54½c.

PROVISIONS.—Provisions were less active and quiet steady. The hog receipts were large, amounting to 146,000, but offerings for shipment were not so heavy, due to a decline of 5 to 25c in live hog prices, and this lessened pressure was reflected in a steadier tone in the product market.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
December	..	..	95	95⅝
May	$1.02½	$1.01⅝	$1.01⅞	$1.02½
Lard—				
Cash	..	..	9.00@9.10	9.10
December	..	..	9.00@9.10	9.10
January	..	..	9.06@9.14	9.05
March	..	..	9.10@9.17	9.10

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
December	93⅜	92¼	93⅜	93⅜
May	98⅜	97⅜	98	98⅜
July	93⅝	92⅞	93¼	93⅝
Corn—				
December	61⅜	61	61¼	61¼
May	63	62½	62⅞	62⅞
July	63	62⅝	62⅞	62⅞
Oats—				
December	46¾	46¼	46⅝	46⅝
May	49⅛	48½	48⅝	49
July	45⅞	45¼	45½	45⅞
Lard—				
December	..	..	8.80	8.80
January	8.95	8.87½	8.92½	8.92½
May	9.17½	9.10	9.15	9.17½
July	9.30	9.22½	9.27½	9.27½
Ribs—				
January	8.15	8.10	8.15	8.12½
May	8.45	8.35	8.42½	8.42½
July	8.42½	8.35	8.40	8.37½
Pork—				
January	15.55	15.40	15.50	15.47½
May	16.00	15.82½	15.95	15.92½
July	..	..	16.05	16.02½

COTTONSEED OIL.

An easier crude situation brought about sufficient pressure in the future market to supply the inquiry from all quarters. The best demand appeared to be from shorts with no apparent change in the bearish sentiment prevailing. Large crop ideas entertained in conjunction with a limited consumptive demand and sagging tendency of competing oils and fats at home and abroad are factors discouraging important new buying. Crude was quoted generally at 4.27 and at the close was said to be offered freely at those prices.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	5.44	5.45
December	5.47	5.44	5.43	5.46
January	5.45	5.43	5.42	5.45
February	5.46	5.45	5.43	5.46
March	5.49	5.48	5.46	5.48
April	5.52	5.50	5.48	5.52
May	5.56	5.55	5.53	5.56
June	..	..	5.55	5.58
July	5.63	5.62	5.61	5.64

COTTON.

It was the consensus of opinion that a good portion of the buying during the past few days has emanated from prominent bears, with the Waldorf crowd and Scales interest said to be prominent in this respect. Demand of the same character was apparent at various times during yesterday's session, but apparently the hedge pressure at the South was sufficient to satisfy this inquiry. There is still a disposition to even up contracts pending the ginning report on Friday, which is expected to show in the neighborhood of 12,800,000 bales ginned to Dec. 1, while it is believed that, following the issuance of these figures, the trade will be more inclined to form ideas as to the possible showing of the Government in its crop estimate on the 11th inst.

The market during yesterday's session acted quite similar to that of Tuesday. There was heaviness early, with declines of from 6 to 9 points, but as the day drew to a close a good part of the losses were recovered. Numerous bearish spot advices were again at hand, but bears were rather disappointed at the official market quotations, which were given as unchanged in the main. Middlings in the local spot market were quoted at 9.35. There were some advices from conservative Memphis authorities claiming that, while low grades were pressing in some sections, holders were not anxious sellers, although, with the approach of the Christmas holidays and the maturing of obligations around Jan. 1, offerings may be somewhat freer. It is claimed that banks viewed cotton at the present price as fairly safe collateral, with money in good supply, at the South.

Liverpool advices were below expectations, and were instrumental in the initial declines of from 5 to 6 points. The volume of spot business is still good abroad, but the future market was adversely influenced by an increase of hedging pressure. There were mail advices dated Nov. 9 from the Far East claiming that Japanese weaving companies were alarmed by the move of American manufacturers in introducing cheaper goods to recover trade. These weavers, it was asserted, have had a bad year, although so far this season Japan has taken more cotton than during the entire previous season. The strained financial situation in China is still a disturbing factor.

Exports promise to be very liberal this month, and to date are about 575,000 bales above a year ago, when the total was 3,400,000 bales. Movement of cotton is moderate, with port receipts to-day estimated at about 65,000 bales, against 83,000 last week and 53,000 a year ago. Into-sight figures for the week are expected to slightly exceed those of last week. Weld & Co.'s expert reported that Texas will have very little more than 4,000,000 bales, although a prominent spot concern of that State estimates the outturn at 4,335,000 bales. Generally there has been but little modification in the large crop ideas, and sentiment remains rather bearish, although aggressiveness on that side is less in evidence.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	9.12	9.06	9.10@9.11	9.12
January	8.84	8.79	8.83@8.84	8.88
February	..	..	8.84@8.86	8.88
March	8.93	8.86	8.92@8.93	8.94
April	..	..	8.95@8.97	8.97
May	9.01	8.95	8.99@9.00	9.02
June	..	..	9.03@9.05	9.06
July	9.09	9.03	9.08@..	9.11
August	9.10	9.09	9.11@9.13	9.16
September	9.15	9.14	9.13@9.15	9.17
October	9.19	9.14	9.17@9.18	9.22
November	..	..	9.18@9.20	9.23

COFFEE.

Coffee opened steady at 1 to 8 points lower, but declined throughout the day, with only momentary rallies, closing near the bottom with a net loss of 17 to 33 points. Total sales were 159,500 bags, of which about 40,000 were in December, including switches to the latter months. The decline carried prices down 65 to 78 points from the final of last week, with December showing the greatest loss. The selling movement was based largely on weakness in Brazil, where prices have been declining steadily. Cost and freight offers were again lower, Santos 4's being quoted at from 14¾ to 15⅛, 5's at 14.30, and Rio, 7's at 13.60. Havre was weak at a decline of 1¼ to 1¾f. Hamburg was ¼ to ¾ pfennig lower. The official Brazilian cable reported Rio 150 reis lower, while Santos was 150 to 200 reis lower, and the special Santos cable showed a further decline in 4's of 250 reis, making a net loss of 450 reis in two days. Notwithstanding the decline in values, the demand for actual coffee was very slow.

Spot coffee: Rio No. 7, 14½c.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	13.87	13.54	13.57@13.58	13.89
January	13.50	13.30	13.30@13.35	13.47
February	..	..	13.10@13.15	13.30
March	13.18	12.86	12.90@13.00	13.17
April	..	..	12.93@12.95	13.13
May	13.09	12.87	12.87@12.88	13.08
June	..	..	12.86@12.88	13.07
July	13.01	12.83	12.85@12.87	13.06
August	..	..	12.85@12.87	13.06
September	13.07	12.80	12.85@12.86	13.06
October	13.01	13.00	12.83@12.85	13.04
November	..	..	12.83@12.85	13.04

NEW TOBACCO SHARES QUOTED ON THE CURB

Bid Prices Given for Allotments Yet to be Made of Subsidiary Stocks.

FIGURES SEEM TO BE HIGH

About 150 Points Above Current Price of American Tobacco Stock—No Official Confirmation.

In advance of official figures from the American Tobacco Company of the amounts of subsidiary stocks to be distributed to holders of common stock of the parent company a schedule of allotments has been circulated among a few brokers in the curb market who profess to have full confidence in their accuracy. The curb market has been fixing bid and asked prices on the various subsidiaries, although no actual sales have been made except of Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company shares and the P. Lorillard Company shares, which are to be paid for by subscription of the American Tobacco stockholders. The American Tobacco Company is preparing a schedule of the pro rata distribution which is expected to be ready to-day.

In advance of this official information the allotments accepted confidently by the curb market figured at the bid prices which have been quoted make a valuation for the entire allotment, plus the stock of the American Tobacco Company itself of about $650. This is after the deduction of the subscription price of the Liggett & Myers and P. Lorillard shares. These are the allotments on a 100-share basis accepted as correct and the bid prices:

Allotment. Per Cent.	Company.	Bid. Price.
18.9	American Snuff common	100
5.94	American Snuff preferred	280
6.86	George W. Helme	200
6.86	Weyman-Bruton	200
5.25	MacAndrews & Forbes	250
123	Conley Foil	325
.44	Johnston Tin Foil and Metal	150
1.75	J. S. Young	250
12.4	R. J. Reynolds Tobacco	180
14.9	United Cigar Stores	250
567	British-American Tobacco	16
3.29	Porto Rican-American Tobacco	300
	American Stogie Company stock (or what is received by way of dividends from American Cigar Company upon dissolution of American Stogie Company.)	
53	Legget & Myers	200
37	P. Lorillard	195
100	American Tobacco, ex subsid	285

None of the officials of the various committees which have been acting for American Tobacco security holders were able yesterday to verify these figures, and the fact that the prices bid on the curb for the subsidiaries worked out on these terms as a basis gave a result in value about 150 points over the current price of American Tobacco common with all rights to the distribution was regarded as an argument against their acceptance.

Although there was considerable trading in the American Tobacco common at 300 and 310 reporters for the Curb transactions sheets were refused information by the brokers.

Officers of the Weyman-Bruton Company and the George W. Helme Company, which will take over the business now under the control of the American Snuff Company, a subsidiary of the American Tobacco Company, were announced yesterday. For the Weyman-Bruton Company they are: J. Peterson, President; J. H. Bowers and D. E. Rice, Vice Presidents; H. Brook, Jr., Secretary and Treasurer; J. Peterson, J. H. Bowers, D. E. Rice, H. Brook, Jr., Ernst Schmeisser, A. A. De Voe, and Henry D. Moore, Directors.

For the George W. Helme Company they are: Otis Smith, President; C. W. Bumstead and J. C. Flynn, Vice Presidents; E D. Christian, Secretary and Treasurer; O. Smith, C. W. Bumstead, J. C. Flynn, E. D. Christian, George A. Helme, William G. Moore, and J. S. Prall, Directors.

NEW EQUITABLE DIRECTORS.

Board Brought Up to Its Full Quota of 52 Members.

Directors of the Equitable Life Assurance Society were elected at yesterday's annual meeting. Two new men, Charles D. Norton and William B. Skinner were elected in the four-year-class, the other eleven being re-elected. All of the men elected in the two and three year classes are new Directors. The Directors elected for two years are John D. Crimmins, Alton B. Parker, Samuel Rea, Douglas Robinson, Norman B. Ream, and Samuel M. Felton. Those elected for three years are Charles D. Barney and George C. Boldt.

The new Directors fill vacancies that have existed in the board and bring it up to the full quota of fifty-two members.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Following is the forecast for Thursday and Friday, as issued by the United States Weather Bureau, for the cotton and grain States:

North and South Carolina—Fair Thursday and Friday; light to moderate northeast to east winds.

Georgia—Fair Thursday. Friday unsettled, probably local rains; light to moderate easterly winds.

Florida—Local rains Thursday and probably Friday, except fair Thursday in southwest and central portions; light to moderate northeast to east winds.

Alabama—Unsettled Thursday and Friday with local rains; light to moderate easterly winds.

Mississippi and Louisiana—Local rains Thursday and Friday; light to moderate east to southeast winds.

Eastern Texas—Local rains Thursday and probably Friday; light to moderate variable winds.

Western Texas—Fair Thursday, rain at night or Friday; somewhat colder Friday.

Utah—Snow Thursday; colder in southern portion. Friday probably fair.

Oklahoma and Kansas—Cloudy Thursday, rain at night or Friday.

Arkansas and Missouri—Unsettled Thursday; rain at night or Friday.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Fair Thursday, Friday fair in eastern, rain in western portions.

Ohio—Fair Thursday and Friday; moderate southerly winds.

Indiana—Fair Thursday. Friday, increasing cloudiness.

Illinois—Fair Thursday. Friday, increasing cloudiness, probably rain by night; moderate southerly winds, becoming variable.

Lower Michigan—Fair Thursday and Friday; colder Thursday night in northern portion; moderate to brisk southerly winds.

Upper Michigan—Generally fair and slightly colder Thursday. Friday, fair.

Wisconsin—Fair Thursday and probably Friday. Moderate southerly winds, becoming variable.

Minnesota—Thursday, fair. Friday, increasing cloudiness, probably rain or snow in northern portion.

Iowa—Fair Thursday. Friday, increasing cloudiness, followed by rain or snow in western portion.

North Dakota—Fair, warmer Thursday, local snows at night or Friday, somewhat colder Friday.

South Dakota—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; somewhat warmer Thursday; colder Friday in western portion.

Nebraska—Fair Thursday, rain or snow at night or Friday; colder in western portion Friday.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
CHICAGO & ALTON—			
4th week Nov.	$285,362	$316,156	*$30,794
Month Nov.	1,249,559	1,275,040	*25,481
July 1-Nov. 30.	6,703,620	6,527,252	176,368
CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE—			
4th week Nov.	144,739	148,659	*3,920
Month Nov.	498,175	487,570	10,605
July 1-Nov. 30.	2,868,248	2,747,772	120,470
COLORADO & SOUTHERN LINES—			
4th week Nov.	437,826	474,162	*36,336
Month of Nov.	1,349,986	1,569,476	*219,487
July 1-Nov. 30.	6,474,921	7,565,907	*1,090,986
DENVER & RIO GRANDE—			
4th week Nov.	611,800	625,500	*13,700
Month of Nov.	2,069,600	2,153,000	*83,400
July 1-Nov. 30.	10,669,800	10,836,000	*166,200
DETROIT & MACKINAC—			
4th week Nov.	26,152	22,583	3,569
Month of Nov.	89,934	88,590	1,344
July 1-Nov. 30.	506,473	505,395	[illegible]
INTERNATIONAL & GREAT NORTHERN—			
4th week Nov.	343,000	310,000	33,000
July 1-Nov. 30.	4,382,580	4,199,379	183,201
LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE—			
4th week Nov.	1,441,295	1,427,945	13,352
Month Nov.	4,826,955	4,871,173	*44,218
July 1-Nov. 30.	23,640,269	23,173,174	467,095
MISSOURI PACIFIC—			
4th week Nov.	1,475,000	1,403,000	72,000
Month of Nov.	4,969,000	4,741,000	228,000
July 1-Nov. 30.	24,169,919	23,231,006	938,913
SOUTHERN RAILWAY—			
4th week Nov.	1,545,797	1,588,633	*42,836
Month Nov.	5,392,950	5,358,623	34,327
July 1-Nov. 30.	26,706,249	25,701,135	1,005,114
TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN—			
4th week Nov.	75,389	77,872	*2,483
Month Nov.	337,148	342,797	*5,649
July 1-Nov. 30.	1,726,270	1,663,174	63,096
TOLEDO, PEORIA & WESTERN—			
4th week Nov.	36,188	38,816	*2,629
Month Nov.	100,442	105,359	*4,918
July 1-Nov. 30.	607,007	640,690	*33,683

BALTIMORE & OHIO, report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission, for October—

Mileage	4,433.02	4,434.39	1.37
Freight rev.	6,431,698	6,245,893	185,804
Passenger rev.	1,358,000	1,435,321	*77,320
Other tran. rev.	371,744	402,027	*30,282
Non-tran. rev.	98,379	85,573	12,805
Total op. rev.	8,259,823	8,168,816	91,006
Maint w. & s.	1,100,750	1,023,200	77,529
Main of equip.	1,397,778	1,527,250	*129,472
Traffic exp.	175,704	165,361	10,348
Transpo'n exp.	2,759,664	3,036,081	*276,417
General exp.	153,601	149,890	3,711
Total op. exp.	5,587,479	5,901,783	*314,304
Net op. rev.	2,672,343	2,267,032	405,310
Outside op. deb.	66,797	332	*66,465
Total net rev.	2,605,545	2,266,699	338,845
Taxes	241,199	209,913	31,285
Operat'g inc'e.	2,364,346	2,056,786	307,559
July 1 to October 31:			
Freight rev.	24,505,419	24,776,179	*270,760
Passenger rev.	5,783,571	6,076,389	*292,818
Other tran. rev.	1,505,927	1,498,853	7,074
Non-tran. rev.	355,877	333,021	22,856
Total op. rev.	32,150,795	32,684,443	*533,648
Maint w. & s.	4,216,613	4,340,337	*123,724
Main. of equip.	5,612,695	5,746,336	*133,640
Traffic exp.	649,802	728,618	*78,816
Transportn exp.	10,479,101	11,237,584	758,482
General exp.	641,065	617,453	23,612
Total op. exp.	21,599,278	22,670,329	*1,071,051
Net op. rev.	10,551,516	10,014,113	537,402
Outside op. dbt.	204,935	†18,768	*223,704
Total net. rev.	10,346,581	10,032,882	313,698
Taxes	967,486	852,946	114,539
Operat'g inco'e.	9,379,094	9,179,936	199,158

†Credit.

BOSTON & MAINE report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for October—

Mileage	2,224.74	2,242.80	18.06
Freight rev	2,439,211	2,422,468	16,742
Passenger rev.	1,381,184	1,361,236	19,948
Other tran. rev.	234,662	231,438	3,224
Non-tran. rev.	60,284	70,170	*9,886
Total op. rev.	4,115,342	4,085,314	30,028
Mt. of way and structure	584,910	582,067	2,843
Maint. of equip.	553,596	501,976	51,620
Traffic exp	47,566	49,990	*2,424
Tran. exp	1,711,943	1,701,927	10,015
General exp	80,357	85,991	*5,633
Total op. exp.	2,978,373	2,921,953	56,420
Net op. rev.	1,136,968	1,163,360	*36,392
Out. op. (net)	16,357	4,507	11,849
Total net rev.	1,153,326	1,167,868	*14,542
Taxes	178,585	187,584	*8,998
Op. income	974,740	980,284	*5,543
July 1 to Oct. 31:			
Freight rev	8,836,096	8,667,070	169,025
Passenger rev.	6,405,267	6,373,011	32,255
Other tran. rev.	921,738	928,186	*6,448
Non-tran. rev.	250,506	247,622	2,883
Total op. rev.	16,413,608	16,215,892	197,716
Mt. of way and structure	2,519,551	2,343,532	176,018
Maint. of equip.	2,114,902	1,895,316	219,585
Traffic exp	177,378	201,253	*23,874
Tran. exp	6,974,020	6,731,235	242,784
General exp	343,635	351,998	*8,363
Total op. exp.	12,129,487	11,523,336	606,151
Net op. rev.	4,284,121	4,692,555	*408,434
Out. op. (net)	89,897	23,836	66,060
Total net rev.	4,374,018	4,716,391	*342,373
Taxes	701,643	696,470	5,173
Op. income	3,672,375	4,019,921	*347,546

*Decrease.

CENTRAL NEW ENGLAND for the quarter ended Sept. 30—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Total op. rev.	793,779	772,241	705,194
Total op. exp.	430,857	489,717	406,065
Net op. rev.	362,921	282,524	299,129
Taxes accrued.	27,000	27,000	19,500
Op. income	336,921	255,524	279,628
Other income	9,239	15,707	17,953
Total income	345,160	271,232	297,582
Charges	186,567	120,935	100,744
Surplus	158,592	150,296	196,838

COLORADO & SOUTHERN report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for October—

	1911.	1910.	Decrease.
Mileage	1,194.31	1,247.86	53.55
Freight rev.	604,255	763,442	159,186
Passenger rev.	107,622	119,063	11,440
Other tran. rev.	48,021	38,407	*9,614
Non-tran. rev.	4,513	3,418	*1,094
Total oper. rev.	764,413	924,331	159,918
Maint. way and structure	86,185	92,249	6,069
Maint. of equip.	145,828	179,180	33,351
Traffic exp.	9,232	11,499	2,267
Transp. exp.	233,885	282,389	48,504
General exp.	27,092	23,686	*3,406
Total oper. exp.	502,225	589,006	86,781
Net oper. rev.	262,187	335,324	73,137
Out oper., deb.	704	1,858	1,154
Total net rev.	261,483	333,466	71,982
Taxes	24,700	24,700	......
Oper. income	236,783	308,766	71,982
July 1 to Oct. 31:			
Total oper. rev.	2,859,259	3,451,077	591,818
Total oper. exp.	1,898,085	2,353,835	455,750
Net oper. rev.	961,173	1,097,241	136,067
Out. oper., deb.	3,880	3,494	*385
Total net rev.	957,293	1,093,746	136,453
Taxes	98,800	98,800	......
Oper. income	858,493	994,946	136,453

*Increase.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY report filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for October—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Mileage	671.91	631.35	40.50
Freight rev.	1,832,661	1,606,776	225,885
Passenger rev.	466,729	396,762	69,967
Other tran. rev.	52,490	52,116	374
Non-tran. rev.	69,755	56,090	13,665
Total oper. rev.	2,421,637	2,111,745	309,892
Maint. way and structure	245,332	230,759	14,578
Maint. of equip.	822,750	821,925	824
Traffic exp.	37,334	31,101	6,233
Transp. exp.	620,675	580,898	39,777
General exp.	36,959	38,418	*1,958
Total oper. exp.	1,263,053	1,203,097	59,955
Net oper. rev.	1,158,584	908,648	249,936
Out. oper., net	39,198	22,859	*16,344
Total net rev.	1,119,385	885,793	233,592
Taxes	99,060	96,663	*2,603
Oper. income	1,025,825	789,129	236,195
July 1 to Oct. 31:			
Freight rev.	6,285,642	5,828,143	457,498
Passenger rev.	2,187,752	1,823,745	364,006
Other tran. rev.	212,816	210,156	2,659
Non-tran. rev.	232,564	196,415	36,148
Total oper. rev.	8,918,774	8,058,460	860,314
Maint. way and structure	906,773	923,803	*17,029
Maint. of equip.	1,236,242	1,275,517	*39,274
Traffic exp.	133,509	131,673	1,835
Transp. exp.	2,462,151	2,327,155	134,995
General exp.	151,084	154,496	*3,412
Total oper. exp.	4,889,761	4,812,646	77,114
Net oper. rev.	4,029,013	3,245,814	783,199
Out. oper., net	159,050	159,018	32
Total net rev.	4,188,064	3,404,832	783,231
Taxes	376,181	384,571	*8,390
Oper. income	3,811,883	3,020,261	791,622

*Decrease.

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO for October—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Mileage	2,241	2,224	1,933
Freight rev.	2,305,311	2,283,483	2,175,033
Passenger rev.	484,634	506,606	434,711
Other trans. rev.	98,165	97,698	80,787
Non-trans. rev.	21,629	15,605	16,417
Total op. rev.	2,909,738	2,903,382	2,706,950
Mt. way and str.	430,813	395,315	294,643
Mt. equipment	572,375	566,570	498,607
Traffic exp.	49,153	48,039	80,819
Trans. exp.	856,117	865,193	704,071
General exp.	60,099	66,736	45,419
Total op. exp.	1,968,558	1,942,033	1,583,561
Net op. rev.	941,180	961,359	1,123,389
July 1 to Oct. 31:			
Freight rev.	9,000,740	8,864,963	8,231,819
Passenger rev.	2,123,155	2,182,876	1,855,312
Other trans. rev.	393,895	390,689	336,620
Non-trans. rev.	79,026	64,218	68,075
Total op. rev.	11,596,817	11,502,747	10,491,827
Mt. way and str.	1,536,734	1,500,410	1,219,369
Mt. equipment	2,144,872	2,065,772	1,941,909
Traffic exp.	207,319	206,851	172,641
Trans. exp.	3,314,953	3,317,493	2,631,530
General exp.	246,458	259,487	181,319
Total op. exp.	7,450,336	7,350,013	6,146,771
Net op. rev.	4,146,481	4,152,733	4,345,056

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for October—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Mileage	2,010.41	1,982.21	28.23
Freight rev.	1,830,970	1,933,158	*102,187
Passenger rev.	638,949	690,457	*51,508
Other trans. rev.	206,343	221,860	*15,517
Non-trans. rev.	21,016	22,619	*1,603
Total op. rev.	2,697,279	2,868,096	*170,816
Mt. way and str.	268,402	374,950	*106,548
Mt. equipment	463,713	486,450	*22,737
Traffic exp.	77,639	85,135	*7,495
Trans. exp.	1,026,279	1,143,167	*116,887
General exp.	52,214	53,564	*1,349
Total op. exp.	1,888,248	2,143,268	*255,019
Net op. rev.	809,030	724,827	84,202
Outside op., deb.	1,483	7,034	*5,550
Total net rev.	807,546	717,793	89,753
Taxes	100,000	82,000	18,000
Operating inc.	707,546	635,793	71,753
July 1 to Oct. 31:			
Freight rev.	6,951,762	6,828,182	123,579
Passenger rev.	3,014,256	3,121,017	*106,761
Other trans. rev.	788,103	828,260	*40,157
Non-trans. rev.	96,882	80,998	15,884
Total op. rev.	10,851,005	10,858,459	*7,454
Mt. way and str.	1,153,420	1,591,544	*438,123
Mt. equipment	1,569,692	1,828,582	*258,889
Traffic exp.	332,742	372,878	*40,136
Trans. exp.	3,902,198	4,337,909	*435,710
General exp.	210,449	222,624	*12,175
Total op. exp.	7,168,503	8,353,539	*1,185,035
Net op. rev.	3,682,501	2,504,920	1,177,580
Outside op., deb.	6,061	28,750	*22,689
Total net rev.	3,676,440	2,476,170	1,200,270
Taxes	390,000	328,000	62,000
Operating inc.	3,286,440	2,148,170	1,138,270

*Decrease.

DETROIT UNITED RAILWAY for October—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross	884,243	809,455	711,476
Expenses	578,662	523,058	471,500
Net	305,581	286,397	239,976
Other income	13,653	12,449	13,316
Total income	319,234	298,846	253,292
Chgs. and taxes	177,438	178,429	155,972
Surplus	141,796	120,417	97,320
10 months gross	8,511,734	7,837,434	6,674,908
Oper. expenses	5,465,905	5,008,483	4,174,033
10 months net	3,045,829	2,828,950	2,500,875
Other income	144,466	125,656	121,522
Total income	3,190,295	2,954,606	2,622,397
Chgs. and taxes	1,766,127	1,689,549	1,565,480
10 mos. surplus	1,424,167	1,265,057	1,056,917

GREAT NORTHERN report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for October—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Mileage	7,344.67	7,274.38	70.29
Freight revenue	5,456,975	4,934,086	522,889
Passenger rev.	1,249,279	1,257,920	*8,640
Other tran. rev.	376,719	360,967	15,751
Non-tran. rev.	29,840	26,415	3,424
Total oper. rev.	7,112,815	6,579,389	533,425
Mt. of way and structure	664,570	698,077	[illegible]
Mt. of equipm't.	636,919	665,741	*28,821
Traffic expenses	91,807	77,829	13,977
Transpor. exp.	1,659,447	1,644,347	15,099
General exp.	93,019	95,668	*2,649
Total oper. exp.	3,145,764	3,181,665	*35,901
Net oper. rev.	3,967,050	3,397,724	569,326
Outside op., net.	23,192	33,423	*10,231
Total net rev.	3,990,242	3,431,147	559,095
Taxes	281,966	285,279	*3,312
Oper. income	3,708,275	3,145,868	562,407
July 1 to Oct. 31:			
Freight revenue	18,445,555	17,684,187	761,368
Passenger rev.	5,359,955	5,317,129	42,826
Other tran. rev.	1,503,582	1,438,064	65,517
Non-tran. rev.	99,946	102,959	*3,013
Total oper. rev.	25,409,040	24,542,341	866,698
Mt. of way and structure	3,066,274	3,877,634	*811,360
Mt. of equipm't.	2,513,062	2,620,832	*107,769
Traffic expenses	370,017	351,189	18,827
Transpor. exp.	6,119,475	6,247,107	*127,632
General exp.	405,923	387,385	18,537
Total oper. exp.	12,474,754	13,484,151	*1,009,397
Net oper. rev.	12,934,286	11,058,190	1,876,095
Outside op., net	110,470	131,998	*21,528
Total net rev.	13,044,756	11,190,189	1,854,566
Taxes	1,135,867	1,180,294	*44,426
Oper. income	11,908,889	10,009,895	1,898,993

*Decrease.

KANSAS CITY SOUTHERN report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for October—

	1911.	1910.	Decrease.
Mileage	827.16	827.39	22
Freight revenue	$619,530	$696,888	$77,357
Pass. revenue	145,320	147,437	2,117
Other transp. rev.	73,628	82,912	9,283
Non-transp rev.	10,262	9,982	*279
Total oper. rev.	848,741	937,221	88,480
Maintenance of way & struct.	88,456	93,464	15,007
Maintenance of			etaoicmfw
equipment	124,157	109,111	*15,046
Traffic expenses	27,420	27,256	*164
Transp. exps.	265,089	290,654	81,565
General exps.	30,224	29,647	*576
Total op. exps.	525,848	556,134	30,786
Net oper. rev.	323,392	381,086	57,693
Taxes	34,611	29,476	*5,135
Oper. income	288,780	351,609	62,828
July 1 to Oct. 31:			
Total oper. rev.	3,172,305	3,486,945	314,639
Total op. exps.	2,059,162	2,140,943	81,780
Net oper. rev.	1,113,142	1,346,001	232,858
Taxes	138,446	117,905	*20,541
Oper. income	974,606	1,228,096	253,400

*Increase.

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for October—

Mileage	1,775.60	1,662.79	*112.81
Freight revenue	2,875,940	2,949,822	73,881
Pass. revenue	955,144	964,605	9,461
Other transp. rev.	470,703	445,552	*25,151
Non-transp. rev.	49,820	39,027	*10,792
Total oper. rev.	4,351,609	4,399,008	47,399
Maintenance of way & struct.	442,086	746,909	304,823
Maintenance of equipment	518,288	730,538	212,250
Traffic expenses	88,616	90,527	1,911
Transp. exps.	1,802,162	1,506,999	204,837
General exps.	64,292	71,705	7,413
Total op. exps.	2,415,446	3,146,682	731,236
Net oper. rev.	1,936,162	1,252,326	*683,836
Outside op., net	1,382	†471	*1,803
Total net rev.	1,937,495	1,251,855	*685,640
Taxes	170,000	147,956	*22,043
Oper. income	1,767,495	1,103,898	*663,596
July 1 to Oct. 31:			
Freight revenue	10,905,851	11,233,150	327,298
Pass. revenue	4,535,751	4,481,443	*54,303
Other transp. rev.	1,867,694	1,715,752	*151,942
Non-transp rev.	207,008	155,913	*51,095
Total oper. rev.	17,516,306	17,586,259	69,952
Maintenance of way & struct.	1,908,817	2,993,084	1,084,267
Maintenance of equipment	2,154,989	2,681,462	526,473
Traffic expenses	360,461	429,036	68,374
Transp. exps.	5,100,016	5,695,993	595,976
General exps.	283,483	305,418	21,935
Total op. exps.	9,807,967	12,104,995	2,297,027
Net oper. rev.	7,708,338	5,481,263	*2,227,075
Outside op., net	13,317	†14,478	*27,796
Total net rev.	7,721,656	5,466,784	*2,264,871
Taxes	575,000	591,826	16,826
Oper. income	7,146,656	4,874,958	*2,271,697

†Debit. *Increase.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for October—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Mileage	1,804.77	1,746.46	58.31
Freight rev.	1,949,827	1,763,465	186,361
Passenger rev.	636,707	664,761	*28,054
Other tran. rev.	252,061	249,181	2,880
Non-trans. rev.	27,425	29,101	*1,676
Total oper. rev.	2,866,020	2,706,509	159,510
Maint. way and structure	376,823	453,200	*76,376
Maint. of equip.	310,505	417,630	*107,124
Traffic exp.	70,326	70,551	*225
Trans. exp.	1,023,344	1,084,577	*61,232
General exp.	42,291	46,174	*3,882
Total oper. exp.	1,823,291	2,072,133	*248,842
Net oper. rev.	1,042,729	634,376	408,353
Outs. op., net	1,264	†5,226	6,490
Total net rev.	1,043,993	629,149	414,843
Taxes	110,000	95,000	15,000
Oper. income	933,993	534,149	399,843
July 1 to Oct. 31:			
Freight rev.	6,682,931	6,520,554	162,377
Passenger rev.	3,119,237	3,106,497	12,739
Other tran. rev.	917,298	900,422	16,875
Non-trans. rev.	102,909	94,526	8,383
Total oper. rev.	10,822,375	10,621,999	200,375
Maint. way and structure	1,158,500	1,706,629	*548,128
Maint. of equip.	1,123,627	1,523,021	*399,393
Traffic exp.	280,175	333,806	*53,631
Trans. exp.	3,815,965	4,050,892	*234,927
General exp.	173,836	194,826	*20,990
Total oper. exp.	6,552,106	7,809,178	*1,257,071
Net oper. rev.	4,270,269	2,812,821	1,457,447
Outs. oper. net	18,142	†13,558	31,701
Total net rev.	4,288,412	2,799,263	1,489,148
Taxes	440,000	434,450	5,550
Oper. income	3,848,412	2,364,813	1,483,598

†Debit.

NEW YORK CENTRAL report, as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission, for October—

Mileage	3,591.34	3,587.72	3.62
Freight rev.	5,818,770	5,503,883	314,886
Passenger rev.	2,649,530	2,629,824	19,705
Oth. trans. rev.	868,187	826,020	42,167
Non-trans. rev.	117,753	118,590	*836
Total op. rev.	9,454,241	9,078,318	375,922
Maint. way and structure	1,394,235	1,266,400	127,835
Maint. equip.	1,490,990	1,534,596	*43,605
Traffic exp.	223,123	227,173	*4,050
Trans. exp.	3,892,835	3,884,620	8,214
General exp.	208,646	211,102	2,455
Total op. exp.	6,609,831	6,523,893	85,937
Net op. rev.	2,844,410	2,554,425	289,985
Out. op. (net)	11,493	†2,750	14,244
Total net rev.	2,855,904	2,551,675	304,229
Taxes	625,802	392,228	233,573
Op. income	2,230,101	2,159,446	70,655
July 1 to Oct. 31:			
Freight rev.	20,933,188	19,631,301	1,301,886
Passenger rev.	12,506,099	12,343,047	163,051
Oth. trans. rev.	3,294,526	3,191,218	103,308
Non-trans. rev.	504,408	435,054	69,354
Tot. op. rev.	37,238,222	35,600,621	1,637,600
Maint. of way and structure	5,060,290	5,189,054	*128,763
Maint. of equip.	5,168,127	5,565,302	*397,175
Traffic exp.	812,202	882,776	*70,573
Trans. exp.	12,537,312	12,444,191	93,121
General exp.	882,822	924,045	*41,223
Tot. op. exp.	24,460,755	25,005,370	*544,614
Net op. rev.	12,777,466	10,595,251	2,182,214
Out. op. (net)	110,215	†44,539	154,755
Total net rev.	12,887,682	10,550,712	2,336,970
Taxes	1,984,192	1,556,216	427,975
Op. income	10,903,490	8,994,495	1,908,994

*Decrease. †Debit.

NORFOLK & WESTERN for October—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross	3,445,793	3,300,518	3,045,354
Expenses	2,245,622	1,942,997	1,799,129
Net	1,200,171	1,357,516	1,246,225
Other income	87,271	147,520	......
Total income	1,287,442	1,505,036	......
Charges and tax	496,113	500,473	467,682
Surplus	791,329	1,004,563	778,542
Gross, 4 mos.	13,469,728	12,591,374	11,553,005
Expenses	8,396,881	7,752,594	6,729,439
Net, 4 mos.	5,072,847	4,838,780	4,823,566
Other income	256,643	292,779	......
Total income	5,329,490	5,131,559	......
Charges and tax	1,944,316	2,008,382	1,855,729
Surplus, 4 mos.	3,335,173	3,123,176	2,967,836

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE 75TH ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Colored Orphan Asylum and Association for the Benefit of Colored Children, situated at West 259th St., Riverdale-on-Hudson, New York City, will be held at the institution on Monday, Dec. 11, at 12 o'clock noon. The institution may be reached by the Broadway Subway express, and thence by Yonkers trolley to 261st St.; also by the New York Central to Riverdale or Mount St. Vincent Station.

WOMAN'S HOSPITAL.

The Woman's Hospital on West 110th Street will hold its fifty-sixth annual meeting to-day, Thursday, December 7, at 3:30 o'clock. The President of the Hospital, Mr. John E. Parsons, will present the annual statement. Rev. William P. Merrill, D. D., Dr. D. Bryson Delavan, and the Hon. Joseph H. Choate will speak.

Miss Helen Swain has promised to sing.

THE MECHANICS & METALS NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

33 Wall Street, December 6, 1911.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this bank for the election of Directors will be held at the Banking Rooms on Tuesday, January 9, 1912, between the hours of 12 o'clock and 1 o'clock P. M.

JOSEPH S. HOUSE, Cashier.

THE NATIONAL NASSAU BANK OF NEW YORK.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the National Nassau Bank of New York, to elect Directors to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the banking rooms on Tuesday, January 9, 1912. Polls will be open from 11 o'clock A. M. until 12 o'clock M.

W. B. NOBLE, Cashier.

New York, December 2d, 1911.

The annual election of Directors of the MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York will be held at its banking house, No. 42 Wall Street, New York, on Tuesday, January 9th, 1912, from 12 noon to 1 o'clock P. M. By order of the Board of Directors.

JOSEPH BYRNE, Cashier.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Glasco Ice Co. will be held on Monday, Dec. 18, 1911, at 2 o'clock P. M., at 202 Franklin St., Manhattan, for the election of Directors and any other business which may properly come before said meeting.

U. C. BREWER, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING, ALSO ELECTION of officers and trustees, of the Retail Coal Exchange of the City of New York will be held at No. 131 East 58th Street, Manhattan, Friday, December the 15th, 1911, at 8:30 P. M.

HENRY BREUNICH, Pres.
A. F. KECKEISSEN, Sec'y.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE SEATUCK COMPANY will be held at 420 Convent Avenue, New York City, on Tuesday, January 2, 1912, at 8 P. M.

H. E. SPALDING, Secretary.

H. M. BYLLESBY & CO.
ENGINEERS
EXAMINATIONS AND REPORTS
206 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET
CHICAGO
Portland, Ore. Oklahoma City, Okla. Mobile, Ala.

DIVIDENDS.

Office of
H. M. BYLLESBY & COMPANY,
Engineers, Managers,
Chicago, Illinois.

The Board of Directors of the MUSKOGEE GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY, Muskogee, Oklahoma, has declared a quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) upon the preferred stock of the company, payable by check December 15th, 1911, to stockholders of record as of the close of business November 29th, 1911.

ROBERT J. GRAF, Assistant Secretary.

Office of
STANDARD GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY
Chicago, Illinois.

The Board of Directors of the STANDARD GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY has declared a quarterly dividend of TWO PER CENT. (2%) upon the preferred stock of the company, payable by check December 15th, 1911, to stockholders of record as of the close of business November 29th, 1911.

W. F. STEVENS, Jr., Secretary.

OFFICE OF
J. G. WHITE & COMPANY, INC.,
43 Exchange Place, New York,
ENGINEERS-MANAGERS
THE TRI-CITY RAILWAY & LIGHT COMPANY.

The Board of Directors of The Tri-City Railway and Light Company has declared a dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (1½%) on the Preferred Stock of this Company for the quarter ending December 31st, 1911, payable Tuesday, January 2d, 1912, to stockholders of record Friday, December 22d, 1911.

T. W. MOFFAT, Treasurer.

St. Louis Southwestern Railway Co.
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND.
New York, Dec. 6, 1911.

A semi-annual dividend of $2.00 PER SHARE on the Preferred Capital Stock of this company has been declared, payable on Jan. 15th, 1912, at the office of the company, No. 165 Broadway, New York, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Dec. 30th, 1911.

The transfer books will not close.

By order of the Board of Directors.

ARTHUR J. TRUSSELL, Secretary.

OFFICE OF
American Smelting & Refining Co.
165 Broadway, N. Y. City, Dec. 6, 1911.
QUARTERLY PFD. STOCK DIVIDEND No. 50.

The Directors of the American Smelting & Refining Company have this day declared a dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. on the Preferred Capital Stock of the Company, payable Jan. 2, 1912, to stockholders of record at three o'clock P. M. Dec. 15, 1911. The books of the Company for the transfer of the Preferred Stock will be closed at three o'clock P. M. Dec. 15, 1911, and will be reopened Dec. 26, 1911.

W. E. MERRISS, Secretary.

RUBBER GOODS MANUFACTURING CO.

The Board of Directors of the Rubber Goods Manufacturing Company has this day declared from the net earnings of the Company the 51st Regular Quarterly Dividend of One and Three-quarters Per Cent. (1¾%) on the Preferred Stock, and a dividend of Three Per Cent. (3%) on the Common Stock, both payable December 15th, 1911, to Stockholders of record at 3 P. M. on Monday, December 11th, 1911. Checks will be mailed to registered addresses.

E. J. HATHORNE, Treasurer.

New York, December 6th, 1911.

Twin City Rapid Transit Company.

The Directors of this Company have declared a quarterly dividend of One and One-half Per Cent. on the Common Stock of the Company, payable on and after January 2d, 1912, to the stockholders of record at the close of business Tuesday, December, 12th, 1911, at the office of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, Nos. 16-22 William Street, New York City. Dividend checks will be mailed to stockholders who have filed orders.

E. S. PATTEE, Secretary.

New York, December 4, 1911.

THE BUFFALO MINES, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a dividend of five per cent. (5%) and an extra dividend of five per cent. (5%) on the outstanding capital stock of The Buffalo Mines, Limited, have been declared, and will be paid December 30, 1911, to shareholders of record at the close of business on December 18th, 1911. The stock books close at the close of business on December 18th, 1911, and reopen for transfer on January 2, 1912.

GEORGE C. MILLER, Secretary-Treasurer.

Dated Dec. 5, 1911.

NEW YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY.

Treasurer's Office, New York, Dec. 7th, 1911.

A dividend of Five Per Cent. on the capital stock of the **New York & Harlem Railroad Company** will be paid by the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company, Lessee, (under the provisions of the contract between the two companies,) at this office on the 2d day of January next to stockholders of record at the close of business on the 15th inst.

EDWARD L. ROSSITER, Treasurer.

THE TEXAS COMPANY,
Houston, Texas.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of The Texas Company, held December 2d, 1911, a dividend of 1¼ per cent. on the capital stock of the Company was declared, payable December 30th, to stockholders of record December 15th, 1911. Books remain open.

R. E. BROOKS, Treasurer.

New York, December 5th, 1911.

PRODUCERS OIL COMPANY,
Houston, Texas.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Producers Oil Company, held December 4th, 1911, a dividend of 1½ per cent. on the capital stock of the Company was declared, payable December 30th, to stockholders of record December 15th, 1911. Books remain open.

W. E. LOCKHART, Secretary.

New York, December 5th, 1911.

INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT CO.
Notice of Payment of Dividend.

A quarterly dividend of 2½% upon all the Capital Stock of this Company has been declared payable Tuesday, January 2d, 1912, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Saturday, December 23d, 1911.

H. M. FISHER, Secretary.

December 6th, 1911.

BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT CO.
New York, November 22d, 1911.

The Board of Directors has this declared a quarterly dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENTUM (1¼%) on the capital stock of this Company, payable on January 1st, 1912, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Saturday, December 9th, 1911.

J. H. BENNINGTON, Secretary.

MINES COMPANY OF AMERICA.

A dividend of one and one-half per cent. for the quarter ending Dec. 31st, 1911, will be paid Jan. 25th, 1912, to holders of record Jan. 10th.

J. D. TOOKER, Secretary.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS, ENDORSED "Proposals for Steel Roof Trusses, Purlins, Braces, etc.," will be received at the Bureau of Yards and Docks, Navy Department, Washington, until 11 o'clock A. M., December 30, 1911, and then and there publicly opened, for steel roof trusses, purlins, braces, etc., at the United States Naval Magazines, Iona Island, N. Y., and Lake Denmark, N. J. Plans and specifications can be obtained on application to the bureau. R. C. HOLLYDAY, Chief of Bureau, November 29, 1911.

Metropolitan Street Railway Co.
Reorganization

Notice to Holders of CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT issued by the GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK to Depositing Bondholders under an Agreement dated the 5th day of March, 1908, between such holders of the GENERAL AND COLLATERAL TRUST MORTGAGE FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS of Metropolitan Street Railway Company issued under the General and Collateral Trust Mortgage dated February 1, 1897, executed by said Railway Company to Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, as shall become parties to said agreement in the manner therein provided (therein and herein designated Depositing Bondholders), parties of the first part, and Alexander J. Hemphill, Donald Mackay, Edward H. Ladd, Jr., William P. Dixon, and Henry Evans (therein and herein designated the Committee), parties of the second part:

Pursuant to said agreement dated March 5, 1908, the Committee has this day approved and adopted a Plan and Agreement for Reorganization of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company and filed a copy thereof with said Guaranty Trust Company of New York, the Depositary under said agreement of March 5, 1908, at its office, No. 28 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

Pursuant to said agreement of March 5, 1908, the time in which Depositing Bondholders may file notice of dissent from said Plan and Agreement shall begin to run from the date of the first publication hereof.

Said Plan and Agreement was prepared and approved by the Joint Committee on Reorganization, constituted by the Committee and a protective committee representing the holders of 4% Refunding Mortgage Bonds of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, and has also been adopted and approved by said committee representing the holders of said 4% Refunding Mortgage Bonds.

Dated New York, November 29, 1911.

ALEXANDER J. HEMPHILL, Chairman;
DONALD MACKAY,
EDWARD H. LADD, Jr.,
WILLIAM P. DIXON,
HENRY EVANS,
Committee.

L. B. FRANKLIN,
Secretary.
GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
Depositary,
28 Nassau Street, New York City.

TO HOLDERS OF
Outstanding General and Collateral Trust Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds
OF
Metropolitan Street Railway Co.

Referring to the above notice addressed to the holders of certificates of deposit, notice is hereby given to the holders of the remaining outstanding General and Collateral Trust Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds that they are granted the privilege of depositing their bonds under the Bondholders' Agreement above referred to and the Plan and Agreement for Reorganization above referred to, with the same effect as if heretofore deposited and without penalty, provided their bonds, with all coupons maturing after August 1, 1907, are deposited with the Depositary before 12 o'clock, noon, on DECEMBER 23, 1911.

New York, November 29, 1911.

By order of the Bondholders' Committee,
ALEXANDER J. HEMPHILL, Chairman.
GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
DEPOSITARY,
28 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Metropolitan Street Railway Co.
Reorganization

Notice to Holders of CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT ISSUED BY THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY to depositors under an Agreement dated the 25th day of November, 1907, between such holders of the FOUR PER CENT. REFUNDING ONE HUNDRED YEAR GOLD MORTGAGE BONDS of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company issued under the mortgage dated March 21, 1902, executed by said Railway Company to the Morton Trust Company, as Trustee, as shall become parties to said agreement in the manner therein provided (therein and herein designated Depositors), parties of the first part, and Edwin S. Marston, Edwin M. Bulkley, John W. Castles, Dumont Clarke, Robert Y. Hebden, and Otto H. Kahn (therein designated the Committee), parties of the second part:

Pursuant to said agreement dated November 25, 1907, the Committee (now consisting of Edwin S. Marston, Edwin M. Bulkley, Robert Y. Hebden, Otto H. Kahn, and Guy E. Tripp) has this day approved and adopted a Plan and Agreement for Reorganization of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company and filed a copy thereof with said The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, the Depositary under said agreement of November 25, 1907, at its office, No. 22 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

Pursuant to said agreement of November 25, 1907, the time in which Depositors may file notice of dissent from said Plan and Agreement shall begin to run from the date of the last publication hereof.

Said Plan and Agreement was prepared and approved by the Joint Committee on Reorganization constituted by the Committee and a Committee of the holders of the General and Collateral Trust Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, and has also been adopted and approved by said Committee representing the holders of said General and Collateral Trust Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds.

Dated New York, November 29, 1911.

EDWIN S. MARSTON, Chairman;
EDWIN M. BULKLEY,
ROBERT Y. HEBDEN,
OTTO H. KAHN,
GUY E. TRIPP,
Committee.

FREDERICK GELLER,
Secretary.
THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY,
Depositary,
22 William Street, New York City.

TO HOLDERS OF
Outstanding 4% Refunding 100 Year Gold Mortgage Bonds
OF
Metropolitan Street Railway Co.

Referring to the above notice addressed to the holders of certificates of deposit, notice is hereby given to the holders of the remaining outstanding 4% Refunding 100-Year Gold Mortgage Bonds that they are granted the privilege of depositing their bonds under the Bondholders' Agreement above referred to and the Plan and Agreement for Reorganization above referred to, with the same effect as if heretofore deposited and without penalty, provided their bonds, with all coupons maturing after October 1, 1907, are deposited with the Depositary prior to twelve o'clock noon on DECEMBER 23, 1911.

New York, November 29, 1911.

By order of the Bondholders' Committee,
EDWIN S. MARSTON, Chairman.

STATE OF NEW YORK
4 Per Cent. Canal Improvement Gold Bonds
EXEMPT FROM TAXATION
Dated July 1, 1911 Due July 1, 1961
AMOUNTING TO
$10,000,000
Issued in Coupon or Registered Form
For the Improvement of the Erie, Oswego and Champlain Canals
WILL BE SOLD THURSDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1911
AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M.
AT THE STATE COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, ALBANY, N. Y.
THESE BONDS ARE LEGAL INVESTMENTS FOR TRUST FUNDS

No bids will be accepted for less than the par value of the bonds nor unless accompanied by a deposit of money or by a certified check or bank draft upon a solvent bank or trust company of the cities of Albany or New York, payable to the order of the Comptroller of the State of New York, for at least two per cent of the par value of the bonds bid for.

All proposals, together with the security deposits, must be sealed and endorsed "Loan for Canal Improvement" and enclosed in a sealed envelope directed to the "Comptroller of the State of New York, Albany."

All bids will include accrued interest.

The Comptroller reserves the right to reject any or all bids which are not in his opinion advantageous to the interests of the State.

Circular descriptive of these bonds and of outstanding State bonds, sinking funds, etc., will be mailed upon application to

WILLIAM SOHMER, State Comptroller, Albany, N. Y.
Albany, November 29, 1911.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

$1,000,000 Paid for Small Broadway and 34th Street Corner—Higgins & Seiter to Leave 22d for 36th Street Locality Near Fifth Avenue—Half Block Deal on Amsterdam Avenue.

A million-dollar deal in Broadway, which establishes a new high record for New York City real estate, was the interesting feature in the realty market yesterday. The property includes the small corner parcel adjoining Macy's at Broadway and Thirty-fourth Street, fronting 31.10 feet on Broadway, 50.6 feet on Thirty-fourth Street, and irregular. The total area is under 1,200 square feet, making the sale price average about $868 a square foot. It was sold by R. Smith of the Twenty-third Street cloak and suit firm. It was this corner that Macy's tried hard to get when the present big department store was erected, but the price then was regarded as prohibitive.

The coming removal of the china and glass firm of Higgins & Seiter from their present quarters in Twenty-second Street, near Sixth Avenue, to the upper Fifth Avenue district, was announced in a long lease that has been practically concluded by the firm for large space in two lofts, one in Thirty-sixth and the other in Thirty-seventh Street. In the building at 19 and 21 West Thirty-sixth Street, the basement and first three floors have been leased from George Neiman, as agent, and in the building at 22 and 26 West Thirty-seventh Street, the basement and first floor have been leased from Julius Sternfeld.

The buildings abut, but are not yet connected. Arrangements are being made to connect the floors to be occupied by Higgins & Seiter. A private elevator will be installed in the three floors of the Thirty-sixth Street building. The firm will take possession about March 1. Both leases are for twenty-one years, at an aggregate rental of $550,000. The entire transaction was negotiated by N. Brigham Hall and William D. Bloodgood. Higgins & Seiter have been in Twenty-second Street about twenty-five years.

This lease illustrates the tendency among the old established retail firms that have hitherto remained in their downtown localities to move further up into the shopping centre. Only the preceding day the coming removal of Horner & Co., the furniture firm which has been in Twenty-third Street for about twenty-five years, to the new building at 20 to 26 West Thirty-sixth Street, opposite the one to be occupied by Higgins & Seiter, was announced.

Sells West Side Apartment.

The six-story apartment house known as Laurel Court, at 552 and 554 West 141st Street, has been sold by Platt & Albert for John Schreyer, to Soll Levinson. The plot is 55 by 100 feet.

Sale on Murray Street.

Daniel Birdsall & Co. have sold through the Charles F. Noyes Company, 44 and 46 Murray Street, five and four story buildings, covering plot about 50 by 75. The property is Columbia College leasehold and has been in the hands of the present owners for several generations. Before the present buildings were erected the present seller, Catherine Syms, was born on this property.

An East Sixty-fourth St. Deal.

An important transaction on the upper east side was announced yesterday by Horace S. Ely & Co., who sold for Mrs. Jane Sanders and Mrs. Katherine S. Rose a plot of five lots on the south side of Sixty-fourth Street, between First and Second Avenues. The Kalt Lumber Company is the buyer. There has been considerable activity on this street during the past twelve months, the above mentioned firm of brokers having disposed of seventeen lots for mercantile purposes.

Rumored Sale in Lenox Block.

It was rumored yesterday that one of the vacant plots in the old Lenox Library block has been sold for early improvement with a high-class private house. The plot is said to be at 10 East Seventy-first Street, between the Auchincloss house and the two new dwellings recently erected by C. W. Luyster. C. P. H. Gilbert, the architect, admitted that he was preparing plans for the projected dwelling.

Buys Amsterdam Avenue Corner.

The Walton estate sold to G. Waldo Smith yesterday the plot, 100 by 102, on the southwest corner of Amsterdam Avenue and Seventy-sixth Street. This plot, which was reported sold several months ago to a syndicate of investors, was held at $225,000. It is understood that the buyer will erect a two-story taxpayer on the site.

The adjoining corner on Seventy-fifth Street, similar in size, was recently leased by the same estate for a long term of years to Burr & Co., carriage builders, who will alter the present five-story structure on the plot for their own use.

Investors Buying Tenements.

Two west side tenements were sold yesterday to investors by David Wetzler and George Kolb. No. 321 East Ninety-first Street, a six-story structure, on a lot 25 by 100, was sold for M. Glass, and 221 East Ninety-fifth Street, a five-story building, on a lot 25 by 100, was disposed of for J. Lowenthal.

H. and J. Rodman are reported to have sold 53 West 112th Street, a five-story flat, on a lot 25 by 100.11.

Bronx.

Jacob Grunder has purchased from Mrs. M. Mayer the four-story flat 907 Avenue St. John. In exchange the buyer gave 779 Bainbridge Avenue, a two-family house. Breunig & Jaeger negotiated the trade.

Mount Vernon Sales.

Max Hirshkind has purchased from Mrs. Gertrude Ostrander her dwelling at 221 East Sidney Street, corner of Glen Avenue, on a plot 82 by 115. The Anderson Realty Company negotiated the sale.

The same brokers also sold for James B. Blaine to Garfield Hayes in co-operation with Cooley & West lots 30-B and 31-B, map of Villa and Primrose Parks, and for the Manor Building Company to Robert J. Horner the new mission house, corner of Westchester Avenue and Overlook Street, on a plot 50 by 100.

Buys Yonkers Plot.

Edward H. Cromwell has purchased 984 North Broadway, adjoining the Seagkill Golf Club, from Mable G. Rothchild, who bought the property a short time ago. Thomas S. Burke of the McLaughlin-Siedle Company was the broker.

Brooklyn.

Edgar A. Waite has sold 226, 228, and 230 East Fourth Street, in the Flatbush section of Brooklyn, three two-story detached two-family houses, each on a plot 25 by 100, to an investor. The Duross Company was the broker.

The Ponce Realty Company has purchased from the Crown Heights Realty Company the four four-story dwellings at 372, 376, 378, and 382 Montgomery Street, near Rogers Avenue. The buyers gave in part payment a plot 80 by 110 on the easterly side of Ocean Avenue, north of Lincoln Road, and a plot on the westerly side of Flatbush Avenue, with 103 foot frontage, just north of Foster Avenue. The Ocean Avenue plot will be improved with high-class apartments. Colson & Flandreau were the brokers in the transaction.

Dock Company Buys Ninety Acres.

The Astoria Veneer Mills and Dock Company of Long Island City has purchased from John F. Murphy a parcel on the south side of the Ireland Mill Road and along the west side of Jamaica Road to land of Kane & Wright, and running to land of Clark to Ireland Mill Road; also a tract of land at the northwest corner of Ireland Mill Road at Flushing, containing together ninety acres.

Buyers at Woodmere.

The Lewis H. May Company has sold for McAvoy Brothers the newly constructed stucco house on the east side of Burton Avenue, Woodmere, on plot 100 by 150, for occupancy, and also the adjoining plot, 60 by 100, to Richard L. Fenton.

Long Island.

The Degnon Realty and Terminal Company has sold to Michael J. Degnon of Manhattan, a parcel having a frontage of 275 feet on the north side of Fifth Street, and 326 feet on the south side of Meadow Street, Long Island City.

Robert S. Willdig has sold to Emma W. Denker of Brooklyn, a parcel having a frontage of 300 feet on the south side of Hillside Avenue adjoining land of Cozine, Stockholm and Belknap, and 400 feet on the north side of the Jamaica and Hempstead Turnpike, with a depth of 1,700 feet, at Hollis.

The Greater New York Home Company has sold to John W. Cashman of Brooklyn, a parcel 100 by 124 on the west side of West Street at St. Albans Heights.

Walter J. Cornwell has sold to Frank P. Ferguson of Jamaica, a parcel having a frontage of 100 feet on the east side of Baker Avenue and 175 feet on the west side of Blanco Place, Dunton.

Frederick H. Mann has sold to Arthur J. Smith of Richmond Hill, a parcel having a frontage of 100 feet on the south side of Ormonde Street, Kew Gardens, Richmond Hill.

Mortgage Loans.

The Title Guarantee and Trust Company loaned yesterday to the Bloomingdale Construction Company $200,000 on a building loan mortgage, covering a new nine-story fire proof apartment house, which is to be erected on a plot 75 by 100 feet at 246-252 West 104th Street.

Thomas J. O'Reilly has procured a first mortgage loan of $3,500 at 5 per cent., for the estate of Philip Laracy on apartment house, 550 West 160th Street.

Leases.

Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company has leased 24 East Forty-eighth Street to J. W. Brett for business purposes; also for Annie E. McCarthy the store at 5 West Thirty-second Street to Messrs. Charlie & Kraemer of Paris, France; and the store at No. 24 East Forty-eighth Street to "Richard."

Frederick Fox & Co., have leased for the Tomahawk Realty Company the store and basement at 137 Fifth Avenue, for a long term of years to Walders & Co. of Prague, Austria, who have branch stores in London and Paris.

Notes.

The old Clausen and Price Brewing Company property, at the northeast corner of West End Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street, was sold at auction yesterday by Bryan L. Kennelly, in bankruptcy sale, for $66,750. J. Jarone Alexander is the buyer. Old buildings cover the plot which is 125.6 by 100. All the other parcels offered by Mr. Kennelly were sold to outsiders, which is considered a very encouraging sign for the auction market.

The El-El Company is the buyer of the leasehold, 313 Fifth Avenue, sold recently by the Rudolph Wallach Company.

The Estimate and Assessment Commissioners who were appointed in the proceedings to acquire the lands necessary to open and extend Sixty-first Street, from Fort Hamilton Avenue to Eighteenth Avenue, Brooklyn, have completed their report of damage and benefit and will present it for confirmation to the Supreme Court, Jan. 29.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

West End Av, n e corner of 59th St, 125.6x100, 4-story brewery; bankruptcy sale, to J. Jerome Alexander, $66,750.

Fordham Road, n e corner of Belmont St, 51x135x irregular; voluntary sale, to the Rudolph Wallach Company, $7,325.

Fordham Road, n s, 100 ft e of Hoffman St, 28x83, vacant; voluntary sale, to R. R. Maslen, $2,400.

89th St, 125 East, n s, 78 ft w of Lexington Av, 10.7x98.9, 4-story dwelling; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, J. H. Henshaw, $62,443.

19th St, 217 East, n s, 364.6 ft w of 2d Av, 16.9x92, 4-story dwelling; to Robert C. Knapp, $13,100; also

Lexington Av, 1,082, w s, 17 ft n of 76th St, 17x72.10, 3-story dwelling; to E. R. Sanford, $17,600; also

150th St, 477 West, n s, 100.8 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 24.4x99.11x irregular, 1-story laundry; to Lowenfeld & Prager, $8,250; also

Amsterdam Av, 1,865, e s, 138.11 ft s of 153d St, 19.6x100, 3-story tenement and store; partition, to Williams & Grodginsky, $13,450.

By Joseph P. Day.

94th St, 21, n s, 83.11 ft w of Madison Av, 19.11x100.8, 4-story dwelling; foreclosure, to Bertha Myers, $39,500.

121st St, 226, s s, 268 ft w of 7th Av, 18x100.11, 5-story tenement; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Julius Lobenstein, $14,000.

74th St, 306-10, s s, 100 ft e of 2d Av, 75x102.2, three 4-story tenements; also

56th St, 234-8, s s, 100 ft w of 2d Av, 75x100.5, three 5-story tenements, stores in 238; also

56th St, 239-45, n s, 100 ft w of 2d Av, 100x100.4, 4-story brick stable; also

57th St, 442, s s, 160.3 ft w of Avenue A, 13.2x90, 2-story dwelling; also

204th St, 2 to 10 East, s s, 100 ft e of Jerome Av, 96.1x109.6, to Villa Av, x38.1x76.1x25, five 3-story tenements and stores; also

Barker Av, e s, 159.4 ft s of Union St, 50x125, Map of Wakefield; sale of dower; adjourned to Dec. 13.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

178th St, 586-90 West, s s, 100 ft w of Audubon Av, 75x94.11, 5-story apartment house; foreclosure, adjourned to Dec. 13.

111th St, 53, n s, 125 ft e of Lenox Av, 25x100.11, 5-story tenement; foreclosure, adjourned to Dec. 20.

AT 3,156 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

Houghton Av, 2,311, n s, 100 ft e of Havemeyer Av, 50x166.1 to Ludlow Av, Unionport; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Thomas Fleming, $5,100.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

138th St, s s, 75 ft w of Mott Av, for a one-story brick shop, 24.6x11.4; Henry Rines, Portland, Me., owner; F. Baldoff, architect; cost, $300.

Bathgate Av, w s, 100.20 ft s of 173d St, for a six-story brick store and tenement, 50x101.4; Newport Realty Co., (Max J. Klein, 35 Nassau St, President,) owner; Cronenberg & Lenchtag, architects; cost, $65,000.

3d Av, e s, 89.84 ft n of 174th St, for two one-story brick stores, 83x100 and 103x55; Zarland Realty Co., (M. Zarland, 801 Cauldwell Av, President,) owner; Koppe & Dauber, architects; cost, $30,000.

2d St, n s, 214.5 ft e of Avenue D, for a two-story frame dwelling, 21x47; Kleo & Anderson Construction Co., (J. Kleo, 830 Westchester Av, Treasurer,) owner; Koppe & Dauber, architects; cost, $4,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Houston St, n s, whole front between Broadway and Mercer St, to an eight-story office building; Metropolitan Street Railway Co., 621 Broadway, owner; C. E. Corby, architect; cost, $8,000.

South St, 78 and 81, to a five-story office building; estate of John N. A. Griswold, 80 South St, owner; L. G. Patton, architect; cost, $12,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 6.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BLEECKER ST, 199, n s, 29x96; James W. Pierce to Charlton V. Pierce and Sarah P. Onderdonk, all at Mount Pleasant, Westchester Co., N. Y.; attorneys, Hubbard & McKinley, White Plains, N. Y. $1

GREENE ST, 18, e s, 25x100; Enno Greeff to David T. Smith, 22 Gansevoort St, Dec. 4; attorneys, Merrill & R., 128 Broadway....$1

LEWIS ST, 84½, es, 20x100; David Feierstein to Benjamin Seidenberg, on premises, ½ right, title, and interest, mtg $13,000, and all liens, Dec. 5; attorneys, Moss, L. M. & W., 299 Broadway....$1

MARGINAL or Exterior St, n w corner of 107th St, runs w 100 x n 100.11 x e 10 to high water mark of Harlem River or Creek x s e 14 x n to centre line of block x e 75 to street x s 100.11 to beginning; George A. Reeber and others to Anton H. Meyer, 256 West 125th St, Dec. 4; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

MARGINAL ST, being an interior lot at centre line of block, 107th and 108th Sts, 75 ft w of Marginal or Exterior St, runs s to high water mark of Harlem River x n w 14 to centre line of block x e 15 to beginning, it being intended to convey in this and another deed all right, title, and interest to Marginal or Exterior St, n w corner of 107th St, 100.11x100; George A. Reeber and others to Anton H. Meyer, 256 West 125th St, all title, C. A. G., Dec. 7; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1

NAGLE AV, n w s, at s w s of Arden St, 130x250; James J. Molloy to Brown Brothers, Incorporated, owners and builders, a corporation, 33 East 20th St, mtg $48,000, B. & S., Dec. 5; attorneys, Gannon, S. & R., 2 Rector St....$1

VESTRY ST, 17, s s, 20.6x75; Anna Auger to William Zeigler, 1,376 Bushwick Av., Brooklyn, Dec. 6, (mtg $2,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$100

WATER ST, s w corner of Gouverneur Lane, 25.5x71.8x25.1x72.3; Marie Valadier, widow and devisee of George W. Thorn, to Rebecca Witherell and Emma Thorn, Greenwich, Conn., ½ part, B. & S. and C. A. G., Nov. 29; attorney, J. C. O'Conor, 11 William St....$100

WEST BROADWAY, 341, e s, 24.11x50x24.6x50; C. N. Shurman Investing Co. to Value Realty Co., 170 Broadway, mtg $11,250, Dec. 5; attorney, A. O. Ernst, 170 Broadway....$1

1ST AV, n w corner of 109th St, 25.11x75; John S. Myers, administrator of Aaron Bussing, to Mary L. Cassidy, 2,211 Broadway, quitclaim, Dec. 5; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$25

11TH AV, e s, 42.2 ft s of 45th St, 19.7x70; Anton J. Ruscovic to John Lechich, 604 11th Av, ½ part, mtg $10,000, Nov. 28; attorney, John A. Hardman, 27 William St....$100

21ST ST, n s, 241.8 ft e of 10th Av, 16.8x98.8; Patrick McElduff to Sarah, his wife, 449 West 21st St, B. & S., April 12, 1909; William Halpin, Hall of Records....$1

30TH ST, 32 East, s s, 21x98.9; Alfred R. Conkling and others to Howard Conkling, 157 East 70th St or 76 William St, (mtg $17,000,) Nov. 23....$100

36TH ST, 149 East, n s, 19x98.9; George D. Beattys, trustee in bankruptcy of Martin V. Cook, 49 Wall St, to Harriet J. Cook, 135 Highland Cross, Rutherford, N. J., B. & S. and C. A. G., July 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$800

36TH ST, 219 East, n s, 21x98.9; George D. Beattys, trustee in bankruptcy of Martin V. Cook, 49 Wall St, to Harriet J. Cook, 135 Highland Cross, Rutherford, N. J., B. & S. and C. A. G., July 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$800

36TH ST, 223 East, n s, 22.6x98.9; George D. Beattys, trustee in bankruptcy of Martin V. Cook, 49 Wall St, to Harriet J. Cook, 135 Highland Cross, Rutherford, N. J., B. & S. and C. A. G., July 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$800

37TH ST, 212 East, n s, 25x98.9; George D. Beattys, trustee in bankruptcy of Martin V. Cook, 49 Wall St, to Harriet J. Cook, 135 Highland Cross, Rutherford, N. J., B. & S. and C. A. G., July 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$800

38TH ST, 305 East, n s, 25x99.1x27.9x110.9; George D. Beattys, trustee in bankruptcy of Martin V. Cook, 49 Wall St, to Harriet J. Cook, 135 Highland Cross, Rutherford, N. J., B. & S. and C. A. G., July 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$800

40TH ST, 319 East, 25x—; Thomas Lawler to Robert E. Kelly, 206 Mount Hope Place, Dec. 6; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway....$100

46TH ST, 219 and 221 West, n s, 50x100.5, with all title to strip 1.3x— adjoining on e; Fanny E. Hoertel to John T. Brook Co., 120 West 42d St, (mtg $48,000,) Nov. 24; attorneys, Bovie & Wilson, 3 Broad St....$100

62D ST, 224 West, 25x100; Morris Wolinsky to James H. Webb, 336 West 59th St, Dec. 5, (mtg $17,500;) attorney, Harold Carpan, 2,210 5th Av....$100

65TH ST, 115 East, n s, 20x100.5; Alfred R. Conkling and others to Alfred R. Conkling, 157 East 70th St, Nov. 23; attorney, H. Conkling, 76 William St....$100

66TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of West End Av, 40x100.5; Newell Martin to Charles Sooysmith, 2 West 55th St, April 11, mtg $8,500; address, 71 Broadway....$1

97TH ST, 214 East, s s, 25x100.11; 97th St, 216 East, s s, 25x100.11; Prince Realty Co. to Gaetano Arena, 8,635 Bay 12th St., Brooklyn, mtg $25,000, Nov. 11; attorney, B. S. Deutch, 261 Broadway....$1

98TH ST, s s, 74 ft w of Columbus Av, 26x100.11; Jacob B. Engel to Joseph Hecht, 44 East 68th St, Dec. 5; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway....$26,000

99TH ST, n s, 200 ft w of West End Av, 75x100.11; M. R. L. Building Co to Jacob Axelrod, 276 Riverside Drive, Dec. 4, (mtg $245,000;) attorneys, Stoddard & Mark, 135 Broadway....$100

104TH ST, n s, 56.3 ft e of 1st Av, 50x100.11; Vincenzo Caggiano to Caterina Paradiso, 158 East 106th St, (mtg $21,600,) Dec. 2; attorney, Myron Sulzberger, 38 Park Row....$100

117TH ST, 330 East, s s, 25x100.11; Vincenzo Caggiano to Caterina Paradiso, 158 East 106th St, (mtg $12,000,) Dec. 2; attorney, Myron Sulzberger, 38 Park Row....$100

121ST ST, 226 West, s s, 18x100.11, (foreclosure Dec. 6, 1911;) Francis S. McAvoy, referee, to Julius Lobenstein, 16 West 90th St, Dec. 6; attorneys, Mandelbaum Brothers, 90 Wall St....$14,000

121ST ST, 231 West, 25x100.11; Samuel Davis to Isaac Goodstein, 36 West 119th St, Dec 1, (mtg $24,000;) attorney, H. Schwarz, 180 Fulton St....$1

129TH ST, n s, 225 ft w of Lenox Av, 12.6x99.11; Sarah A. Ackerman to Cecelia R. D. Hellmund, 25 Brooklyn Av., Brooklyn, Nov. 29, (mtg $6,250;) attorneys, Magee & Cornell, Richmond Hill, N. Y....$1

144TH ST, n s, 430 ft w of 7th Av, 40x99.11; Cooper Realty Company to Hopkins Holding Company, 26 Exchange Place, Nov. 14, (mtg $34,500;) attorneys, Arnstein & L., 128 Broadway....$100

144TH ST, n s, 470 ft w of 7th Av, 40x99.11; Cooper Realty Company to Hopkins Holding Company, 26 Exchange Place, Nov. 14, (mtg $34,500;) attorneys, same....$100

146TH ST, s s, 337.6 ft w of 7th Av, 37.6x99.11; Beka Stein to Charles Brown, 286 West 147th St, Dec. 1, (mtg $46,500;) attorney, A. B. Jaworower, 179 Nassau St....$100

Bronx.

BRYANT AV, 1,501, w s, 20x100; Allen Construction Co. to Eleanor J. Fowler, 246 Manhattan Av, (mtg $7,000,) Dec. 5; attorney, J. P. Donellan, 140 Nassau St....$4,500

COLLEGE AV, s e corner of 168th St, 200x100; West Bronx Realty Co. to Louis Lowenstein, at Pearl River, N. Y., (mtg $15,500,) Dec. 2; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

CRESTON AV, w s, 153.2 ft n of 183d St, 18.9x117.6; Charles E. Moore, referee, to Alice P. Leaman, 321 West 75th St, Nov. 17; attorney, Smith Williamson, 364 Alexander Av..$4,000

FRANKLIN AV, 1,331, w s, 50x20.8; Gerald J. Barry and another, executors, to Gustavus Robitzek, 1,331 Franklin Av, (mtg $5,000,) Dec. 6; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$17,500

HEATH AV, w s, 615.10 ft s of Kingsbridge Road, 25x100; Kingsbridge Real Estate Co. to Arthur L. F. Montgomery, B. & S., 2,687 Heath Av, Nov. 27; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

HOE ST, w s, 25 ft n of 172d St, 100x100; Sefbern Realty Co. to Ray Holding Co., 310 East 50th St, Dec. 5; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway....$100

HOE ST, w s, 245 ft n of 172d St, 300x100; Sefbern Realty Co. to Solid Realty Co., 319 East 22d St, (mtg $27,450,) Dec. 5; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway....$100

HOE ST, w s, 25 ft n of 172d St, 100x100; Hoe St, w s, 245 ft n of 172d St, 333.7x100; Richard G. Conried to Sefbern Realty Co., 35 Nassau St, (mtg $27,450,) Dec. 5; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway....$100

HOUGHTON AV, n s, part of Lot 108, map of Unionport, 100x66.1; Maria A. Brohmer and another to Edward A. Schill and another, 860 Van Nest Av, Nov. 29; attorney, Frank Gass, Westchester....$100

INWOOD AV, w s, 317.11 ft n of Goble Place, 217.11x—; Louis Lowenstein to West Bronx Realty Co., 26 Ferry St, (mtg $10,000,) Dec. 2; attorneys, Appell & Taylor, 90 West Broadway....$100

LOT 292, map of Laconia Park; Domenico Amodio to Frank Amodio, 626 East 187th St, (mtg $300,) Dec. 1....$100

LOTS 107 to 109, map of Harrington estate; William Reichelt to Frank Gass, 2,248 Powell Av, Dec. 5; address, 2,248 Powell Av....$100

LOTS 415, 416, and 419, map of 473 lots of Haight estate, 1,441 Ferris Av; Harry A. Mendelson, referee, to William Bulger, Dec. 5; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$2,200

MORRIS AV, s s, 50 ft e of Lincoln St, 25.6x100; Sarah F. Cahill to Henrietta Gitelson, 632 Morris Park Av, (mtg $4,500,) Dec. 5; attorney, C. H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av....$100

NELSON AV, e s, from 172d St to Featherbed Lane, 752.2x99.11 to Shakespeare Av x irregular; Oliver J. Wells to Reserve Realty Co., 9 Church St, ½ part, (mtg $48,280,) Nov. 28; attorney, S. G. Thomas, 40 Wall St....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Reserve Realty Co. to Atlantic Dock Co., foot of Hamilton Av, Brooklyn, (mtg $48,280,) Nov. 28; same attorney....$100

OGDEN AV, e s, 275 ft s of 162d St, 50x115; Dorothy Realty Co. to Alfred C. Gants, 900 Ogden Av, Dec. 5, (mtg $53,600;) attorney, Robert W. Todd, 258 Broadway....$100

PARK AV, 4,414, e s, 25x141; William L. Clifford to Frances B. Clifford, at Mount Vernon, N. Y., Dec. 5; attorney, H. F. Norman, 68 William St....$100

VYSE AV, w s, 300 ft n of 167th St, 20x100; William S. Kelley, referee, to Anna C. Stephens, 285 Central Park West, Dec. 2; attorney, F. W. Judge, 90 West Broadway....$8,900

WILLIS AV, e s, 25 ft s of 134th St, 75x40; Willis Av, s e corner of 134th St, 25x75, except part for avenue; Hotel Willison, a corporation, to Reserve Realty Co., 9 Church St, (mtg $50,000,) Dec. 5; attorney, Oscar Wagner, 92 William St....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Reserve Realty Co. to Rutherfurd Realty Co., 34 Nassau St, ½ part, (mtg $50,000,) Dec. 5; attorneys, Wells & S., 34 Nassau St....$100

ZEREGA AV, n w corner of Lyon Av, 50x100; Joseph Monetta to Norbert Robillard, 1,445 Zerega Av, Dec. 5; attorneys, William Peters & Co., 2,015 Boston Road....$100

2D AV, w s, 60.5 ft s of 52d St, 20x70; Sophia H. Wolpheimer to Isaac Kaplan, 328 East 52d St, (mtg $13,000,) Dec. 5; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$100

140TH ST, 500 West, 37.6x99.4; Anna G. Callan to Elizabeth O'Callahan, 539 West 112th St, Dec. 2, (mtg $41,000;) attorney, H. A. Callan, 111 Broadway....$1

163D ST, w s, 86.5 ft n of 162d St, 20.8x67.8; Kovaes Construction Co. to David Wigner, 87 Clinton St, Nov. 22, (mtg $8,000;) attorneys, Sternberg, J. & P., 309 Broadway....$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

ACKERMAN, William C., to German Savings Bank, 157 4th Av; 26th St, 229 West, 24.10x98.9, Dec. 6, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, A. Henry Mosle, 30 Broadway....$26,000

ATLANTIC REALTY CO. to Ella V. Eldredge, 366 Clinton Av, Brooklyn; 181st St, s s, 183.4 ft w of Audubon Av, 41.8x119.6, Dec. 6, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$50,000

AYMAR, William H., to North River Savings Bank, 81 West 34th St; 8th Av, w s, 35.9 ft s of 26th St, 17.6x62.6, prior mortgage $10,000, Dec. 1, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, William A. Sage, 156 Broadway....$2,500

BROWNE, Addie S., individually and as executrix, to Vincent C. Pepe, 15 Charlton St; Van Nest Place, 10, n s, 20x94.10, prior mtg $8,800, Dec. 4, 1 year; attorneys, Hurry & Dutton, 76 William St....$500

HIRSHHORN, Joe, to Aaron Gottlieb, 207 West 110th St; Lewis St, 78, e s, 25x99, prior mtg $16,000, Dec. 1, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Schlesinger & S., 10 Wall St....$2,000

H. & Z. REALTY CO. to Gussie Nathan, 206 West 121st St; 8th Av, 2,752, e s, 25x100, prior mtg $19,000, Dec. 1, due Jan. 2, 1915, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. H. Schwarz, 130 Fulton St....$3,000

JABEZ BURNS & SONS to Seamen's Bank for Savings, 76 Wall St; 11th Av, s w corner of 45d St, 50.5x—, Nov. 28, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Strong & C., 40 Wall St..$40,000

JAPANESE FAN CO. to Union Trust Co., 80 Broadway; Broadway, s w corner of 85th St, 102.5x93.7, Dec. 4, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$270,000

JOHN T. BROOK CO. to Fanny E. Hoertel, Washington, D. C.; 46th St, 419 and 421 West, 50x100.5, Dec. 1, prior mtg $48,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Rabe & K., 258 Broadway....$62,000

KANN, Amalie, to William A. Gans, trustee, 70 East 93d St; Houston St, n s, 60 ft e of Greene St, 20x83; 118th St, 227 West, 16.8x100.11, Nov. 1, prior mtg $26,000, due May 1, 1915; attorney, William A. Gans, 2 Rector St....$10,000

KELLY, Robert E., to Thomas Lawler, 319 East 40th St; 40th St, 319 West, 25x44.10, Dec. 6, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$4,500

KRAUS, Maurice J., to John W. Sterling, 912 5th Av; 76th St, 28 West, 20x102.2, Dec. 6, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$30,000

LECHICH, John, to Ebling Brewing Co., 760 St. Ann's Av; 11th Av, e s, 42.2 ft s of 45th St, 19.7x20, Nov. 28, demand, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Eugene Cohn and another, 132 Nassau St....$4,500

LEONARD, Vincent L., and another, to John T. Brady & Co., 103 Park Av; 8th Av, 687, w s, 20.2x100, prior mortgage $12,500, Dec. 5, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Charles A. Thompson, 96 Broadway....$3,000

LEWIS, Israel, and another to Mortimer M. Singer, 311 West 74th St; Park Av, n w corner of 119th St, 75.7x36, prior mortgage $35,000, Dec. 6, due June 6, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorney, M. M. Singer, 3 Broad St....$3,500

McDONALD, Mary J., and others to Isabella Wilson, 407 Central Park West; 7th Av, w s, 79.7 ft n of 33d St, 19.2x69.10, Dec. 6, prior mtg $45,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Kantrowitz & E., 320 Broadway....$10,000

MOLLOY, James J., to Robert E. Phelan, 2,211 Broadway; Nagle Av, n w s, at s w s of Arden St, 130x250, Dec. 5, prior mtg $33,000, due June 5, 1912, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Gannon & S. & R., 2 Rector St....$15,000

ORMSBY, Dorman L., to Charlotte E. Moorhouse, 87 Av. Henri Martin, Paris, France; 151st St, n s, 200 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 100x99.11, leasehold, Dec. 5, due Nov. 1, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Wells & S., 34 Nassau St....$200

PRENTICE, Grace M., to James H. Hickey, guardian, 10 Gramercy Park; 83d St, 313 West, 16.8x100, Dec. 6, 3 years; address, 43 Exchange Place....$4,000

RANSOM, Iola M., to Stephen Ransom, Sr., 419 West 141st St; 141st St, 419 West, 16.4x99.11, Dec. 6, due Jan. 1, 1915, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Frederick Babbett, 38 Park Row....$5,000

RESTOR, Julia A., to Bank for Savings of Ossining, at Ossining, N. Y.; 94th St, 34 West, s s, 17.6x100.8, prior mtg $9,500, Dec. 5, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1,000

STRAITON, Christine, and others to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; 37th St, 212 East, 25x98.9, Dec. 5, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway....$17,000

SAME to same; 36th St, 223 East, 22.6x98.9, due as per bond, Dec. 5; attorney same.$8,500

SAME to same; 36th St, 219 East, 21x98.9, Dec. 5, due as per bond; attorney same.$8,500

SAME to same; 38th St, 305 East, 25x99.1, Dec. 5, due as per bond; attorney same.$8,000

TOOP, Elizabeth A., to Broadway Savings Institution, 5 Park Place; 91st St, 124 and 126 East, 41.8x100.8, Dec. 6, due May 1, 1913; attorney, R. B. Kelly, 170 Broadway..$10,000

TREVOR, Henry G., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; Pearl St, 323, n w s, 23.3x—, Dec. 4, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway....$30,000

UNTERBERG, Israel, to New York Life Insurance Company, 346 Broadway; 27th St, s s, 100 ft w of 6th Av, 60x98.9, Dec. 5, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company, 160 Broadway...$45,000

Bronx.

BINDER, Frederick, and others to Thornton Brothers Co, 1,320 Clay Av; 169th St, 355 East, 20x90, Dec. 1, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Nier & Van Derveer, 80 Broadway..$200

BROWN, Benjamin C., to Thomas Longstaff and another, 1,699 Nelson Av; Lot 112, map of Century Investing Co., Aug. 11, due as per bond; attorneys, Butts & V., 51 Chambers St....$4,000

EARLEY, Martin J., to Martin J. Earley, Jr., 30 St. Nicholas Place; Carroll St, s s, 317.6 ft e from west shore, City Island, 100x110, Dec. 2, due as per bond; attorneys, Earley & C., 51 Chambers St....$4,000

KERN, Lillian E., to Frank John Nageldinger, 242 East 82d St; 182d St, n s, 133.4 ft e of Railroad Av, 83.4x100, prior mtg $16,000, Dec. 4, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$3,000

KRABO ERNST REALTY CO. to Walter A. Burke, trustee, New Rochelle, N. Y.; 180th St, s s, 51.8 ft e of Daly Av, 40x100, Dec. 4, 5 years; attorneys, McClure & McC., 22 William St....$30,000

KRAUS, David, to Edward A. Faust, 157 West 142d St; Fulton Av, s w corner of 174th St, 18.11x87.7, Nov. 18, prior mtg $8,500, 1 year, 6 p. c.; David Kraus, 37 Liberty St..$2,000

LYTTLE, Samuel, to Emil C. Bondy, 10 West 40th St; 167th St, n w corner of Bryant Av, 35x100, Dec. 4, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$35,000

LYTTLE, Samuel, to Richard O. Smith, 210 Sands St., Brooklyn; 167th St, n w corner of Bryant Av, 35x100, prior mtg $35,000, Dec. 4, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$4,500

LYTTLE, Samuel, to Josephine Stein, 2,211 Broadway; 167th St, n s, 35 ft w of Bryant Av, 40x100, Dec. 4, 5 years; attorneys, Uterhart & G., 10 Wall St....$30,000

LYTTLE, Samuel, to Richard O. Smith, 210 Sands St, Brooklyn; 167th St, n s, 35 ft w of Bryant Av, 40x100, prior mtg $30,000, Dec. 4, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway....$3,500

MALNICK, Mali, to Prospect Boulevard Realty Co, 18 Broadway; road leading from Fordham to West Farms, s w s, Lots 99 and 100, map of South Belmont, 100x127.7, Dec. 4, due as per bond; attorney, L. S. Folger, College Point, L. I....$250

MONTGOMERY, Arthur L. F., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway; Heath Av, 2,687, w s, 25x100, Dec. 4, 10 years, 5½ p. c.; address, 176 Broadway....$4,500

PARANZINO, Antoinetta, to J. and M. Haffen Brewing Co., 398 East 152d St; Crescent Av, s s, part of Lot 21, Map of Belmont, prior mtg $6,000, Dec. 5, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, H. W. Korndorfer, 398 East 152d St...$1,700

PALMIERI, Vincenzo, and another to Hester J. Morrison, 435 East 189th St; Lot 2, Block 2, map of Section 1 of Bathgate estate, Nov. 18, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, W. G. Matthies, 506 East 175th St....$3,250

RAY HOLDING CO. to Philip Rhinelander, executor, 16 East 55th St; Hoe Av, w s, 25 ft n of 172d St, 2 lots, each 50x100, 2 building loan mtgs, each $40,000, Dec. 5, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$80,000

REELING, Paul, to Matthew Wolf, 1,382 85th St; Ellison Av, w s, 250 ft n of Marrin St, 3 lots, each 16.8x100, 3 mtgs, each $2,500, Dec. 4, due Jan. 1, 1911, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Charles H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av..$7,500

ROBILLARD, Norbert, to William Hejduk, 563 Van Nest Av; Lyon Av, n w corner of Zerega Av, 100x50, Dec. 5, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, William Peters & Co., 2,015 Boston Road....$2,000

ROSBECK, John, to Charles Maurer, 2,371 Prospect Av; Washington Av, w s, 150 ft n of Columbia St, 50x100, Oct. 10, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Edward F. Moran, 51 Chambers St....$700

SCHINDEWOLF, Albert, to Christian Gutmann, 1,136 50th St, Brooklyn; Avenue B, e s, 33 ft s of 14th St, 37.6x100, Unionport, Nov. 9, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Frank Gass, Westchester....$1,000

SOLID REALTY CO. to Philip Rhinelander, executor, 16 East 55th St; Hoe Av, w s, 245 ft n of 172d St, 4 lots, each 75x100, 4 mtgs, each $60,000, Dec. 5, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$240,000

TOWANDA CONSTN. Co. to Mayer S. Auerbach, 151 Central Park West, and another; Aqueduct Av, e s, 705.4 ft s of Plympton Av, 54.10x136.11x47.4x137.1; Aqueduct Av, e s, 760.2 ft s of Plympton Av, 56.4x131x46.9x136.11, mtg $109,950, Dec. 5, due May 1, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorney, James J. Franc, 30 Broad St....$10,000

WEST BRONX REALTY CO. to Louis Lowenstein, Pearl River, N. Y.; Inwood Av, w s, 317.11 ft n of Goble Place, 217.11x—, Dec. 2, prior mtg $10,000, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$4,000

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

AMSTERDAM AV, n w corner of 124th St, fifth store north from corner; William A. Hall to Charles Gristede and another, 2,186 Aqueduct Av, 1 4-12 years from Jan. 1, 1912; attorneys, Salter & S., 140 Nassau St..$1,200

CHAMBERS ST, 102, store and basement; Church & Warren Co. to Harry Weinstein, 21 East 113th St, 1 year from May 1, 1912; attorney, Harry Stackell, 41 Park Row..$4,000

CATHARINE ST, 79 and 79½, two stores; Jacob Goldberg and another to Michele Arra and another, 79 Catharine St, 5 years from May 1, 1912; address, 79 Catharine St....$1,440

CHRYSTIE ST, 136, all; Lena Dan to Giovanni Settineri, 136 Chrystie St, 3 years from Aug. 1, 1911; address, 136 Chrystie St....$2,520

DELANCEY ST, s e corner of Suffolk St, store and basement; Meyer Vesell and another to John Palley, 59 Market St, 5 years from Dec. 1, 1911; attorneys, Bernheimer & L. P. Brewing Co., 128 Amsterdam Av....$3,300

GOERCK ST., 155, 1st floor; Barnet Siegel and another to Munkacer Young Men's Sons of Rev. Solomon Schapiro, a corporation, 155 Goerck St, 5 years from Dec. 15, 1911; attorney, William Weiss, 320 Broadway....$384

LENOX AV, 472, store and basement; Jacob Schiff to George Gotzelmann, 472 Lenox Av, 3 1-12 years from Dec. 1, 1911; attorneys, Jaburg Brothers, 10 Leonard St....$1,500

PAULDING AV, 3,724, store floor and cellar; John Deoteris to Fortunata Mastrobuon, at Dunwoodie, N. Y., 5 years from Oct. 1, 1911; attorney, Ebling Brewing Co., 760 St. Ann's Av....$420

PERRY ST, 68, all; Burnett C. McIntyre to Paolo E. Costa, 616 Trophegan St., West Hoboken N. J., 5¼ years from Nov. 1, 1911; attorneys, Pepe & Brothers, 97 Macdougal St....$1,200

ST. LAWRENCE AV, 1,412, all; Delia Gray to Philipp Cohn, 1,412 St. Lawrence Av, 5 years from Dec. 1, 1911; attorney, Charles H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker St....$300

3D AV, 3,874, s. store; Louis Guttman to Charles Hatowsky, 3,874 3d Av, 3 years from Jan. 1, 1912; address, 3,874 3d Av....$444

4TH AV, 390 to 396, upper four lofts; Samuel Kridel and others to Simon Ascher and others, at Ellstone, Far Rockaway, L. I.; 10 years from Feb. 1, 1912; attorneys, Bandler & Haas, 42 Broadway....$16,000

82D ST, 130 East, first flat and part of basement; Joseph D. Cremin to Margaret A. McAvey, 130 East 82d St, 1 year from Oct. 1, 1911; address, 130 East 82d St....$960

MECHANICS' LIENS.

ANTHONY AV, n w corner of 175th St, 45x90; J. & C. Otto against F. E. Ten Brook Company, owner, (renewal.)....$435

BAILEY AV, 2,522 to 2,526; William A. Valentine against Tessier Building Company, owner; Central Carolina Construction Company, contractor....$266

CHRYSTIE ST, 183; Jacob Deutsch against Nellie R. Birkholz, owner and contractor; Edward D. Birkholz, contractor....$75

EDGECOMBE ROAD, n w corner of 165th St, 80x140; Edward Koscherak against Lowenfeld & Prager, owners; Sun Construction Company, contractor....$126

FULTON AV, w s, 175 ft s of 171st St, 100x100; John Cullo & Bro. against Bethel Construction Company, owner and contractor....$485

NORTHERN AV, e s, whole front between 178th and 179th Sts, 200x100; John Auselmi against Henry Raabe, owner and contractor....$140

PLEASANT AV, 351 and 353; Aaron Kaprowsky and others against 481 East 167th St, owner and contractor....$335

WATER ST, 342; James Fitzgerald against Martin Garone, owner; Nicholas Guidice & Dominica De George, contractors....$74

WHITE PLAINS AV, e s, 81 ft n of 243d St, 54x110; Willson and Adams Company against Jacob Brandon, owner; Aginsky Construction Company, contractor; E. J. Koellsted, sub-contractor....$189

3D AV, 4,000; Edward Koscherak against S. H. Raphael Company, owner; Gordon & Hoar, contractors....$10

3D AV, s w corner of 183d St, 84x58; Savoy Glass Company against Pocano Realty Company, owner and contractor; Alexander Development Company, contractor....$195

23D ST, 8 East; Berger Manufacturing Company against P. S. Paddell, owner; Lenox Iron Works, contractor....$140

24TH ST, 262 and 264 West; John W. Brutton against S. Feinberg Company, owner and contractor....$27

118TH ST, 21 West; Inwood Iron Works against Abraham Dubois, owner; Benjamin Shapse, contractor....$145

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

BROADWAY, w s, whole front between 73d and 74th Sts; Milton Schnaier against Onward Construction Co., Nov. 7, 1903...$6,328

BROADWAY, 455 to 461; Edgar C. Luneschloss against Thomas Suffern estate and others, Dec. 1, 1911....$65

BOWERY, 2; Edgar C. Luneschloss against same, Dec. 1, 1911....$9

CLINTON ST, 64; Joe Fagen against same, Sept. 28, 1911, (by bond)....$70

CLINTON ST, 64; Manhattan Glass Co. against A. Levy and others, Sept. 19, 1911, (by bond)....$47

MARION AV, s w corner of 198th St; Kertscher & Co. against Latham Realty Co., Jan. 13, 1911....$2,562

SHERIDAN AV, s w corner of 164th St; A. Jagoda against Patrick Hurley and others, Nov. 1, 1911, (by deposit)....$793

3D AV, n w corner of 170th St; Duncan Thompson against Wondover Bronx Co., Oct. 5, 1911....$135

6TH AV, 259 and 261; F. Eckenroth & Son against Emma W. Schachtel and others, Nov. 13, 1911....$848

6TH AV, 259 and 261; Miller & Co. against Sophia Dressler and others, Nov. 13, 1911.$497

121ST ST, 431 West; Rudolph Federman against Emily Landau and others, Aug. 9, 1911..$62

132D ST, 119 West; William Regon against Thomas A. Grasmuck and others, March 20, 1911....$14

SAME PROPERTY; Harry Grohman against Theodore A. Grassmahr and others, June 7, 1911....$14

LIS PENDENS.

MORRIS AV, w s, 347.4 ft s of Fordham Road, 24.11x65.1; John D. Powers against William M. Fleming, (notice of levy;) attorney, J. M. Winkler.

PLEASANT AV, w s, 361.7 ft s of 216th St, 20.1x100; Goodwin Brown against James De Carlo and others, (action to reform and foreclose mortgage;) attorneys, Austin & McLanahan.

ROBBINS AV, s e s, 125 ft n e of Fox St, 25x104; Adam Rice against Samuel Brener and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Clocke, Koch & Reidy.

SHERIFF ST, 54; Isador Federman against Harris Beckelman and others, (action to declare lien;) attorney, S. N. Tuckman.

WEST ST, s w s, Lot 10, map of Wardsville, Bronx, 50x114x50x117; Mary A. Langbein against A. Warren Construction Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, L. J. Langbein.

8TH AV, n e corner of 2d St, 52.6x114, Bronx; John M. Haffen and others against Frank Zessin and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. F. Frees.

11TH AV, n e corner of 80th St, 81.6x128.4; Hiram R. Steele and others against New York White Cross Milk Co., (notice of attachment;) attorney, O. F. Hibbard.

16TH ST, 518 and 520 East; Abraham Zadek and others against Serafino Defranco and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Kantrowitz & Esberg.

75TH ST, n s, 385.11 ft w of Avenue A, 25x102.2; John T. Willets against Mary Birnbaum and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. M. Powell.

138TH ST, 515 West; George M. Bruestle against Isaac Levy and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. Brandt, Jr.

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$1,000 second mortgage, two-family house; good security, bonus. Aldhous Co., 2,339 7th Av.

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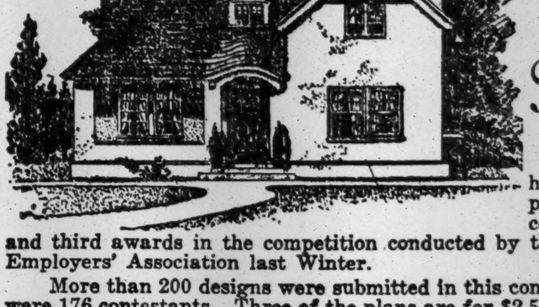

The house shown here is one of six plans which received first, second and third awards in the competition conducted by the Building Trade Employers' Association last Winter.

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A three-story high-stoop in the Seventies, with bath extension; beam ceiling in dining room, iron grill door on vestibule; asking $28,000, and the owner is anxious to sell; will sell for small amount of cash, the balance on first mortgage.
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Wanted in exchange for income property, all rented, best sections Brooklyn, on strictly cash basis. LEVY BROS., 5 Beekman St., Manhattan.

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846 Putnam Av., near Reid; commodious detached house on large plot; hot water heat; $9,750; easy terms or will exchange. Brokers note. Gilbert Elliott, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.

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COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court Proceedings.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Following were the Supreme Court of the United States proceedings to-day:

80—Southern Railway Company, plaintiff in error, vs. C. C. Reid et al.; and

487—Southern Railway Company vs. D. L. Reid et ux.—Argued.

81—Fred C. Keeney, individually and as administrator, &c., et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. The Controller of the State of New York.—Argued.

83—The Lincoln Gas and Electric Light Company, appellant, vs. The City of Lincoln et al. —Argument commenced for appellant, and continued for the appellees.

Day call for Dec. 7: Nos. 83, 84, 85, 40, 86, 88, 89, 90, 91, and 92.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ. 75—Matter of Judson. 47—Drew v. United States. 44—Miller v. Chicago & Alton R R. 106—Primean v. Granfield. 121—Wertheimer v. Batcheler Imp Co. 123—Neenan v. Otis Elev Co. 124—Graff v. Webster. 125—Foster Hose Supporter Co v. Taylor Co. 126—Gen'l Knit Fabric Co v. Steber Machine Co. 127—In re Brown. 128—Davids Co v. Davids. 129—In re Daly & Schaefer.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Hough, J. Jury calendar. 179 — Meyers v. New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad. 108—U S A v. Holmes. 198—Huff v. N Y, N H & H R R. 135—Seymour v. N Y, N H & H R R. 69—Eagle v. Barrett. 77—Kuhule v. Sullivan. 80—Orbach v. Erie R R. 164—Daub v. Hill Dryer. 30—United States v. Herbst. 44—Ippolito v. Village of Haverstraw. 4—Miller v. Penn R R. 78—Museum of Fine Arts v. Stannard. 36—Margusee v. Hartford F I Co. 126—Braemann v. N Y, N H & H R R. 219—Wockel v. So Pacific Co. 5—Meredan Coal M Co v. Skeele Coal Co. 193—Drabney v. Lukins I and S Co.

STATE.

APPELLATE DIVISION—SUPREME COURT—Ingraham, P. J.; Laughlin, Scott, Miller, and Dowling. Enumerated motions. 231—Collier v. Postum Cereal Co. 253—Kimball v. Tompkins. 255—Graham v. Walker. 256—Clark v. O'Neill. 257—Gargullo v. Meeker. 259—Heppenstall v. Baudoine. 249—Lincoln Safe Deposit Co v. City of N Y. 102—Lyder v. Murray. 135—Fitzgerald v. O'Rourke Eng & Const Co. 252—Culger v. Title Guar & Surety Co. 260—San Remo Copper Mining Co v. Moneuse. 261—Staples v. Schnackenberg. 262—Benton v. Benton. 264—In re Leclerc. 266—Montgomery v. Cocks.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Ford, J. Litigated motions. 1—In re Hopper. 2—Del Papa v. Davies. 3—Miller v. Palmer & Singer Mfg Co. 4—Cunningham v. Cunningham. 5—Sonn Bros Co v. Weinberg. 6—In re Hesman. 7—McGean v. Pearsons. 8, 9, 10—Markham v. Mathues. 11—Schmalz v. W Crow Const Co. 12—In re Hein v. E M Hein Co. 13—In re Gillies. 14—Hagar v. Reilly. 15—Graham v. Davis. 16—In re Indemnity Fire Ins Co. 17—Clinton v. Pistone. 18—Guaranty Trust Co v. Schwartz. 19—Reich v. Lane. 20—Horst v. Oregon R R & Nav Co. 21—Same v. Southern Pacific Co. 22—Callahan v. Carpenter. 23—Schmidt v. Schmidt. 24—Peacedale Mfg Co v. Royalton Woolen Co. 25—D'Onofrio v. Roman Bene Socy. 26—Loscalzo v. Hartman. 27—Berry v. Mestanz. 28—Pearsall v. Pearsall. 29—In re Norton. 30—Clements v. Clements. 31, 32—Kanechika v. Kikucke. 33—Ridley v. Walter. 34—Hirsh v. Folgeman. 35—Natl Cigar Stands Co v. Medoff. 36—Plaut v. Medoff. 37—Vigliarolo v. Teffer. 38—United Metal Selling Co v. American Smelting Co. 39—Alferson v. Ellner. 40—Rooney v. Stancliffe. 41—Rooney v. Stancliffe. 42—Kraus v. Archer. 43—City N Y v. Rectar Gas Lamp Co. 44—Harris v. Mason & Seaman Transp Co. 45—City N Y v. Maguire. 46—Wolf v. Union Waxed and Parchment Paper Co. 47—Wright Co v. Aero Corp. 48—Owen v. Stilwell. 49—Gleichmann v. Cotter. 50—City N Y v. Maguire. 51—Skurka v. Roth. 52—Douglas v. Linch. 53—Shull v. Linch. 54—Lambert v. Linch. 55—In re Brown. 56—In re Bains. 56½—Sutton v. Sutton. 57—Canavan Bros Co v. Bendheim. 58—In re Board of R T. 59—Shire v. O'Donnell Restaurant Co. 60—Cohen v. Avidon. 61—Glatt v. Glatt. 62—Powdermaker v. Oshinsky. 63—In re Ryan v. Weill. 64—Windsor Trust Co v. Kasamer. 65—Miller v. Miller.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Giegerich, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Davis, J.—Motions. Demurrers. 352—Kiernan v. McDonald. 353—Loebl v. Sun P & P Co. 91—Mayer v. Met Const Co. Preferred causes. 2138—Horn v. Horn. 4358—Woodmont Realty Co v. Sun Const Co. 4156, 4157—Jackson v. Irvine Realty Co. General calendar. 1000—Crandall v. Crandall & Godley Co. 2100—Humpfner v. Humpfner. 3371—Remlein v. Schmidt. 3386—Menne v. Poeschman. 3392—Faulhaber v. Faulhaber. 3439—Rives v. Bartlett. 433—Norment v. Wittman. 713—Bracco v. Hart. 381—Beatty v. Guggenheim Exploration Co. 3905 — Benguiat v. Benguiat. 1220—Goeltz v. Ronner. 2997—Prout v. Eitenhenz. 2998—Rivara v. Donohue. 2828½—Plaia v. Plaia. 2300—Saloman v. No British and Merc Ins Co. 3400—Rudy v. Rudy.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Marcus J.—(Criminal Term.) 1—Ethel Conrad. 2—Joseph Burke. 3—Joseph Park.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Blanchard, J., (Criminal Term.) 1—Thomas Comiskey. 2—Archibald Stone. 3—James F. McMahon. 4—James Clark. 5—Dennis Woods. 6—Joseph Quinn. 7—Edward Bloom. 8—Giovanni Lollo. 9—Stelainus Goones. 10—William Horan. 11—Armand Rock. 12—Joseph Steinberg.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Erlanger, J. 5087—Neuberth v. Neuberth. 5690—Bell v. Bell. 5430—Seminole Dis & Dist Co v. Steinman. 4829—Louis & Co v. Cameron. 4921—Hedges v. Derland.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Hendricks, J. 139—Sheppard v. B H R R. 478—Weinstein v. Int R T Co. 483—De Luca v. same. 486—Tighe v. N Y, O & W R R. 489—Goldrick v. Joline. 490—McGrath v. same. 492—Prussin v. Bklyn Heights R R. 494—Goldstein v. Bklyn Union El R R. 503—Douglas v. Linch. 508—Shull v. same. 509—O'Connor v. N Y City Int Ry. 512—Hoke v. Int R T.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Goff, J. 2764—Slattery v. Nat Fireproofing Co. 2735, 2736—Wilkins v. Manheimer. 2915—Allman v. Keldanz. 5402—De Prima v. Consumers' Brew Co. 2753—Glebner v. 5th Av Coach Co. 2665—Chace Trucking Co v. Richmond Light & R R Co. 2969—Finney v. Nat Fireproofing Co. 2821—C Hensle Realty Co v. City of N Y. 6023—Darcy v. Presbyterian Hospital. 2857—Schneider v. Fitsch. 2882—Tanenholz v. Simon. 2885—Kristensen v. Snare & Trieste Co. 2889—H Goldberg v. Welderman. 2890—B Goldberg v. same. 2894—Hecht v. Warshawsky. 2490—Dellon v. Franzese. 2913—Cannon v. McNally. 2921—Wilner v. Eckhardt. 2922—Stern v. Canavan Bros Co. 2932—Kelly v. Schwarzschild. 2942—McNamara v. Hadnto. 2953—Cammack v. Adams. 2957—C A Schieren Co v. C Britton Trucking Co. 2965—Gunderson v. Paul. 2820—Wertheim v. Willner. 2403—Herschman v. Lissberger. 2967—Muller v. White Co. 2976—Brookheim v. Roder. 2983—Haas v. G H Tyrrell Co. 2984—Bartosik v. Migdalski. 3993—Wiener v. Home Title Ins Co. 2995—Wigmore v. Thonet. 2515—Elsberg v. Cornell. 2517—Charak v. City of N Y. 2554—Kemmet v. First Nat Bank. 2562—Maline v. Union Ferry Co. 2207—Bierman v. Fargo. 2797—Mooney v. Smith. 2801—Iannacone v. Kennesaw Motor Co. 2802—Hawes v. Dunlop. 2849—Ward v. Christian. 2861—Caruse v. Foundation Co. 2862—Doyle v. N Y Taxicab Co. 2924—Hakomson v. Kingsley. 2971—Schneider v. Lansberg. 2980—Cross v. Gottfriend. 2856—Blacker v. Werner. 310—Elsman v. Naething. 1716—Moehs v. Shulaf. 2345—Eukone v. Buckler. 2909, 2910—Coogan v. Coleman Stable Co. 2943, 2985—Cohen v. Rosenwasser. 3051—Drummond v. City of N Y. 2107—Lefi v. Kuhne. 5163—Goldstein v. Schwarzchild & Sulzberger Co. 2886—Fullam v. Fullam Const Co. 2887—Diehl v. same. 2804—Supraner v. Wesner.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Platzek, J. Inquest. 3496—Scheffler v. Laksiu. Inquest. 3497—Crosby v. Hazlett. Inquest. 3667—Park Av Const Co v. Emmerich. Inquest. 3682—Hills v. Globe Brokerage Co. 3410—James v. Minnesota Mining and Mfg Co. 5464—Crawford v. Dobie. 1629—Dady v. City of N Y. 3658—Silver v. Cook. 3495—Grimes v. Brown. 2389—American Woolen Co v. Kaltman. 3461—McDonald v. Blake. 3548—Mulhall v. Mulhall. 3874—Lyons v. Union Exch Bank. 3393—Hauser v. Hauser. 3374—Clark v. Wendell. 3494—Crown v. Ray. 3550—McCulloch v. North British and Merc Ins Co. 3567—Eckert v. Seymour. 3364—Goldstein v. Mendelson. 3701—Poulin v. Morris. 3702—Wolfe v. Weidenfeld. 3706—Crandell & Godley Co v. Fermanides. 3716—Gutfreund v. Warth. 3717—Codae Realty Co v. Tuscan Const Co. 3719—Corrigan v. Goff. 3722—Cogswell v. Yuzzolino. 3726—Hickin v. Dunn. 3732—Burchard v. West. 3737—Federal Adv Co v. Walker. 3738—Pictorial Review Co v. Mack. 3740—Young v. Olcott. 3744—Carlucci Stone Co v. Bottsford Dickinson Co. 3745—Johnston & Collins Co v. Collins. 3749—Morgenthau v. Friedlander. 3750—Mittenthal Amuse Co v. Morris. 3761—Sandias v. Mustacchi. 3762—Morse & Rodgers v. Palmer. 3764—Hoerning & Rapp v. Bomring Co. 3767—Ingber v. Garda. 3771—Ransom v. Squire. 3773—Guionnaud v. Robinson. 3774—Miron v. Frazel. 3776—Prentice v. Bayne. 3779—Scoville v. Mutual Mining Co. 3781—Pakas v. Mead. 3783—Berghoff Brew Asso v. Martin.

SURROGATES' COURT — Chambers—Cohalan, S. Wills for probate: Paul W. Orvis, John F. Schuetz, Alex. W. Fraser, Manuel A. Martinez, Robert Gordon.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Fowler, S. Contested wills: Henry W. Jacobs, estate Oscar Delisle.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Smith, J.; Part II., Donnelly, J.; Part III., Schmuck, J.; Part IV., O'Dwyer, C. J.; Part VI., La Fetra, J.; Part VII., Finelite, J.; Part VIII., Delehanty, J. Calendar called in Trial Term, Part III. Room. 7505½—Smith v. Clark. 4731—Leonard v. Untermeyer. 4830—Seldin v. Goldfluss. 4302—Regent Shirt Co v. Leweck. 4816—Clinton v. Green. 4825—Heroy v. Taylor. 4831—Fixel v. S. Mandheim Co. 4842—Ferger v. Dieterich. 2379—Price v. Roth. 816—Amanna v. Hodes Realty Co. 4746—Beck v. Friedland. 4679—Goldstein v. Langer. 3864—Safran v. Schwartz. 7960½—Dunn v. New Ams Cas Co. 4857—Cavanaugh v. Hayman. 4860—Mohle v. Townsend. 4861—Murphy v. Murphy. 4862—Coveney v. same. 4864—Keegan v. Terry & Tench Co. 4867—Lebers v. Lebers. 4869—McMaster v. Weil. 4871—Goodman v. Tersuhon. 4872½—Met Life Ins Co v. Oliver. 4873—Jass v. Cohen. 4877—Kahn v. Int R T Co. 4878—Stieglitz x. Joline. 4879—Bennowitz v. Aronin. 4880—Pitts v. Joline. 4887—Shane v. Gilbert. 4889—Weintraub v. Int R T Co. 4892—Forrest v. Nat Horse Show Assn. 4893—U S Fidelity & Guar Co v. Fromme. 4894—Penberg v. N Y Taxicab Co. 4895—McGrath v. Burns Bros. 4896—Cakes v. Rosencranz. 4897—Williams v. Weil. 4898—Schiffer v. Herring. 4899—Rosenblum v. McKibben. 4900—MacDonald v. Schwartz. 4903—Am Litho Co v. Magazine & Book Co. 4903½—Levinson v. Crown Waist Co.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Lynch, J. —3729—Trimble v. Mellen. 3692—Godt v. Henisson. 3738—Cumberland Trust Co v. Kinney. 3717—Moses v. Passman Douere Co. 3749—The Inflexible Co v. Brooks. 3762—Blumenfeld v. Silken. 3772—Koesterich v. Oettinger. 3610—Buchman v. Bleier. 3712—Orleans R E Co v. Liebling. 3731—Wood v. Paris. 3770—Blumberg v. Schick. 3777—Perlman v. Levy. 3685—Foeliner v. Bock.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Erlanger, J.—Jacobs v. Pettit—Arthur S Friend.

SUPREME COURT—Seabury, J.—In re Turnbull—John M Nash.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Faris v. Kunstman—Edward D Dowling.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Ethel Turnbull v. Morris Fogel—Richard F Murphy. Celia S Parsons v. Intl Fuel & Power Co—Charles E Buckingham.

CITY COURT—Green, J.—23d Ward Bank v. Katonah Const Co—George V O'Neil.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Judicial Department.—Jenks, P. J.; Thomas, Carr, Woodward, Rich, JJ. Enumerated Day Calendar: 1063—Klein v. Gallin. 1065 M A—Barrett Mfg Co v. Wheeler. 1066—Phelan v. Gafney. 336 N E—Continental Securities Co v. Belmont. 1067 M A—Title Co v. Provost. 1068—Mastin v. City of New York. 1069 M A—Scheched v. Chevra Sford Ausche Krasilio of Brooklyn. 1070—Austin v. Clark. 1071 M A—Sullivan v. Franzret. 1072—Hickey v. B H R R. 1073 M A—De Michele v. Timpano. 1074—Rudiger v. Coleman. 1075 M A—Mannion v. Vail. 1076—McLeish v. B H R R. 1077 M A—Aaronson v. Guttenberg Button Co. 1079—Beirne v. Ravitch. 1080—Gilbert v. Zipkin.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Blackmar, J. 1256—Rosenberg v. Salit. 1486—Reilly v. Lonergan. 1831—Cicala v. Schwenk Realty Co. 1410—Patten v. Patten. The balance of the day calendar of Dec. 5 marked ready will be added to subsequent day calendars from day to day until disposed of.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Kapper, J.; Part II., Maddox, J.; Part III., Garretson, J.; Part IV., Kelly, J.; Part V., Putnam, J.; Part VI., Crane, J.; Part VII., Marean, J.—330—Nelson v. City of N Y. 2715—William v. Newdoll. 5691—Flynn v. Putnam Coal Co. 940—Thunick v. Inter R T. 2131—Dean v. City of N Y. 1589—Wilson v. B H R R. 1832—Rosstad v. Van Roveling Compn Co. 1179, 1180—Traynor v. Edison Electric Co. 1181, 1182—McNally v. same. 2236—Karp v. C I & B R R. 2347—Tripp v. same. 5163—Honeyman v. Gear. 5129, 5130—Attix v. Johnston et al. 1098—Feistel v. Matzner. 1968—Brickley v. Brush. 1997—Levenson v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 1822—Thomsen v. Thomsen. 2608—Adler v. Danziger. 2633—Walters v. Nassau R R. 1842—Clyde v. Drury. 4586—Morton v. Smith Hoisting Co. 867—Bienfeld v. Silverstadt. 5035—Franey v. Gleichman. 2636—Presser v. Taylor. 2709—Morgan v. B H R R. 2527—O'Keeffe v. Dept of Health. 2205—Castle Bros v. City of N Y. 5511—Nitchman v. B H R R. 2141—Gillooly v. Nelson. 5938—Di Francesco v. Greenfield. 2084—Wright v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 2139, 2142—Rothenberg v. Nassau R R. 1053—Wenslavowitz v. Kronrot. 2169—Hayes v. Hoyt et al. 1844—La Gratto v. Becker. 1324—Gabler v. Blyn & Sons. 2418—Blum v. Elder. 1542—Farber v. Freeman.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call. 2387—Carlson v. McLeer Mfg Co. 2676—McCann v. Bennett. 1003—Connolly v. Nassau R R. 1684—Becker v. Fiegenbaum. 2278—Huemer v. Lehman. 2730—Ridner v. Corporation Finance Co. 2733—Purdy v. B H R R. 2734—McKenzie v. Edelmuth. 2735—Rumetsch v. Wanamaker. 2738—Halpin v. Robins Co. 2740—Campbell v. City of New York. 2743—Sullivan v. Carlin. 2694—Schoffel v. Interboro R T. 1027—Smith v. Brighton Beach Assn. 1618—Lahey v. Plate. 1413—Game v. Brooklyn El R R. 2744—Fechter v. Adler Veneer Seat Co. 2745—Herr v. Schalter. 2746—Kilgour v. American Sugar Co. 2748—Brannigan v. B H R R. 2751—Gettens v. Fargo. 2752—Tattan v. Nassau R R. 2755—Kenny v. City of New York. 2756—Quinn v. City of New York. 2757—Kearney v. City of New York. 2758—Eagan v. Higgins. 2759—Lee v. Brooklyn Union Pub Co. 2761—Cordover v. Maggio. 2762—Kersten v. Huschle. 2763—Leaver v. B H R R. 2764—Meyers v. Nassau R R. 2765—Haimowitz v. Nassau R R. 2766—Duffy v. Nassau R R. 2769—Klein v. Nassau R R. 2770—Gootman v. Nassau R R. 2771—Hackett v. Nassau R R. 2772—McNab v. Interboro R T. 2775—Hurrell v. Hurrell. 2776—Messina v. Brass Goods Mfg Co. 2777—Miller v. City of New York. Highest number reached on regular call, 2777.

Westchester County.

SUPREME COURT—Part I., Keogh, J.; Part II., Tompkins, J. 159—Cowan v. Noone. 98—Bernstein v. Weiss. 95—Rizzuto v. Wood. 137—Rinezutti v. N Y Suburbs Co. 155—Luckert v. Weisenberger. 163—Duff v. Niehaus. 174—Borcher v. Lusk. 176—Arosemena v. Dugan. 177—Arosemena v. Dugan. 178—Travers v. Knauff. 179—Hupfels Sons v. Fonza. 180—Morrow v. City of New Rochelle.

The following causes if answered ready will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call. 181—Purchia v. German Real Estate Co. 182—Quimby v. Leiss. 183—Wood v. Coffin. 524—Oglesby v. Cunneen. 184—Ropp v. Morris. 13—Steuer v. Young, as receiver. 185—Gambier v. the City and County Contract Co. 186—Mount Vernon National Bank v. Holloway. 187—Goldman v. Verlangierri. 188—Hicks v. Hearn. 189—Hicks v. Hearn. 190—Sherwood v. Palmer. 191—Otranto v. Montelione. 192—Schmitt v. Spinnell. 193—Bales v. Zinsser. 194—Irvine v. Fowler. 195—Cunneen v. City of New Rochelle. 196—Moos v. Schoenberg. 197—Schaeffel v. Hastings. 198—Shea v. Wernburgh Paper Co. 199—Abel v. City of Yonkers. 200—Abal v. City of Yonkers. 201—Green v. Brady. 202—McCord v. Tompkins. 203—Kinderwette v. Interborough Taxicab Co. 204—Mulcahey v. Federal Sugar Refining Co. 205—Zwerding v. O'Brien.

COUNTY COURT—Platt, J. 261—Maher v. Matthisson. 262—Hart v. Matthisson. 288—Griffin Co v. Reid. 295—Lyddy v. Francis. 283—Utano v. Moresso. 290—Lewis & Sons, Inc, v. Wolff. 296—Motors Engineering and Sales Co v. De Lille. 293—Arone v. Luciano. 142—Cowan v. Jackson.

Queens County.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Aspinall, J.; Part II., Scudder, J. 261, 269—Smith v. Bkn, Q Co & Sub R R Co. Trial continued. Remainder of calendar passed until Monday, Dec. 11, 1911.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Term.—Humphrey, J. 3334—People v. Edward Coyne. 3335—Same v. Herbert Coyne. 3432—Same v. Clarence Donnelly. 3397—Same v. Peter Smith. 2507—Same v. Joseph Moran. 2508—Same v. Henry Harris. 2509—Same v. Abraham Siegel.

POLICE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

Patrolman promoted to Sergeant, transferred and assigned as indicated: Frank F. Bosman, 171st Precinct, to 1st Precinct.

Appointments—Matron: Mary Kelly. Probationary Patrolmen: B. Baille, J. F. A. Bennett, J. J. Buechler, P. Clarke, W. J. Dillon, E. R. Erickson, A. Hamilton, R. Jenkins, J. J. Leslie, C. Marz, A. N. McGrath, T. O'Connor, F. A. O'Hara, J. Partheymuller, A. T. Saltalamacchia, F. Schwartz, J. Van Dolson, C. R. Beach, C. L. Blackenberg, H. J. Carmody, W. H. Cowley, E. J. Donohue, J. R. Finnen, J. L. Hayes, H. J. Kavanagh, J. J. Magner, M. J. Mulderrig, H. A. McMahon, W. F. O'Connor, M. A. O'Neill, J. L. Paweck, A. H. Schupp, F. Uhlich, J. S. Wallace.

Transfers—Captains: Henry Burfeind, 9th to 13th Precinct; F. J. Conboy, 13th to 171st Precinct. Lieutenants: W. A. Jones, 5th to 13th Precinct; W. A. Bailey, 7th to 13th Precinct; S. Aiken, 9th to 2d Precinct; J. M. Benner, 9th to 6th Precinct; P. B. Lane, 9th to 8th Precinct; W. J. Burns, 9th to 13th Precinct; J. H. Quirk, 9th to 10th Precinct; D. Grady, 13th to 12th Precinct; H. M. Sheppard, 13th to 5th Precinct; J. J. Gehan, 13th to 7th Precinct; F. J. Finn, 167th to 153d Precinct. Sergeants: E. S. McConnin, 9th to 1st Precinct; G. Siess, 9th to 5th Precinct; D. Connolly, 9th to 7th Precinct; J. Gargan, 9th to 13th Precinct; J. T. Horan, 9th to 15th Precinct; H. Wolf, 9th to 17th Precinct.

Transferred as indicated and designated as Acting Sergeants—Patrolmen M. P. Murtha, C. O. Squad to 13th Precinct; G. E. Sager, Traffic A to 1st Precinct; P. Dee, Traffic A to 17th Precinct; A. J. Feigel, 13th to 15th Precinct; J. F. Baxter, 32d to 7th Precinct; H. Bernstein, 63d to 17th Precinct; J. L. Merrick, 148th to 7th Precinct; W. P. Keogh, 150th to 13th Precinct; T. J. Reilly, 165th to 15th Precinct; C. Pfeifer, 167th to 5th Precinct; D. F. Marks, 170th to 5th Precinct.

Transferred Patrolmen—S. Levy, C. O. Squad to 23d Precinct; H. Meyer, C. O. Squad to 35th Precinct; G. C. Bancker, 85th Precinct to C. O. Squad; B. Goldman, 32d to 66th Precinct. First Precinct to precincts indicated: G. Hennemlotter, 5th; C. J. Brown, 5th; J. H. Culhane, 15th; J. B. Shiel, 15th; M. Silverman, 17th; P. Tubridy, 17th; O. P. McConnell, 17th; J. A. Berg, 13th; F. G. Dunn, 15th; C. V. Maloney, 17th; G. Ehrichs, 17th.

9th to 13th Precinct—J. F. Bush, F. Braves, L. Buttner, A. Bernstein, M. J. Cagney, J. B. Cronin, E. P. Donovan, W. C. Doyle, C. J. Driscoll, J. P. Engel, H. Fleischmann, P. Feeney, M. Grasberg, H. Hadlich, B. N. Hetzer, G. J. Keyes, H. D. J. Larkin, J. H. Leonard, D. F. Harrington, C. Morschhauser, J. E. McGloin, C. J. Pyle, D. J. Prendergast, J. T. Ryan, H. J. Staubitz, D. Spiro, E. C. Schmidt, A. Weinstein, T. J. Walsh, B. Gulager, J. Brennan, F. Behrens, S. Brandwein, M. Cullen, A. C. Cordes, J. A. Daly, W. H. Douglas, M. P. Dunn, A. Ehrlich, M. Friedlander, W. Fitzgerald, E. F. J. Guilfoyle, A. F. Hayes, J. Hiney, H. Powell, H. R. Lohn, F. Miller, O. J. Haslinger, E. Mahoney, T. J. McGrath, J. O'Gorman, D. Pisapia, J. Rothschild, L. Stern, C. H. Schilling, T. J. Sullivan, J. Warshaw, B. Waxberg, E. P. Wiederkehr.

9th Precinct to 15th Precinct—L. F. Beyer, J. F. Fitzpatrick, J. A. Gilmore, M. J. Gleason, J. M. Hurley, W. J. Hogan, S. Hnida, G. Ludwig, T. J. Lawlor, B. Mallon, J. McCormack, W. Streid, G. C. Sherman, J. H. Thompson, G. M. Krams, H. M. Edwards, T. Foley, P. L. Green, H. C. Harrison, F. V. Hearle, G. W. Hoefling, M. Lowe, J. E. Miller, J. A. Mullane, R. E. Schalow, R. Smolick, A. Schimp, C. Witzmann, N. Whitman.

Bridge D to 15 Precinct—J. J. Donnelly, P. Kelleher, D. Kennedy, J. J. Murphy, G. J. Ketler, T. F. Kelly.

Doormen—B. J. Fitzgerald, 9th to 13th Precinct; T. F. Lynch, 9th to 13th Precinct; W. Dunn, 13th to 31st Precinct.

Matrons—Julia Collins, 9th to 13th Precinct; Theresa McCarthy, 9th to 13th Precinct; Mary A. Sullivan, 9th to 13th Precinct.

Probationary Patrolmen—H. J. T. Donnellon, 9th to 13th Precinct; F. E. Johansson, 9th to 13th Precinct.

Mutual Transfers.—Patrolmen—J. P. Knowles, 8th to 23d Precinct, and J. Hewitt, 23d to 8th Precinct; A. H. Jenson, 9th to 147th Precinct, and H. Powell, 147th to 9th Precinct.

Assignments—Patrolman—B. Gulager, 13th Precinct, to clerical duty. Matron—Mary Kelly, 15th to 17th Precinct.

Temporary Assignments.—Inspectors—Cornelius F. Cahalane, 1st District to command 2d District, in addition to his own, during absence of Inspector Daly; Charles A. Formoso, 9th District, to command 8th District, in addition to his own, during absence of Inspector Harkins.

Lieutenants.—W. H. Ward, 40th Precinct, to command 145th, during absence of Capt. Russell, D. Kant, 278th, to command 160th, during absence of Lieut. in Command O'Connor. E. J. Burns, 285th, to command 162d, during absence of Capt. Gray. E. J. Burns, 285th, to command 80th, during absence of Capt. Barnett. J. B. Sexton, Traffic B, to command Traffic A, during absence of Capt. Brown.

Assignments for Clerical Duty Discontinued.—Patrolmen—G. Storer, 18th Precinct; J. F. Baxter, 32d Precinct.

Resignations.—Patrolmen—Jesse Brenner, 43d Precinct; Edward D. Munson, 146th Precinct.

Resignation Accepted for the Good of the Service.—Probationary Patrolman—Patrick A. Dunn, 29th Precinct.

Suspended.—Patrolman—John Lynch, Boiler Squad.

Deaths.—Capt. Thomas F. Darcy, 171st Precinct, Dec. 6. Patrolman Timothy Hoar, 277th Precinct, Dec. 5.

LAEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Women's Hand Bags Are Held as "Spangled Articles"—Glass Button Duty.

According to a decision made yesterday by the Board of United States General Appraisers women's hand bags of silk, ornamented with spangles are not in the present Tariff act's category as "articles of personal adornment intended to be worn on or carried on the person." Instead, they are held by Judge Sharretts to be "spangled articles," with duty at 60 per cent. ad valorem. Collector Loeb took the position that as personal adornment articles they should pay duty at the rate of 85 per cent. His decision is set aside and Ignas Strause & Co., the importers, are granted the lower rate.

The board declined to disturb the Collector's classification of parts of glass buttons. Duty was exacted at the rate of 45 per cent. as manufactures of paste, and in some cases at 60 per cent. as manufactures in chief value of glass. Veit, Son & Co. set up the claim that the merchandise should be allowed to enter as "parts of buttons" at three-fourths of 1 cent per line and 15 per cent. ad valorem under the act of 1897. The board decides that the contention is not well founded and overrules the protest.

In sustaining protests filed by the American Express Company and E. H. Fielding & Co. it was held that reading glasses, book markers, buckles, and glove hooks are not dutiable at 85 per cent. as articles of personal adornment, but rather are to be deemed articles of utility. Duty at 45 per cent. is granted.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE OF STOCKS AND BONDS BY ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON.
Andrew J. McCormack, Auctioneer.
Office, No. 55 William Street, New York City.

On TUESDAY, DEC. 12, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, New York City.

Seller reserves the right to bid.

For account of whom it may concern:

53 $500 first mortgage 4% bonds of the New Paltz, Highland and Poughkeepsie Traction Co., due 1953, with coupons from May 1, 1908.

3 $1,000 first mortgage 5% sinking fund bonds of the People's Electric Light & Power Co. of Easton, Pa., due 1932, with current coupons.

2 $1,000 first mortgage 6% bonds of the Union Waxed and Parchment Paper Co., due 1920, with current coupons.

7 $500 first mortgage 5% bonds of the Sea Cliff & Glen Cove Gas Co., due 1934, with current coupons.

10 $500 first mortgage 5% bonds of the Natural Carbonic Gas Co., due 1921; 8 with coupons from April 1, 1908; 2 with coupons from October 1, 1909.

10 shares Coplay Cement Mfg. Co. pr'f'd.
25 shares Orange County Lighting Co.
15 shares Patchogue Gas Co.
50 shares Knoxville Gas Co. common.
100 shares Automatic Clerk Co. pr'f'd.
26 shares Union Waxed and Parchment Paper Co. pr'f'd.
1 share Newark Lime & Cement Mfg. Co.
1 share Van Norden Trust Co.
109 shares Newark Fire Insurance Co.
7 shares National State Bank of Newark.
1 share Citizens' Central National Bank.
1 share Trust Co. of America.
2 shares Commercial Trust Co. of N. J.

CHARLES SHONGOOD, AUCTIONEER,
Sells this day, Thursday, Dec. 7th, commencing at 10:30 A. M., at 109-15 Leonard St., New York,
a high-grade stock of
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Jobbers and retailers will be interested in this stock, which is valued at $25,000, and consists of a big variety of clean, up-to-date merchandise, including Ladies' and Misses' Cloaks and Suits, 3,000 high-grade Ladies' Skirts, Ladies' Silk and Messaline Petticoats, Silk Dresses, Silk and Chiffon Waists, Ladies' fine Plush Coats, Ladies' and Gents' Fur Coats, Fur Sets, Muffs and Scarfs, Men's Neckwear, Belts, Notions, etc.

The stock also includes
200 pieces Woolens and Dress Goods, and a full line of Men's, Youths' and Boys' Clothing and Boys' Overcoats.

AUCTION SALE.

Peremptory and absolutely without reserve, consigned stock of Daly & Schaefer, Inc., consisting of high-class imported and domestic silks, laces, trimmings, dress goods and robes, on December 18th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., at 8 West 36th Street.
James Talcott, Mercantile Banker, New York City.

PURCHASE AND EXCHANGE.

The Antique Furniture Exchange
13-15 W. 28TH ST., NR. B'WAY.
Is the place to find fine Artistic yet inexpensive Holiday gifts. Tea trays, Muffinniers, Work Tables, Tip Tables, Tea Tables, Quaint Chairs, Desks, &c., &c. Entire stock as usual on Commission basis regardless of actual intrinsic value. THIS IS HEADQUARTERS FOR BARGAINS.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CITY OF NEW YORK.
BOARD OF ESTIMATE AND APPORTIONMENT.

Public notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, held November 29, 1911, the following petition was received:

TO THE BOARD OF ESTIMATE AND APPORTIONMENT:

THE BRONX TRACTION COMPANY, a street surface railroad company, hereby applies for the consent of the City of New York to the construction and operation of a double track extension of its road on the following route in the Borough of the Bronx, City of New York:

Commencing at the present terminus of its road at Westchester Square, in the Village of Westchester, Borough of the Bronx, City of New York, extending with double tracks in, upon, and along the surface of Westchester Avenue to the intersection of said avenue with the Eastern Boulevard or Pelham Bay Park, also situated in said Borough of the Bronx, City of New York.

The proposed extension is to be operated by an overhead current of electricity, and will connect the Company's lines now terminating at Westchester Square with the Pelham Bay Park, thus affording a new line of transportation to the Park from the Southern and Western portions of the Borough of the Bronx.

Dated November 24, 1911.

[Seal.] BRONX TRACTION COMPANY,
By EDWARD A. MAHER, President.

City and County of New York, ss.:

EDWARD A. MAHER, being duly sworn, says that he is the President of the Bronx Traction Company, the petitioner herein. That he has read the foregoing petition and knows the contents thereof and that the same is true to his knowledge, except as to those matters which are therein stated on information and belief, and as to such matters he verily believes it to be true. EDWARD A. MAHER.

Sworn to before me this 24th day of November, 1911. JAS. S. WILLIAMS,
Notary Public, N. Y. Co.

and the following resolutions were thereupon adopted:

Whereas, the foregoing petition from the Bronx Traction Company, dated November 24, 1911, was presented to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment at a meeting held November 29, 1911;

Resolved, that in pursuance of law this Board sets Thursday, the 21st day of December, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, and Room 16 in the City Hall, Borough of Manhattan, as the time and place when and where such petition shall be first considered, and a public hearing be had thereon, at which citizens shall be entitled to appear and be heard; and be it further

Resolved, that the Secretary is directed to cause such petition and these resolutions to be published for at least fourteen (14) days in two daily newspapers in the City of New York, to be designated by the Mayor, and for at least ten (10) days in the "City Record" immediately prior to such date of public hearing. The expense of such publication to be borne by the petitioner.

The New York Press and The New York Times designated.

JOSEPH HAAG, Secretary.

New York, November 29, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that we are not responsible to creditors of Harry Meltzer, Painters' Supply Store, 768 East 161st St., Bronx.
(Signed.) GOTTLIEB & GREENWALD.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

West Side.

VERY LIBERAL CONCESSIONS
will be made on the following apartments:—

The Gerard,
527 West 121st St.,
NR. COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY.
Quiet, residential neighborhood.
Elevator, private telephone, &c.
5 and 7 Rooms, Bath, and 2 Toilets.
Rent $35 to $65 per month.

Ponchartrain
(Fireproof)
312 West 109th St.,
ADJACENT TO RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
Elevator, private telephone, &c.
3, 6 and 7 Rooms and Bath.
Rent $62.50 to $83.33 per month.

The Cragsmoor,
419 West 115th St.,
NR. MORNINGSIDE AV. W.
Elevator, private telephone, &c.
4, 5 and 6 Rooms and Bath.
Rent $45 to $70 per month.

The Garfield,
200 Claremont Av.
CORNER 127TH ST.,
near Grant's Tomb.
Elevator, private telephone, &c.
One block from Subway station.
6 Rooms and Bath.
Rent $50 to $65 per month.

Palisade Court,
NORTHWEST CORNER
Broadway & 139th St.,
Two blocks from Subway station.
Near Riverside Drive.
Elevator, private telephone, &c.
6 and 7 Rooms and Bath.
Rent $60 to $75 per month.

The Portland,
612 West 115th St.,
Bet. Broadway and Riverside Drive.
Elevator, private telephone, &c.
6 Rooms and Bath.
Rents $55 to $75 per month.

Braisted, Goodman & Hershfield
2,901 Broadway, Cor. 113th St. Tel. 7920 Morningside.

East Side.

THE SCHERMERHORN
Madison Ave. (whole block) 82d to 83d Sts.
Close to the 5th Ave. residential section, the building adjoins private dwellings, so that the view of city and Park is unobstructed.
Suites Contain 8 and 9 Rooms
With 3 baths, large rooms and closets. Most complete water filtering system in the city.
Suitable Apartment designed for a Doctor. Splendid opportunity.
Rents from $2,800 to $4,250
FRED'K ZITTEL & SONS, Agents
Broadway and 79th St. Phone 9700 Schuyler

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

49&51 West 23
NEAR 5TH AV. AND BROADWAY, NEW 12 STORY STORE AND LOFT, FIREPROOF, STEEL CONSTRUCTION, 50x100; FINISHED DEC. 1; ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS; 10,000 GALLON AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER; NO EXTRA HAZARDOUS BUSINESS; YOUR BROKER; AGENT ON PREMISES.

Fifth Ave. N. E. Corner 15th Street
Light All Four Sides
27 Unobstructed Windows
4 Large Electric Elevators
Lofts, 6,300 sq. ft., $5,000
Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co
10 East 45th St.,—128 Broadway
or your own broker

TO LET—BUILDING,
103-105 WEST 37TH ST.,
between Broadway and 6th Av.,
40x98, four stories, with extra weight bearing floors; building was constructed for the present occupants, Locke & Smith, plumbers' supply house; lease expires May 1, 1912; possession can be had on February 1.
Apply to
J. B. WHITAKER, 2,108 Broadway, at 74th St.

TO LEASE. POSSESSION.
38-44 West 21st St.
Store and Basement, 67x92; fourth, fifth and top Lofts.
Steam heat and elevator.
Service on Sundays and holidays.
28-30-32 West 22d St.
Opposite Stern Bros.
Store and Basement, Lofts, Offices and Salesrooms with skylights.
No manufacturers in this building.
H. J. SACHS & CO., 28 West 22d St., or your own broker.

FINE
LIGHT
LOFTS
109 & 115 WEST 26TH ST.
BENJ. R. LUMMIS
28 WEST 33D ST.

To Sublet
VERY DESIRABLE OFFICE
25 x 25
in one of the finest Broadway office buildings in the city. Thoroughly fireproof. Every improvement and convenience. Apply Office No. 1066
136 W. 52nd Street.

LIGHT LOFTS
New Fireproof Building, 40x94;
Two Elevators; Steam Heat.
291-293 Seventh Av.
between 26th and 27th Streets.
C. F. BEDELL CO., Broadway & 87th St.

LIGHT LOFTS.
Several fine lofts for printers and manufacturers; steam heat, elevators; reliable power (electric); live steam; 50x90 and 70x90. Also large dry basement. Location and facilities unequalled. Apply to your broker or at 312 East 23d St.
E. W. BLISS BUILDINGS.

15TH, 60 AND 62 WEST.
Best location; handsomest light loft in city; high ceiling; 3,000 square feet; elevator service; steam heated; gas and electricity. Apply janitor.

46 HOWARD ST.,
CLOSE TO BROADWAY.
Loft to let; size 25x70; rent low; possession Feby. 1, 1912.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

39 EAST 19TH ST.
Desirable lofts, with side windows; building 25 feet wide; excellent business location.
INNES & CENTER, 21 East 20th St.

103 FRANKLIN ST.
Upper part of 25-ft. building, consisting of three desirable lofts; excellent business location.
INNES & CENTER, 21 EAST 20TH ST.

Loft, modern bldg., 236 5th Av.; passenger and frgt. elevators; moderate rent. Apply Supt. or A. J. Rich & Co., Singer Bldg.

Desk and desk room with telephone privilege Call Room 804, 150 Nassau St.

43 FIFTH AVENUE
AT ELEVENTH STREET
10 ROOMS 3 BATHS
SOUTHERN EXPOSURE
CORNER APARTMENTS
MUST BE SEEN TO BE APPRECIATED
Great Reductions
ON LEASES TO OCT. 1st, 1912
AGENT AND MANAGER ON PREMISES

39 EAST 27th STREET
High Class KITCHENETTE Fireproof Apartments
2 or 3 attractive rooms, large kitchenette and bath; maid service.
RENTS FROM $600.
Housekeeping Suite 6 rooms, $1,250.

STUDIO APARTMENT,
GRAMERCY PARK
Large room and bath, including service, to sub-lease at a sacrifice.
MALVERN HALL, 143 East 21st St.

120 EAST 31st ST.
High-class, eight-room, fireproof, elevator apartment; all light rooms; rent $1,500.
Hibson Co., Lexington Av., cor. 34th St.

GRAMERCY COURT
152 East 22d St., near Lexington Av.—High-class elevator apartments, 4 and 5 rooms, baths and showers; rents moderate.

THE CLEVELAND
126-130 East 24th St.
Apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, etc.

West Side.

Big Concessions.
94TH ST.
NEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
High Class Elevator Apartments with All Improvements.
315 FRONT APT., 6 ROOMS & BATH, $46-$52.00. REAR APT., 5 ROOMS & BATH, $42.50.
321 4 ROOMS AND BATH AND EXTRA LARGE FOYER, $45 TO $50.
314 7 LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS AND BATH AND EXTRA LAVATORY, $1,000.

SONOMA
BROADWAY AND 55TH ST.
Apartments of 5 and 8 Rooms
Extra large rooms and high ceilings; will decorate to suit; special concessions; these apartments must be seen to be appreciated; all light. Supt. on premises.

Fine Modern Apartments
2 & 3 ROOMS & BATH.
BENJ. R. LUMMIS
28 WEST 33D ST.

THE RUTLAND B'WAY & 57TH ST.
A seven-room apartment to sublet; very liberal concession. Apply to Superintendent.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

Hague Apartments
547 Riverside Drive
overlooking Hudson River, Palisades and Claremont.
High class Apartments, 6 or 7 rooms and bath.
Excellent location; convenient to subway express station; all night elevator; hall and 'phone service.
APARTMENTS, $700 to $1,200.

THE ILLINOIS
511 WEST 113TH ST.
Modern fireproof elevator apartment.
3 & 5 ROOM SUITES. RENTS $540-$780.
OFFICE: 507 WEST 113TH ST.

BRONX.

N. W. Corner 182d & Bathgate Av.
Block to 183d "L" Station; 5-room corner apartments; steam, all improvements; $25 upward.

1,018 EAST 179th
Block 180th Subway Station; 5 extra large rooms; steam, hot water; near Bronx Park.

Other "Furnished" and "Unfurnished" Apartments advertised on next to last page.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

$15 Month Up
Exceptionally light and cheerful offices in modern fireproof building.
109 Broad St.

21st St., 48-50 West.—Store, basement, lofts; permanent light, four sides; immediate possession; free to February. Duross, 155 West 14th.

Completely furnished private office, all conveniences. 41 Park Row, corner Nassau St., Room 220.

Desk room to rent in well-established real estate office; Yorkville. 1,080 Lexington Av.

Christmas Number of the New York Times

Out Next Sunday

"Time and tide wait for no man," but thousands wait for Christmastide and The Christmas Times.

Double Pictorial Section with Pictures in Colors

The Christmas Number of The New York Times contains two Pictorial Sections, including reproductions in color of great works of art, as well as a series of Santa Claus Pictures for the children. Among the special Christmas pictures are:

CHRISTMAS DAY FROM THE ISTHMUS TO TIMES SQUARE

The picture is a contrast of Christmas climates and conditions. Sheltered by a shadowing palm a group of Canal engineers are reading a "home" newspaper. Under the shadow of the Times Building the snow falls on bundle-bearing Christmas shoppers. A page picture in colors, striking in suggestiveness.

"CHRIST ON THE MOUNTAIN"

A double page picture in colors, by E. Debat Ponson, remarkable for its presentation of historic characters in an allegorical painting.

"ONE OF THE FAMILY," by F. G. Cosman

The farmer's meal is finished. Through the open half-door of the room the old horse thrusts his friendly face, as if he would say, "Me, too."

"THE DAILY BREAD," by Roderstein

A full page picture of a humble home scene where "bread is the staff of life."

"SIR ROGER DE COVERLEY," by Fred Morgan, R. I.

A page picture of a group of happy children, romping through that favorite Christmas dance named for Sir Roger.

WHEN SANTA COMES

A series of five Christmas pictures typical of childhood's hopes and fears.

SANTA CLAUS'S WORKSHOPS IN GERMANY

Seven pictures showing the evolution of the modern doll.

CHRISTMAS CARDS SENT OUT BY ROYALTY THIS YEAR

The interesting group of cards, from original paintings, sent out by the Royal Family of England, the Emperor of Germany, and the Emperor and Empress of Russia.

A number of other interesting pictures of persons, places, and events, complete this Double Pictorial Section.

You'll Want to Save the Pictures

The best way is to paste them in a scrap book and add from week to week your choice of the many pictures that appear in the Pictorial Section of The New York Times.

The Christmas Number Book Review and Literary Section

will be notable for the excellence of its articles and criticisms. Some foretaste of the variety and charm of the subjects may be gathered from the following titles:

GOETHE LOVED AND RODE AWAY

In this biographer's belief, he fled from temptation, although he was no saint.

ROMANCE IN A VESSEL'S SAILS

The modern cup defender's descent from a craft of the ancient Nile.

DE MORGAN DIGS INTO THE PSYCHIC

In "A Likely Story" an old Italian portrait seems endowed with speech.

THE WARNING IN A NATION'S WASTE

Conservation—that is, intelligent use of resources—has become a necessity.

QUITE NEGLECTED IS THE BLUE DANUBE

It far outshines the castled Rhine in all that makes that river famous.

A great many other articles of importance and interest make this an imposing literary number.

You won't miss getting your copy of the Christmas Number of The New York Times if you order it to-day. Don't delay until the last minute and find your newsdealer sold out in advance.

Lost

80c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—Gold watch fob, initials "M. S.," going from 23d St. and 6th Av. to Newark, N. J., on the Hudson & Manhattan tube train, changing at Henderson and Grove Sts., Jersey City, for Newark train, on Monday, 6:30 P. M. Finder will be rewarded by returning same to Max M. Samuels, O'Neill-Adams Co., 6th Av. and 22d St.

LOST—On the cars of the McAdoo tunnel, 23d St. crosstown or Madison Av. cars, a cloth bag containing a large number of trunk and door keys; a reward of $5 will be paid for the return of these keys to George H. Hull, 44 Wall St.

LOST—Red leather wallet, containing no valuables but papers and personal letters only; lost Wednesday evening, probably at Madison Square Post Office. Liberal reward given by Hans Ludwig, care Anton Wedl, 118 East 16th St.

LOST—On Wednesday, Nov. 29, on Broadway or Claremont Av., between 121st and 129th Sts., lady's gold open-face watch with initials "E. L. S." in back of case; reward. Speyer School, 94 Lawrence St.

LOST—Between East 82d St. and Metropolitan Opera House, or between Metropolitan Opera House and Sherry's, diamond horseshoe brooch; liberal reward for return. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

LOST—Between 11 A. M. and 12 M. gold watch fob with name A. W. Porterfield and seal of West Virginia University; return A. W. Porterfield, Faculty Club, Columbia University.

LOST—On west side of 5th Av., between 50th and 56th Sts., Saturday night, small diamond monogram pin, marked "E. E." Suitable reward if returned to 62 Washington Square.

LOST.—In Broadway Subway on West 103d St., lady's small gold Tiffany watch, Swiss movement, monogram M. A. P. Liberal reward for return to R. P. Marshall, 115 Broadway.

LOST—A lady's Waltham watch, smallest size, monogram "E. J. D.," between Gimbels and Pennsylvania Station; liberal reward. Dr. G. R. Scheffer, 75 Cortlandt St., city.

LOST—Tuesday afternoon, in the neighborhood of Broadway and 14th St., lady's black leather side bag; reward for return with contents to 773 St. Nicholas Av., New York City.

LOST—Saturday morning, between 49th St. and Gimbel's store, gold engraved bracelet with diamond setting. $100 reward if returned to Hotel Bristol, 122 West 49th St.

LOST—Gold chain purse, Sunday, between 2 and 2:30 P. M., on Broadway, between 52d and 69th Sts. $25 reward when returned to office Hotel Marie Antoinette.

LOST—On Amsterdam Av., between 120th and 126th Sts., small purse containing three rings and small change; reward. College Book Store, 1,224 Amsterdam Av.

LOST—Gold button bracelet, with five diamonds, between 34th and Scammel Sts., or in Saks'; reward. Apply to Hotel Navarre, 7th Av. and 38th St.

LOST—Lady's gold watch and fob, Brooklyn Bridge to Times Square Subway station; reward. Return Elmer, care David Williams, 239 West 30th St.

LOST—Tuesday, between New York and Brooklyn, lady's two stone sapphire and diamond ring; suitable reward. Y 72 Times.

LOST.—Monday, between Bloomfield, N. J., and 64 Wall St., pearl and diamond scarfpin. Liberal reward. Capen, 64 Wall St.

LOST—Package books Saturday evening, 1st Av. below 116th St.; no questions; reward. MacDonald & Rich, 1,907 Park Av.

LOST—Square hammered gold match box that holds patented paper matches; liberal reward. Weinberg, third floor, 60 Wall St.

LOST—While shopping, diamond ring; believed in wash room at Bloomingdales'; liberal reward. M 145 Times.

LOST—In Lord & Taylor's store, mink stole; reward. Return Day, 804 West 82d St.

$500 REWARD.—Dec. 1, lost on route from Waldorf-Astoria Hotel to Garrick Theatre and Hotel Astor, chamois bag containing lady's three-stone diamond ring and diamond necklace set in platinum, with bowknot, diamonds supporting diamond pendant, containing several diamonds and large diamond in centre. M 141 Times.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

80c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—Small black pomeranian with white about mouth; answers Belle; Thanksgiving around Belmont Hotel; liberal reward; no questions asked. Clarke, 48 East 41st St. Telephone 4772 Murray Hill.

Found

80c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND—Woman's watch and pin attached, Wednesday afternoon in front of Gimbels store; owner may have same by identifying. Address W. F. Allert, 3,675 Broadway.

FOUND, Dec. 6.—POLICE DEPARTMENT.. Inquire at office of the Property Clerk, 240 Centre St. Bag containing small amount of cash, automobile license tag and lamp, box of currants, purse, small amount of cash and two keys, football, brass grip check.

FOUND, Dec. 5.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. Apply 9 Morris St. 2D AV. ELEVATED—Pocketbook, book, rubbers, apron, &c. 3D AV. ELEVATED—Umbrella, bag, purse, locket, books, photos, gloves, knife, shoes, rubbers, overalls, lining, sponges, bag, bulb, samples, demijohn. 6TH AV. ELEVATED—Purse, bag, gloves, odd gloves, book, muff, purse, leggings, slippers, rubbers, hat, receipts, letters, key. 9TH AV. ELEVATED—Cloth, gloves, wallpaper, shirt, rubbers, tools, muff. SUBWAY—Shoes, &c., newspapers, cane, satchel, suitcase, pencil, emblems, advertising matter, cards, book, purses, pocketbook, shoes, iron wheel, underwear, shawl, trousers, badge, pipe case, chair thread, knife.

FOUND, Dec. 6.—BROOKLYN R. T. Apply 168 Montague St. SURFACE AND ELEVATED—Muffs, linen coat, overalls, books and apron, man's shoes, canvas strips, kid gloves, gloves, package of tools, blue print, eyeglass case, broken glasses, eyeglass cases, small suit-case, child's ring, parts of spectacles, roll of paper, handbags, pocketbooks, umbrellas.

FOUND, Dec. 5.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO. (Hudson Tubes)—Apply 137 Christopher St.—Overshoes, lunch box, ink, handbag, two purses, blueprints, metal contrivance, shirt music stand, gloves, veil, picture, two umbrellas.

FOUND, Dec. 5.—N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, Grand Central Station—Neck fur, two packages, socks, overalls, pair of glasses, hat purse, spectacles, bottle of medicine, two umbrellas.

FOUND, Dec. 5.—JERSEY CENTRAL R. R., P. & R., and B. & O. LINES. On Ferryboats. Apply Superintendent Marine Department, foot of Liberty St.—Overcoat, six umbrellas, two packages.

FOUND, Dec. 5.—DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN R. R. Apply at Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.—Six umbrellas, seven packages.

FOUND, Dec. 5.—ERIE R. R. Apply at Information Desk, Jersey City—Box of collars, suitcase, clothes, satchel, leggings, glove, package of wire, two umbrellas.

FOUND, Dec. 5.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Long Island City Station—Bag, umbrella.

Business Opportunities

80c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY for party with from thirty to fifty thousand dollars to secure 50 per cent. stock in realty and construction company, who own excellent income property, and are about to start another large apartment building in Manhattan; particulars to principals at interview; highest reference given and expected. Builder, M 148 Times.

Manager for exclusive club; run restaurant and cigar stand on own account; handsome salary; must have $2,500 to $3,000 to buy out present manager; exceptionally good opportunity. W. C. Worthington, 6 Upton Park, Rochester, N. Y.

A PROMOTER OF PROVED ABILITY AND UNQUESTIONED INTEGRITY AND REPUTATION DESIRES A SOUND ENTERPRISE TO FINANCE AND DEVELOP. SUCCESSFUL, BOX L 280 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Responsible firm, established many years, desires experienced business man with $25,000 as partner; charge of finances and advertising; excellent opportunity. Industrious, Box 245 Times Downtown.

Good opportunity to go into business; complete manufacturing plant and fixtures, suitable for dresses or cloaks; immediate possession; liberal rent; location West 22d St. K 55 Times.

Partners secured for sound, reliable enterprises; stores and businesses bought; sold; inspect my lists; mortgages procured. P. Rothenstein, 150 Nassau St.

Communicate immediately; half interest bona fide, highly profitable publications for sale, $10,000. Expansion, M 121 Times.

$1,000 insurance policy for sale; age insured, 64. P. O. Box 140, New York.

Agents Wanted

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

AGENTS WANTED. New big money maker for New York and surrounding territory. Call evenings, Grand Union Hotel, and inquire for G. U. Weitfenbach.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

LADIES to copy work home during spare time; good pay; steady employment. Call, 10 to 3, Apt. 1, 215 West 80th St.

LADIES.—Reliable home work; transferring; $1 to $4 dozen. 49 W. 36th St. Trieber's.

SALESLADY wanted with exceptional ability and experience. Room 617, 501 5th Av.

SECRETARIES, amanuenses, accountants, teachers located; lucrative situations; brief training. Charles Stewart, 501 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER. — A good and permanent position for one of the in every way best woman stenographers in New York can be obtained. Address P. O. Box 339, Madison Square Branch, city.

WANTED—Experienced lady stenographer of the highest ability in large life insurance office. State wages desired, references, experience, &c. K 62 Times.

WOMAN, young, educated, of attractive personality and good address; preferably not opposed to traveling; good opportunity. Van Cott, Century Co., Union Square.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced double entry bookkeeper wanted between the ages of 20 and 30, competent to take charge of office and must have knowledge of billing by machine; prefer one who knows stenography; splendid opportunity to right party; give full particulars as to qualifications, references, and salary wanted; none others will be considered. K 67 Times.

BOYS WANTED—Bright, ambitious boys as messengers; must live with parents. Apply by letter; salary $6 to start. McBride's Theatre Ticket office, M 150 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Wanted an experienced and sober driver; capable of making repairs; only those applicants stating experience, salary expected, and references, which will be investigated, considered. Address L 276 Times Downtown.

COLLECTOR.—Real estate firm, located in central part of city, wants rent collector to cover large territory; best of references; state lowest salary expected. R. E., 40 Times.

COST ACCOUNTANT, with experience in printing office or newspaper composition. State age, experience, and salary expected. K 48 Times.

ENGINEER WANTED—First assistant, in electric railway power station in Havana, Cuba; must speak Spanish; send full information and salary required. Address Engineer, P. O. Box 822, New York City.

GENTLEMEN with good city connections can make money in appreciable amounts between now and Christmas. The proposition is attractive. Call at once for particulars. Herman Leroy, Flatiron Building, Rooms 301-307.

SALESMEN.—Stock, bond; New York City realty corporation offering dividend-paying preferred stock has openings for a few high-class men on commission basis until results are proved. Call 12-1 P. M., Mr. Markell, 1,007 Times Building, New York.

SALESMAN to call on dry goods trade; must be capable and willing to travel in any part of the United States on six months' trips; state experience and salary expected; reference required. Address M 143 Times.

SALESMAN wanted who can control the best trade for first-class cloak and suit manufacturer, who has an established trade of 6 years in New York State and East; liberal arrangement. Address K 60 Times.

SALESMEN.—10 experienced salesmen, clean cut, young men, over 22, to introduce a new imported line; good opportunity to those who can show results; best refrences required. M 152 Times.

SALESMEN.—$3 will equip you with sample electric sidewalk advertising sign; with flasher, $4.50; sells on sight; big profits. Rex Ad-Lite Co., 136 Liberty St.

SALESMEN WANTED TO SELL ELECTRIC SIGN PROJECTORS; $4 WITHOUT FLASHER; $5 WITH FLASHER. APPLY 105 WEST 40TH ST., ROOM 301.

SALESMAN (millinery) with big following, jobbers' department store trade only, who can swing big business considered. Address L Box 281 Times Downtown.

SECRETARIES, amanuenses, accountants, teachers located; lucrative situations; brief training. Charles Stewart, 501 5th Av.

WANTED.—An experienced and capable senior accountant is desired for a position in the office of certified public accountants. There is a good opening and a correspondingly good salary for a man who can size up to the position. Public accounting experience is essential; good knowledge of cost accounting desirable. Statement of qualifications, brief and to the point, requested. L 244 Times Downtown.

WANTED.—Three real estate salesmen; must be experienced and capable of selling $100,000 worth a year. To such men an exceptional opportunity will be given. Best selling proposition ever offered. Leads furnished. Address M 146 Times.

WANTED — Thoroughly experienced custom clothing salesman to solicit in New York City. Answer by letter, giving references and experience, Brooklyn Trousers Co., 533 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

WANTED. Entertainers for churches, clubs, societies; send terms, circulars, &c., "Entertainer," Box 925, Orange, N. J.

WANTED. Lecturers on all subjects. Address "Lecture," Box 925, Orange, N. J.

WANTED—Office boy for bank; salary $16 per month; best references required. K 63 Times.

YOUNG MAN, with experience in the printing and publishing business, possessing both executive ability and knowledge of German; state experience, salary desired, &c. M 153 Times.

Help Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

MANAGER, financial, $40; bookkeeper, $20; salesman, filing systems, $25; chemist, $25; salesman, chemicals, cost accountant, $1,800; accountant, hotel, $25; other immediate openings. Call Mighill, (Agency,) Flatiron Building.

BOY wanted; strictly American; can operate typewriter. Middleton's Exchange, 148 West 65th St.

STENOGRAPHER. — Young lady; American only; quick at figures. Middleton's Exchange, 148 West 65th St.

STENOGRAPHER, young man, American, by Middleton's Exchange, 148 West 65th St.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, High-Grade Office Helpers. BOOKKEEPERS, Office Service Co., (Agency,) STENOGRAPHERS. 50 Pine St. Tel. 3425 John.

Domestic.

A. A. HOFMAYER, 320 5th Av., Telephone 4,527 Madison Square.—Employment Agency, also cooks, waitresses for dinners, luncheons; day and accommodation help.

A.—A.—A.—Malmberg's, 115 East 26th St., oldest Swedish Agency; established 1881; select servants for private families. Formerly 352 4th Av.

BOND $1,000.—Old Dominion Agency, 88 West 134th St.—Guarantee A1 colored help. 1119 Harlem.

COLE EMP. AGENCY, 47 Lexington Av. Tel. 8875 Madison.—Reliable help; nice trade solicited.

CRITERION EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 341 Columbus Av., Tel. 8468 Schuyler.—Competent servants for private families.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786 Columbus.

NEAT, experienced, and reliable colored help; city, country. Instant Relief Agency. 'Phone 7288—Morningside.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ADVERTISEMENT WRITER wants position advertising manager or copy writer with good business house or with advertising agency handling superior accounts. Original, knowledge types and form, unusually good English, competent to handle special, general, and newspaper advertising of exclusive or technical nature. Exceptional experience and references. Distinctive, P. O. Box 206, Madison Square, New York.

AN EXCEPTIONALLY capable and refined woman of 40 desires a position as useful companion and secretary to a lady requiring such services; highest references. Y 69 Times.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER makes and remodels; children's specialty. Alice, 126 East 12th St. 'Phone 408 Stuyvesant.

FIRST-CLASS DRESSMAKER.—By day; satisfaction guaranteed. 'Phone 6082 River. Smiley, 243 West 109th St.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK and cook; Hungarian girl wishes position; 5 years' references. Herokowitz, 305 West 39th St.

GOVERNESS, German, (Hanover,) highly recommended, desires position of responsibility; German, elementary English, and kindergarten; thorough in physical care; references. K 46 Times.

LADY wishes position office assistant, switchboard; good penman; references. Address N 3 Times.

LAUNDRESS wishes a position with a good family; first-class reference. Call or write, 207 East 73d St. Callahan's bell.

NURSE.—Wanted a position in a refined family as nurse for an infant or delicate child; five years' references; wages, $40; city preferred. Address K 57 Times.

SECRETARY.—Educated, experienced business woman, stenographer, bookkeeper, all secretarial duties, will give best efforts in temporary or part time position; highest references. Exceptional, K 59 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, anxious to start with good firm; will work hard; moderate salary. Anna Perlstein, 605 Madison Av. 'Phone 2993 Plaza.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, intelligent, energetic young lady; good references; salary reasonable. Stenographer, 89 Delancey St.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper; bright beginner; moderate salary. 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. Phone 660 East New York.

STENOGRAPHER, 4½ years' experience, thoroughly competent, accurate, and painstaking; references. L 268 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright, ambitious, capable of satisfying; excellent references; experienced; $6. S., 1,418 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Cultured, very rapid, publishing, architectural, literary experience; $15; or part time. M 82 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—First-class; seven years' experience; rapid, accurate; $15. Box L 259 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; accurate, well educated, competent; $15. E. M., 510 West 176th St.

VACUUM CLEANING.—Carpets, rugs, and furniture by the hour or day; best references. Brodnax, 12 West 135th. 'Phone 3253—Harlem.

WANTED—A place for general work; can give city references. Address, care Johnson, 574 East 139th St.

WINDOW AND HOUSE CLEANER.—Hour, day. Acmern, 148 West 53d St. 'Phone 7987 Columbus.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT. — Books opened, written up, examined, closed; statements of profit and loss and financial condition; investigations, Federal tax reports, estate, and other legal accounting. Certified, L 217 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Audits, writes up, opens, balances books, prepares certified balance sheets, statements in litigation, executors' accounts, office and factory system organized or improved; long experience. Y 234 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened; balanced; systems; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, 57 Murray St. Tel. 5988—Barclay.

ACCOUNTANT (degree) desires additional work, any books, any time; moderate. P. O. Box 225, Madison Square.

ATTENDANT and valet to invalid; gentleman of long experience; trustworthy; best reference. M 147 Times.

BALTIMORE.—A high-grade business man of ability and integrity is open to represent there a firm of unquestioned standing. Baltimore Branch, Y 68 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Knowledge of typewriting; some experience; references from last employer. Box 155 Times Downtown.

CASHIER AND BOOKKEEPER, now holding responsible position with bond and investment house, thoroughly familiar with details of the business, 8 years present employers, would consider proposition; best of references and good clientele. Address Reliable, L 278 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—German; desires position; thorough mechanic; careful and sober; makes own repairs; reliable references. Mooseder, 1,609 2d Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—In private family; A1 references. F. V. Branninger, 160 West 66th St.

COLLEGE GRADUATE desires position, reputable firm, chances for advancement; excellent references. L 246 Times Downtown.

CUBA.—Man of experience and training, thoroughly conversant with business conditions and affairs in the island, desires connection with A1 concern having interests there and in need of reliable agent. Address L 261 Times Downtown.

FOOTMAN.—Young man, Swedish, single, tall, wishes position as footman; understands how to drive and care of automobiles; first-class city references. K 61 Times.

INVESTIGATOR, tracer, and collector wants position with first-class house; reference and bond. L 279 Times Downtown.

MAN, single, 36, wishes position in country; understands general farming, horses, &c.; several years' references. B. A., 121, 617 6th Av.

STENOGRAPHER and Typewriter.—Five years' experience; knowledge of bookkeeping and routine of office in credit department; can furnish excellent references. Thomas F. Shallis, 303 9th St., Jersey City, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER, 23, five years' experience, competent, reliable, accurate, anxious secure position with advancement; salary, $15. L 269 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER (expert) wishes extra work, copy and transcription. R. Sigel, 1,802 Crotona Av., Bronx.

VACUUM CLEANING.—Carpets, rugs, and furniture by the hour or day; best references. Brodnax, 12 West 135th. 'Phone 3253—Harlem.

YOUNG COLLEGE MAN (19) WANTS INSIDE POSITION; SOME EXPERIENCE; HIGHEST REFERENCE. L. MARDER, 708 EAST 5TH ST.

YOUNG FRENCHMAN, electrician; hotel or private family; good mechanic and auto driver; best references. Call 242 West 56th St. Tel. 41728 Columbus.

YOUNG GERMAN who speaks English, writes and translates French, seeks position as clerk or correspondent in an importing house or banking institution; best references. Herbert E. Seligmann, care of Herman Flisser, 233 East 10th St.

YOUNG MAN, 23, experienced in office and sales department, desires position; high school graduate and possesses requisites to make good. T 37 Times.

YOUNG MAN (19) desires a position in automobile repair shop or acting as chauffeur; has experience. H. Freund, 146 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 4 years' experience, desires position as clerk or assistant bookkeeper. L 228 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN (21) wishes position in fur house to learn business; wholesale or retail. K 58 Times.

YOUNG MAN (18) desires position in office; two years' experience; references. 351 West 27th St.

YOUNG MAN (24) desires position in good business house in clerical department. K 66 Times.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

7TH AV., 2,047, (123d.)—Single, well heated, outside rooms; comfortable, clean; substantial board; references.

44TH ST., 260 WEST.—Alliance House, "Quiet Place for Quiet People"; single rooms, including board, $9 per week; use of bath; suites, consisting parlor, sleeping apartment, private bathroom, $30 up per week, including board for two; other double rooms; steam heated throughout; elevator service. 'Phone 798 Bryant.

47TH ST., 58 WEST.—Large room; private bath; small room; exclusive.

47TH ST., 56 WEST.—Beautiful furnished rooms with board; all conveniences; electric light, steam, telephone.

54TH ST., 54 WEST. Large and small rooms, first class; references.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Two large rooms; table guests; references.

58TH ST., 37 WEST.—Large and small rooms; electric light; private bath; superior table; references.

68TH, 67 WEST.—LARGE, SMALL ROOMS, BATHS; FAMILIES ACCOMMODATED.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for 1 or 2; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 72-74 WEST.—Warm rooms, comfortably furnished, private baths; substantial table; telephone; references.

70TH ST., 269 WEST.—Neatly furnished rooms; 'phone; near Subway; board optional.

72D ST., 159 WEST.—Large and hall rooms, suite or separately; parlor dining room; references.

72D ST., 152 WEST.—Cultured surroundings for girls studying music, art, opera, concerts; references; moderate.

72D, 131 WEST.—Attractive large front rooms; southern exposure; private baths; references.

73D ST., 136 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; private bath; sunny, quiet, refined surroundings; references.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Attractive, warm rooms; suitable two; 'phone; L, Subway; board optional; references.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Desirable, large room, with bath; also small room; excellent table; table guests; references.

76TH, 113 WEST.—Large and small room; high-class house; parlor dining; table guests.

80TH ST., 108 WEST.—Lady having beautiful home offers elegant parlor floor or bedroom, superior accommodations and table, permanent party.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—Delightful large room, one flight, pleasant room, Southern cooking; references necessary.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—Beautiful, comfortable rooms; excellent table; high-class Jewish house; table guests.

50-52 WEST 82D. Attractive rooms; baths; electricity. 'Phone Schuyler 8397.

83D ST., 11 WEST.—Newly opened house; rooms, single or en suite; warm, homelike; Southern cooking.

83D, 23 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath, first floor; select Jewish house; terms reasonable.

85TH ST., 101 WEST.—Large room, high-class elevator apartment; restaurant on premises. Scott.

86TH ST., 137 WEST.—Can accommodate one gentleman in newly furnished, refined Jewgentleman in newly furnished, refined home; easy access Subway, elevated, surface.

87TH ST., 109 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large rooms; gentlemen preferred; private family; conveniences; board optional.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Elegant large, small heated rooms; select; Subway, elevated; excellent table; moderate.

92D, 54 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; suites, private bath, $9 to $20; telephone.

94TH ST., 144 WEST.—Desirable double and single rooms; parlor dining; telephone; table guests; moderate.

103D ST., 252 WEST.—Attractive, large and small rooms; baths; bachelors, couples; table guests; references.

104TH ST., 29 WEST.—Large, handsome rooms; excellent table; refined surroundings; phone; table guests.

105TH, 76 WEST.—Single room, exceptional table; home for refined gentleman; references; reasonable; Southerners.

113TH, 625 WEST.—Large, double front room; southern exposure, telephone; excellent board; table guests.

123D, 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

130TH ST., 250 WEST.—Near "L" station; large double, also single rooms; excellent board; references.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Elegant rooms, private bath; electricity; table guests; references; phone 7217 Audubon.

141ST ST., 527 WEST.—Desirable rooms, bath adjoining; steam heat, telephone; Subway; references; table guests.

142D ST., 512 WEST.—Cheerful front room, alcove, lavatory; steam, phone; excellent board optional.

144TH ST., 467 WEST.—Front rooms; suitable for students; southerly exposure; running water; excellent board.

472 WEST 144TH ST. FIRST-CLASS TABLE BOARD.

149TH ST., 568 WEST.—Front room, suitable for two; good cooking; elevators, steam; reference. Hayes.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 101, (Corner Washington Square.)—Large, sunny rooms; steam heat; private baths; excellent cuisine; most comfortable boarding house in city.

WEST END AV, 828, (100th St.)—Superior board served in attractive, private, modern home.

East Side.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Fine large and single rooms, suites or separate; elevator; steam heat; parlor dining room; excellent table; reasonable.

IRVING PLACE, 58, GRAMERCY DISTRICT. —Nicholas Fish mansion; attractive those desiring quiet, well-ordered house; breakfast in rooms; references.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large and small rooms; private baths; references. Telephone 1978—Gramercy.

Brooklyn.

PIERREPONT ST., 76. — Convenient to Borough Hall Subway and ferry; steam-heated rooms; good Southern table. Telephone 1159W Main.

Board Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

TEMPORARY BOARD WANTED with refined family for two young children attending school. M 134 Times.

Country Board

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Westchester

FINE HOME FOR INVALID, convalescent, or elderly couple with private family; Near City; one of the healthiest places on the Hudson; large, sunny rooms; steam heat; telephone; all conveniences. Address J., Box 22 Dobbs Ferry, N. Y.

Long Island.

DOUGLASTON.—Douglas Manor Inn; Winter rates; attractive, homelike; log fires; steam heat; easy commuting.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 2,018, (Near 125th St.)—Private house; steam heat; reasonable; refined; newly furnished.

5TH AV., 25, (9th St.)—Refined surroundings; nice small front room; breakfast optional.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming rooms; bachelors; sunny basement, suitable studio, students; electricity; references.

9TH ST., 39 WEST.—Well-heated, medium-sized room; also single room; every convenience.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.—Very desirable, well furnished rooms, adjoining bath, for gentlemen.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large, sunny, front room; small room, $2; also sunny front basement.

33D ST., 319 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished rooms; bath adjoining; refined surroundnigs; quiet street; reasonable.

38TH ST., 205 WEST.—Furnished parlor floor, private or business; other rooms; well heated; baths.

42D, 322 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, heated rooms; tiled bath; $2 upward; gentlemen. Hughes.

46TH ST., 43 WEST.—Elegant, large, small rooms; private bath; running water; well heated; gentlemen.

46TH ST., 45 WEST.—FURNISHED ROOMS; GENTLEMEN; REFERENCES.

47TH ST., 56 WEST.—Beautiful furnished rooms with board; all conveniences; electric light, steam, telephone.

53D ST., 57 WEST.—Very attractive, medium-sized sunny room; gentlemen preferred; accommodations for a few table guests; excellent home table.

57TH ST., 364 WEST.—Large, well-furnished rooms, suitable for two; private bath; back parlor.

51TH ST., 432 WEST.—Well heated single, double rooms; electricity, telephone; good board; transients accommodated.

58TH ST., 17 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable room; private bath; electric light; board optional; references.

58TH ST., 222 WEST.—Large, small rooms; two gentlemen or couple; bath; telephone; convenient to all cars and Subway.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

65TH ST., 150 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large, front room; bay window dressing room; telephone; $8.

68TH ST., 88 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

69TH ST., 65 WEST.—Large, sunny room, adjoining bath; steam heat; electric light; telephone.

155 WEST 69TH ST. Beautiful parlor suite, bath; suitable doctor's office.

70TH ST., 128 WEST.—Large single room; hot and cold water; references exchanged.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive room; private bath; steam heat; private house; gentleman only; references.

71ST ST., 281 WEST.—Sunny front room; single, double; runnnig water; conveniences; private house; reasonable.

71ST, 73 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, sunny rooms; private bath; telephone; $6-$8 weekly.

73D ST., 166 WEST.—Attractive, large and single rooms, baths; southern exposure; Subway express, "L."

73D ST., 112 WEST.—Handsomely, newly furnished large, small rooms; all conveniences; hot water guaranteed.

73D ST., 238 WEST.—Large room, private bath; also doctor's office, with extension, electricity; references.

74TH ST., 163 WEST.—Large, small comfortably furnished rooms; well-kept house; refined neighborhood; telephone.

75TH ST., 116 WEST.—Rooms in a private house; steam heat, electric light; gentlemen preferred; references. Telephon 6144 Columbus.

76TH ST., 57 WEST.—Desirable room; attractive neighborhood; all conveniences. 'Phone 8124 Schuyler.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsome, sunny front single room; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

77TH ST., 172 WEST.—Unusually furnished front rooms; independent entrance; telephone; gentlemen preferred; references. Churchill.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.—Desirable, single and double rooms; every convenience; near Subway, elevated; phone.

78TH ST., 82 WEST.—Newly furnished room; running water, electricity, telephone, bath, one flight. Bell.

78TH, 168 WEST.—Handsome, large room; modern house; suitable one, two; private family; 'phone.

78TH, 114 WEST.—Very attractive, southern exposed rooms; singly, en suite; bath adjoining; moderate.

82D ST., 56 WEST.—Large and small rooms, baths; southern exposure; electric lights; telephone; reasonable rates.

82D ST., 119 WEST.—Handsome second-story suite; single, en suite; back parlor suite; private bath.

82D ST., 43 WEST.—Large rooms, connecting baths, also single; clean well-kept house; references.

83D ST., 127 WEST.—Delightful large, sunny rooms en suite; also small rooms; refined; moderate.

84TH ST., 111 WEST.—Sunny, comfortable front room, adjoining bath; heated, small room, reasonable. Anderson.

84TH ST., 326 WEST, (Near Riverside Drive.) —Furnished rooms, $6 weekly; heat, bath, convenience.

84TH, 128 WEST.—Small rooms, running water, 'phone, conveniences; gentlemen only. Brown.

88TH ST., 182 WEST.—Large and small rooms; tiled bath; suitable one or two gentlemen; near Subway. Penbroock.

92D ST., 51 WEST.—Large, nicely furnished; heated; running water; bath adjoining; moderate; telephone.

97TH ST., 121 WEST.—Newly furnished house; bachelor apartment; private bath, telephone, and service.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Private house, near Riverside Drive; nicely furnished room; all conveniences; home comforts; telephone.

102D ST., 210 WEST.—Finely furnished parlor and bedroom; bachelor or woman alone considered.

106TH ST., 225 WEST, (Overlooking Broadway.)—Attractive, comfortable parlor suite, adjoining bath; single room; running water; newly furnished; reasonable; one flight. Birch.

107TH ST., 230 WEST.—High class elevator apartment; attractive room, beautifully furnished; references. Gurnee.

107TH ST., 220 WEST.—Attractive, furnished room; southern exposure; elevator; private family; reference. Apt. 35.

107TH ST., 210 WEST.—Large, delightful room; small Southern family; board optional; references. White.

(110TH ST. SUBWAY.)—Beautiful front suite; use kitchen; independence; also unfurnished front room, vicinity Columbia College. Mrs. Wallace, 600 West 127th St.

111TH ST., 529 WEST.—Comfortable single room; gentleman preferred; English family of two; references. Moore.

113TH ST., 263 WEST.—Elegantly furnished room, private bath, telephone, $6; private family.

113TH ST., 257 WEST.—Well-furnished room; board optional; all conveniences; table guests.

115TH ST., 606 WEST.—Large front room, high-class elevator apartment, two gentlemen; references. Chandus.

118TH ST., 414 WEST.—Attractive, large, small rooms; kitchen; housekeeping suite; elevator, Subway. Smith.

121ST, 509 WEST.—Columbia University neighborhood, half block east of Broadway; Bancroft apartments; just completed; two beautiful front rooms with kitchenette, double room with kitchenette; southern exposure; electric lights; elevators; attractive dining room; board optional.

121ST ST., 501 WEST.—Apartment 65; outside front rooms; reasonable; elevator, electric light. Hawthorne.

121ST ST., 170 WEST.—Clean, sunny, well heated; modern; telephone; single, en suite; $3, $5. Hungerford.

122D, 523 WEST. — Beautiful suite; kitchen privilege; baths, heat, telephones; single rooms, $3. Carter.

122D ST., 520 WEST.—Comfortable, quiet room; attractive, generous board; table guests accommodated. Kerker.

122D ST., 501 WEST. Telephone 7085 Morningside.—Clean, comfortable room, small modern apartment, $3. Weig.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (Apartment 6.)—Large, medium, good light, air, every convenience; private family.

122D ST., 540 WEST.—Nicely furnished outside sunny rooms; elevator, 'phone. Apt. 61.

123D ST., 520 WEST.—Sunny, outside rooms, second floor, $2.50 to $3.50; exclusive lavatory. Beach.

600 WEST 127TH ST. Sunny, front rooms; Manhattan Subway station. Snow.

128TH ST., 246 WEST.—Large, light room; business woman; elevator. Maltby.

137TH ST., 611 WEST.—Rooms, single or en suite, private bath; river view; meal accommodation. Pierson.

161ST, 581 WEST.—Front room; steam; large wardrobe; shower; telephone; elevator; reasonable; breakfast. Allen.

162D ST., 521 WEST.—Southern room, lavatory, adjoining bath, handsomely furnished, library, all conveniences; suitable physician; moderate terms to desirable people.

ATTRACTIVE BEDROOM, sitting room, bath; strictly private house; near 103d St. Subway. Y 59 Times.

MANHATTAN AV., 21.—Large, sunny room; excellent home board, for one or two. Charlton.

REGENT HALL, 123D ST. AND BROADWAY.—Large room, southern exposure; use of kitchen; high-class elevator apartment. Apartment 11.

ROOM FOR LADY. Private; $5; corner 121st and Broadway; highest references; telephone evenings 5120 Morningside, Apartment 62.

East Side.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view Stuyvesant Park; references; telephone; steam heat; breakfast optional.

16TH, 206 EAST.—Medium-sized front room; steam heat; private house; gentleman, with reference.

19TH ST., 126 EAST.—Handsomely furnished rooms for bachelors or married couples; references. Apply Hardy.

20TH ST., 42 EAST.—DESIRABLE ROOMS; PRIVATE HOUSE; REFERENCES.

31ST, 116 EAST.—Modern private house offers business gentleman desirable accommodations; electricity, telephone; references.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

East Side.

33D ST., 15 EAST.—Nicely furnished single rooms for gentlemen; well-kept house; telephone; reference.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Attractive rooms, large and small; gentlemen; references.

48TH ST., 222 EAST—Beautifully furnished parlor and other rooms; running water; heated; reasonable.

59TH ST., 56 EAST.—Room, with private bath and hallboy service, at reasonable and attractive rates. Roland.

LEXINGTON AV., 586, (52d St.)—Attractive, sunny, clean room, bath; breakfast; telephone; references; select house.

Brooklyn.

GREENE AV., 66.—Elegant, large, well-heated front room; superior house; Subway; gentlemen; $3.50.

Furnished Rooms Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

WANTED for elderly bachelor parlor and bedroom with private bath between 34th and 85th St.; permanent. B. O., 432 Times.

Unfurnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

Three rooms, bath, $33; heated; hot water; conveniences; private house, midtown west; business couple desired; references. Owner. Address West, 1,864 Broadway.

Three rooms, bath, $33; private house; couple at business desired; references. M 93 Times.

Apartments to Let, Unfurnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

AM COMPELLED TO GO SOUTH, and will sublet my beautiful apartment of seven large, cheerful rooms and two baths for remainder of my lease, (two years to run;) am paying $1,300, but will sacrifice if necessary to responsible person who will take over my lease. Call any time. Mrs. Donald's apartment, 312 West 93d St., near Riverside Drive.

507 West 140th St.—6 rooms, bath; southern exposure; modern in every detail; rental $40, with concessions. Janitor, or Bert G. Faulhaber & Co., Broadway and 156th St.

Sans-Souci Apartments.—Facing Park; six and eight light rooms; elevator, hall service; latest improvements; suitable dentist or physician. 31 West 124th St.

At your own price if you are responsible; seven rooms, Riverside Drive, to sublet; high-class. Room 1,201, 68 William St.

Two rooms and bath, also studio, in bachelor apartment house. 80 East Washington Sq.

Bachelor apartment, two or three rooms, with bath; reasonable rent. 14 West 29th St.

Unfurnished Apartments Wanted

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Apartment for bachelor wanted; large, light rooms, consisting of living room, 2 bedrooms, bathroom, room suitable for dining room and kitchenette, between 34th St. and 60th St., west side preferable. Reply at once, K 42 Times.

Apartments to Let, Furnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Four-room elevator apartment; furniture, linen, silverware, entirely new complete; block from 181st St. Broadway Subway; telephone 4040 Audubon, or call 4260 Broadway. Leach. $55-$75.

St. Nicholas Av., 843, (cor 127th.)—Handsomely furnished, newly decorated elevator apartments; four, five, six rooms, bath; special price; $40 monthly and upward; room, bath, kitchen; $5-$8 weekly.

To let for 3 or 4 months, large sunny apartment; only people with best of references need apply; seen between 1 and 4; price $200 per month. Strathmore Apt., 1,672 Broadway.

To sublet, furnished, for three or four months, sunny corner apartment, ten rooms, three baths, all outside rooms; best references required. C. G. S., Terrace Court, 93d St. and Riverside Drive.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished

25c. a line 1 time; 63c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

95th St., 46 and 48 West.—Three-story and basement private dwellings for rent; open for inspection. W. J. Taylor, 5 East 42d St.

For Sale

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

25 telephone booths, double sound proof oak and mahogany; also 3 directors' tables, several roll-top desks; office partitions. Budd & Co., 73 Spring St., near Subway Station.

For Sale.—A few exclusive dresses and costumes. Room 30, 149 West 35th St.

Pianos and Organs

25c. a line 1 time; 69c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

Emerson Angelus player piano; excellent tone; like new; sell at sacrifice. 316 West 42d St.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of ROBERT SELIGMAN, Bankrupt.—No. 12,182. To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt will be sold under the direction of Isaac Goldberg, the trustee herein, at public auction under the rules and practice of this court, by Adrian H. Muller & Sons, Auctioneers, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 16 Vesey Street, New York City, on December 20, 1911, at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

The property to be sold consists of 200 shares of the corporate stock of the Savoy Shirt Company, a New Jersey corporation.

The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw said property from sale unless it shall bring at least 75 per centum of its appraised value.

New York, November 29, 1911.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy,
45 Cedar Street, New York City.

DAVID J. GALLERT, Attorney for Trustee,
31 Liberty Street, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. —In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THE DELANEY ROBERTS CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Dec. 7, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of surveying instruments, roll-top desks, file cabinets, &c., and on Friday, Dec. 8, 1911, at 11 A. M., on Mt. Gregor, at Milton, Saratoga Co., N. Y., consisting of water and steam pipe lines, mess hall equipment, steam drills, 3 boilers, 2 hoisting engines, horizontal crusher engine, Reliance crusher, air compressor, air drill derrick, steam roller, dump wagon, narrow-gauge cars and track, tools, coal, stone cement, road oil, fuses, vitrified pipe, toolhouses, lumber, and other property and machinery used in earth and rock excavation and road building.

HAROLD E. ROBERTS, EDWARD SHAUGHNESSY, and MORRIS B. ARNOLD, Trustees in Bankruptcy. CHARLES L. GREENHALL, Attorney for Trustees, 320 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. —In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of EGYPTIAN IMPORTING CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Dec. 7th, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of ladies' embroidered linen gowns, embroidered bedspreads, embroidered shirt waists, Irish linen, &c.

GEORGE A. FERRIS, Trustee.
JOSEPH DANNENBERG, Attorney for Trustee, 2 Rector St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. —In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GLORIA J. LATZ, trading as LATZ BROTHERS, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Dec. 7, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of machinery, office fixtures, safe, &c.

AUSTIN McNEAL, Receiver.
EUGENE L. BONDY, Attorney for Receiver, 366 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. —In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of J. M. COSTUME CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Dec. 7, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of ladies' dresses.

WALTER CARROLL LOW, Receiver.
EUGENE L. BONDY, Attorney for Receiver, 366 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of M. ETTLINGER & COMPANY, Bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of William H. Willis, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, will sell at public auction on the 18th day of December, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, property of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of approximately 250,000 imported Christmas booklets, manufactured by Schaefer & Scheibe of Germany; also a small lot of illustrated and souvenir postcards.

HAMILTON M. DAWES, Trustee.
H. LINSLY JOHNSON, Attorney for Trustee, 120 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 15,815.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ABRAM PRISAMENT and TOBIAS PRISAMENT, individually and as copartners under the firm name of PRISAMENT BROS., Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Abram Prisament and Tobias Prisament, individually and as copartners under the firm name of Prisament Bros., of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 27th day of November, A. D. 1911, the said Abram Prisament and Tobias Prisament, individually and as copartners under the firm name of Prisament Bros., duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall St., on the 19th day of December, A. D. 1911, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

December 6th, 1911.

NO. 15,504.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of KALMAN LEVIN AND HYMAN MILLER, individually and composing the firm of LEVIN & MILLER, Bankrupts.

To the creditors of Kalman Levin and Hyman Miller, individually and composing the firm of Levin & Miller, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 18th day of October, A. D. 1911, the said Kalman Levin and Hyman Miller, individually and composing the firm of Levin & Miller, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 18th day of December, A. D. 1911, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
November 25, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 15,538.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ETHEL S. ELLIOTT, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Ethel S. Elliot, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of September, A. D. 1911, the said Ethel S. Elliott was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that a special meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 120 Broadway, City and County of New York, on the 18th day of December, A. D. 1911, at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee to fill the vacancy caused by the declination to serve of the trustee hitherto appointed herein at the first meeting of creditors held October 31, 1911, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

December 6, 1911.

NO. 15,819.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HERMAN GLUCK, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Herman Gluck of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of November, A. D. 1911, the said Herman Gluck was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room No. 1,375, Hudson Terminal Buildings, No. 50 Church Street, New York City, on the 18th day of December, A. D. 1911 at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

December 5th, 1911.

NO. 15,686.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HAYES RUBBER CO., Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Hayes Rubber Co. of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of November, A. D. 1911, the said Hayes Rubber Co. was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel S. Smith, referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William St., Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on the 21st day of December, A. D. 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
December 7, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 14,386.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court for the Southern District of New York. —MAX BROWN, sometimes known as MAXIMILLIAN BROWN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Max Brown, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated December 4th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, January 8, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, Dec. 4th, 1911.

NO. 15,554.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN M. HALPER, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 2d day of October, A. D. 1911, the said John M. Halper was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver Street, City and County of New York, on the 18th day of December, A. D. 1911, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Dec. 5th, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—WILLIAM H. CONNOR, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed his petition, dated January 23d, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on January 8, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, Dec. 6th, 1911.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—GEORGE HOFFMANN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed his petition, dated Nov. 15th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on January 8, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, Dec. 6th, 1911.

FINDING LOST ARTICLES

An advertisement in the Lost Column of The New York Times places the story of your loss before thousands of readers, one of whom may be the finder.

Lost advertisements in The Times are reprinted in the Bulletin of Lost Articles and sent to over one thousand public place to be posted for reference. The Bulletin is the means of restoring many articles not otherwise recoverable.

Go to any advertising agency or telephone Bryant 1000.

FIND OLD JEWELER SLAIN AND ROBBED

Murderer Got Jewels and Money and Tries to Cremate the Body in a Furnace.

NEGRO ACCUSED OF IT

Elevator Operator Locked Up on a Charge of Killing the Old Man with a Hammer.

Isaac S. Vogel, an old jewelry peddler, who used to boast that he was "known in Trenton and Jersey like Tim Sullivan on the Bowery," was found murdered early yesterday morning in the basement of 125 Canal Street, where he had purchased jewelry the evening before.

Jewelry to the value of several thousand dollars, together with a large sum of money, which he is known to have carried in pocketbooks and a canvas belt about his body, was missing, and his pockets were rifled. His body had been dragged through two rooms of the basement by the murderer, who attempted to thrust it into a big furnace in the boiler room, but found the door of the furnace too narrow.

An attempt had been made to wash away the marks that began at the door of the elevator in the basement, and near by was found a hammer, recently washed. It was with this hammer, according to the police, that the old man was killed. They arrested Joseph Roberts, a West Indian negro elevator man, who had had the hammer, and charged him with the old jeweler's murder.

The building in which the body was found is occupied by several jewelry and gem-setting firms, with whom the old man dealt. On the ground floor are the stores of Morris Malawista and Jacob J. Schmuckler. On the second floor is the gem-setting shop of J. Frackman, in which William Vogel, a young son of the dead jeweler, is employed as an apprentice.

The old man, who was well-known among the jewelers of Canal Street and Maiden Lane, used to purchase from these and others jewelry which he put into billbooks and a large purse and peddled in New Jersey cities. He had worked up an especially large trade in Trenton, where he had lived for many years and dealt with many prominent families.

On Tuesday evening at 5:30 o'clock he left the Schmuckler store after buying jewelry worth $54—rings, watches, and pins. From there he went up stairs to the Frackman shop, where he left several pieces of jewelry for setting, and took back on his finger a diamond ring worth $300, which Frackman had set for him. He said he would return for the other jewelry yesterday morning, when he was going to Trenton to begin selling his Christmas stock. Frackman said it was well known that when the peddler went to Trenton he carried with him jewelry and cash amounting to thousands of dollars. The old man left Frackman's shop at 5:25 o'clock, telling his son he meant to attend to some further business before going home.

Elias Malawista of the jewelry firm on the floor below went upstairs in the elevator about 5:30 o'clock with the negro elevator man to the second floor, and as he stepped out old Mr. Vogel got in and descended. That, as far as the police could learn yesterday, was the last time the old man was seen alive.

About 7 o'clock yesterday morning Asher Schaps, engineer of the building, went downstairs to start the fire in the furnace, which usually was allowed to die down at night. The door leading to the basement, he says, was locked. According to the police, only he and the negro elevator man had a key. As Schaps entered the dynamo room, in the basement, just off the hall, beside the elevator door, he came upon suspicious marks. They led into the next room, where the furnace was. There beside the furnace Schaps found the body of the old man, his head crushed as if by some blunt instrument. The trail led beyond the body to the very door of the furnace, and then back again to where the body was found. The door of the furnace was ajar, and the fire, usually low in the morning, was roaring.

Schaps ran out and called Policeman Shallow, and soon Detectives Hays and Foy were investigating the scene of the murder. They found in one of the coal-bins a watch the old man had bought the day before, and, through one of Schmuckler's business cards in a pocket, identified Vogel. Hanging over a sort of carpenter's bench, just outside the elevator, they found the hammer, and under the bench a pair of tan shoes, covered with apparently long-settled dust and spots.

While the detectives were investigating, Roberts, the negro elevator man, arrived. Hays says he saw him hastily change the shoes he wore for another pair that stood near the stained ones, and then the detective stepped out and arrested him. In Roberts's pocket he found a silver-mounted fountain pen. There were stains on it.

Just then another engro arrived, asking for Roberts. He, too, was taken into custody, and, together with Roberts and Schaps, taken to the station. There, according to the police, Roberts admitted that the blood-stained shoes were his, but said he had taken them off at noon on Tuesday and cleaned them at the time. The pen, he said, he had found in front of the elevator as he stepped into it yesterday morning just before his arrest.

There was found also in his possession a two-stone diamond ring in a pasteboard box. He insisted that he had bought it for $2 at a Bowery pawnshop. The negro insisted that he had never seen Vogel before the detectives showed him the body, and that he had never carried him up or down in the elevator, despite the testimony of Malawista.

The second negro, who said he was Terence Vettelle, a porter of 240 West Sixty-third Street, explained that on the day before Roberts had procured work for him as a window cleaner for several firms in the building. Roberts let him put his coat and pail in the basement, he said, but in the evening, when he asked Roberts to let him take his coat out of the basement, the elevator man, he said, refused to let him go down, saying that he himself would fetch it, and did.

This Roberts denied, saying that he had merely refused to let Vettelle go to the basement to drink beer. He was called away from Vettelle, he said, by a ring of the elevator by a Mr. Aronson, a tenant on the top floor. When he returned with Aronson, he said, Vettelle had disappeared. Morris Aronson, a skirt dealer on the top floor, on the other hand, told reporters he had rung repeatedly but in vain for Roberts between 5 and 6 o'clock that evening, being compelled to walk downstairs. The elevator, he thought, was in the basement at the time.

The police further contradicted Roberts when he insisted that he had left the building at 7:10 o'clock on Tuesday night. They found a barber, Joseph Cosogno, in the building who testified that he had seen Roberts there as late as 8 o'clock, much to his surprise, and that Roberts had taken him up to the third floor in the elevator.

After a rigid cross-examination by Second Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty at the station, Roberts, Vittelle, and Schaps were taken to the Coroner's office and their testimony taken down by Coroner Feinberg. Roberts tried to account for his movements after leaving the building by saying he had spent the evening in the Bronx in the home of a woman friend. Thereafter, he said, he spent the time till 2 A. M. drinking with friends at his home.

The Coroner held Roberts on a charge of homicide for examination this morning. Vittelle was detained as a material witness, and Schaps, against whom the police say there is no charge, was released on $100 bail to appear as a material witness.

At the hearing this morning Coroner Feinberg expects to get the testimony of the murdered man's family. Vogel lived at 824 Dawson Street, the Bronx, with his wife, five sons, and a daughter, Mrs. Esther Schapiro. According to Mrs. Vogel, her husband carried in a canvas belt pinned to his undershirt a large sum of money, and, in addition to his regular Christmas stock of jewelry, her own jewels and those of her daughter, the last named alone valued at $3,000.

The belt was found pinned to Vogel's undershirt, but empty.

Inspector Hughes of the Central Office had nearly a score of detectives working on the case last night. They were trying to trace the stolen jewelry the old dealer had carried and the ring he had worn on his finger. The home of Roberts, at 26 West Ninety-sixth Street, was searched, as was the house in the Bronx where he said he had been the night before. None of the loot was found.

OLYMPIC HERE AGAIN.

Record Passenger List for Her First Trip Since the Collision.

The White Star liner Olympic, from Southampton, anchored early this morning at the Ambrose Channel Lightship, and is expected to reach her pier at 9 o'clock to-day. She has 550 first-class and 200 second-class passengers, which is a record number for this time of the year, westbound.

While her stern was being reconstructed at Harland & Wolff's shipyard in Belfast, after her recent collision with the British cruiser Hawke, a cricket pitch was constructed on her boat deck. When the Olympic came out new some of her rooms were equipped with a double bed and a single bed. These have now all been fitted with two beds, the agents said yesterday, and these are all the alterations that have been made.

Among her passengers are John Arbuckle, who has announced his intention of retiring from business and devoting the rest of his life to charitable deeds, and Gregory Wilenkin, the Financial Attaché of the Russian Embassy, who was in correspondence with John Hays Hammond in the Russian passport controversy. Capt. E. C. Smith, Commodore of the White Star Line, is in charge of the Olympic. The Directors, headed by James Bruce Ismay, held a private court of inquiry on the collision between the Olympic and the Hawke, and Capt. Smith and his officers were exonerated from blame.

SORRY TO LET PRISONER GO

But Court Grants Request in Case of Ellis Island Interpreter.

Judge O'Sullivan in General Sessions yesterday suspended sentence upon Eugene Dumas, formerly an interpreter at Ellis Island, who pleaded guilty to two indictments, charging him with grand larceny in the second degree.

Judge O'Sullivan suspended sentence upon Dumas on representation that the prisoner had assisted in a graft hunt in Ellis Island and that as a result ten dishonest employes had been dismissed.

Dumas was indicted on complaint of John J. Manning of 772 Marcy Place, the Bronx, and Pietro Mantia, a cobbler of Jersey City. In both cases Dumas obtained $50 by getting them to cash bogus checks. In suspending sentence, Judge O'Sullivan said he would be very much pleased if he could sentence him.

Commissioner Williams said last night in regard to the case:

"The immigration authorities discovered that he was swindling immigrants' relatives in New York City by promising for a money consideration to secure the release of sick immigrants. They reported the facts to District Attorney Whitman, who brought about his indictment for grand larceny in the second degree. He subsequently pleaded guilty to the charge. He has been locked up in the Tombs for eight weeks. Subsequent to pleading guilty he furnished the immigration authorities with information tending to show that two employes holding minor positions were co-operating with him. They have been suspended from duty. One other case is being investigated."

DEMAND A BRONX COUNTY.

Resolution Didn't Pass Until Free Speech Was Vindicated.

The creation of a separate Bronx County was advocated last night at a meeting in the Bronx Church House, 171st Street and Fulton Avenue, under the auspices of the Bronx County Committee of the Bar Association. Resolutions favoring the county plan were adopted, but with such difficulty that it was obvious to most of the 300 delegates that many minds must have changed since election.

An easy road for the resolutions had been expected. To assure itself doubly on that stand, however, Henry K. Davis, Chairman of the Bronx County Committee and Chairman of the meeting, made a ruling, after the regular set speeches in favor of the county had been made, that there should be no discussion on the negative side. Trouble began at once. There were cries that free speech was being suppressed, and in the end the opponents got a hearing.

It was almost midnight when the opposition had satisfied itself and the resolution was passed. It requests the newly elected Assemblymen and Senators from the Bronx to draw up and press for passage a county-creating bill. It also calls for the choosing of a committee of 150 representative men of the Bronx who shall further the plans of the undertaking.

SUGGESTS NEW COURT SITE.

Stuyvesant Fish Favors Fourth Avenue Plot Above His Family's Property.

Stuyvesant Fish has sent to the Mayor an individual suggestion for an uptown site for the new County Court House. The entire matter was thrashed out last Summer by the Bar Association, the County Lawyers' Association, the Institute of Architects, and other organizations closely interested in the matter, and it was decided that the site should be somewhere between Canal and Chambers Streets, east of Broadway. This general idea has been adopted, it is understood, by the Board of Estimate committee, though they have taken no definite action in the seven weeks they have been dealing with the problem. They must act before April 12 or lose their power.

Mr. Fish's idea is to put the Court House between Third and Fourth Avenues and between Tenth and Twelfth Streets. A triangle to the northwest of this plot will be taken by the Irving Place extension, but he considers that there will be sufficient room left for the Court House, and if only it be planned to stand far enough back from the elevated tracks the noise of the trains will not matter. He points out that Eleventh Street is not cut through to Broadway, and consequently the city will be able to close the street between Third and Fourth Avenues without heavy damages from property holders.

None of the property in the blocks mentioned is owned by Mr. Fish, but he admits that his family owns nearly all the block immediately below it, and he suggests that if the city desired to substitute that for the site he advocates it would be sold at a reasonable figure.

Mr. Fish's letter is likely to come before the Board of Estimate at its meeting this morning.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A.M. Loss.
1:40—337 East 49th St.; H. Richter......$500
8:40—226 East 9th St.; A. Altman......$5,000
5:05—South side of Hawthorn St. and Broadway; W. O'Connor..........None
7:50—120 West 57th St.; E. Marcott....Slight
10:05—180 Avenue C; Samuel Hirsch......$10
P.M.
12:55—251 Columbus Av.; H. Cosly........$500
1:00—122 West 43d St.; unknown..........$50
1:25—120 2d Av.; I. Cohen................$75
1:45—71 East 105th St.; M. Levine........$50
1:50—15-17 Lewis St.; Annie Paudecer. Trifling
2:05—744 Trinity Av.; A. Gerhardt.......$25
6:00—70 East 116th St.; A. White........$10
6:15—320 Pearl St.; C. W. Gallaway......$50
6:15—170th St. and Audubon Av.; M. Simon.................Trifling
6:15—42 West 28th St.; Jorck & Borgesson......................$1,000
6:15—200th St. and Riverside Drive; William Krunekey (auto)..........$3,500
7:10—743 Lexington Av.; D. Costia.......$100
7:20—75 Nassau St.; I. M. Leichtag......$500
8:00—711 East 12th St.; M. Buninsky.....$500
8:45—321 East 60th St.; A. Reichart & Son. Trifling
10:05—367 West 34th St.; Peter Lensecker.. Trifling
10:30—318 East 41st St.; P. Curry.......$1,000

ADVERTISEMENT.

PLEA FOR THE FORGOTTEN

First: Christmas will soon be here—the season of good-will and joy.

Second: There are 1,000 families among those in our care who will know no Santa Claus unless the A. I. C. P. sends him.

Can you imagine how dreary must be the day in a home where the Patron Saint has nothing to leave?

The spirit of Christmas will find a perfect embodiment in a contribution to us for families temporarily destitute.

Send your gift to

ROBERT SHAW MINTURN,
Room 210, 105 East 22d Street.
NEW YORK ASSOCIATION FOR IMPROVING THE CONDITION OF THE POOR.
R. FULTON CUTTING, President.

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A number of new designs which will meet with the approval of the most fastidious. All platinum and gold.
From $110 up
COMPARISON OF VALUES INVITED.
Fifth Avenue at Thirty-Eighth Street

WARTH MUST EXPLAIN ATTACK ON DR. RUSBY

Chemist Who Hinted at Corruption in Letter to Secretary Wilson Ordered Before Magistrate

TALK OF CRIMINAL LIBEL

It Is Said This Letter Had Much to Do With Attack on Dr. Wiley—Kept Secret from Dr. Rusby.

A letter written to James Wilson, Secretary of Agriculture, which served to direct some of the questions asked by the members of the recent Congressional investigation into the affairs of the Agricultural Department, will be investigated in court, when Albin H. Warth, a chemist of Stapleton, answers on Friday a summons directing him to appear before Magistrate Hardy in Stapleton and explain his reasons for writing charges against Dr. H. H. Rusby, Dean of the New York College of Pharmacy and Pharmacognosist of the Bureau of Chemistry in the Department of Agriculture at New York, which are alleged to be false. Dr. Rusby said last night that he intends to charge the chemist with criminal libel, and District Attorney Fach of Queens is interested in the prosecution of the case.

The controversy, which resulted in the attempt to oust Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, Chief of the Bureau of Chemistry, grew out of his employment of Dr. Rusby. Attorney General Wickersham indorsed the recommendation of the Personnel Board that Dr. Wiley be punished, but the President upheld the doctor.

At that time Dr. Rusby did not know of the Warth letter.

Under date of July 13 Mr. Warth wrote this letter to Secretary Wilson:

New York, July 13, 1911.

The Hon. James Wilson, Secretary of the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir: The action of the Committee on Personnel of the department in recommending the dismissal of Dr. Rusby from the department's service will undoubtedly be heartily approved by the public interested in the enforcement of the food and drug act. On account of his numerous errors of judgment it has been the opinion of impartial observers that he should have been dismissed long ago. He has not only tried to dicker and undo the officials of the department, but he has dickered with the drug interests, who could afford to employ his services.

The discretion used by Dr. Rusby at the Port of New York in favoring certain drug interests to the detriment of others has been alarming. He has been regularly employed by certain of these interests to examine, previous to shipment, samples of crude drugs. Dr. Mansfield, who is not properly qualified, but a close associate of Dr. Rusby, has been allowed to pass upon samples obtained in inter-State shipment, and also importations at the Port of New York. Mr. Mansfield is also a salaried employe (at the present time) of a large crude drug house, (J. L. Hopkins & Co.)

About 80 per cent. of imported crude drugs must be botanically examined. This should in reality be done by civil service men in the food laboratories, but all detail work is done at the New York College of Pharmacy and at the expense of the institution. The college, however, derives its support from private drug interests, and who might expect something in return.

As an impartial observer and a close follower of the good accomplished in the enforcement of the act, and also the reliable efforts made by the officials in charge, I cannot see why any one man who is simply employed in a consulting capacity is allowed to wield so strong a power, to the discredit of the department. Very truly yours,

ALBIN H. WARTH.

This letter was not published in the Congressional Record until Nov. 15, and a note precedes it saying that it ought to have been published by Secretary Wilson at page 586, which would have been in an issue in July.

"This letter is contained in about page 1,125 in the Record," said Dr. Rusby last evening at his home in Newark. "It was turned in after the Congressional Committee had made its report. Why did the Secretary withhold it? I believe it was held until about the time Congress was about to convene, and I would have no chance to reply. I cannot say whether there was collusion or what persons were instrumental in withholding it, but I do know that such a letter was not composed by Warth."

Dr. Rusby said that when he was grilled by the Congressional Committee he was exceedingly mystified by the fact that his questioner had a small paper in his hand which he read every once in a while and from which it was apparent he was forming some of the questions asked. He now believes that that paper was a copy of the Warth letter and the committee had copies of it and were using it.

In his affidavit, a copy of which reached President Taft, Dr. Rusby declares that he personally examined and determined the nature of every drug sample he received from the department, and that such assistance as he obtained was only to facilitate the business period. When assistants were employed to help in the work they were paid by him and entailed no expense upon the department.

"In taking work for importers," he continues, "the influence in consideration has been the good of the service, because of the special conditions of each case, and never the fee, which in no case exceeded a charge at the rate of $5 an hour for the time actually occupied."

Dr. Rusby added that never, in a single instance in which he examined an article for an importer, did he afterward examine the same importation as a Government official.

Warth, according to Dr. Rusby, is a chemist formerly in the employ of Hopkins & Co. of this city, and he was succeeded by William Mansfield, who was assisting Dr. Rusby in his Government work. Mansfield has made an affidavit denying this charge.

"Never since the time of his employment by Messrs. L. Hopkins & Co.," he deposes, "has he rendered assistance to Dr. H. H. Rusby in the examination or preparation for the examination of drug samples."

Previous to that time his work with the pharmacognocist was that of an assistant, and in all cases it was the doctor who examined the samples, and he based his conclusions upon the result of his own examinations. Unfairness was impossible, said Mr. Mansfield, for he handled each drug sample by number only and in no case did he know the name of the importer.

The action against Warth was begun in Staten Island, for under the law, as a non-resident of the State, it was necessary to take the case up in the State where the defendant resides. What lies behind the Warth letter or his reason for writing it the doctor did not say, but he expects that when the examination gets under way at 10 o'clock on Friday morning the trail will go out from Staten Island.

MRS. EVERS HAS A NEW STORY

Names Grandfather of the Little Girl She Treated Cruelly.

Mrs. E. Virginia Evers of 54 West 190th Street, who pleaded guilty to cruelty to her ward, Alice Elizabeth Randolph, before the Justices of Special Sessions on Tuesday, was taken from her cell in the Tombs yesterday to attend a conference in District Attorney Whitman's office, in which she is said to have told the name of the grandfather of the little girl. She had called the child her daughter before her arrest.

Mrs. Evers would not say who the child's parents were, but contradicted her story that the child was 12 years old and was born in San Francisco. She said the child was 14 years old and that she, Mrs. Evers, had adopted her from the Nursery and Child's Hospital, at Fifty-first Street and Lexington Avenue, when she was two weeks old. She was reluctant to tell this, and it was only on the advice of her attorney, Edward Miehling, that she consented to say anything at all.

Supt. Thomas Walsh of the Children's Society, and Assistant District Attorney Willmont were present. Mr. Willmont said he had learned that Mrs. Evers had a safety deposit box in the Lincoln Trust Company's vaults at 32 East Forty-second Street as "Mrs. White," and that nearly all her mail was received at that place. Mrs. Evers admitted this, and said she had also been known as Mrs. Viola Price when she lived in Brooklyn. She denied that her ward had any money and said that she beat the girl because she lied to strangers.

It was learned yesterday that Mr. Evers was taken before District Attorney Whitman Tuesday and there confronted by William Glaze, his former attorney, who told Mr. Whitman that Evers gave him some bonds during bankruptcy proceedings and said they belonged to a ward of his. Evers denied this and was allowed to go.

TWO FIRMS TO MOVE UPTOWN

R. J. Horner & Co. and Higgins & Seiter Sign 36th Street Leases.

Two large retail stores which for the last twenty-five years have been identified with the Twenty-third Street shopping district are about to leave their old quarters for the uptown Fifth Avenue section. They are the furniture firm of R. J. Horner & Co., now in Twenty-third Street, and the china and glassware firm of Higgins & Seiter, in Twenty-second Street, near Sixth Avenue.

Early in the Spring they will move to Thirty-sixth Street, just west of Fifth Avenue. Horner & Co. will occupy the entire building at 22 to 26 West Thirty-sixth Street, a twelve-story structure, while Higgins & Seiter will occupy four floors of the building directly opposite, at 19 to 21 West Thirty-sixth Street, in addition to two floors of the loft in the rear at 22 to 26 West Thirty-seventh Street.

In the same street, east of Fifth Avenue, the new Haviland building is nearing completion. In the Thirty-sixth Street section of Fifth Avenue there will soon be established a new chinaware and household furnishing centre. The Higgins & Seiter lease is for twenty-one years, at an aggregate rental of $550,000. The firm expects to move into its new quarters by March 1.

UNIVERSITY SETTLEMENT

Will Celebrate Its 25th Anniversary at the Plaza To-day.

The University Settlement will celebrate the twenty-fifth anniversary of its founding at the Plaza Hotel this afternoon.

Among the speakers at to-day's celebration will be Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, Miss Jane Addams, Prof. Felix Adler, Prof. Hugo Münsterberg, Seth Low, James Speyer, and Henry W. Taft. Admission is by ticket, which may be obtained by application to the headworker of the settlement.

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THE WITNESS FOR THE DEFENCE
A. E. W. MASON'S powerful 4-act play.

PARK 59th Street, B'way, Columbus Circle. Eve., 8:10. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:10.
The Quaker Girl With CLIFTON CRAWFORD.

FULTON Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. 46th St., just W. of B'way.
WILLIAM COLLIER in TAKE MY ADVICE.

Knickerbocker B'way, 38th St. Evs. at 8:15. Mat. Saturday, 2:15.
DONALD BRIAN in the musical comedy, THE SIREN
SAT., DEC. 16—FAREWELL NIGHT.

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Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy De Luxe.
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GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
"A GREAT SUCCESS"—SUN
ELSIE FERGUSON in THE FIRST LADY IN THE LAND

HUDSON 44th St., near B'way. Eve. 8:25. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:20.
"One of the best plays ever written."—Times.
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HARRIS West 42d St. Eves., 8:20. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
ROSE STAHL in Chas. Klein's Latest Success, MAGGIE PEPPER

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